

Daily Astorian.

JOHN T. LIGHTER, Editor.

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The Weekly Astorian, the second oldest weekly in the state of Oregon, has next to the Portland Oregonian, the largest weekly circulation in the state.

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Telephone No. 63.

All communications intended for publication should be directed to the editor. Business communications of all kinds and remittances should be addressed to The Astorian.

CONCERNING MR. KINCAID.

The Dalles Chronicle in a late issue says: "Mr. Kincaid was nominated and elected upon representations that he would correct many of the abuses which have crept into the administration of the office for which he was a candidate. He claimed, and was represented by his friends to be an economist, a man of integrity and of good judgment. We will not accuse him of obtaining money under false pretenses, but we are free to criticize his administration. His first work after entering his office was to examine the fee law and ascertain where a possible addition to his income could be made; among other improvements in this line, as we are informed, he claimed the right to charge \$1 for attaching the seal of the state to a state deed, although the law provides that upon payment of \$1.25 for this seal and the fulfillment of certain provisions of the law the purchaser shall be entitled to a deed; heretofore the deed has been delivered upon fulfilling the conditions, but now the purchaser must pay Mr. Kincaid \$1 or go without a deed. Mr. Kincaid has pronounced himself a greater constitutional lawyer than the attorney-general has ignored the latter's advice, employed other counsel, and carried to the supreme court the question as to the right of the railroad commissioners to their pay, and the supreme court on Monday rebuked him to draw warrants for the salaries as provided by the legislature. The constitution of the state provides that the secretary of state shall receive no emoluments other than his salary, but every dollar of fees earned by his office, we understand, is claimed by this economist as his own. From his own standpoint he is doing well; he is there with a big price in his hand, and a long crop at the constitutional rate."

Astoria has been the beneficiary of a taste of this desire so apparent in Mr. Kincaid to get hold of everything in sight, and probably the action to which we have reference was more picaresque and contemptible than any charge mentioned by the Chronicle. A state commission to represent Oregon at the Mexican exposition was appointed by the governor Lord some months ago. These gentlemen selected by the governor to represent our state, and to devise ways and means to contribute to her honor and further fame abroad, were chosen by the chief executive with special reference to their fitness for the position, and all felt flattered by the selection. A few weeks after the appointments were made each of the commissioners received his credentials signed by the governor and containing the seal of the state, accompanied by a letter from Mr. Kincaid in which that individual made a demand for \$200 for affixing the seal. This was not only an insult—a tax upon a man's willingness to serve his fellow citizens, but a deliberate attempt to obtain money to which we are firmly convinced the secretary of state had no legitimate or honorable claim.

We are indeed sorry that a man who stoops to such methods should hold a high position among us. More sorry still that such a man calls himself a Republican, which he is not. It is time that his whole official record should be investigated, and that the public should know whether Mr. Kincaid, dressed in a little brief authority, is to be allowed any longer to dishonor the whole state of Oregon.

The gist of the whole silver question is contained in the following paragraph taken from an article written for "Sound Currency," by Hon. John DeWitt Warner, an eminent lawyer and Democratic congressman from one of the New York City districts: "Our silver friends appeal to us to treat gold and silver alike. We should treat men alike, and let each do what he pleases with the gold or silver he has. It is claimed that gold is a legal tender. That is true. It is not true, however, that it is worth any more on that account. As a matter of fact, bar gold, which is not legal tender at all, is worth more today than is the same amount of gold in gold coins, which are legal tenders. Commerce uses gold because it prefers it, not because of the law. It would use it just the same if there were no law. The law, as it stands, is therefore immaterial. Commerce has repudiated silver as a measure of value. It does it simply because it does not like it. A law to force silver into use would, therefore, be tyrannical and an arbitrary interference with commerce. The preference of commerce for gold is not a

matter of right or wrong; it is a matter of fact. People who do business have a right to do it in the way that suits them best, and commerce has found gold most convenient; that is all. There is so little of it in existence that a small quantity contains a great deal of wealth. That makes it convenient to use and transport. It is easily divisible and almost indestructible. That makes it handy to use, and leaves the world's stock at any time practically all that has been mined in the centuries before, so that it is subject to only very slight variation by the increase or decrease of production in any one year or within a short period, and, therefore, is comparatively stable in value. And the fact that the supply is thus stable and it is easily transported and is indestructible tends to keep it the same value all over the world. All these things do not make gold perfect for purposes of currency, but they do make it more perfect as our commerce becomes more and more international rather than of local character. It is, therefore, perfectly easy to understand why silver has been so generally discarded as a measure of value, and why it would be foolish to try to reneate it."

"Falling ignominiously in his attempt to override the state of Washington in his effort to enforce Oregon's measly fish laws," says the Vancouver Independent, "Hollis D. McGuire, the oft-styled 'fish and game protector,' (though what he protects would puzzle even a Portland lawyer to tell) and windy official, has turned his attention to stopping the poor Indian from catching a few dog-eaten in the Upper Clackamas. Falling in that he may be expected to issue a violent tirade warning the dirty poeppose upon the reservation against catching tadpoles. That would be about his size or possibly a trifle larger."

Several weeks before any other paper in either Oregon or Washington had noticed this matter of Indian depletions in the vicinity of the new Clackamas hatchery, seriously threatening the success of that enterprise, the Astorian went into the question at length, and our explanation of the circumstances was very largely copied all over the two states. The above scathing and magnificent Philip is as sensible as it is decent. His style is an example of average Northwest journalism, which still rears its vile and ugly head among us. As long as the public will allow itself to support sheets of this character carried on by men who are not considered decent enough to come in contact with honest people, so long will Oregon and our sister states be disgraced in the eyes of outsiders. It is a travesty on human caution and common sense that while social ostracism is the just fate of the nauseating scoundrels who carry on this work, the emanations from their disordered thoughts as they appear in print are allowed to penetrate into homes and to appear before decent women and children without check.

The accident to Officer Simmit's little daughter is a fresh example of the frightful condition of the streets and alleys in every part of the city. The city council, of course, will be ready with the chronic excuse of its inability to furnish any relief in the face of repeated remonstrances from property owners. Unfortunately for these gentlemen, however, there are a number of people in Astoria, probably a majority, who, while not owning any real property, are yet contributing in one way or another of a considerable portion of the city's annual harvest of taxes. It is also a circumstance worthy of note, that this class of citizens, notwithstanding their real property disqualification, possess that very essential element in civic affairs—the power to cast votes. These people are getting tired of dropping their hard-earned dollars into the insatiable maw of the city treasury without receiving any return from them, and it is said they are so unreasonable as to hold the city council responsible for the maintenance of the city's thoroughfares. Their vindictive spirit may urge them to emphasize this belief at the polls with somewhat remarkable results. It is hoped for the sake of certain prominent and worthy members of the council that, between now and next December, that body will be able to convince the public that the blame for the present condition of our streets properly belongs on the shoulders of the Cleveland administration.

While the free trade papers jubilate over the restoration voluntarily made in the wage schedule of some factories, they forget to state that such increases do not make the rate of pay now received by the wage earners equivalent to their earnings in 1892. Another point to which they fail to refer is that, where wages have been advanced, it is very often the case that such an advance was made to fewer people than were employed in 1892. A firm may then have been employing 500 hands, and even if the same rate of wages should now be paid it is often the case that only 350 hands are employed. What then has become of the other 150? Has some other industry made such marked progress under tariff reform as to be able to absorb these idlers? If so, why have not the free trade editors recorded the fact? It is most likely that the 150 have either left the country or are strapping around looking for that job which they had before they voted for President Cleveland and tariff reform.

The San Francisco Call thinks that if the truth were known the Indian scare in Jackson's Hole may have been occasioned by an attempt of the braves to repeat the college yell they heard while the Princeton expedition was in the mountains.

THE DEFICIT. About ten days ago it was noticed that this revenue in July was likely to exceed \$2,000,000 only a little, and the official statement makes it \$2,282,638 for the month. The average for four previous years was \$2,000,000, so that the actual receipts were \$1,000,000 less than the average for the four previous years, of which two were years of panic and prostration. A deficit averaging \$1,000,000 per month, or \$30,000,000 per year, is the result over which our Democratic friends are laboring to rejoice. The fact that their revenue law has proved a tariff for deficit, as Republicans declared from the first, is not willingly acknowledged. The customs receipts in July have been officially stated as \$1,075,985, but the average for the three years 1891-'93, including the panic month of July two years ago, was \$1,000,000. Notwithstanding the addition of duties on sugar expected to yield \$1,000,000 per month, the customs receipts show a decrease of \$100,000, and, although the sugar duties have not answered expectations, the actual reduction of the revenue from other imports appears to be about the quarter. Much the greater part of the deficit is directly due to this change of duties on foreign products, which was designed to encourage foreign manufactures at the expense of American, with the result that wages in nearly all American works exposed to foreign competition remain lower than they were in 1892, notwithstanding the recovery in business.

