Daily Astorian.

JOHN T. LIGHTER, Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

Sent by mail, per year.....$7.00
Sent by mail, per month..... 60 cts
Served by carrier, per week.... 15 cts

Address all communications to The Daily Astorian.

WEEKLY.

Sent by mail, per year, $2.00 in advance.

Postage free to subscribers.

The Astorian guarantees to its subscribers the largest circulation of any newspaper published on the Columbia river.

Advertising rates can be had on application to the business manager.

The Weekly Astorian, the second oldest weekly in the state of Oregon, has next to the Portland Oregonian, the largest weekly circulation in the state.

Jno. T. Handley & Co., are our Portland agents, and copies of the Astorian can be had every morning at their stand on First street.

Telephone No. 66.

All communications intended for publication should be directed to the editor. Business communications of all kinds and remittances must be addressed to The Astorian.

OREGON'S PRIVATE TRADERS.

Many leading grocery houses publish newspapers in their own interest. Does it pay them? It is no answer to this query to say that if it did not, these sensible merchants would promptly stop. Pride, fear, miscalculation, commitment, all block the way. Cost stretches like a rubber band, and profits contract in equal ratio. Influence and time are sold too cheaply. The goodwill and push of the firm are worth more than they get for them. The time of the principal should be measured by his profits, not by those of the paper. Dignity and discount slide away together, while some tragedian who has mistaken his calling earns as an editor the ducats he missed on the stage, or some clergyman points his periods in a style rather Biblical than commercial. An outsider, especially one who has passed through all the experiences of the case, is more competent to measure many of the difficulties than those who are committed to the error. After more than twenty years connection with this subject I do not hesitate to assert that the great majority of houses who run newspapers are, or should be, very sorry that they ever started them. If most of them had to do it over again they would not begin, and not a few (and these the very largest) have openly asserted that if other traders would give up their papers they would do likewise. But the personal organ is like the shirt of Nessus—not easily shaken off.

The time taken, the influence wasted, the complications that arise, the stock that is piled up, are all of the most expensive character. It is the head of the house who is constantly consulted, the most valuable influence of the house that is strained, the highest relations of its reputation that are dragged through the dirt, and the costliest, although the most unsalable goods, that are gathered into the warehouse.

Costs! They are "out of sight" in a double sense. Not seen, not measured, and indeed, beyond the ordinary measures of the grocery trade. The house-organ publisher is not dealing with an eighth on sugar or a five per cent profit on the bulk of his goods, but pays fifty per cent commission to the subscription agent and 25 to 33 1-3 to the advertising solicitor. In every step of the transaction he is out of his natural element, dealing with factors to which he is utterly unaccustomed, and with figures which rather conceal the real cost than show him what he is expending.

At what rate shall we calculate the loss of time? Is the principal partner making $20,000 a year? Does the house-organ either monopolize or break up one hour each day fr him? Then his expense of time, in connection with the publication, is $2,000. He should charge such a salary to the paper. Would he undertake to manage a canning factory and give the same amount of capital, time and care to it for a less sum than $2,000? A clear-headed business man will make no more mistaken allowance in favor of the newspaper, than when lending his time, money and influence to a mine, a stock company or a land scheme.

Then what a waste of influence is there? The bartering of the influence of a great house is worth something. If the majority of the publishers of house organs look over their past experiences, they will find that they have, through the organ, committed their house to the pushing of dozens of articles which now lie heavy on the shelves of the grocers upon which they forced them, while not a little of the stock lies in their own warehouses unsalable and deteriorating. The influence of a great house should be sold at the highest price, but it is thrown in by the advertising solicitor as a mere makeweight in the transaction.

Into what complications does the house-organ lead the house. Rows without end; lies coming home to roost; changes of canvassers, printers and editors. In the representations of the canvassers, the jealousies of the clerks who envy the commissions, the assumption of the editors, the criticisms of the trade, the complaints of the manufacturers, the insinuation that it is blackmail, the assertion that it is a big discount to make, the ever-repeated claim that the transactions are unprofitable—all these tend to swell the real expenses, while the actual results shrink.

It has come to be a common thing to hear the tariff spoken of as a dead issue. Democrats generally recognize the fact that their party has made such a miserable failure of its efforts at reform that they would gladly see the subject relegated to the rear until their folly is forgotten. But it is still a live subject and one that will be given attention by congress—and it will be present in the coming national campaign, no matter who may be the candidates of the respective parties. In a recent number of the American Economist there is given the opinions of 101 senators and representatives in congress, and of a large number of the editors of prominent newspapers in all parts of the country, all of whom believe in the necessity for a tariff revision along the line of protection to American industries. There are letters from three congressmen of Kentucky who declare themselves to be protectionists, and they are joined by three from Tennessee, four from Missouri, one from Texas, two from West Virginia, and a senator from Delaware. Of the newspaper opinions there are letters from the West and South, quite as pronounced in favor of the protection idea as any from New England. If anybody can read these letters and still hold to the belief that the miserable failure made by the last congress to better the condition of the country's trade and industries will be allowed to stand unchanged he will read to little purpose. The lesson set by Grover Cleveland and his party has been a dear one, but it is a lesson that will never be forgotten. The people have had time to do a deal of thinking and they have thought to good purpose. If there is one subject on which the public mind has lingered more than on another it is the destruction of the purchasing power of the wage earner and the transfer of a great part of the manufacturing industry of the country to foreign shores. The only remedy to be found is in the restoration of the policy of protection. And it will be done.

The Wilson free trade tariff bill proving, contrary to Democratic expectations, a dead failure as a revenue getter, the Democracy are now looking about for some American industry to tax for revenue. They are talking of an increased tax of a dollar on beer. The McKinley bill lowered the tax on tobacco from 8 to 6 cents per pound. The burgullions want to restore the tax to 8 cents. But unfortunately for the free-traders, the Republicans have a majority in the lower house of congress, who are in favoring of levying a tax for revenue, not on Americans, but upon foreign manufacturers.

"Peffer is a fool, Stewart a knave and Tillman the material out of which anarchists are made," says the Courier-Journal. The characterization is violent, but it is all right. The fools, knaves and anarchists are trampled in the dust on every side. These are glorious days for the cause of business honesty and financial sense.

Banker Morgan, who has just returned from London, reports an active demand over there for American securities, whereas before the defeat of the Democratic party last fall they were being sent back here in large quantities.

The iron question is of much more importance to the country just now than the silver question. A few more advances in the price of iron will leave nothing of the silver question but a malodorous reminiscence.

The Republican party has always been in favor of the best money known to the civilized world, says the Globe-Democrat, and it is not at all likely ever to indorse any other kind, directly or indirectly.

TARIFF REVISION.

The party which undertakes to stand as champion of American industries must keep step with them. That they are advancing with great bounds the whole world knows. The politician who does not know it, and has not the practical knowledge and the courage to keep his plan of legislation in line with the actual needs of the nation deserves a loss of confidence which he will not escape. Thus the severest burden which the Republican party has had to bear since the tariff of 1890 was enacted arose from the inability of certain senators to grasp the fact that sugar refining had advanced so far that it needed no protection, and had formed such an alliance against American consumers that it deserved none. The worst offense of the last Democratic congress was a crime; knowing the demerit and the power of that combination it deliberately bought votes for the new tariff by surrendering to it millions from the treasury, and many millions more from the pockets of consumers.

It is plain that the tariff question will be the controlling one in the next great contest. To meet it with the success they ought to achieve Republican leaders of thought and action must be prepared so to shape their efforts and their education of public opinion as to fit astonishing changes in industrial development. It will condemn a man as unfit for power if he is found advocating particular duties merely because they were wise in 1890, if the facts have radically changed. So other duties which seemed questionable or entirely unwise then have been so strikingly vindicated by their results that a man would prove himself unfit for power if he did not recognize the change. There is to be time for careful inquiry, which ought to go into the details of particular industries. Tremendous revolutions in modes of productions have occurred, in part because of the extreme economies enforced by the prostration of 1893, and these teach lessons which no Republican leader can afford to overlook.

It is not the purpose here to point out duties which ought to be raised, or others which ought to be reduced. The aim is to call the attention of Republican leaders of every grade and kind, in the press, in the caucus or council and in congress, to the necessity of studying new conditions in order that they may be prepared to meet them with success. The multiplication of combinations for the control of markets and the restriction of output is one of these conditions, because such combinations have grasped or threatened to grasp the resources of the people in ways and to an extent never before known. Some are controlled by workers only, and seek a monopoly of labor, just as others are controlled by employers and seek a monopoly of supplies. The attitude of the Republican party and of its national policy of protection toward all such combinations as affecting the results of its policy needs to be carefully reviewed in the light of recent events.

One thing can be predicted with safety. The tariff of perfidy and dishonor, which was neither desired or treated with respect by any of the men who framed it, will not stand. When Republicans have the power to change it, that tariff will be changed, and it makes not the slightest difference whether individuals who succeeded in buying especial favors from the authors of the bill of sale prefer a revision or not. More than three-quarters of the public realize that this tariff was not honestly nor intelligently framed, and they therefore rightly demand that their representatives, as soon as they have the power to do so, shall proceed to substitute a tariff that will raise adequate revenue, a tariff which will afford ample protection to American industries, and a tariff which will not be "packed from end to end with iniquitous favors sold to favored monopolies for the votes they control."

The task of revision, under such circumstances, will require especial study of details, large knowledge and much courage. It is work for the kind of men who framed the act of 1890, but for men with full knowledge of the marvelous changes which have come since that brave and wise act was framed. The Republican leader who would not be found lacking when that task comes has need of much fearlessness and independent inquiry, much careful examination of the condition of labor as affected by the changes in tariff in 1894, and extensive knowledge in revolution in cost and modes of production which the last five years have brought.

EDITING UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

Little Sister—Most of the articles in your paper this month is awful poor.

Little Brother (editor of amateur paper)—I know it, but the boys that wrote 'em sent stamps for their return; an' I needed the stamps.—Punch.

IF LOVE WERE BLIND.

"If love were blind,"—the saying goes—
Perhaps I might be more resigned
To bear with fortitude my woes
If love were blind.

I should not see you then unkind
To me, and kinder than I chose
To every fool you chance to find.

And yet your face, whene'er I doze,
Rises so clearly in my mind,
I doubt if I should get repose
If love were blind.

COTTOLENE IS MADE TO EAT

It is a vegetable product, made from clarified cotton seed oil—as bright, pure and golden as the Southern sunshine in which it grew.

From this clean and appetizing source comes the new food-product, Cottolene, which is fast revolutionizing the art of cooking, and with which, in healthfulness, flavor, adaptability and economy, no other shortening or cooking fat can compare.

IMITATIONS are MADE TO SELL

To sell on the merits of the genuine. To sell by substitution; or by deception, To sell to the injury of the genuine, to the dissatisfaction of the consumer, to the detriment of the dealer, to the loss of all concerned.

If you wish the best food and the best health, you should insist that your cooking be done with genuine Cottolene. Refuse all counterfeits.

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails.

Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company,
ST. LOUIS and
Chicago, New York, Boston.

EIGHTEENTH STREET IMPROVEMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the common council of the City of Astoria, Ore., have determined to improve 18th street from the south line of Exchange street to the north line of Grand Avenue, all in the City of Astoria as laid out and recorded by J. M. Shively, by removing all of the old structure now on said street and driving piles, laying caps and stringers and planking to full width, including sidewalks, through the northernmost 330 feet. By setting the mud sills and covering as above, through the next 30 feet south and by grading and filling the remaining 240 feet, all to the established grade, and building sidewalks, gutters and railing where necessary.

All to be done in accordance with plans and specifications and ordinances in relation thereto.

The lands and premises upon which the special assessment shall be levied to defray the cost and expense of such improvement and the district embracing said lands and premises be and the same are designated as follows, to wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 3 in block 112 and running thence southerly on a straight line to the southwest corner of lot 10 in block 14 and thence east on a straight line to the southeast corner of lot 9 in block 13 and thence northerly on a straight line to the northeast corner of said lot 9 and thence easterly on a straight line to the southeast corner of lot 4 in block 12, and thence northerly on a straight line to the northeast corner of said lot 4 and thence westerly on a straight line to the northwest corner of lot 3 in block 13 and thence northerly on a straight line to the northeast corner of lot 4 in block 111 and thence westerly on a straight line to the place of beginning, all in said part of said city, and all lands and premises in said district and not in any street shall be subject to such assessment.

Estimates of the expense of such improvements and plans and diagrams of such work or improvement and of the locality to be improved, have been deposited by the City Surveyor with the Auditor and Police judge for examination, and may be inspected at the office of such officer.

At the next regular meeting of the common council, after the final publication of this notice, towit: On Wednesday, August 7, 1895, at the hour of 7:30 p. m., at the City Hall, the said council will consider any objections to such improvement being made, and if a remonstrance against such improvement, signed by persons owning more than one-half of the property in such district herein described, and in which the special assessment is to be levied, shall be filed with the Auditor and Police Judge before the said time of meeting of the common council, no such improvement or work shall be ordered except by the concurrence of all the Councilmen elect.

By order of the Common Council.
Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.
Astoria, July 20th, 1895.

CURE FOR HEADACHE.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at Chas. Rogers' drug store.

KARL'S CLOVER ROOT will purify your blood, clear your complexion, regulate your Bowels, and make your head clear as a bell. 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00. Sold by J. W. Conn.

OFFICE OF THE CITY WATER WORKS.

Astoria, Oregon, July 3, 1895.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Astoria, Oregon.

Gentlemen:—In accordance with section No. 176 of the city charter, we herewith beg leave to report the receipts and disbursements of the Astoria Water Commission for the quarter ending June 30, 1895, as follows:

RECEIPTS.

For the month of April our gross receipts were:

For account of water rates	$1,404 95	
For account of tapping mains	12 50	
For account of turning on water	1 50	
From sale of condemned six-inch pipe	1 90	$1,420 90

For the month of may our gross receipts were:

For account of water rates	$1,437 05	
For account of tapping mains	7 50	
For account of turning on water	50	
For sale of condemned six-inch pipe	5 45	$1,450 50

May 7, 1895, we received from sale of $75,000 5 per cent Astoria water bonds issue of Jan. 1, 1895, sold to Messrs. Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, $71,250 principal and $1,322.77 accrued interest to May 7, 1895. Total received.....$72,572 77

For the month of June our gross receipts were:

For account of water rates	$1,437 55	
For account of tapping mains	5 00	
For account of turning on water	2 00	$1,444 55

June 10, 1895, we received from sale of $75,000 5 per cent Astoria water bonds issue of Jan. 1, 1895, sold to Messrs. Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, $71,250 principal and $1,666 65 accrued interest to June 10, 1895. Total received.....$72,916 65

Making our entire receipts for the quarter.....$149,805 37
As per report filed April 3, 1895, we had on hand in the treasury at the end of last quarter..$ 12,489 82

This shows a total of.....$162,295 19

DISBURSEMENTS.

Interest paid on bonds..$6,750 00	
Expense account (including supt's salary).....	592 90
Distribution system "repair account".....	25 45
Stationery and printing..	14 85
Office expense (including clerk's salary).....	208 25
Rent account.....	60 00
Repairs to conduit.....	17 00
Tent for engineering party	15 50
Office furniture.....	29 50
Tools account.....	7 05
Advertising account.....	57 95
Operating pump.....	525 00
Engineering account.....	1,957 26
Rights of way.....	558 80
Legal services.....	5 00
Repairs to pump.....	7 00
Simon Normile, contractor on Pipe line street.	6,288 23
James street extension (paid C. W. Shively)....	500 50
James street extension recording deed.....	1 70
Pacific Paving Company contractors	6,240 60
Bear Creek water rights account	28 61
Expressage on bonds to Cincinnati	200 00
Telephone line.....	58 75
Distribution system in new works.....	82 15
Carriage hire.....	11 25 $24,402 85

Leaving a balance on hand in the treasury of..... $137,892 34

Very respectfully submitted,
ASTORIA WATER COMMISSION,
By W. W. Parker, Chairman.
Attest: H. G. Van Dusen, Clerk.

DUANE STREET INPROVEMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of Astoria, Oregon, have determined to improve Duane street from the east side of 6th street to the west side of 12th street (except the crossings of 7th, 9th and 11th streets), all in the city of Astoria as laid out and recorded by John McClure and extended by Cyrus Olney, by removing all defective piles, caps and stringers, and putting in new and sound fir piles, posts and sills wherever necessary, and new caps and stringers, and planking the same with new and sound fir plank four inches in thickness over the trestle work, and three inches in thickness on the solid ground, and by building sidewalks on both sides thereof; all the improvements to be made to the full width and established grade of said street, and to include railings where necessary, and to be done in accordance with plans and specifications and ordinances in relation thereto.

The lands and premises upon which the special assessment shall be levied to defray the cost and expense of such improvement and the district embracing said lands and premises be, and the same are designated as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the southwest corner of Lot one (1) of Block Numbered 40, thence easterly along the center lines of Blocks 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, and 64, to the eastern boundaries of Block Numbered 64, thence northerly along eastern boundaries of Blocks 64 and 61, to the northeast corner of Lot 8, Block Numbered 61, thence westerly along center lines of Blocks 61, 60, 26, 27, 28 and 29, to the west boundary of Block Numbered 29, thence southerly along western boundaries of Blocks 29, and 40, to point of beginning; containing Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Blocks 40, 41, 42, 43, 44; Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, in Block 64; Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in Block 61, and Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, in Blocks 60, 26, 27, 28 and 29, all in the town (now city) of Astoria, as laid out and recorded by John McClure, and extended by Cyrus Olney.

Estimates of the expense of such improvements and plans and diagrams of such work or improvement and of the locality to be improved, have been deposited by the city surveyor with the auditor and police judge for examination and may be inspected at the office of such officer.

At the next regular meeting of the Common Council, after the final publication of this notice, towit: On Wednesday, August 7th, 1895, at the hour of 7:30 p. m., at the City Hall, the said council will consider any objections to such improvement being made, and if a remonstrance against such improvement, signed by persons owning more than one-half of the property in such district herein described, and in which the special assessment is to be levied, shall be filed with the Auditor and Police Judge before the said time of meeting of the Common Council, no such improvement or work shall be ordered except by the concurrence of all the Councilmen elect.

By order of the Common Council.
Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge,
Astoria, July 24th, 1895.

"THE MILWAUKEE."

The only railroad lighting its trains by electricity.

The only railroad using the celebrated electric berth reading lamp.

The coaches now running on "The Milwaukee" are Palaces on Wheels.

On all its through lines, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway runs the most perfectly equipped trains of Sleeping, Parlor, and Dining Cars and Coaches.

For lowest rates to any point in the United States and Canada, apply to ticket agents, or address

C. J. EDDY,
General Agent,
Portland, Oregon.

OFFICE OF THE CITY WATER WORKS.

Astoria, Ore., April 2, 1895.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Astoria, Oregon.

Gentlemen:—In accordance with section 176 of the City Charter, we herewith beg leave to report the receipts and disbursements of the Astoria Water Commission for the quarter ending March 31, 1895, as follows:

RECEIPTS.

For the month of January gross receipts were:

For account of water rates	$1,307 45	
For account of tapping mains	5 00	$1,312 45

For the month of February our gross receipts were:

For account of water rates	$1,330 50	
For account of tapping mains	2 50	
For account of turning on water	50	$1,333 50

For the month of March our gross receipts were:

For account of water rates	$1,321 05	
For account of tapping mains	2 50	
For account of turning on water	2 00	$1,325 55

Making our entire receipts for the quarter... $3,971 50
As per report filed January 2, 1895, we had on hand in the treasury at the end of last quarter..$16,102 90

This shows a total of.....$20,074 40

DISBURSEMENTS.

Expense account (including supt's salary).....$	618 91	
Repairs to mains.....	2 70	
Stationery and printing..	17 50	
Office expenses (including clerk's salary).....	292 50	
Rent account.....	60 00	
Repairs to conduit.....	34 50	
Loose property.....	2 60	
Office furniture.....	4 00	
Tools account.....	9 90	
Advertising account.....	39 45	
Operating pump.....	525 00	
Engineering account.....	1,460 15	
Plans and specifications.	197 99	
Rights of way.....	600 41	
Legal services.....	60 00	
Repairs to pump.....	3 15	
Simon Normile, contractor on pipe line street..	3,430 90	
James street extension, preliminary expenses...	47 94	
Cement testing machine..	177 05	$7,584 58

Leaving a balance in the treasury of..... $12,489 82

W. W. PARKER, Chairman.
Attest: H. G. VAN DUSEN, Clerk.

CITY TREASURER'S REPORT.

Report of J. W. Conn, City Treasurer, for the Quarter Ending June 30, 1895.

Balance on hand as per last report, April 1..		$8,647 84
Receipts during quarter:		
Received liquor license.$	4,400 00	
Received from County Treasurer, city tax....	12,141,44	
Received from K. Osburn, fines.....	2,115 00	
Receiver from Fifth street sewer.....	47 30	
Received from Fifth street sewer, C. W. Loughery	146 65	
Received from sundries license	790 00	
Received tax and costs from W. W. Upton....	136 75	$19,777 14
		$28,424 98
Paid during the quarter as per warrants herewith from the following funds:		
General fund.....$	166 47	
Police fund.....	6,978 55	
Road interest fund.....	1,700 00	
Street fund.....	285 80	
Court street fund.....	2,285 90	
Street Light fund.....	425 04	
Lafayette street fund..	671 53	
West Eighth St. fund.	2,355 43	
Hemlock St. fund.....	494 93	
Fifth St. sewer fund..	82 75	
Balance cash on hand..	12,978 23	28,424 68

Respectfully submitted,
J. W. CONN, City Treasurer.
Astoria, July 5, 1895.

NOTICE TO SPORTS.

Notice is hereby given that the following resolution was adopted at the last regular meeting of the common council:

Resolved, That the city auditor be and is hereby instructed to have section 21 of ordinance No. 1341 printed in the Daily Astorian, and that it is the sense of the council that said ordinance be strictly enforced by the police force.

ORDINANCE NO. 1341.

Sec. 21—Any person or persons who shall fire off or discharge any ordnance, gun, pistol, rifle, or other firearm, within the city limits of Astoria, or any fireworks or firecrackers of any kind or description, in that portion of the city west of Salmon street, north of Wall street or Court street and east of Madison street, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, before the police court, shall be punished by a fine of not less than $5 nor more than $300, or by imprisonment in the city jail, not to exceed 100 days: Provided, that the mayor may permit, upon national holidays, and other days of public celebration, the same.

Astoria, Ore., July 19, 1895.
Attest: K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge,
City of Astoria.

NOTICE OF COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF 42ND STREET.

Notice is hereby given that N. Clinton & Sons, contractors for the improvement of 42d street, in Adair's Astoria, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 1940, on the 12th day of June, 1895, filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria, the certificate of the City Surveyor, and Superintendent of Streets, approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Ways.

After the expiration of the time hereinafter specified, if no objections to the acceptance of such work be filed and the Common Council shall deem such improvement properly completed, according to the contract and plans and specifications therefor, the same may be accepted.

Objections to the acceptance of said improvement or any part thereof, may be filed in the office of the Auditor and Police Judge on or before Wednesday, June 19th, 1895.

K. OSBURN,
Auditor and Police Judge.
Astoria, Oregon, June 12th, 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Mike Thompson, deceased, otherwise known by his old country name, Michael Ontronoff, born in Jyskyjarwi district in county of Karjala, State of Arkankel, Russia, and who was drowned on June 6th, 1895, while fishing at the mouth of the Columbia river. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same to me, duly verified, within six months from the date of this notice, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to pay the amount of such indebtedness to me.

Dated, Astoria, Oregon, this 30th day of June, 1895. NICK PETTROFF.

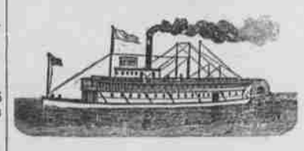
SHILOH'S CURE is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose. 25 cents, 50 cts., and $1.00. For Sale by J. W. Conn.

There is one medicine that will cure immediately. We refer to De Witt's Colic and Cholera Cure for all summer complaints. No delay, no disappointment, no failure. Charles Rogers.

STEAMERS

Telephone & Bailey Gatzert.

Columbia River and Puget Sound Navigation Co.



Two Daily Boats to Portland

"Telephone" leaves Astoria at 7 p. m. daily (except Sunday).

Leaves Portland daily at 7 a. m., except Sunday.

"Bailey Gatzert" leaves Astoria Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday morning at 6:45 a. m.; Sunday evening at 7 p. m.

Leaves Portland daily at 8 p. m., except Sunday. On Saturday night at 11 p. m.

C. W. STONE,
Agent, Astoria.
Telephone No. 11.

U. B. Scott, President.
E. A. Seeley, Gen'l Agt., Portland.

Indio

THE OASIS OF THE COLORADO DESERT

A New Health Resort

BELOW THE LEVEL OF THE SEA

Absolutely Dry and Pure Tropical Climate

Pronounced by Physicians the most Favorable in America for Sufferers from . . .

Lung Diseases and Rheumatism

Many Remarkable Cures

The objections urged against Indio in the past by the large numbers who otherwise would have been glad to take advantage of its beneficial climate, has been a lack of suitable accommodation. The Southern Pacific Company, takes pleasure in announcing that several

Commodious and Comfortable Cottages

have just been erected at Indio station, that will be rented to applicants at reasonable rates. They are furnished with modern conveniences, supplied with pure artesian water, and so situated as to give occupants all the advantages to be derived from a more or less protracted residence in this delightful climate.

(From the San Francisco Argonaut.)

"In the heart of the great desert of the Colorado—which the Southern Pacific road traverses—there is an oasis called Indio, which, in our opinion, is the sanitarium of the earth. We believe, from personal investigation, that for certain invalids, there is no spot on this planet so favorable."

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