

April 13, 1894
Missing

The Daily Morning Astorian

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

VOL. XLII, NO. 87.

ASTORIA, OREGON, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1894.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS,

The Mouth of the Columbia.



Will now be covered more and more with the white-winged fleet while it gathers the harvest that has made Astoria so prosperous in the past as well as in the present, and is so far giving us as good trade in Fishermen's Supplies as we have had for the past four years and makes the outlook

bright for the future sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Blankets, Quilts, Gum Boots, Oil Coats, Pants, Apron Sleeves, Petticoats, Etc.

The OSGOOD MERCANTILE Co.

The One Price Clothiers, Hatters And Furnishers.
506 and 508 3rd St., Next to Griffin & Reed's Book Store. Astoria.

THE UNITED STATES paid Russia \$7,200,000 for Alaska and the seals. The English have said, if they swim out of our creeks, they belong to them. It's just like the crows coming over from Washington every day. They're sure to return towards night. They belong to Washington. We don't claim them. That's the dispute in a nutshell. It's just about like that with our fancy work baskets. As soon as they get away from our store the merchants of Portland or San Francisco get credit for having sold them. We don't want war, however. We'll arbitrate. Give the other fellows all the credit—but go on buying our baskets.

Griffin & Reed.

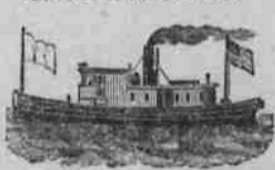
CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE.

Fine Wines and Liquors.

I have made arrangements for supplying any brand of wines in quantities to suit at the lowest cash figures. The trade and families supplied. All orders delivered free in Astoria.

A. W. UTZINGER, Main Street, Astoria, Oregon.

Str. R. P. ELMORE



Will leave for Tillamook Every Four Days as Near as the weather will permit.

The steamer R. P. Elmore connects with Union Pacific steamers for Portland and through tickets are issued from Portland to Tillamook Bay points by the Union Pacific Company. Ship freight by Union Pacific Steamers.

ELMORE, SANBORN & CO., Agents, Astoria.
UNION PACIFIC R. R. CO., Agents, Portland.

\$2 FOR AN \$80 LOT!

BY BECOMING A MEMBER OF HILL'S LOT CLUBS YOU CAN GET A FIRST CLASS LOT IN HILL'S FIRST ADDITION TO ASTORIA. LOTS WILL BE DELIVERED WEEKLY. NOW IS THE TIME TO PROCURE A

Lot to Build a Home, for \$2

The Packers of Choice

Columbia River Salmon

Their Brands and Locations.

NAME.	LOCATION.	BRAND.	AGENTS.	AT
Astoria Pk'g Co.	Astoria	Astoria Pk'g Co. Simey's, John A. Devlin.	M. J. Kinney	Astoria
Booth A. Pk'g Co.	Astoria	Black Diamond, Oval.	A. Booth & Sons	Chicago
Columbia River Pk'g Co.	Astoria	Cocktail.	Cutting Pk'g Co.	San Francisco
Elmore Samuel	Astoria	Magnolia, White Star.	Elmore, Sanborn & Co.	Astoria
George & Barker	Astoria	Secure Palm, Desdemona.	George & Barker	Astoria
J. O. Hathorn & Co.	Astoria	J. O. Hathorn & Co.	J. O. Hathorn	Astoria
J. G. Megler & Co.	Brookfield	Tag, St. George.	J. G. Megler	Brookfield Wn
Fishermen's Pk'g Co.	Astoria	Fishermen's, Scandinavian, Fishermen's	Fishermen's Pk'g Co.	Astoria

MITCHELL HEARD FROM

The Oregon Senator Talks On The Tariff.

THE WILSON BILL DISSECTED.

Reasons Why the proposed Tariff Reductions will Injure the Wool Industry.

Associated Press.

Washington, April 13.—Senator Mitchell of Oregon, spoke against the Wilson bill today. He declared the passage of the bill would be a legislative recognition of a most dangerous economy and constitutional heresy. He condemned the ad valorem system and discussed wool at length, pronouncing the schedules arbitrary and unjust, because they protected the manufacturer and not the producer and favored foreigners. He said the placing of wool on the free list was a most visionary fallacy, and that clothing was now cheaper than before the passage of the McKinley bill. Barley, hops, plums and prunes also received attention. All agricultural products, he said, fell under the blighting influences of the Wilson bill, and quoted from a speech of Voorhees delivered in 1881 proving him once a protectionist. He said the bill was based on no definite policy of customs taxation and was sectional, un-American, un-Democratic and un-Republican.

A great part of his speech was given up to a discussion of the wool schedules, which he declared were arbitrary and unjust, placing this great industry on a sacrificial altar and offering it as a sacrifice to the avarice of foreign wool growers, and to some extent the greed of eastern manufacturers, and transferring to their coffers the bulk of the \$500,000,000 invested in sheep and wool. Such a bill, which vouchsafed protection to manufacturers and refused to extend it to those engaged in the sheep industry, which favored the foreign producer at the expense of the home producer, was one which discriminated unjustly, unnecessarily, mercilessly and cruelly against the agriculturist and in favor of the manufacturer, against America and in favor of the foreigner. No state in the union had, in proportion to its population, so much money invested in sheep and wool as Oregon, amounting as it did to over \$31, to 73-4 head of sheep and to 48 pounds of wool for each man, woman and child in the state. He argued that no greater fallacy was ever entertained by a visionary theorist than that of placing wool on the free list. The clothing of the masses of the people would be cheaper. That was the sole reason assigned by the Democracy for its action. Arguing against this assumption, Mitchell said: "The whole history of doctrine and the practical effect of doctrine, and doctrine of protection afforded conclusive answers to this heresy. And the very fact that all kinds of woolen clothing are today infinitely cheaper in this country than they were prior to the levying of the McKinley tariff on woolsens in 1890. That is of itself a sufficient answer to this argument, but the real answer is to be found in the logical economic deduction which must follow, and which invariably does follow, in the wake of a policy which subordinates the great wool industry of this country to that of foreign producers of wool, whether in Australia, Argentine Republic, South Sea Islands or elsewhere."

Washington, April 13.—Judge Jere Wilson to day replied to the attacks upon Miss Pollard. He stood ready to demand the same standard for men as women. American girls need no chaperon, and the speaker expected to hear that gray-haired men of 47 need no body guard. Speaking of the statement of the opposition that suit should never have been brought and the details given publicity, he asked if there was no redress. Polluters of women cannot be locked up, but redress could be had. "The defense of Adam" was what he called Col. Breckenridge's proposition, "and to the credit of humanity," he said, "Adam always has been deemed a

BRECKENRIDGE TRIAL.

Judge Bradley Will Deliver His Charge to the Jury Today.

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coward and craven." He did not attempt to assert that his client was free from fault, but that just as far as she had strayed from the path of womanly virtue, she had been led by this man. On two or three important points he drew logical deductions from the evidence which surprised even the lawyers. He has a long right arm, tipped with an accusing index finger, which serves to drive his deductions home. That long, bony forefinger was several times leveled in denunciations at Col. Breckenridge, which made the Kentucky orator shift restlessly in his chair. It was a terrible arraignment to which he was subjected, and he would have been something less than human should he not have shown the effect of it, as he did. Judge Wilson will continue for an indefinite time tomorrow, and then Judge Bradley will deliver his charge to the jury.

THE HOP OUTLOOK.

Encouraging Reports From the Hop Growers.

Salem, April 13.—The hop growers estimate the increased acreage in the Willamette valley at 3,000 acres, and the yield this year at 50,000 poles, as against 38,000 last year. No lice have yet appeared on the plants, and the crop is being contracted for at from 12 to 13 cents.

IN THE YAKIMA VALLEY.

Tacoma, April 13.—The reports from the hop growing districts of Washington show that the hop roots are just peeping above the surface. They are two or three weeks backward, owing to the late spring. Intelligent growers estimate the increase in acreage at 25 per cent, and think the increase in the yield will be about the same proportion. Most of the increase is in the Yakima valley. The vines, so far as reported, seem in good condition.

PROSPECTS IN CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, April 13.—The hop prospects in California are to a great extent dependent upon the amount of rain within the next 15 days. Sacramento reports in many instances the roots in an unhealthy state, and many thousands have been used for replanting old fields. The cause of the poor roots is ascribed to the late cultivation and poor trimming. The increased acreage is estimated at 20 per cent.

Ukiah reports the wintering of the plants has been excellent, and all signs point to a yield equal to that of last year. The acreage has been increased at least 5 per cent. With a few spring showers the yield will be very large. Santa Rosa reports the yards in good condition and growers are much encouraged. The estimated yield will exceed that of last year 500 or 700 bales. About 500 bales of last year's crop remain unsold in the county.

Healdsburg reports that the season has been a dry one, but the growers expect fully as large a yield as last year.

A BIG YIELD EXPECTED.

North Yakima, Wash., April 13.—Last year the hop product was in the neighborhood of 10,000 bales. Conservative estimates place the crop for this year at upwards of 20,000 bales. There are 2,500 acres of hops, and between 1,000 and 1,200 acres are being planted this spring.

NO QUORUM IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 13.—The Democratic members of the house don't hope for a quorum until Tuesday, but count upon the adoption then of the pending rule fixing members who do not respond to the roll call. The Republicans refused to vote on the approval of the journal and raised the question of no quorum, and being 2 votes short of a quorum, the house adjourned at noon. The Democrats cheered the announcement of a Democratic caucus to consider the rules.

WAGES ON U. P. TO BE RESTORED.

Omaha, April 13.—Judge Dundy ordered the wages of the Union Pacific employes restored to the old rate. The order applies to all employes whose wages were cut last September. Where the men are receiving less than \$20 per month the increase will date from the 1st of last March. The increase of all other wages to date from April 1.

WAR IN SAMOA.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.) Apia, Samoa, March 25.—In the last few weeks all hope of peace being maintained here has been dissipated, and much Samoan blood has again been shed. Several battles have been fought, and 50 men have been killed and 50 wounded. Another outbreak is daily expected.

COMPANY A EN ROUTE.

Sisson, Cal., April 13.—Company A, of the second regiment of the industrial army, under the leadership of Capt. Charles E. Rain, passed through Sisson, from Sacramento, en route to Portland this morning. They number 40, and all have the appearance of workmen.

A GREAT STRIKE

The Great Northern Completely Tied up.

MEN QUIET BUT DETERMINED

The Strikers are Backed by the Business Men and Trades Unions.

Associated Press.

Helena, Mont., April 13.—The indications are that the Great Northern road will be tied up today from Spokane, Wash., to Larimore, N. D., a distance of several hundred miles, by a strike of the American Railway Union, embracing all employes except superintendents and trainmasters. The men here went out at noon today. The cause of the strike is a new schedule of wages.

LATER.

Helena, Mont., April 13.—A strike on the Great Northern and Montana Central system was peacefully inaugurated today at noon. Some time since the officials of the Great Northern issued a new schedule to govern the various employes. This was to go into effect on the 1st of April, and made sweeping reductions in the wages of all the employes. The men would not accept it, and it was hung up awaiting the return of President Hill from Europe. Since his return he has ordered that the schedule be enforced, and rather than accede to the demands, which they considered unjust, the men left work at noon today. The strike extends from Larimore, N. D., to Spokane, and 1,500 men are now out, 200 of that number being in this city. The only trains leaving Helena today were two freight, one eastbound and the other westbound. They will be allowed to proceed to their destinations.

AT SPOKANE.

