

TODAY'S WEATHER. Forecast for Washington and Oregon. Fair weather.

The Daily Astorian

The ASTORIAN has the largest LOCAL circulation, the largest GENERAL circulation, and the largest TOTAL circulation of all papers published in Astoria.

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

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ASTORIA, OREGON, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 5, 1896.

NO. 80.

What is One's Loss Is Another's Gain!



It is your gain to take advantage of the low prices and high quality goods in the Trustee's Sale, Of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Etc.,

NOW ON FOR THE BENEFIT OF CREDITORS.

The One Price Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers,

I. L. OSGOOD,

Manager.

506 and 508 COMMERCIAL STREET, ASTORIA, OR.

Blank Books School Books Miscellaneous Books

Novels, 10 Cents Sheet Music, 10 Cents

PACIFIC COAST TIDE TABLES

Souvenirs of Astoria

Griffin & Reed.

THREE LOTS.

In a desirable location, 2 blocks from High School. A BARGAIN.

CHOICE LOTS IN HILLS FIRST ADDITION.

On the new Pipe Line Boulevard—Just the place for a cheap home.

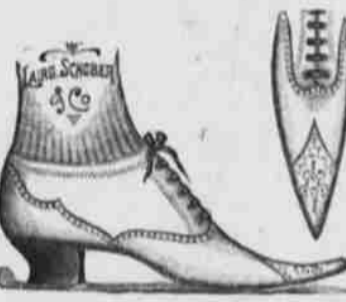
A Block IN ALDERBROOK.

STREET CAR LINE will extend this summer to within 5 minutes walk of this property—Will sell at decided bargain.

ACREAGE.

In 5 or 10 acre tracts inside the city limits, also adjoining Flavel.

GEORGE HILL, 471 Bond St., Occident Block, HILL'S REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.



COPELAND & THORSEN.

When in want of good-fitting, good-wearing school shoes give us a call. Several new lines lately added.

Don't forget! We put heel plates on your rubbers free of charge.

Popular Footwear!

Popular Prices!



523 Commercial St.

Ask your grocer for

HAMMOND'S HAMS, BACON, LARD, CANNED MEATS.

Mild in Cure (not salty) Natural Flavor, Tender and Juicy.

A VISIT FROM EASTERNERS

Pennsylvania Lumber and Coal Men Make a Trip Down the Columbia.

WELL PLEASED WITH ASTORIA

White Collar Line Extends Its Hospitality to the Strangers, Who Are Shown About Astoria, Seaside and the Jetty.

The White Collar Line steamer Bailey Gatzert yesterday morning brought into Astoria a number of well known Eastern capitalists who are on a trip of inspection of the resources of the Pacific coast. The White Collar Line has become noted for its energy and courtesy displayed in the past in the matter of bringing before the outside world the resources and advantages of the port at the mouth of the Columbia. Never has an opportunity been lost when by the extension of the line to Astoria and Seaside, and the showing of some one from the outside world who is here, good might be done to this city. Astorians generally, fully appreciate the good offices of this transportation line, and well they may. The party yesterday consisted of Mr. John E. Duffell, the millionaire lumber manufacturer of Duluth, Pa.; Mr. W. H. Wilson, formerly in the coal business of Pennsylvania, now manager of the Seattle Coal and Iron Company, the shipper of Duluth, Pa.; Mr. W. H. Kinsley, Col. John Alder, and President T. H. Curtis, of Astoria, and Columbia River Railroad. Mr. J. R. Morrison, master mariner of the Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, and a representative of the Astorian, accompanied the party.

AROUND THE BAY.

At 5 o'clock the steamer Dwyer, Captain Heffield at the wheel, took the party to the railroad bridge, from whence a special train was taken to Seaside. As the train whirled through the many flower garden spots and dairy farms along this part of the peninsula, many remarks of admiration were expressed by the visitors. It was noted that the road was being improved, new ties placed where needed, and the track surfaced. Several new buildings had been recently erected, among them being Campbell's station, just before reaching Seaside. At Seaside a fine view of the ocean was had, as it appears upon a rainy, stormy day. The beauties of fishing in the Necanicum were explained by Mr. Turner, and after having spent some time here, the return trip was made, including a stop of thirty minutes at Gearhart Park. Dr. Kinsley opened the hotel in order to show his guests what Oregon could do in the way of summer resorts. Reaching the railroad bridge, the party disembarked on the Dwyer, and proceeded to Flavel, where a short visit was made. A future visit to the city, and the new railroad grade was inspected by Mr. Curtis. A run was then taken to Port Stevens, along down the jetty, and return to Warrenton. But the trip was made to the Astoria lock in twenty-five minutes, and the excursion came to an end. After luncheon, Dr. Kinsley took the party in charge and visited them to the Clatsop Mill, where Mr. Duffell, being a mill man himself, was much interested in the tremendous saw logs exhibited, and the method of cutting them up. He was astounded at the size of many of them, which had to be hewn before they could be sawed. Particular interest was shown in the box factory, and declared that never before had he seen such fine lumber manufactured into boxes. He said that in his country they would use it for something better.

OTHER PLANS. Before leaving on the telephone for Portland, Mr. Duffell stated that this was only a preliminary trip on his part. "I am much interested in this or any other new country, and have been much impressed by what I have seen today. Astoria certainly has a brilliant future before it, if I am any judge. You seem to have here, combined everything that is useful, not only for a magnificent port of shipment, but for the production of a large number of your own goods. I shall remain until about the 25th in Portland, and from there will go to the Sound, leaving early in March for Japan. Commerce here, in the United States and the Orient, is but in its infancy, and while I shall remain over there only about six weeks, I propose to keep something of its business, and the character and extent of its exports to this country. Astoria would be a fine ideal export, where shipping could be exchanged to sea in business vessels and rail. Upon my return I shall go East this way, and will certainly see more of your city, perhaps under sunshine. Mr. Wilson, of the Seattle Coal Company, stated that he was in Astoria partly on pleasure, and partly on business. He is a well known Astoria business firm. Upon the consummation of his plans, due announcement of the deal will be made. Mr. Wilson is an elderly gentleman, and has seen great experience in his line of trade. No doubt Astoria will soon reap the benefit of his visit. Mr. Morrison, of the Great Northern Railway, is out on the coast in search of health, which being his first visit to this region, and his first glimpse of the Pacific ocean, he thoroughly enjoyed the day, notwithstanding its dampness. He says that he has gained twenty-one pounds since leaving St. Paul, and thinks he much prefers this mild climate to the severe one he left behind him. Upon my return to St. Paul, I will tell people what you have out here on the great Pacific ocean."

THE MARKETS. Liverpool, Feb. 4.—Wheat, spot, firm; demand, moderate; No. 2 red winter, 2s 10d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 2s 8d; No. 1 California, 2s 10d. Hops—Pacific Coast, 22-25c. Portland, Or., Feb. 4.—Wheat, unchanged.

Odd messes are forced upon those families who have no time or more pupils at a cooking school.

Having Hot Cake Soap in your kitchen or bath once means always.

Best Washing Powder on earth. Large size, 20 cents. Soap Foam.

MIBRION WORK IN JAPAN.

The Prudential Committee's Deputation Says It Ought to Be Done by Natives.

Boston, Feb. 4.—The prudential committee of the American Board of Foreign Missions made public today the report of its recent deputation to Japan, consisting of the Rev. Dr. James L. Barton, secretary of the foreign department; William P. Elliott, member of the prudential committee; the Rev. Dr. A. H. Bradford, of Montclair, N. J., and the Rev. Dr. James G. Johnson, of Chicago.

"This question forced upon us by our investigations," says the committee, "is not how may the American board withdraw its missionaries from Japan, but, rather, how may we help them to work more wisely and efficiently. That can be best accomplished in existing conditions, not by an increase of the resident missionary force, but by certain changes in methods. We recommend that the number of missionaries in the service of the American board in Japan be not increased, but that the board be organized so as to better be done by the Japanese, but the training can be better given by professors and pastors from abroad. We recommend that the prudential committee take measures to send annually to Japan men of established ability and reputation, to speak on various subjects of the board, and that in this plan they endeavor to secure the co-operation of other missionary societies.

The nation has been disarmed of its suspicious against Christianity. The missionary is now free to go to all parts of the empire. The Bible and the Christian literature have free circulation everywhere. "We unite in suggesting that, under the auspices of the prudential committee, occasional visits be made to the various missions of the board, first by the secretary and members of the prudential committee, that they may better understand the responsibility resting upon them, and second, by such pastors and laymen as may be selected, in order that the churches may be helped to appreciate the duty and difficulty of the service committed to their representatives in foreign lands."

CUBANS AGAIN SUFFER DEFEAT

Desperate Engagement Between the Forces of General Lague and Maceo.

The Washington Star Correspondent Ordered to Leave the Island—Protest Against This Action Sent to Secretary of State, Mr. Olney.

Havana, Feb. 4.—A report has been received that an important engagement has taken place at Consuelo del Sur, east of the city of Pinar del Rio, between the Spaniards, under General Lague, and the insurgents, under Antonio Maceo. The insurgents took their departure in the morning, and were defeated. The loss on the Spanish side is not stated, but the fact that General Lague's forces carried off over 200 wounded. The loss on the Spanish side is not stated, but the fact that General Lague's forces carried off over 200 wounded.

A detailed official report was received tonight of the engagement between General Lague and the forces of Maceo, which corroborates the first account. The report states that the battle was fought on the morning of the 31st inst. The insurgents took their departure in the morning, and were defeated. The loss on the Spanish side is not stated, but the fact that General Lague's forces carried off over 200 wounded. The loss on the Spanish side is not stated, but the fact that General Lague's forces carried off over 200 wounded.

ST. PAUL PULLED OFF. The Salvage Will Be the Largest Since Ships Were Built.

New York, Feb. 4.—The steamer St. Paul, of the International Navigation Company's line, which went ashore on a sand bar off Long Branch, a week ago last Saturday, was pulled off the bar at 2:30 this morning by four wrecking tugs. Fifty minutes later the vessel passed Atlantic Highlands, bound for New York, under her own steam.

Opinion differs as to the amount of the loss, but all agree that the salvage that will have to be paid will be the largest ever collected from any one vessel since the building of ships was begun. The lowest estimate placed this amount at \$100,000. The loss will fall on the underwriters, as the American Line does not insure its own vessels. If mismanagement could be proven against the officers of the company, however, suit may be brought and the total amount collected from the steamship company.

ALLEN W. THURMAN'S SILVER VIEWS.

Columbus, O., Feb. 4.—Allen W. Thurman today issued a circular to the Democrats of Ohio advising them not to leave the Democratic party, but to continue their fight for free coinage in its ranks. He argues that the Populist party is impotent; that the Republican party has always been the enemy of silver; by perfecting their organization in the congressional districts. The free silver Democrats can now assure the election of free silver delegates to the national convention and thus put an end once and for all time to the greatest trust that ever existed—the gold trust. To adopt a gold platform at St. Louis means the sure defeat of the Democrats in the national election. If both the Democratic and Republican parties adopt gold platforms the election of a Republican to the presidency is equally assured.

A cross-eyed woman is regarded as a hoodoo by the least superstitious.

THE REPUBLICS OF AMERICA

Movement Inaugurated by the Government of Ecuador Rapidly Taking Form.

THE FUNDAMENTAL POINTS

Monroe Doctrine, With Respect to All Legitimate Rights, Should Be Respected--To Promote the Welfare of the Americas.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The movement inaugurated by the government of Ecuador of holding a congress of republics of all the republics of the Americas, to define and endorse the Monroe doctrine, and to establish closer commercial and political relations between them, is rapidly taking form. Ecuador's minister, Senor Carbo, took advantage of his recent visit to the United States to deliver a circular signed by the minister of foreign affairs of Ecuador, to the ministers of all the nations of Central America, and sent for transmission to their respective foreign offices. A copy was delivered also to Secretary Olney, for it is expected that the United States will certainly be represented. Following are some fundamental points which will be submitted to the deliberations of the assembly.

The enactment of a public law of America, which, paying due respect to all legitimate rights, should give to the American Monroe doctrine all the extent that it desires and all guaranteed necessary to insure its respect. The means of promoting progress and the introduction and development of industrial enterprises; of developing commerce by means of measures conducive to its extent, without prejudice to the interests and welfare of each country; and to the rights and relations from country to country; and of taking advantage of everything which, without injury to other countries of the world, may afford our commercial relations and to secure their greatest prosperity. The capital of the Mexican republic is suggested as the place where the meeting of the assembly should be held. The tenth of August of the present year is also suggested as the date of the first meeting.

HIS POSITION AT STAKE.

Robert Wilson Refused to Testify in the Healy Court-martial.

San Francisco, Feb. 4.—The Healy court martial took something of a sensational turn today. Captain Robert Wilson, who was called to the stand for the defense, he was expected to testify strongly for Captain Healy. However, Mr. Wilson refused to testify absolutely to have anything to say.

"I must refuse to answer any questions asked for fear I may lose my position. Mr. VanTant, who appeared here for Captain Healy, a few days ago, has been dismissed from the service, and I fear a similar fate awaits me," said VanTant, too, was dishonorably discharged. His dismissal was brought about by Captain Healy's enemies, who are now in charge of the case. "No amount of urging could induce Wilson to change his position, and the court permitted him to go without question. Wilson says he has no other means of support, and could not afford to lose his position.

RICHES OF DISPUTED TERRITORY.

The Gold Fields Will Prove the Most Valuable in the World.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The last number of the South American Magazine, published in London, contains a glowing account of the riches of the interior of the continent of South America, and British Guiana. It is stated that but for the recent extraordinary action of the president of the United States, the immense value of the colony would have remained unknown to the world, notwithstanding it contains some of the richest and most easily worked gold fields in the world. "The colony, it is said, is within fourteen days of a pleasant steamship journey from England, and its population number 200,000, of which 12,000 are Portuguese and 4,000 English, the balance consisting of negroes, Indians and East Indian coolies. "The climate of the country is extremely salubrious, and the great primeval forests contain immense stocks of valuable wood. Communication with the interior is chiefly by means of steamships along the Essequibo. The country will probably prove to be the richest gold-producing country ever discovered. In 1884-85 the exports of gold from the colony were 2,000,000 ounces, and in 1894-95 they amounted to 13,947,000 ounces, making a total production of raw gold in a little over ten years of upward of £20,000,000. Up to the present time alluvial gold has been the only gold produced in the colony, but miners are preparing to attack the reefs, and machinery for that purpose is being rapidly shipped. The property of the British Guiana Development Syndicate is served by a government fleet of steamers, which are existing between their own port and Georgetown. Their property has produced some of the richest deposits of gold found in Guiana, and yet nineteenth thereof has as yet comparatively unexplored.

THE KENTUCKY CONTEST.

There Are Omens of Coming Trouble in the Bluegrass State.

Cincinnati, Feb. 4.—A special, late tonight, from Frankfort, Ky., says: Beckman, the newly elected Democratic member of the house arrived here at midnight after a drive of sixty-five miles across the country. There are omens of coming trouble. They are quite conspicuous tonight. A resolute effort to elect Beckman will be made in the joint session tomorrow, and everybody looks for exciting times from now until the question is settled. It is not expected that a senator will be elected tomorrow. Thursday the true ends and the Republican houses will unseat the Democrats Kaufman and Tompkins. The Democrats in caucus tonight resolved to retaliate by unseating four Republicans. To prevent these unseated senators from going into the joint meeting, where they would be recognized by Lieutenant Governor Worshington, Captain Tyler, doorkeeper of the senate, who will be ex-officio doorkeeper of the joint session, has had a number of deputies sworn in to enable

REPUBLICANS IN CONVENTION

Meeting of the Young Men's State Republican Club in the Metropolis.

SILVER QUESTION BLOCKED

Resolution Adopted Restraining Convention From Attempting to Define Republican Party's Position on National Topics.

Portland, Feb. 4.—The silver question was soon disposed of by the Young Men's State Republican Club which met in this city today. The committee on order of business effectually blocked all attempts at the consideration of the financial question by reporting the following resolution: "Resolved, That no resolution or motion defining or attempting to define the position of the Republican party on any public question or endorsing the views of any member of the party shall be received or considered." The resolution was unanimously adopted. President Beckman then ruled that the discussion of political issues would be out of order. All the morning and a large portion of the afternoon was consumed by the routine of appointing and hearing the reports of the committees. Under the head of election of officers W. L. Toomey, of Marion, named John C. Leasure, of Portland, for president; H. W. Corbett named R. B. Beckman, who declined to be a candidate for re-election; A. C. Woodcock, of Eugene, named C. H. Carey, of Portland. The ballot resulted: Carey, 65; Yates, 27. The nomination of Carey, 65; Yates, 27. Carey, on being called to the chair made an extended address, after which nominations for vice-president were called for and the following were nominated: Claude Gatch, of Salem, and Christopher Yates, of Washington county. The ballot resulted: Gatch, 65; Yates, 27. The nomination of Gatch was then made unanimous. In response to repeated calls Mr. Gatch came forward and addressed the convention. The convention then took a recess until 7:30.

NEW PENSIONERS

Washington, Feb. 4.—In the senate today, among the bills favorably reported was that granting a pension of \$30 a month to the widow of the late General Walter C. Grosvenor, and \$10 a month to the widow of the late General Ewing.

THE SECTARIAN APPROPRIATIONS

An Exciting Debate in the House on the Advisability of This Measure.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The house spent most of the day in debating the amendments offered by Halmer to strike from the District of Columbia appropriation bill the appropriations for private and sectarian institutions of charity in the district and place the money proposed to be appropriated for them at the disposal of the board of children's guardians. Much feeling was engendered and at times the debate grew quite exciting. Appropriations for six religious charitable institutions, one Episcopal and five Catholic, were struck out, but the amendments to strike out the appropriations for private institutions, including the Young Women's Christian Organization, the Hope and Help Mission, were defeated. Henderson made an eloquent speech against the Halmer amendment, including the words: "If I were a Catholic, said he, 'which I am not; if I were an A. P. A., which I am not; if the thunders of the Vatican or the imposition of Spain, or any other secret cabal, tried to chain my lips, I would speak out, because I believe it is my duty. The amendment offered by the gentleman from Nebraska,' he said, 'strikes with an iron hand the orphan and are insults to the God-annointed institutions which care for these little children.'"

HARRISON MOST SINCERE.

Washington, Feb. 4.—General Harrison's letter of withdrawal from the presidential race gave great impetus to political talk about the capitol today. There are active workers in congress for the nomination of Beck, Morton, McKinley and Allison, and friends of each of these candidates found cause for encouragement in the letter, which they say removes the ex-president from the list of possibilities. No one suggested any doubt of the sincerity of Harrison's declaration, and most of them professed to believe that its result would strengthen their own candidates.

NEGRO COLONIZATION SCHEME.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The president sent to the house today all the correspondence of record relating to the failure of the scheme to colonize a number of American negroes in Mexico about a year ago. The correspondence shows that in the absence of any fund available to transport them to their homes in Alabama, assurance was given by the United States consul at Piedras Negras to certain railway companies that congress would be urged to appropriate the money if the companies would furnish the transportation. This the railways did, the amount due them for the service rendered being \$125,000. The president urged congress to appropriate this sum in order that the companies may be properly reimbursed for their trouble.

TO ESTABLISH AN INTERNATIONAL BANK.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Appearances indicate that the proposition to establish an international bank on the lines suggested by the house committee on banking and currency will be favorably reported. Chairman Walker, of Massachusetts, today said that two, and possibly three, members of the committee might oppose the bill, but that with these exceptions the remainder of the committee would favor it unanimously. Comptroller Eckels, of the treasury department, was before the committee today, and favored granting a charter for the bank, with some modifications. At the conclusion of the hearing the bill was referred to a sub-committee, which will confer with the controller and the attorney general as to the changes needed to obviate the constitutional objections to the measure and make it in harmony with the general policy of the government.

MR. COWAN NOT TO RESIGN.

Baltimore, Feb. 4.—It may be definitely stated that President John K. Cowan, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, will not resign his seat in congress until the close of the present session. In speaking of the matter, one of Mr. Cowan's personal and political friends said today: "Mr. Cowan told me that the chairman of the committee on banking and currency, of which he is a member, had requested him to resign at present, and that he had agreed to retain his seat until the close of the present session. Mr. Cowan is engaged in assisting in the preparation of a bill on the currency question, and he desires to aid in the completion of the work, and the chairman of the committee desires his aid, because he is looked upon as one of the best-posted and soundest men on that important committee."

THE TEST.

Indianapolis Journal. "Oh man, I want you to be the best man at my wedding."

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Indianapolis Journal. "The case is just like this: 'Those pig-headed Boers have got a lot of gold in their country that they won't mine themselves, see? Consequently, and very properly, enterprising men are going to get that gold. Just like the case of the American Indians.'"

HIS WEAKNESS.

Cincinnati Equivocal. "While I am no jingo," said the reporter, who for the fourth time in one week had to correct an item, "still I seem to be a success as a tail-twister."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Doyle Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE