Daily Astorian.

JOHN T. LIGHTER, Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

Sent by mail, per year.....$7.00
Sent by mail, per month..... 60 cts
Served by carrier, per week.... 15 cts

Address all communications to The Daily Astorian.

WEEKLY.

Sent by mail, per year, $2.00 in advance.

Postage free to subscribers.

The Astorian guarantees to its subscribers the largest circulation of any newspaper published on the Columbia river.

Advertising rates can be had on application to the business manager.

The Weekly Astorian, the second oldest weekly in the state of Oregon, has next to the Portland Oregonian, the largest weekly circulation in the state.

Jno. T. Handley & Co., are our Portland agents, and copies of the Astorian can be had every morning at their stand on First street.

Telephone No. 66.

All communications intended for publication should be directed to the editor. Business communications of all kinds and remittances must be addressed to The Astorian.

WHERE WAGES WERE ADVANCED.

At last a genuine, undeniable and important advance in wages has been announced. It is an advance of from 10 per cent to 23½ per cent over the former rates, and its benefits are enjoyed by a very large number of workmen. moreover, there is explicit testimony—the first of the kind o nrecord—that this increase was due directly to the enactment of the Gorman-Wilson tariff. Having said this much, it is, of course, scarcely necessary to add that the increase has taken place on the other side of the ocean, and that foreign and not American workmen are its beneficiaries.

These beneficiaries, to come down to details, are the employes of the great tin plate trust of South Wales and Monmouthshire, in whose interest the late Democratic congress reduced the protection on tin plate from 2½ cents per pound to 1 1-5 cents, and thereby afforded a most unexpected and most undesirable answer to the vexed question, "Who pays the duty?" These Welsh monopolists had good reason to believe that they had been paying it themselves, and seeing their American markets steadily drift away from them into the bargain, with the steady multiplication of competing American factories, they very naturally set out, therefore, to pocket all of that cent a pound bonus which the Clevelands and the Wilsons and the Gormans and the Breckinridges had kindly conferred upon them, but unfortunately their presumptious employes would not have it. The workmen informed the exultant Welsh mill bosses that there would be a strike if they did not divide the swag. They demanded an increase in wages, a restoration to the old figures of 1874, and as the Welsh manufacturers are prudent men, who believe in making hay while the sun shines, and tin plate while the duties are low, they got it.

Significantly enough, at just the same time, there was a change in wages in the tin plate industry on this side of the ocean, but it was in the other direction. It was downward. The 40 American tin plate mills which had grown up under the increased McKinley duty found themselves in a critical position when the vindictive free trade politicians took almost half of their protection away from them. Their managers saw that they must either reduce the labor cost of their products or shut down their machinery and quit the business. They called their workmen together and explained the situation to them. The workmen, like sensible men, saw that it was a question of lower wages or no wages, and accepted a reduction of from 10 to 20 per cent.

Thus it happened that while wages were going up in Wales they were going down in America. Mr. Cleveland's consul at Cardiff has stated the facts in the case, but he has discreetly refrained from offering any explanation. Nor, indeed, is any explanation necessary. The facts speak for themselves. The passage of the Gorman-Wilson tariff was the sole cause of the phenomenon. It increased wages in Europe and reduced wages in America, precisely as the Republicans said it would, just as it had done in scores of other countries, and just as such legislation will do every time the American people permit a lot of incompetent or malignant law makers to get into power in Washington.

THE SOUTH NO LONGER SOLID.

The South was not always "solid"—not always Democratic. It was broken on the tariff question and will be again. Time was when the South refused to regard a "tariff for revenue only," as its political Koran. A great upheaval, says the American Economist, reaching beyond the silver agitation, is going on among a people who have passed through a fiery furnace that seems to have been required to make them even wiser, better and greater than they were before the war. Thirty years have sufficed to remove all old prejudices. Reconstruction is a thing of the past. The fear of "negro domination," which astute aspirants for office so long held up as the "bogie" man to frighten and consolidate the people, has departed, and upon the apex of all this gone and forgotten political lore we find agricultural and mineral development, and a commercial impetus which will, ere long, astonish the North and the whole world with its effect and results.

When the issue of slavery came to dominate parties all else of politics and economics in the South departed, and for at least ten years before the war, and ever since, those things which have grown out of it have made the South "solid." There is a breaking up in North Carolina, in South Carolina, in Louisiana, in Alabama, in Kentucky, in Tennessee, and the whole South is on the brink of a political volcano. This is not inexplicable. The South desires to advantage itself of progress, to share in the nation's development, and it cannot hope to do that under a policy of a "tariff for revenue only." That policy has struck at sugar and rice, coal and iron, and these products, agricultural and mineral, are so powerful that their ramifications extend throughout almost every state and into banking and business circles. Protection is a policy too broad to be limited by sectional lines, and its advocates are too liberal, just and generous to withhold its beneficent effects from any part of the country desirous of embracing the advantages of that policy.

A recent London dispatch says Col. McFarlane, former aid-de-camp to the late King Kalakaua, has just arrived in England. In an interview, he said that he was informed that a few Hawaiian politicians and merchants who favored the old form of government would wait upon President Cleveland when congress assembles, to urge the annexation of the Sandwich Islands. The primary object, he said, would be to test the sincerity of the officials of the Hawaiian republic. A large number of Americans, he remarked, had joined the Republican party in Hawaii, it being generally understood that the existing republic in the Sandwich Islands provided only for a temporary government, annexation to the United States to be later arranged. The present officials having been in office a year or more, no special effort had been made to attain this end. The Americans in Honolulu are dubious respecting the intentions of the present Hawaiian republic, hence the rejected application to the United States government for annexation. Congressman Samuel G. Hilborn, of California, recently visited Honolulu, and Col. McFarlane says that he will urge in congress the necessity of sending a commission for the purpose of studying the situation there.

The idea of completing the Panama Canal still haunts the minds of the French. They have spent or been robbed of $220,000,000 in that region, and naturally are slow to believe that this must be a total loss. Some engineers say the Panama Canal can be finished for $100,000,000, and others make the estimate as low as $20,000,000. Equally good engineers report that the Nicaragua Canal can be built for about $100,000,000. But for this rival and better route the French stockholders would propably resume work at Panama in spite of the stupendous failures and mistakes that have beset them on the Isthmus.

The markets of the world are not responding to the new tariff in a manner that can be called precipitate. The British board of trade reports that the British exports to the United States during the first six months of 1895 increased over the same period last year to the extent of £5,339,979, while the corresponding decrease in British imports from the United States was £2,909,179. The change against the United States in the six months was over $41,000,000. No wonder Chairman Wilson's Speeches were applauded in London.

INTER-CAMPAIGN POLITICS.

The People Doing Nothing, but the Politicians Hustling.

The East Oregonian says: "It is during such intervals as the present that politicians do their finest work. The great American people are attending strictly to business. So are the politicians. They are making it their business to fix things so the votes will come their way when it rains ballots later on. If anyone cares a cent's worth for politics at such a time as this, he, by giving attention to the straws which are indicative of the wind's direction, can tell some of the things which are being done. It is yet eight months until Oregon people wake up to begin the hot campaign, but by that time many a local leader will be pledged to the support of some candidate, or at least will have promised to stand in with some combination who have ends to serve.

"The 1896 campaign in this state is to be a 'hot number.' Beside state, county and municipal issues comes on the national election. Oregon will elect a full set of county and city officers; a legislature; state officers and congressmen; and the legislature will choose a United States senator. Just at present the latter function is being figured on chiefly.

"It looks like Dolph vs. Mitchell. Everything points toward it. People who thought Mr. Dolph a dead duck, when defeated last winter, do not get on the inside of the campaign and reckon without their host. Scarcely an intimate friend of J. N. Dolph has been interviewed during the last few months but says Mr. Dolph will be in the field against United States Senator Mitchell. The Dolph organs have Mr. Mitchell on the black list, and Mr. Dolph's name is inscribed on their memorandum books in letters of gold.

"H. F. Gullixson, now a traveling salesman from Portland, was in the city Tuesday, and was interviewed by this paper. He is an ardent supporter of Mr. Dolph. He was in the next to the last legislature as a Multnomah representative. In the last session he was a clerk and put in his best licks for the election of Mr. Dolph. Mr. Gullixson said: 'I believe Mr. Dolph will be a candidate and that the struggle is to be between him and J. H. Mitchell. Mr. Dolph was turned down, it is true, but there were reasons not appearing on the surface, and I sincerely believe now that the people of Oregon see their mistake. He has friends who will wade through fire and water for him and when the time comes will be on hand to do their duty.'

"Mr. Gullixson's reasons for advocating Mr. Dolph's election are the same as were given last winter. Dolph, said he, has a prestige which no one else in Oregon has or can attain. Mr. Gullixson also said that, in case a Republican president is elected, he believed Mr. Dolph would receive an appointment to the United States supreme court justiceship, but nevertheless would be in the senatorial fight to prove his standing and strength.

"There is very good reason to believe that the Dolph workers are not idle in Umatilla county. They say nothing, a wise precaution, but are industriously sawing wood. Prominent people are being talked with on the quiet and so far as possible, those who left the ranks during the last struggle are being swung into line. They are doing their best to swing Umatilla county Republicans for Mr. Dolph, and perhaps they'll do it."

MY TIME TABLE.

Sixty seconds make a minute,
How much good can I do in it?
Sixty minutes make an hour,
All the good that's in my power.
Twenty hours and four, a day,
Time for sleep and work and play;
Days, three hundred sixty-five,
Make a year for me to strive
Right good things each day to do,
That I wise may grow and true.

THE DREAMS.

Two dreams came down to earth one night
From the realm of mist and dew;
One was a dream of the old, old days,
And one was a dream of the new.

One was a dream of a shady lane
That led to the pickerel pond,
Where the willows and rushes bowed themselves
To the brown old hills beyond.

And the people that peopled the old-time dream
Were pleasant and fair to see,
And the dreamer he walked with them again
As often of old walked he.

Oh, cool was the wind in the shady lane
That tangled his curly hair!
Oh, sweet was the music the robins made
To springtime everywhere.

Was it the le wthe dream had brought
From yonder midnight skies,
Or was it tears from the dear dread years
That lay in the dreamer's eyes?

The other dream ran fast and free,
As the moon benignly shed
Her golden grace on the smiling face
In the little trundle bed.

For 'twas a dream of times to come,
Of the glorious noon of day,
Of the summer that follows the careless spring
When the child is done with play.

And 'twas a dream of the busy world
Where valorous deeds are done;
Of battles fought in the cause of right,
And of victories nobly won.

It breathed no breath of the dear old home
And the quiet joys of youth;
It gave no glimpse of the good old friends
Or the old-time faith and truth.

But 'twas a dream of youthful hopes,
And fast and free it ran,
And it told of a little sleeping child
Of a boy become a man.

These were the dreams that came one night
To earth from yonder sky;
These were the dreams two dreamers dreamed
My little boy and I.

And in our hearts my boy and I
Were glad that it was so;
He loved to dream of days to come,
And I of long ago.

So from our dreams my boy and I
Unwittingly awoke.
But neither of his precious dream
Unto the other spoke.

Yet of the love we bore, those dreams
Gave each his tender sign;
For there was triumph in his eyes,
And there were tears in mine.

—Eugene Field.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

New York Tribune.

Disgust is not generally long lived. The political outlook for this year is somewhat modified by the fact that Democratic disgust was intense enough a year ago to defeat that party in the states where it had for years held almost unchallenged sway. That trait of human nature which leads many men to tolerate after a time and at length to condone the offenses that at first excite the utmost wrath has to be reckoned with this year, as well as the folly of some who will accept reviving business as vindicating the tariff which Democrats were kicked into passing. When an incendiary is caught on the premises, and by dint of revolver shots, induced to vanish without finishing the destructive work, it is not usually reckoned a vindication of the purposes and character of the scamp if the property is mostly saved. Men like Professor Wilson in the house and Senator Vest in the senate represented the great Democratic majority in both houses, which was not persuaded but simply coerced into abandonment of its incendiary work; and yet there are men stupid enough to suppose the Democratic policy entitled to credit for the results of its defeat.

When to this foolishness there is added the propensity of men to forget their disgust with their own party, it seems likely that majorities this year may be smaller than in 1894. The avalanche of that year was in part due to the refusal of Democrats to vote at all, and of the men who could lift themselves no higher then than a negative and silent protest against the infamies and follies of their party, some must be expected by this time to have grown wondrous kind to its faults. With better business and wages the sense of indignation loses part of its personal stimulus. But there are other causes which operate this year against the Democrats more effectively than in 1894.

