THE DAILY ASTORIAN, ASTORIA, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1894.



FOR FISHERMEN.

The following extracts from the laws of Washington and Oregon, with the accompanying lotter, explain themselves; Light-House Establishment, Office of District:

Portland, Or., April 20, 1894. To the Editor of the Astorian-Sir For the information and guidance of the fishermen will you kindly publish this letter, and the laws and regulations for the protection of buoys and beacons in this district?

Many fishermen secure their boats and even nets to the aids to navigation, dragging them out of place and endangering vessels plying in these waters. After repeated and unheeded warnings, I shall hereafter see to it that the of politics long neough to discover by law is enforced. I am, very respect-O. W. FARENHOLT, fully, Commander, U. S. N., Inspector 13th climb a telegraph pole in one minute, I. H. District.

OREGON.

beacons-Be it enacted by the Legis- vicinity for some hours after the cow lative Assembly of the State of Or- had disappeared in the neighborhood of egon

Section I. That any person or persons who shall moor any vessel or vessels of any kind or name whatsoever, or

any boat, skiff, barge, scow; raft, or part of a raft, to any buoy or beacon Union Telegraph office, is the right placed in the navigable waters of the man in the right place. When Mr. Overstate, or in any bay, river, or arm of beck came here to take charge of the the sea bordering upon this state, by Astoria office a year ago he found the the authority of the United States Light sounders in the office so carelessly ad-House Board, or shall in any manner justed that people who were acquainted hang on with any vessel, boat, skiff, barge, scow, raft, or part of a raft, to been known to stand, in the street and any such buoy or beacon, or shall wil- take off the most sacred messages befully remove, damage, or destroy any longing to the company's customers. such buoy or beacon, or shall cut down, remove, damage or destroy any beacons ple who have heretofore had their real erected on land in this state by the estate transactions talked of all over authority of said United States Light- town are now doing business with all House Board, shall for every such of- becoming privacy and safety. fense, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, before any court of competent jurisdic-

tion, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than United States steamer Grant arrived two hundred dollars, or by imprison- this morning from New York, which ment in the county jail not less than port she left last November. one or more than six months, or by both fine or imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. That one-half of all fines under this act shall be paid by the court to the informer, and that the other half shall be paid into the common school fund of the county in which the action shall be tried. Approved October 16, 1874.

WASHINGTON.

An act for the protection of buoys and beacons-Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Washington:

Section I. That any person or per- this date. sons who shall moor any vessel of vessels of any kind or name whatever, or any boat, skiff, barge, scow, raft, or part of a raft, to any buoy or beacon placed in the navigable waters of this territory, or in any bay, river, or arm of the sea bordering upon this territo-ry, by the authority of the United States Light-House Board, or shall in any manner hang on with any vessel, boat, skiff, barge, soow, raft, or part of boat, skiff, barge, scow, raft, or part of a raft, to any such buoy or beacon, or

shall wilfully remove, damage, or destroy any such buoy or beacon, or shall cut down, remove, damage, or destroy any beacon or beacons erected on land in this territory by the authority of the said United States Light-House Board, shall for every such offense be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upor conviction thereof, before any court of competent jurisdiction, shall be pun-ished by a fine of not less than one hundred or more than two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the coun-ty jail not less than one nor more than six months, or by both fine and impriscut down, remove, damage, or destroy six months, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court

TO BE REGRETTED.

A Correspondent Thinks That Person-

means to be at least politically, and perhaps personally, my friend. Yet, with all respect for difference of opinton on such subjects, I sincerely regret the appearance of any expression which

