

TODAY'S WEATHER. Forecast for Washington and Oregon. Fair, warmer, gales on coast.

The Daily Astorian

The ASTORIAN has the largest local circulation, the largest GENERAL circulation, and the largest TOTAL circulation of all papers published in Astoria.

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

VOL. XLV.

ASTORIA, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1906.

NO. 84.

What is One's Loss Is Another's Gain!



It is your gain to take advantage of the low prices and high quality goods in the Trustee's Sale, Of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Etc.

NOW ON FOR THE BENEFIT OF CREDITORS.

The One Price Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.

I. L. OSGOOD, Manager.

306 and 308 COMMERCIAL STREET, ASTORIA, OR.

VALENTINES VALENTINES AND VALENTINES

All of Very Latest Styles. Comic, Sentimental, Cupid's Darts, Hit 'Em Hard and Otherwise. From 1 Cent to \$5.

Griffin & Reed, City Book Store.

THREE LOTS. In a desirable location, 2 blocks from High School. A BARGAIN.

CHOICE LOTS IN HILLS FIRST ADDITION. On the new Pipe Line Boulevard—Just the place for a cheap home.

A Block IN ALDERBROOK. STREET CAR LINE will be extended this summer to within 5 minutes walk of this property—Will sell at decided bargain.

ACREAGE. In 5 or 10 acre tracts inside the city limits, also adjoining Flavel.

GEORGE HILL. 471 Bond St., Occident Block. HILL'S REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE



Fit Wear Finish Style

COPELAND & THORSEN

Standard Makes Lowest Prices. In Chicago there once was a collection of shacks, peanut stands, shanties for railroad employes, and similar structures, now are found many large wholesale establishments, and retail stores. What made the change? The Northern Pacific Railroad Terminal Company erected a magnificent passenger station on Fifth avenue near the river front, and presto change! The entire complexion of the neighborhood is changed.

Ask your grocer for HAMMOND'S HAMS, BACON, LARD, CANNED MEATS. Mild in Cure (not salty) Natural Flavor, Tender and Juicy.

APPROACHING A SETTLEMENT

Good Work Done on the Depot Site Matter in the Past Few Days.

TRIP MADE TO ALDERBROOK

A Mile of Frontage Offered at That Point—The City Will Make a Serious Mistake if a Central Location is Not Secured.

The depot site question may be stated, said Judge A. A. Cleveland yesterday, "but it is one of the most important in the city." That this remark is true is evidenced by the fact that nearly all classes of business in Astoria have been engaged in one way or another, in efforts to settle this all-important subject. Much good work has been accomplished, and never before has there been so universal an interest taken in the matter. Those who look to the future, and figure upon the requirements of Astoria's business men ten years hence, have been untiring in their endeavors to secure an amicable agreement upon some central location. Some may seem to more nearly meet the views and requirements of all, than any other site that has been talked of.

ALDERBROOK. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Hammond in company with Mr. E. VanDusen, made a trip to Alderbrook. There a thorough examination was made of the grounds and water frontage offered by the Alderbrook people for depot site and terminal grounds. Alderbrook property owners have given about one mile of waterfront, and there can be no question of doubt that the railroad company would suit out its own interests and do as a great many railroad companies have done before, they would locate the depot on this site, where it can get the largest tonnage, and where the greatest portion of the subsidy lands is located. If this should be the decision, it would not only be a great inconvenience to shippers who have to receive goods by rail, but it would also have a tendency to depress the value of the land on the site, and even residence property in the city as at present laid out.

EXPERIENCE OF OTHERS. The importance of locating the principal depot of the railroad having in the central portion of the city, was more than estimated. Astoria is an old town, with a well established business, and has heretofore had no direct experience in handling traffic by rail. The experience of other cities, which were similar in situation, might be of value in the settlement of the exact question in hand.

When the Union Pacific railroad built into Butte, Montana, because of certain land influences, they located the depot one and one-half miles from the city. Business soon settled about the depot, and, practically, a large portion of the town was moved to that site, at least temporarily. The other portion of the town, with its established houses, society, and the like, was left in the old location, and later on, when the Great Northern entered Butte, and the Northern Pacific built there, the people, through realizing the inconvenience which they had experienced in the past with the old depot, they decided to donate a commodious site for the new read in the center of the town.

The same thing can be said of Helena, The Northern Pacific built through there and located its depot out of town. Later the Great Northern built its line to the city, and as at that time the business men and merchants had received sufficient experience in the matter of long drainage haul and inconvenience in reaching the passenger station when they desired to travel, succeeded in locating the new depot in the central portion of the city. Up to this time the Northern had all the traffic of the town, but now the Great Northern handles a large share of the business simply because wages do not tend to spend all day in transferring freight between the station and the warehouses. The people were only too glad to donate hundreds of thousands of dollars to the new road for the sake of convenience in handling traffic.

At Miss. is the same history was repeated. The one road, the Northern Pacific, located its terminals about one-half mile west of the town. The other road owned the ground, wanted the depot there for the purpose of real estate speculation. Now, having had a number of years' trial of such a system, the citizens themselves are building a depot in the center of the city, and will present it to the Northern Pacific, the only road in the town. The citizens will consent to move its business from the old site to the new one.

Washington, on the basis of Washington, a small town in the center of a rich and fruit country, was almost broken up because the Northern Pacific was for its own convenience to move its depot a little distance from town, about as far as Alderbrook is from the Occident Hotel. New business houses had to be built, and even residences were moved into the neighborhood of the new station.

VON HOHENLOHE ON SILVER

The Imperial Chancellor Makes a Declaration of Policy in the Reichstag.

GERMANY'S IMMENSE OUTPUT

Ninety Per Cent. of the World's Silver is Mined by Germany, and the Fall in Price Greatly Endangers the Home Market.

(Copyrighted, 1906, by Associated Press.) Berlin, Feb. 8.—The pressure brought to bear upon the government by the German bimetalists has resulted in a statement from the minister a statement on the subject. The imperial chancellor, Prince Von Hohenlohe, in the Reichstag today, made the following declaration of policy in this connection: "We have been exhaustively in to the question of raising and strengthening the value of silver with other governments, being guided by the conviction of fluctuation and the heavy fall in the price of silver, and economic prejudices in Germany, in spite of the fact that our monetary system rested securely on the gold standard.

"As the secretary of the treasury stated in February, 1896, the first point to be considered is the injury to German silver mining. The production of German silver amounts to about ninety per cent of the output of the world. The fall in the price is not of much moment in the larger production of foreign ores, but to Germany it implies such a decrease in value as to endanger the home silver industry. Another point is its influence on German exports to silver countries. There is no doubt that trade with them is made much more difficult by the fluctuations in silver, although, on the other hand, the fluctuations have been comparatively small, and those interested have been able to find means of security against losses. In the case of the export trade on silver countries has suffered from the conditions of exchange. I do not underestimate, yet in doing so, the importance of the effect produced by this cause, but they must not be placed too high. Our exports to silver countries amount to 25 per cent of our total exports, and, in spite of the setback during the months when silver fell, they, on the whole, have made favorable progress. Official statistics show that the German currency of silver countries contributes to facilitate competition with the exports of these countries, until the moment when compensating influence rises and home wages establish themselves, the final result being that silver coins become degraded to the level of paper money.

"Although the rise in the price of silver is highly desirable from an economic standpoint, yet in doing so, the goal can only be attained by an understanding with the countries interested in international commerce, of which there is no present prospect.

Prince Hohenlohe concluded by saying: "A monetary conference would not bring the question nearer to a practical solution, and therefore it appears to be undesirable that Germany should take the lead in summoning a conference. If, however, definite and acceptable proposals, promising success, were made on behalf of another state, I shall consider the question of German representation at a conference."

THE NEW WATER SYSTEM

Is Now Almost Ready for Use, So Says Chief Engineer Adams, Who Built It.

Comparisons of Cost Largely in Favor of Astoria—Will Get Two Per Cent More Water Than Was Originally Figured by the Engineers.

Astoria's magnificent water system is now rapidly nearing completion. Only a few months ago the contractors first broke ground on the hill at the head of "Pillbox" street. Simultaneously work was commenced on the pipe line leading from Bear Creek twelve miles to the reservoir. Later the water was taken up and brought to the city. This work will commence very shortly. Mr. Adams thinks that he can turn the water from the new reservoir through the tunnel into the lower city pipes. It is safe to say that no city on the Pacific Coast possesses a water system built on more scientific lines, constructed at less expense, and completed in so short a time, and with so little friction and few misadventures as this.