One of these is the surrender of the treasury to a syndicate of bankers, whose price for saving the country from the consequences of Democratic stupidity has not appeared small to the plain people. It is very well for capitalists and bankers to extol the wisdom and skill of the Rothschilds and their associates, but it will never be possible to persuade most American voters that the government had any business to pay $12,000,000, more or less, for placing bonds which find eager buyers today at over 21 per cent premium. The fact that this thing was done by a Democratic president while a Democratic congress was in session, and was neither stopped nor hindered by the majority, will settle the attitude of many voters, to the Democratic party for years to come; and this cause of offense has not only arisen since the elections of last fall but has been kept in mind by monetary discussions and by the recent outgo of gold.

It is sufficiently apparent in Kentucky that the Democrats are doomed to a heavy loss of votes whether they range themselves with Harris, Jones and Blackburn, or follow after Cleveland and Carlisle. Attempts to find a middle ground of union in Kentucky have failed and the ablest Democrats expect their ticket to be badly beaten in that state, but in other Western and Southern States the same differences exist and are producing similar effects. The seizure of the Democratic machinery in some states by silver extremists repels thousands who believe in sound money. The success of the administration and the office-holders in capturing conventions in other states drives thousands over to the Populists. It is not possible to say how far the disintegration may go, and, as is usual in such cases, many may threaten who will in the end be drawn by party feeling to submit, but a loss of many thousand votes to the Democrats on this account appears at present inevitable.

Last year's elections were a great surprise, even to the victors, for they had not anticipated so great a triumph. The Republicans this year have taken it for granted that the Democrats would be able to call back a large proportion of their stragglers and therefore have not circulated upon the exceptional majorities of 1894. But in quarters where industries have been most affected by the tariff, and in quarters where the silver controversy has most divided the Democratic party, it is possible that the results this year may again prove a surprise to all.

LATE LITERARY NEWS.

Fiction and travel are the strong points of the September Cosmopolitan, which, by the way, illustrates better than any previous number the perfection of its plant for printing a magazine of the highest class. Conan Doyle, H. H. Boyesen, and Clark Russell are among the storytellers. A well known New York lawyer relates the story of "A Famous Crime"—the murder of Dr. Perkman by Professor Webster. A delightful sketch of "An English Country House Party" is from the pen of Nina Larre Smith—the house at which she visited being no less than the historic Abbotsford, still occupied by the direct descendants of Sir Walter Scott. "The Realm of the Wonderful" is descriptive of the strange forms of life discovered by science in the ocean's depths, and is superbly illustrated in a surprising and marvelous way by the author, who is a member of the Smithsonian staff. An article on Cuba is timely. Without bothering the reader with unnecessary description of the famous yachts now so much talked of, The Cosmopolitan presents four full-page illustrations showing these noted boats. Thomas Moran again contributes a series of the most exquisite landscapes of western scenery, twelve in number, illustrating an article by Col. John A. Cockerill, on "Modern Utah." And it may be said that no more beautifully illustrated number of The Cosmopolitan has ever been given to the public.

FRENCH VIEW OF WOMEN.

In France, within two years, a brilliant young woman student was prevented by the hooting and yelling of her men fellow students from reading her thesis, and later still the essay of a very beautiful and exceptionally gifted girl student was commented on somewhat after this fashion by her French professor. He hoped so much beauty and charm would not fail to fulfill the mission of woman, which was much the same as complimenting an earnest, ambitious honor collegian, ambitious for a professional career, on the color of his eyes or the curve of his mustache, and expressing the hope that he would fulfill his destiny and become a father. As men are prone to such impertinences it is not surprising that some high-spirited women display a certain controversial acrimony when man is their topic.

A few years from now the Frenchmen will probably be saying what the American judge is today, that man is only too happy to oblige the ladies, forgetting the brave women who are now fighting the battle of "rights" for their sex. For the Frenchwoman—that is, an unfashionable few of her—is at present agitating for many of the reforms that the American leaders have secured for themselves and their sisters.—Vogue.

ROMANCE FOR SEPTEMBER.

Under the present management Romance steadily improves, and the September number offers a goodly variety to its readers. Among the best of the stories is "The Flowing Source," by Quiller-Couch, who stands in the front rank of modern English writers of fiction; and Jules Claretie, J. M. Barrie and Max Pemberton are represented by well selected tales. The cover is attractive and should aid in selling this readable little magazine.

It is a significant fact that all attempts at colonization in Mexico have proved to be failures. The conditions in that country are evidently not favorable to the success of such experiments.

WANTED.

WANTED—German or French pupils. Address L. L. H., care of this office.

WANTED—Immediately, girl to do housework in small family. Apply at 226 8th street.

WANTED—An honest, active gentleman or lady to travel for reliable established house. Salary, $780, payable $15 weekly and expenses. Situation permanent. References. Enclose self-addressed envelope, H. E. Hess, Pres., Chicago.

WANTED—Agents to represent the old National Life Insurance Co., of Montpelier, Vt. For further information, address G. M. Stolp, General Coast Manager, 82-84 Crocker Building, San Francisco, Cal.

WANTED—Man or lady to collect, do some office work, and manage agents. You will deal through your leading merchants. Something new and very popular. We pay all expenses. Position permanent. Send four references and ten cents for full particulars. John Finney Mgr., P. O. Box 484, St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—500 yards of earth excavated from tunnel, to be delivered on premises. Pacific Paving Co.

JAPANESE GOODS—Just out—just received—just what you want, at Wing Lee's, 543 Commercial street.

A good buy at Long Beach. Nine room house. Furnished complete for summer travel. For description and terms inquire at Real Estate Exchange, Occident Building.

FOUND.

FOUND—A silver watch, which the owner can have by calling at this office and proving property.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms; good location fronting river. Capt. P. E. Ferchen, 339 17th street.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms and bath. Inquire of Noe & Sculley.

TO LOAN.

MONEY—Apply to Astoria Abstract, Title and Trust Co.

LOST.

LOST—Near the Episcopal church, a ladies' drawn work handkerchief. Finder will be rewarded by returning. Mrs. E. C. Lewis.

LOST—A small diamond scarf pin, on Commercial street. Finder will please leave at this office and receive reward.

LOST—Thursday night, about 10 o'clock 129 fathoms of net. Corks branded F. M. Warren. Please return to Warren's station.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$75.000 PER WEEK using and selling Dynamos for plating watches, jewelry, and table ware. Plates gold, silver, nickel, etc., same as new goods. Different sizes for agents, families and shops. Easy operated; no experience; big profits. W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio.

J. A FASTABEND,

GENERAL CONTRACTOR,

PILE DRIVER, HOUSE, BRIDGE AND WHARF BUILDER.

Address, box 180, Postoffice. ASTORIA, OR

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says, "Shiloh's Vitalizer SAVED MY LIFE." I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble, it excells. Price 75 cts. For Sale by J. W. Conn.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

FOURTEENTH STREET IMPROVEMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of Astoria, Oregon, have determined to improve 14th street from the north line om Grand ave. to the north line of Bond street, extended easterly, all in the City of Astoria as laid out and recorded by J. M. Shively, by grading to its full width and established grade, and that between the north line of Grand ave. and the north line of Exchange street (except the crossing of Franklin ave.), the improvement shall consist in removing planking and timbers on said portion of said street, constructing sidewalks, and placing gutters along each side and planking said part of said street between gutters with new and sound fir plank three inches in thickness. Between the north line of Exchange street and the north line of Bond street extended easterly, the improvement shall consist in removing all timbers, planking and piles, and building said structure anew. All of the improvement to be made in accordance with plans and specifications and ordinances in relation thereto.

The lands and premises upon which the special assessment shall be levied to defray the cost and expenses of such improvement be, and the same are designated as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point where the north line of Grand ave. intersects the west line of the J. M. Shively Donation Land Claim, and running thence north along said line to where it intersects the south line of Bond street, or said street extended easterly, and thence easterly on the south line of said Bond street extended easterly to a point where such line run easterly will intersect the east line of Lot 4, in Block 135, in said part of said city and thence south on a straight line through the middle of Blocks 135, 118, 115, and 17, to the southwest corner of Lot 10, Block 17, thence west to the place of beginning.

And all lots, lands, and premises in said district and not in any street or alleyway, are hereby designated and declared to be subject to such assessment.

Estimates of the expense of such improvement and plans and diagrams of such work or improvement, and of the locality to be improved, have been deposited by the city surveyor with the Auditor and Police Judge for public examination and maybe inspected at the office of such officer.

At the next regular meeting of the Common Council following the final publication of this notice, which meeting will be held on Wednesday, September 18, 1895, at the hour of 7:30 p. m., at the city hall, any objections that may be made to such improvements will be considered by the council, and if by the time of said meeting a remonstrance against such improvement, signed by residents of the city owning more than one-half of the property in said district shall be filed with the Auditor and Police Judge such improvement shall not be ordered, if at all, except by a vote of two-thirds of all members of the council.

By order of the Common Council.

Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Or., Sept. 5th, 1895.

ALLEYWAY ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 1982, of the City of Astoria, confirming the assessment on Roll No. 2, for the improvement of the alley-way running through Blocks 2, 3, 4 and 5 ,from the west line of 36th street to the east line of 42d street, in Adair's Astoria, is now due and payable in United States gold and silver coin, at the office of city treasurer, and if not paid within 5 days from the final publication of this notice, to-wit: on or before Thursday, September 26th, 1895, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection of the same:

Anglo-American Pkg. Co., Lot 1, Block 5	$0.33
Anglo-American Pkg. Co. Lot 2, Block 5	$0.33
Anglo-American Pkg. Co. Lot 3, Block 5	$0.33
Anglo-American Pkg. Co. Lot 4, Block 5	$0.33
Anglo-American Pkg. Co. Lot 5, Block 5	$0.33
Anglo-American Pkg. Co., Lot 6, Block 5	$0.33
Anglo-American Pkg. Co., Lot 7, Block 5	$0.33
Anglo-American Pkg. Co. Lot 8, Block 5	$0.33
Astoria Box Co., Lot 1, Block 2	$0.33
Astoria Box Co., Lot 8, Block 2	$0.33
Astoria Street R. R. Co., Lot 2, Block 2	$0.33
Rudolph Barth, Lot 7, Block 2	$0.33
Fishermen's Pkg. Co., Lot 3, Block 2	$0.33
Fishermen's Pkg. Co., Lot 4, Block 2	$0.33
Fishermen's Pkg. Co., Lot 5, Block 2	$0.33
Fishermen's Pkg. Co., Lot 6, Block 2	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn & Co., Lot 1, Block 3	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn, Lot 2, Block 3	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn, Lot 3, Block 3	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn, Lot 4, Block 3	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn, Lot 5, Block 3	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn, Lot 6, Block 3	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn, Lot 7, Block 3	$0.33
J. O. Hanthorn, Lot 8, Block 3	$0.33
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 1, Block 4	$0.33
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 2, Block 4	$0.33
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 3, Block 4	$0.00
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 4, Block 4	$0.33
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 5, Block 4	$0.33
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 6, Block 4	$0.33
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 7, Block 4	$0.33
Holmes, G. P. Johnson, and G. A. Nelson, Lot 8, Block 4	$0.33

By order of the Common Council.

Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Oregon, Sept. 6th, 1895.

Cholera Morbus is a dangerous complaint, and often is fatal in its results. To avoid this you should use DeWitt's Colic & Cholera Cure, as soon as the first symptoms appear.

INDORSED BY THE PRESS.

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that I have used Krause's Headache Capsules with satisfactory results. I bought a box which cost me 25, and one capsule cured me of a dreadful sick headache. My wife and myself have both used the medicines manufactured by the Norman Liebty Mfg Co., and we recommend them to the public as being jjust what they are represented.

Respectfully,
W. J. HUTCHISON,
Ed. Gazette, Pleasant Hill, Mo.

Twenty-five cents, for sale by Chas. Rogers, Astoria, Or., sole agents.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name and style Oregon Transportation Company, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding bills or accounts being payable to Capt. Paul Schrader, and he assuming the payment of all debts due by said firm.

Astoria, Or., May 13, 1895.

PETER H. CRIM,
PAUL SCHRADER.

PROVEN A BOON.

Gentlemen:—I have always recommended Krause's Headache Capsules wherever I have had a chance. They have proven a veritable boon in my family against any and all kinds of headache. Yours truly,

J. E. WALTER,
Leavenworth, Kansas.

For sale by Chas. Rogers, Astoria, Oregon, sole agent.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the committee on streets and public ways, at the office of the Auditor and Police Judge, until Wednesday, Sept. 11th, 1895, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, for the improvement of 6th street in Adair's Astoria from the south line of alleyway running throught Blocks 10 3and 104, to north line of Astor street, by grading to full width and established grade, planking 20 feet through center with plank three inches in thickness, and by building sidewalks on both sides thereof.

All of said improvements to be made strictly in accordance with plans and specifications now on file in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge and ordinances in relation thereto.

No bid will be received that does not embrace all the work bid upon.

Bids must be made on blanks furnished by the Auditor and Police Judge, any bid not so made or containing any other conditions will be rejected, and must be accompanied by a guaranty signed by some responsible taxpayer to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder he will enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient securities for its faithful performance.

Work to be completed on or before the 1st day of November, 1895 and the contract shall provide that in case such work is not completed on or before said day it shall be lawful upon giving notice to such contractor or contractors of its intention so to do and to proceed of the completion and to complete such work at the expense of the contractor or contractors therefor, and in such event the city shall have entire charge of the work from the time of giving such notice.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

By order of the Committee on Streets and Public Ways.

Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Oregon, Sept. 6th, 1895.

THIRTY-FIFTH STREET ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 1983, of the City of Astoria, confirming the assessment on Roll No. 4, for the improvement of 35th street from the north line of Franklin ave., to the south line of Duane street in Adair's Astoria, is now due and payable in United States gold or silver coin, at the office of the city treasurer, and if not paid within 5 days from the final publication of this notice, to-wit: On or before Thursday, Sept. 26thfl 1895, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection of the same:

Carrie E. Kimball (east half) Lot 3, Block 18	$ 52.88
Mary H. Leinenweber, Lot 5, Block 18	$250.00
Mary H. Leinenweber, Lot 6, Block 18	$105.77
George W. Norton, (west half) Lot 3 Block 18	$ 52.88
Mrs. Maggie Pardee, Lot 3, Block 19	$200.00
School Dist. No. 1, Lot 1, Block 19	$317.32
School Dist. No. 1, Lot 2, Block 19	$105.77
Laura M. Whailey, Lot 4, Block 19	$200.00
Mary Jane Woods, Lot 7, Block 19	$105.77

By order of the Common Council.

Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Oregon, Sept. 6th, 1895.

FRANKLIN AVENUE IMPROVEMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of Astoria, Ore., have determined to improve Franklin avenue from the west line of 26th street to the east line of the J. M. Shively Donation Land Claim, all in the City of Astoria, as laid out and recorded by J. M. Shively, by planking said portion of said avenue with new and sound fir planks two inches in thickness, which are to be laid diagonally in said avenue, upon the planks now in the same, and which are to extend from edges of railway track to curbs, all to be done strictly in accordance with plans and specifications and ordinances in relation thereto.

The lands and premises upon which special assessment shall be levied to defray the cost and expense of such improvement and the district embracing said lands and premises be, and the same are designated as follows; to wit:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 7, in block 144, in said part of said city and running thence easterly on the line running through blocks 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149 and 150 and separating the two tiers of lots in said block to the east line of the J. M. Shively Donation Land Claim and thence southerly on the east line of said Donation Land Claim to the line separating the two tiers of lots in block 1, and thence westerly through the centers of blocks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, upon the line dividing the two tiers of lots in the same to the east line of 26th street and thence northerly on a straight line to the place of beginning.

All lands and premises in said district and not in any street or alley are subject to such assessment.

Estimates of the expense of such improvement and plans and diagrams of such work for improvement and the locality to be improved have been deposited by the City Surveyor with the Auditor and Police Judge for public examination and may be inspected at the office of such officer.

At the next regular meeting of the Common Council after the final publication of this notice, to wit: On Wednesday, September 4th, 1895, at the hour of 7:30 p. m. at the City Hall the said Common Council will consider any objections to said improvement being made and if a remonstrance against such improvement signed by persons owning more than one-half of the property in such district herein described and upon which the specialy assessment is to be levied shall be filed with the Auditor and Police Judge before the said time of meeting of the Common Council no such improvement or work shall be ordered except by the concurrence of all the councilmen elect.

By order of the Common Council.

Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Ore., Aug. 24, 1895.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF DUANE STREET.

Notice is hereby given that L. Leback, Contractor for the improvement of Duane street, in Adair's Astoria, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 1925, on the 12th day of June, 1895, filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria, the certificate of the City Surveyor and Superintendent of Streets, approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Ways.

After the expiration of the time hereinafter specified, if no objections to the acceptance of such work be filed and the Common Council shall deem such improvement properly completed, according to the contract and plans and specifications therefor, the same may be accepted.

Objections to the acceptance of said improvement or any part thereof, may be filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge on or before Wednesday, June 19th, 1895.

K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Oregon, June 13th, 1895.

THE DISCOVERY SAVED HIS LIFE.

Mr. G. Caillouette, druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store, I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Chas. Rogers' drug store.

TO

Real Estate Men,
Bankers
and
Business Men
Of Astoria
Generally.

A POINTER!

Call into the Astorian office and get sample copies of our regular Commercial edition.

It Means Money in Your Pocket.

THIRTY-SEVENTH STREET ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 1985, of the City of Astoria, confirming the assessment on roll No. 5, for the improvement of 37th street from the south line of Duane street to the north line of Commercial street in Adair's Astoria, is now due and payable in United States gold and silver coin, at the office of the city treasurer, and if not paid within 5 days from the time of publication of this notice towit: On or before September 26th, 1895, the Common Council will order warrant issued for the collection of the same:

George Anderson, Lot 8, Block 14	$162.50
W. D. Baker, Lot 2, Block 14	73.72
E. R. Hawes, (half) Lot 3, Block 15	36.86
Almira Helden, Lot 4, Block 15	175.00
Gust. Holmes, Lot 6, Block 15	73.72
Jens Nelson, Lot 7, Block 14	73.72
Anna C. Olsen, Lot 1, Block 14	175.00
Fredrika Peterson, Lot 5, Block 15	200.00
Benj. Young, (half) Lot 3, Block 15	36.86

By order of the Common Council.

Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Oregon, Sept. 6th, 1895.

NOTICE OF FILING OF ASSESSMENT ROLL NO. 3, DUANE STREET, IN ADAIR'S ASTORIA.

Notice is hereby given that Assessment Roll No. 3, containing the special assessment for the improvement of Duane street, from the west line of 35th street to the east line of 37th street, all in the city of Astoria, as laid out and recorded by John Adair and commonly known as Adair's Astoria, has been filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge and is now open for inspection and will so remain open until the 28th day of September, 1895, prior to which time all objections to such must be filed (in writing) with the Auditor and Police Judge.

The committee on streets and public ways, together with the street assessors, of the City of Astoria, will meet in the council chambers at the city hall, in the city of Astoria, on Saturday, Sept. 28th, 1895, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., to review and equalize such assessment and report their action to the common council.

K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Or., Sept. 7th, 1895.

NOTICE OF FILING OF ASSESSMENT ROLL NO. 6, 42D STREET, IN ADAIR'S ASTORIA.

Notice is hereby given that Assessment Roll No. 6, containing the special assessment for the improvement of 42d street, from the south line of alleyway through Blocks 5 and 6, to center line of Bond street, all in the city of Astoria, as laid out and recorded by John Adair, and commonly known as Adair's Astoria, has been filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge and is now open for inspection and will so reamin open until the 28th day of September, 1895, prior to which time all objections to such must be filed (in writing) with the Auditor and Polie Judge.

The committee on streets and public ways, together with the street assessors, of the City of Astoria, will meet in the council chambers at the city hall, in the city of Astoria on Saturday, Sept. 28th, 1895, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., to review and equilize such assessment and report their action to the common council.

K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge

Astoria, Or., Sept. 7th, 1895.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF 42ND STREET.

Notice is hereby given that N. Clinton & Sons, contractors for the improvement of 42d street, in Adair's Astoria, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 1940, on the 12th day of June, 1895, filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria, the certificate of the City Surveyor, and Superintendent of Streets, approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Ways.

After the expiration of the time hereinafter specified, if no objections to the acceptance of such work be filed and the Common Council shall deem such improvement properly completed, according to the contract and plans and specifications therefor, the same may be accepted.

Objections to the acceptance of said improvement or any part thereof, may be filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge on or before Wednesday, June 19th, 1895

K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.

Astoria, Oregon, June 13th, 1895.

CURE FOR HEADACHE.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at Chas. Rogers' drug store.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and All Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. Rogers, Odd Fellows' building.

Diarrhoea should be stopped promptly. It soon