The internal receipts are growing, as the additional tax on whisky begins to be fully felt, and amounted in July to \$12,588,465. The average for the three years 1891-'93 was \$14,700,000, including the panic month two years ago, so that the actual loss of internal revenue has been about \$1,800,000 per month, notwithstanding the increase of internal taxation. This is in part because consumption of the people has not yet reached the former level, and in part, it is presumed, because some of the whisky taken out of bond before the new tax went into effect has not yet been consumed. It is entirely due to the consular shrinkage in consumption of the foreign, its meaning as respects the effect of Democratic legislation is equally clear. The figures afford no indication of the actual expenditures of government. They show only how much the treasury has agreed to pay for its current obligations. The fact that less than \$30,000,000 has been paid in July indicates that another large amount of actual indebtedness has been thrown over into August, as about \$10,000,000 more or less was thrown over from June into July, and the government which continues month after month to plunder public creditors in this fashion, by compelling them to wait for their money when it is actually lying idle in the treasury, confesses a weakness which goes far to excuse the selection of eminent bankers as receivers.

SUNSET. In childhood days, long years ago, Far from the busy town, The happiest hour I used to know Was when the sun went down; For then I'd labor's cares dismiss And speed with heart elate To a "Welcome home" and kiss From mother at the gate.

Now, in the afternoon of life, As evening shades draw nigh, Again I see the sun go down Without a single sigh; And when at last it sinks to rest I bid it to linger here Than a welcome kiss at sunset From mother at the gate.

TO Real Estate Men, Bankers and Business Men of Astoria Generally. A POINTER! See Call into the Astorian office and get sample copies of our regular Commercial edition. It Means Money in Your Pocket.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF DUANE STREET. Notice is hereby given that L. Leback, Contractor for the improvement of Duane Street, in Astoria, Oregon, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 195, on the 12th day of June, 1895, filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria, the certificate of the City Surveyor and Superintendent of Streets, approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Works of the Common Council, that the same such improvement properly completed, according to the contract and plans and specifications therefor, the same may be accepted. Objections to the acceptance of said improvement or any part thereof, may be filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge on or before Wednesday, June 13th, 1895.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF END STREET. Notice is hereby given that N. Clinton & Sons, contractors for the improvement of 4th street, in Astoria, Oregon, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 198, on the 12th day of June, 1895, filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria, the certificate of the City Surveyor and Superintendent of Streets, approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Works of the Common Council, that the same such improvement properly completed, according to the contract and plans and specifications therefor, the same may be accepted. Objections to the acceptance of said improvement or any part thereof, may be filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge on or before Wednesday, June 13th, 1895.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of the Astorian Transportation Company, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding bills or accounts being payable to Capt. Paul Schrader, and he assuming the payment of all debts due by said Astoria, Or., May 13, 1895. PETER H. CRIM, PAUL SCHRADER.

NOTICE. The partnership heretofore existing between C. J. Greenlund and Anton Brix is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, and all debts of the said firm will be paid by C. J. Greenlund and C. G. Palmberg, and all outstanding accounts are due and payable to C. J. GREENLUND, ANTON BRIX.

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Mr. A. A. Snyder, Supt. Poor Farm, Winneshiek county, Ia., says: Last winter Mr. Robert Leach used two boxes of DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills and cured a large running sore on his leg. Had been under care of physicians for months without obtaining relief. Sure cure for Piles.

AN OLD RHYME RESET. "Affliction sore long time she bore Physicians were in vain." At last, one day, a friend did say, "You'd soon be well again." If you would take, as I did, Dr. Price's Favorite Prescription, for that is the cure for all the peculiar ailments of women. It is a safe, simple and sure remedy. It banishes those distressing maladies that make woman's life a burden, curing all painful irregularities, uterine disorders, inflammations and excoriations, prostrates and kindred weaknesses. As a nerve tonic it cures nervous exhaustion, prostration, debility, relieves mental anxiety and hypochondria and induces a refreshing sleep. She took the advice and is well. "Favorite Prescription" is the only remedy for the delicate, irritable and weak condition of females, sold by druggists. A pamphlet free. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

TO WRITE UPON A BED OF AGONY. Is what people crowded with rheumatic symptoms can fairly expect, if they take so efficient a means to check the rapidly-growing malady which, if it should never be forgotten, has a tendency to attack the heart and terminate life. The testimony, public and professional, is overwhelmingly convincing and concurrent. Dr. H. C. Wood's Stomach Bitters is both a sovereign preventive and curative of a disorder which, if completely unopposed, is a most dangerous and fatal disease. It attacks the tissues surrounding the joints and muscles, cause such excruciating pain. This disease prompts the secretion of the kidneys, bladder, stomach and bowels, and remedies malaria, nervousness and debility. It also induces appetite, cures indigestion, and mitigates the infirmities of age. Take it daily at regular intervals, and confidently expect the best results.

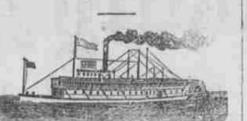
A GOOD WORD. Mr. J. J. Kell, Sharpsburg, Pa. Dear Sir: I am glad to say a good word for Krause's Headache Capsules. After suffering for over three years with acute neuralgia and its consequent anorexia (which seemed to baffle the efforts of some of our best physicians) you suggested this remedy which gave me almost instant relief. Words fail to express the praise I should like to bestow on Krause's Headache Capsules. Gratefully Yours, MRS. E. H. HOLMES, Montrose, Pa.

PROVEN A BOON. Gentlemen—I have always recommended Krause's Headache Capsules wherever I have had a chance. They have proven a veritable boon in my family against any and all kinds of headaches. Yours truly, J. E. WALTER, Leavenworth, Kansas. For sale by Chas. Rogers, Astoria, Oregon, sole agent.

SHILOH'S CURE, the great Cough and Croup Cure, is in great demand. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses only 25 cents. Children love it. Sold by J. W. Conn. KARL'S COVER ROOT will purify your blood, clear your complexion, regulate your bowels, and make your hair clear as a bell. 25 cts. and \$1.00. Sold by J. W. Conn.

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Two Daily Boats to Portland

"Telephone" leaves Astoria at 7 p. m. daily (except Sunday). Leaves Portland daily at 7 a. m., except Sunday.

"Bailey Gatzert" leaves Astoria Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday morning at 6:45 a. m.; Sunday evening at 7 p. m.

Leaves Portland daily at 8 p. m., except Sunday. On Saturday night at 11 p. m.

Steamer Ocean Wave leaves Portland Tuesday and Thursday at 8 a. m., Saturday at 1 p. m., running straight through to Ilwaco, connecting with trains for all points on North Beach. Leaves Ilwaco Wednesday and Friday morning at 7:30 o'clock, Sunday night at 6 o'clock, for Portland. C. W. STONE, Agent, Astoria. Telephone No. 11. U. B. Scott, President. E. A. Seelye, Gen'l. Agt., Portland.

ANNUAL PICNIC! GIVEN BY THE Finnish Brotherhood OF ASTORIA, ON Sunday, August 11, 1895

SEASIDE

O. R. & N. Co.'s boat R. B. Thompson will leave the company's wharf at 6 o'clock sharp, connecting with train at the bridge.

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Astoria and Portland Steamers. T. J. Foster leaves Astoria Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 7 p. m., Wednesday and Sunday upon arrival from Ilwaco in the evening. Leaves Portland Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 7 a. m., Wednesday at 8 a. m., and Saturday at 1 p. m.

R. B. Thompson leaves Astoria daily, except Sunday, at 6:45 a. m.; leaves Portland daily, except Sunday, at 8 p. m. On Saturday will leave at 10 p. m.

Harvey Green leaves Astoria Wednesday and Sunday at 7 p. m.; leaves Portland Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a. m.

For rates and general information call on C. F. OVERBAUGH, Commercial Agent, Astoria, Or. W. H. HULLBERT, Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Or.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Oregon, offers free tuition to all students. Young men can obtain board, lodging, heat and light in the dormitory for \$2.50 per week. Rooms furnished their own linen. Young women are provided with board in private families at \$3.00 per week. Young women desiring board should address Prof. John Strang, Eugene, Oregon; or Secretary Young Women's Christian Association, Eugene. The University offers three baccalaureate degrees: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Letters, with corresponding courses of study. The following shorter courses are also offered: An English course leading in two years to a business diploma and in three years to the title graduate in English; an advanced course for graduates of normal schools leading to the degree master of pedagogy; a three years' course in civil engineering leading to the degree civil engineer; a course of two years for teachers of physical education leading to a diploma and the title director of physical education. The University charges an incidental fee of ten dollars, which is payable in advance by all students. Students holding diplomas from the public schools and those having teachers' certificates are admitted to the preparatory department without examination. Those desiring information regarding the preparatory department should address the dean, N. L. Narreagan, Eugene. For catalogues and information address C. H. Chapman, President, or J. J. Walter, Secretary, Eugene, Oregon.