The laying of the wooden pipe through the tunnel is completed, and only eighty feet of cast iron pipe remains to be put in, when the reservoir will be connected with the lower distribution system. The reservoir itself, including the coping, iron pipes, power house, and the grating of the reservoir, will cost \$100,000. The service distribution system cannot be finished until the old pipe in the former city is replaced by the new. This work will be completed by the end of the month. Mr. John Burke, who with the other bondsmen of the Pacific Paving Co., have finished that portion of the contract for which they were responsible, says that he has never seen so perfect and complete a water system as Astoria's now possesses.

CONVERTED TO SOUND MONEY

Representative Hall, Democrat, of Missouri, Departs From Ranks of Free Silverites.

ALB. REIDSON FOR DOING SO

Silverites Are Not Earnest—Populist Senators Hold a Caucus and Determine to Nominate Men of That Party for Secretary and Sergeant.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The debate on the free coinage substitute for the house bill was very spirited today. There were several strong speeches, and one, at least, of a somewhat sensational character. Hall, a Democrat of Missouri, announced his conversion to "sound money" in a rather sensational speech, in which he charged that senators who voted for free coinage, according to "credible" information, had privately said that they believed free coinage would bring upon this country national and individual bankruptcy and ruin. He charged these with "trying to feather their nests at home," and declared that the greatest sin of the present age was the cowardice of statesmen.

He also declared that a high official of the administration had said that the silver agitation had already cost the government \$22,000,000 in bond issues, and in course of the next twelve months, the bond issue would increase to a billion dollars. Hall voted for free coinage in the last congress. The general debate will close Monday, and the vote will be taken Tuesday.

THE GOVERNOR IS NOT SINCERE

Chief Executive of New Mexico Did Not Wish to Stop the Pitts-Simmons-Maher Mill.

So Charges Delegate Catron—Newspaper Men Alone Know Where the Big Fight Will Take Place, but Are Honor Bound to Keep Quiet.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Delegate Catron, of New Mexico, is greatly displeased at the impression which has been formed that he was acting under the advice of Governor Thornton, of New Mexico, in his efforts to prevent prize fighting in the territory. Catron made the following statement to the Associated Press today: "The statement has been published that the action taken by me on the prize-fighting bill was on the advice, and at the request of Governor Thornton. Governor Thornton never consulted with me; never advised me, nor requested me to do anything in regard to the subject. From information which I have received from New Mexico, I believe that Governor Thornton, while pretending he would like to stop the fight, was actually acting in collusion with Dan Stuart, in order to have the fight come off, and had advised Stuart that there was no law in New Mexico which would enable him to sue the authorities to stop the fight; and substantially informed Stuart that the fight might go on, although he could not openly consent."

QUEEN VICTORIA FAILING

Her Condition Causes Her Physicians Much Anxiety—Kaiser Wilhelm's Unsympathetic Attitude.

London, Feb. 8.—The Westminster Gazette says on the best authority that through the death of her son-in-law, Prince Henry of Battenberg, was a terrible shock to the queen, the health of her majesty continued excellent as usual. This statement appears to have been communicated for the purpose of quieting the minds of the members of the court. The really falling powers of the queen gravely exercised her physicians and cause anxiety among the members of the court. Though she is able to go driving every day she has recently had lapses of extraordinary weakness requiring constant medical attention. Her age—she will be seventy-seven next May—does not wholly account for her symptoms.

CHINESE DECISION.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Judge Reeve, solicitor of the treasury, has held that a Chinese laborer who has taken the oath to remain in the United States, and return to China temporarily, is debarred from bringing his wife with him on returning to this country. This decision is based upon the fact that no Chinaman can acquire citizenship in the United States, and that he is held to be a sojourner, and hence the law prohibiting the landing of Chinese must apply to the case under consideration.

HON. CECIL RHODES

Will Return to Rhodesia in the Interest of the Chartered Company.

FORTY DOLLARS PER PLATE

Swell Banquet Given to Richard Croker in New York.

New York, Feb. 8.—James J. Martin sat at the head of the table at the dinner given to Richard Croker at the Hotel Savoy tonight. Among the prominent men who attended are ex-Governor Roosevelt P. Flower, Hugh J. Grant, Thomas F. Gilroy, John B. Crippin, William F. Sheehan, Judge Smyth, Ashbel P. Fitch and Colonel John F. Fellows.

Only one hundred invitations were issued, but the banquet cost \$40 per plate, according to "credible" information, had privately said that they believed free coinage would bring upon this country national and individual bankruptcy and ruin. He charged these with "trying to feather their nests at home," and declared that the greatest sin of the present age was the cowardice of statesmen.

STAGE CAPSIZED

Goldendale, Wn., Feb. 8.—The United States stage, last evening, in coming to Goldendale, was capsized, while coming down Mulligan Hill, a point three miles below Centerville. Four passengers were violently thrown into a barbed wire fence. J. A. Kirkham, a traveling man, was severely hurt, and is now at the hotel in Goldendale. He will probably recover.

MUST CO-OPERATE

Independent Action by Russia in the Turkish Question Said to Be Impossible.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—The Novosti says: "So long as the treaty of Berlin exists Russia can neither make an alliance with Turkey nor participate in any dismemberment, since the signatories guaranteed Turkish integrity and the defence of Turkish rights.

UNUSUAL SATURDAY

New York, Feb. 8.—The news from Washington that the sub-treasurer would be kept open until 1 o'clock to facilitate deposits of gold on account of the payments for bonds, resulted in unusual activity for Saturday. Between 12 and 1 o'clock \$100,000 in gold was deposited. A large proportion of the deposits today were representative of foreign banking houses. The indications are that the deposits Monday will be very heavy.

WHERE WILL THE FIGHT OCCUR?

Newspaper Men Alone Can Answer the Off-Asked Question.

Denver, Feb. 8.—A special to the News from El Paso says: "George Siler, of the Chicago Tribune, who is to referee the Pitts-Simmons-Maher fight, arrived today. It is now generally known among newspaper representatives where the big fight will occur, but they have been put on their honor to keep the matter quiet until the morning of February 14. There are forty-two representatives of big dailies here now.

MARKS FOR THE LEAD LINE

New York, Feb. 8.—W. L. Hill, U. S. N., said to a press representative, referring to the disaster to the steamship St. Paul: "The quartermaster on board the American line steamer St. Paul gave his handling by the mark seven; instead of mark eight, as the British steamer, who has made the same mistake. But marks being alike a red rag—it is a wonder there are not more blunders of the same kind, with the same result.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 8.—Wheat, spot, steady; demand, moderate. No. 2 red winter, 5s 10d; No. 3 hard Manitoba 5s 9d; No. 1 California, 5s 9d. Hops—Pacific Coast, 12. Portland, Feb. 8.—Wheat, unchanged.

CONVERTED TO SOUND MONEY

Representative Hall, Democrat, of Missouri, Departs From Ranks of Free Silverites.

ALB. REIDSON FOR DOING SO

Silverites Are Not Earnest—Populist Senators Hold a Caucus and Determine to Nominate Men of That Party for Secretary and Sergeant.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The debate on the free coinage substitute for the house bill was very spirited today. There were several strong speeches, and one, at least, of a somewhat sensational character. Hall, a Democrat of Missouri, announced his conversion to "sound money" in a rather sensational speech, in which he charged that senators who voted for free coinage, according to "credible" information, had privately said that they believed free coinage would bring upon this country national and individual bankruptcy and ruin. He charged these with "trying to feather their nests at home," and declared that the greatest sin of the present age was the cowardice of statesmen.

He also declared that a high official of the administration had said that the silver agitation had already cost the government \$22,000,000 in bond issues, and in course of the next twelve months, the bond issue would increase to a billion dollars. Hall voted for free coinage in the last congress. The general debate will close Monday, and the vote will be taken Tuesday.

THE GOVERNOR IS NOT SINCERE

Chief Executive of New Mexico Did Not Wish to Stop the Pitts-Simmons-Maher Mill.

So Charges Delegate Catron—Newspaper Men Alone Know Where the Big Fight Will Take Place, but Are Honor Bound to Keep Quiet.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Delegate Catron, of New Mexico, is greatly displeased at the impression which has been formed that he was acting under the advice of Governor Thornton, of New Mexico, in his efforts to prevent prize fighting in the territory. Catron made the following statement to the Associated Press today: "The statement has been published that the action taken by me on the prize-fighting bill was on the advice, and at the request of Governor Thornton. Governor Thornton never consulted with me; never advised me, nor requested me to do anything in regard to the subject. From information which I have received from New Mexico, I believe that Governor Thornton, while pretending he would like to stop the fight, was actually acting in collusion with Dan Stuart, in order to have the fight come off, and had advised Stuart that there was no law in New Mexico which would enable him to sue the authorities to stop the fight; and substantially informed Stuart that the fight might go on, although he could not openly consent."

QUEEN VICTORIA FAILING

Her Condition Causes Her Physicians Much Anxiety—Kaiser Wilhelm's Unsympathetic Attitude.

London, Feb. 8.—The Westminster Gazette says on the best authority that through the death of her son-in-law, Prince Henry of Battenberg, was a terrible shock to the queen, the health of her majesty continued excellent as usual. This statement appears to have been communicated for the purpose of quieting the minds of the members of the court. The really falling powers of the queen gravely exercised her physicians and cause anxiety among the members of the court. Though she is able to go driving every day she has recently had lapses of extraordinary weakness requiring constant medical attention. Her age—she will be seventy-seven next May—does not wholly account for her symptoms.

CHINESE DECISION.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Judge Reeve, solicitor of the treasury, has held that a Chinese laborer who has taken the oath to remain in the United States, and return to China temporarily, is debarred from bringing his wife with him on returning to this country. This decision is based upon the fact that no Chinaman can acquire citizenship in the United States, and that he is held to be a sojourner, and hence the law prohibiting the landing of Chinese must apply to the case under consideration.

CONVERTED TO SOUND MONEY

Representative Hall, Democrat, of Missouri, Departs From Ranks of Free Silverites.

ALB. REIDSON FOR DOING SO

Silverites Are Not Earnest—Populist Senators Hold a Caucus and Determine to Nominate Men of That Party for Secretary and Sergeant.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The debate on the free coinage substitute for the house bill was very spirited today. There were several strong speeches, and one, at least, of a somewhat sensational character. Hall, a Democrat of Missouri, announced his conversion to "sound money" in a rather sensational speech, in which he charged that senators who voted for free coinage, according to "credible" information, had privately said that they believed free coinage would bring upon this country national and individual bankruptcy and ruin. He charged these with "trying to feather their nests at home," and declared that the greatest sin of the present age was the cowardice of statesmen.

He also declared that a high official of the administration had said that the silver agitation had already cost the government \$22,000,000 in bond issues, and in course of the next twelve months, the bond issue would increase to a billion dollars. Hall voted for free coinage in the last congress. The general debate will close Monday, and the vote will be taken Tuesday.

THE GOVERNOR IS NOT SINCERE

Chief Executive of New Mexico Did Not Wish to Stop the Pitts-Simmons-Maher Mill.

So Charges Delegate Catron—Newspaper Men Alone Know Where the Big Fight Will Take Place, but Are Honor Bound to Keep Quiet.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Delegate Catron, of New Mexico, is greatly displeased at the impression which has been formed that he was acting under the advice of Governor Thornton, of New Mexico, in his efforts to prevent prize fighting in the territory. Catron made the following statement to the Associated Press today: "The statement has been published that the action taken by me on the prize-fighting bill was on the advice, and at the request of Governor Thornton. Governor Thornton never consulted with me; never advised me, nor requested me to do anything in regard to the subject. From information which I have received from New Mexico, I believe that Governor Thornton, while pretending he would like to stop the fight, was actually acting in collusion with Dan Stuart, in order to have the fight come off, and had advised Stuart that there was no law in New Mexico which would enable him to sue the authorities to stop the fight; and substantially informed Stuart that the fight might go on, although he could not openly consent."

QUEEN VICTORIA FAILING

Her Condition Causes Her Physicians Much Anxiety—Kaiser Wilhelm's Unsympathetic Attitude.

London, Feb. 8.—The Westminster Gazette says on the best authority that through the death of her son-in-law, Prince Henry of Battenberg, was a terrible shock to the queen, the health of her majesty continued excellent as usual. This statement appears to have been communicated for the purpose of quieting the minds of the members of the court. The really falling powers of the queen gravely exercised her physicians and cause anxiety among the members of the court. Though she is able to go driving every day she has recently had lapses of extraordinary weakness requiring constant medical attention. Her age—she will be seventy-seven next May—does not wholly account for her symptoms.

CHINESE DECISION.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Judge Reeve, solicitor of the treasury, has held that a Chinese laborer who has taken the oath to remain in the United States, and return to China temporarily, is debarred from bringing his wife with him on returning to this country. This decision is based upon the fact that no Chinaman can acquire citizenship in the United States, and that he is held to be a sojourner, and hence the law prohibiting the landing of Chinese must apply to the case under consideration.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report. Royal Baking Powder. ABSOLUTELY PURE.