Spokane, April 13.—The Great Northern is tied up from Spokane to Great Falls, Mont., most of the men on the Kallispell and Montana divisions and Montana Central being out. West of Spokane the road is operated, trains are moving as usual and none of the men are out. A telegram was received from General Manager Case denying the report that the Great Northern was running in new men to take the places of employes who are members of the American Railway Union. The men here are quiet and wait further developments. The authority of the two men ordering the strike is questioned by many.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

Strikes Checking the Improvement—Crop Reports Encouraging.

New York, April 13.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade will say tomorrow: "The business improvement meets many obstacles and is scarcely as distinct as it has been in recent weeks. Strikes have checked the improvement in the building and some other trades, and the scarcity of coals caused the close of some iron mills, while a strike of all the bituminous coalminers is ordered and may prove serious. More favorable crop reports than were expected have arrested the upward tendency in prices of exports."

BEHRING SEA PATROL.

Uncle Sam Will Have to Go It Alone Next Summer.

Port Townsend, April 13.—The American steamer Patrol will sail for the sealing grounds of Behring sea about May 1. From present indications there will be little if any co-operation from British war vessels this season. No preparations are being made at Esqui-

maut to send any naval vessels north, and in all probability the Americans will have to do police duty alone next summer. Several vessels have been chartered to take fuel and supplies to the Unalaska headquarters of the American fleet.

SEVERAL MISSING.

Many Vacant Places This Morning at Breakfast.

Buffalo, April 13.—The burning of the glucose works probably caused several fatalities. The following are missing: George Trube, John Trube, Michael Matroki and Henry Simpson.

There were about 40 workmen on the sixth floor, and half must have perished. There were many vacant places at breakfast. The work of excavating cannot begin for 24 hours. The loss is now estimated at \$600,000.

"GETTING TOGETHER."

Pittsburg, April 13.—The officers of every labor organization here have received secret circulars calling for a conference in Philadelphia on April 25, to consider the consolidation of the labor organizations throughout the country, in order to present a solid front to the employers and the legislators.

A ROW IN CAMP.

Addison, Pa., April 13.—Coxey's army began its tramp over the mountains. Many would desert but for the fear of the Winchester's of the mountaineers. A clash of authority occurred between Coxey, Brown and Smith, who detest each other. Coxey has disappeared, ostensibly in search of provisions.

WHIP AND SPUR.

San Francisco, April 13.—The races today resulted as follows: Six furlongs, for maidens—Installation, 1:24 1-4. Half mile, 50: two-year-olds—Gasser, 0:50. Six furlongs—Braw Scot, 1:13 1-2. One mile, handicap—Booze, 1:43 1-4. Five furlongs—Red Light, 1:02.

LOOKING FOR RECRUITS.

Ashland, Ore., April 13.—Company A, of the industrial army, arrived here tonight on a freight train. They tried to pick up recruits on the way north, and are going through Oregon and Washington before turning east.

TO ENFORCE THE STATUTES.

Washington, April 13.—At their caucus the Democrats decided upon the enforcement of the revised statutes, which provide for docking a member for the number of days he is absent.

WILL DECIDE TOMORROW.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 13.—Tomorrow Judge Jenkins will give his decision on the application of the Northern Pacific stockholders for the removal of the receivers.

LEFT HIS WEALTH BEHIND.

St. Louis, April 13.—John T. Davis, dry goods dealer, the richest man in Missouri, died today. He leaves \$25,000,000.

NO INDICATION OF TROUBLE.

Pittsburg, April 13.—Reports from the coal regions say there is nothing to indicate that the governor will order out the troops.

A CALL FOR TROOPS.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 13.—A call has been received at the executive department from Dunbar for troops.

ALL PERISHED.

Newburyport, April 13.—A schooner came ashore here today with not a soul on board. All are supposed to have perished.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD DEAD.

New York, April 13.—David Dudley Field died today.

FRESH THE BUTTON.

An inventor has patented and placed on sale a device for illuminating keyholes, which promises to be a boon for persons out late at night, especially those attending Democratic state conventions. A recess in the door-frame holds a tiny incandescent lamp, which is lighted by a push button. The light is sufficient to illuminate the keyhole, and also to permit the late comer to select the proper key from his bunch.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE