



The Daily Astorian

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"Telephone" leaves Astoria at 7 p. m. daily (except Sunday).

Leaves Portland at 7 a. m. daily, except Sunday.

"Bailey Gatzert" leaves Astoria Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday morning at 6:46 a. m.; Sunday evening at 7 p. m.

Leaves Portland daily at 8 p. m., except Sunday. On Saturday at 11 p. m.

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Bohemian Lager Beer

And XX PORTER.

Leaves orders with J. L. Carlson at the Sunnyside Saloon or Louis Boertge at the Cosmopolitan Saloon. All orders will be promptly attended to.

Cheap Clothing

The Hop Lee Clothing Factory and merchant tailor, at 423 Bond street, makes undervestings to order. Suits and trousers made to fit perfectly. Every order punctually on time and satisfaction guaranteed. Good goods sold cheap. Call and be convinced.

IS THERE?

Is there a man with heart so cold, That from his family would withhold The comforts which they all could find In articles of FURNITURE of the right kind.

And we would suggest at this season a nice Sideboard, Extension Table, or set of Dining Chairs. We have the largest and finest line ever shown in the city and at prices that cannot fail to please the closest buyers.

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Grocers, and Butchers

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Fine Teas and Coffees, Table Delicacies, Domestic and Tropical Fruits, Vegetables, Sugar Cured Hams, Bacon, Etc.

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CAN HANDLE THE SITUATION

Judge Gray's Reply to the Open Letter of "Uncle" John Minto.

WILL STAND NO VIOLENCE

Whenever the Interested People Call for Assistance and State What They Want, the County Will See That They Get It.

An Astorian representative last evening called on Judge Gray, and interviewed him concerning the letter, published in yesterday's Oregonian, signed by the Hon. John Minto, of Salem, criticizing the officers of Clatsop county. In reply to the questions of the reporter, Judge Gray said: "I have not seen the letter you refer to."

When it was shown to him he stated: "It is very remarkable how the sensational reports of correspondents, and even business men, magnify and exaggerate statements of all kinds which happen to come to their ears and thus do much harm by frightening the people and defeating the efforts of the officers of the law whilst they are attempting to capture criminals."

"When the salmon fishing season began this year the cannery claimed they could not pay more than four cents per pound for fish. Since the 19th day of April the gill net and seine fishermen of the Columbia river have been on a strike for five cents per pound for fresh salmon. There have been numerous acts of violence committed along the boundaries of Clatsop county. The murder of the woman and three men near Clifton on May 27th is believed to have been committed by striking fishermen, and Sheriff Hare and deputies, together with Coroner Pohl have been hunting for evidence that would lead to the conviction of the perpetrators of the crime. Before the body of Sam Melland was found yesterday it was considered possible that he might have murdered the other two men in a drunken quarrel and afterwards killed the woman to hide his crime, and then have left the country. The crime was committed on the Columbia river, and I contend that the funds appropriated by the legislature of this state for the apprehension of criminals should be used in such cases. Governor Lord has today informed me that the state reward appropriation is exhausted. I, therefore, for Clatsop county, offered today (before I saw 'Uncle John's' open letter), a reward of one thousand dollars for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the murderers. On the 6th day of June two telegrams were received by Sheriff Hare from Clifton asking for protection. He immediately informed the members of the county court, who had a few moments previously adjourned, that he required a steamer and some deputies. They, the court, told him to go ahead. In response to the only other call made on the sheriff, he sent a deputy to take care of the situation, but it transpired that his services were not required. I am confident that the sheriff can handle the situation whenever the cannerymen or others call upon him and tell him what they wish to do. Fifteen hundred or two thousand men on a strike are not usually as orderly as those in Astoria today. The strike leaders know that violence will not be tolerated and that the militia will be called for the moment their services are required."

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Meeting Last Night Fairly Well Attended.

At the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce held last evening there was a good attendance of members, and after the routine business had been transacted, a resolution was introduced which, after a warm discussion, was laid on the table. The resolution was one denouncing the articles appearing in the Oregonian during the last few days relative to the strike situation in Astoria. A motion was made by Mr. Fulton and carried, that a committee of five be appointed to try and negotiate with the fishermen and cannerymen for a settlement of the strike. The committee, as appointed by the chair, is as follows: C. W. Fulton, F. P. Kendall, H. B. Ferguson, J. S. Dellinger, and J. W. Welch.

The secretary of the chamber was instructed to communicate with the sheriff and ask him to take some steps towards preventing the patrolling of the river by armed boats.

The committee on manufactures made a report submitting a list of the various manufacturing industries of the city, and suggesting that the chamber take certain action towards making that body more efficient as a commercial body. The report was referred to the executive committee.

PENNOYER WILL NOT GO.

Portland, June 10.—Mayor-elect Pennoyer will not go to Salem next Saturday to attend the Populist indignation meeting. He says the Populists are themselves to blame for the defeat of Vandenberg. If his suggestion had been carried out, Meyers and Vandenberg withdrawn and Waldo nominated, Tongue would have been so badly beaten that there would have been no cry of counting out.

EXPENSE UNNECESSARY.

Special to the Astorian.

Portland, June 10.—It is reported here that the Cannerymen's Association of Astoria forwarded a communication to Governor Lord last night notifying him that it is unnecessary now to incur the expense to the state of sending troops down the river, they having unanimously decided to abandon all attempts at fishing for the remainder of the season.

GRAND LODGE OF MASONS.

Portland, June 10.—The Grand Lodge of Oregon, A. F. and A. M., convened today. The following grand officers were elected this afternoon: Master, Philip Metschan; deputy master, W. H. Hobson; senior warden, J. B. Cleland; junior warden, J. M. Hodson; secretary, J. F. Robinson; treasurer, D. C. McKechee; chairman educational fund, Jacob Mayer.

ORDERS ISSUED.

Roseburg, June 10.—Company A, Second Regiment, O. N. G., received orders today to be ready to proceed to Astoria at an hour's notice.

M'KINLEY ON FIRST BALLOT

This Is the Judgment of Mr. Manley, of Maine, as to the Presidential Nomination.

REED REFUSES SECOND PLACE

The Colored Brother Fares Badly in the Way of Hotel Accommodations—The Hotel Keepers Violating Their Contracts.

St. Louis, June 10.—Mr. Manley, of Maine, said this afternoon:

"In my judgment the convention will nominate Governor McKinley on the first ballot for the presidency. It is useless to attempt to deny that this will be the result. The action of the national committee in its overwhelming vote on the Alabama cases settles conclusively how the respective states which the committee represent will vote in the convention."

"Mr. Reed's name will be presented and he will be voted for, and I must say that under no conditions or circumstances can he, or will he accept the nomination for vice-president if it should be tendered him. The great majority of N-w England delegates will be loyal to Mr. Reed, but it is evident the convention is for McKinley and I will nominate him."

That the color line has been drawn by some of the hotels of this city there can be no longer any doubt. The St. James hotel today openly refused to entertain some negro delegates and cancelled a \$6,000 contract it had made for feeding and housing delegates. Several weeks ago the officers of the Tippecanoe Club under the direction of M. A. Hanna, made a contract with Thomas P. Miller, proprietor of the St. James, to take care of a certain number of delegates for five days during the convention. The club officers then wrote to certain Southern delegations that rooms had been engaged for them at the St. James. When Mr. Miller learned the club intended to fill the rooms with negroes he objected. "If I permit you to bring negroes here," he said, "all my help will leave. It will put me in a most embarrassing predicament."

Upon the arrival of Mr. Hanna from Cleveland today he was told of what had occurred. "I am sorry for Mr. Miller," said Hanna, to his agent, "but he signed a contract, and unless he lives up to it he will find himself involved in a most unpleasant legal complication."

As all the leading hotels are crowded, the Tippecanoe Club is in a quandary as to what it will do with the colored delegates whom it promised to take care of.

Hanna's emissaries had also rented the big exposition building for use during the convention, and it was suggested that cots be placed in it for the use of colored men, but when the management of the building learned of this, it told the club that negroes could not be quartered there. It was finally agreed, however, that the colored delegates might be fed there.

Tony Faust, who holds a lease of the kitchen at the exposition building, said he could not furnish either food or cots to do the work. An officer of the club said tonight that the cots would be imported from Cleveland. Many of the colored men, of their own accord, had gone to the homes of colored people living here, and obtained board and lodgings. Some of them, however, refuse to do this.

Dr. John Grant, of Sherman, Texas, who leads the contest for the McKinley delegation from the Lone Star state, is mad over the treatment which he is assured the proprietor, George E. Griswold, of the LaCleda Hotel, expects to give the colored members of his delegation. Grant has a contract with Griswold for quarters at the LaCleda for his people, black and white alike, and this end of it the hotelman is going to keep. The black delegates will not be allowed to eat in the dining hall. Meals will be served in their rooms, and there will be no lack of attention to them, but the discrimination will exist just the same.

ALABAMA CONTESTS.

Decision of the Committee in Twenty-two Cases at the National Convention.

St. Louis, June 10.—The meeting of the Republican national committee to decide the contests for seats in the national convention absorbed the general interest in affairs pertaining to the convention today. There were no important arrivals, except of the members of this committee, and they were so concerned with the proceedings of the committee that they declined generally to give attention to other questions.

The proceedings were of a harmonious character, and while there was evidence that there was a genuine feeling in behalf of various candidates, this feeling did not at any time take on a personally aggressive form. The entire day's session was given

up to the Alabama contests, which involved the seats of four delegates at large, and all of the nine districts, except the Second, making twenty-two seats that were in dispute. The contests were all decided, except those from the Third and Fifth districts, in which hearings were postponed on account of the absence of either contestants or contestantes. The points at issue in the Sixth and Eighth districts were settled outside the committee and the contests in both instances were withdrawn. Issue was presented to the committee in all other cases. Of the eighteen delegates whose cases were decided, either by vote of the committee or by withdrawal, sixteen are for McKinley and two for Reed.

There was no division upon any of the contests except that made in the case of the delegates-at-large, and this was overwhelmingly in favor of Vaughn, or McKinley delegates, and against Mosely, or anti-McKinley men.

CAMPOS UNDER ARREST.

Former Governor of Cuba Challenged General Borrero to a Duel.

Madrid, June 10.—A sensational report is current to the effect that a serious quarrel has taken place between Generals Martinez Campos and Borrero in regard to the Cuban campaign and General Campos' conduct of affairs in the island.

General Campos took offense at certain remarks of General Borrero, and sent a second to demand satisfaction. The report gained credence in circles which gave it an appearance of authenticity, and the absence of both generals from the senate since the quarrel also gives strength to the sensation.

The minister of war is said to have intervened to smooth matters over. This, however, is denied at the war office, as is also the fact of the altercation. The affair has caused a great sensation.

During a recent private discussion of affairs in Cuba between General Martinez Campos, the predecessor of the late captain general of Cuba, Weyler, and General Borrero, the argument became so animated that the discussion developed into a hot quarrel, and a duel was arranged.

The matter was conducted with the greatest secrecy, but in some manner the authorities received information of the intended duel between the generals a few minutes before they were to meet on the Primo Rivera.

The captain general of Madrid proceeded with all haste to the spot, arriving just as the principals were being placed in position, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that he succeeded in stopping the affair before either of the combatants were wounded. General Campos and Borrero were finally disarmed and sent to their respective residences under arrest.

ALL ON ACCOUNT OF DEBS.

Washington, June 10.—The senate has disposed of the last of the appropriation bills and has fixed 4 p. m. tomorrow as the time for final adjournment. After being in session throughout the day, a night session was decided upon, in order to adjust many minor differences between the two houses.

A number of bills were passed during the day, including an important bill giving trial by jury and other safeguards, in prosecution for contempt of court. The measure has been vigorously urged by labor interests, particularly railroad employes. It is the result of agitation resulting from the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs, for contempt of an injunction issued at the time of the Chicago strike. The bill as passed continues the power of summary punishment when an offense is committed in the immediate presence of the judge, but in indirect contempt, such as the violation of an injunction, the bill provides that the accused shall be given a full hearing with the opportunity to summon witnesses and offer defense.

An amendment was made by Cannon giving the accused the right of trial by jury on application. In the case of convictions an appeal is provided to the supreme court.

ANOTHER BRITISH AGGRESSION.

San Francisco, June 10.—The steamer Australia from Honolulu today, brings a confirmation of the Associated Press story concerning the demand made by Great Britain that Volney Ashford be permitted to return to Hawaii. The Dole government is very much excited over the report, but the president of the little republic is pursuing a conservative course in the matter.

There is a likelihood of Hawaii calling upon the United States to extend its good offices in the dispute. Ashford was convicted by the military commission of misprision of treason.

AN ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF WORK

Congress in Both Houses Makes a Great Effort to Clear Desks of Bills.

ADJOURNMENT OCCURS TODAY

Cannon Made a Fight Against the Senate Items for Public Buildings in the Sundry Civil Bill—Trial by Jury.

Washington, June 10.—An enormous amount of business was transacted by the house today in order to clear the desks for final adjournment tomorrow. Members encouraged by the number of bills passed under suspension of the rules, besieged the speaker at every opportunity for recognition. With the seventy-five or eighty feet of the area in front of the speaker's desk crowded with members clamoring for recognition, with uplifted arms, the scene resembled nothing so much as a wheat pit during a time of semi-panic.

Fifty-three bills and joint resolutions were passed, the most important of which is probably the bill appropriating \$200,000 for the trans-Mississippi exposition at Omaha. Allen, the wit of the house, enlivened the day with a humorous speech. This was the first time Allen's voice has been heard this session, and he began by referring to the "universal criticism" of his speech. "I desire to say, however," said he, "that there has been little at this session of congress to inspire a Christian man to be loquacious, (laughter), and I want to say further that I am not the only statesman whose recent career has been distinguished by his silence." (Renewed laughter.)

Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, made a gallant fight to induce the house to stand out against the senate public buildings items in the sundry civil bill, but the members outvoted him, 160 to 88. After the conference report on the District of Columbia bill, containing its compromise on the sectarian charities had been presented, Cannon precipitated a heated discussion of the political situation, in which Dockery and Dingley participated. The work of the session was elaborately reviewed, criticized and defended.

Cannon, in closing his remarks, said that to sum up all in a word, "No scandal can be charged to this house." They (the Republicans) could unite in assuring the country that if in November they gave the party power they would write on the statute books the protective, economic policy of the Republican party.

Dockery declared that the Republicans had piled up the appropriations higher than ever before at a first session in the history of congresses. "I know we will have McKinley, but twice over, because it will be necessary to have more to pay the mortgages contemplated by the Republican party's legislation."

Dockery concluded by taunting the majority with its failure to act upon the anti-bond bill. Dingley, who replied briefly to Dockery, contrasted the prosperous condition of the country before the advent of the Democratic administration, with the present depressed condition of trade and the deficits of the federal treasury. He declared the present conditions would never end until the revenues were increased to exceed the expenditures.

FAVORS FREE SILVER.

Reno, Nev., June 10.—A mass meeting of the so-called "regular" Democratic party of Nevada met today. The platform declares for the free and unlimited coinage of silver; is against taking religion into politics; favors the amendment of the naturalization laws and endorses Cleveland in everything except his policy on the money question.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool, June 10.—Wheat, spot, easy; demand, poor; No. 3 red winter, 5s 4d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 2 1/2d; No. 1 California, 5s 4 1/2d. Hops—Pacific coast, 4 1/2s. San Francisco, June 10.—Hops, nominal, 2 1/2c.

ADJOURN TODAY.

Washington, June 10.—Congress will adjourn finally at 4 p. m. tomorrow. The house passed the District of Columbia bill, thus clearing all appropriations and has adopted the senate adjournment resolution.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
 ABSOLUTELY PURE