

# The Daily Morning Astorian.

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

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ASTORIA, OREGON, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 7, 1893.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## VOTERS ATTENTION!!



**THE GREAT Issue of This Campaign**  
Is not whether we shall have **FREE TRADE** but whether we will consult our best interests when purchasing **AND**

get the "Chest Shield" Underwear, which is the only underwear manufactured which affords absolute **PROTECTION**

to the lungs and kidneys, the most vital portions of the body.

The "Chest Shield" under shirt opens in the back instead of front; is double both front and back, thus bringing the greater weight of the garment over that portion of the body needing protection. The drawers to match, are "Double Seated," extending to the waist, thus forming a protecting thickness for the kidneys, and increasing the wear.

These goods are especially adapted to all persons whose calling exposes them to the sudden changes of our rigorous climate, or who are troubled with either lung or kidney difficulties.

Be sure and see this Underwear before purchasing your winter supply

**I. L. OSGOOD,**  
The One Price Clothier, Hat-ter and Furnisher,  
Cor. Third and West 9th Sts., opp. Ford & Stokes.

If You Want Anything in

**FINE STATIONERY,**  
Tablets, Blanks, Miscellaneous Books,  
Office Supplies, Letter Presses,  
School Books, Typewriting Supplies, Inks, Muilage Etc., Call on us.

**GRIFFIN & REED.**

CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE.

## Fine Wines and Liquors.

I have made arrangements for supplying any brand of wines in quantities to suit at the lowest cash figures. The trade and families supplied. All orders delivered free in Astoria.

**A. W. UTZINGER,** Main Street, Astoria, Oregon.

## Str. R. P. ELMORE

Will leave for Tillamook Every Four Days as Follows:

Dec. 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29.

The steamer R. P. Elmore connects with Union Pacific steamer for Portland and through tickets are issued from Portland to Tillamook B. y points by the Union Pacific Company. Ship freight by Union Pacific Steamers.

**ELMORE, SANBORN & CO.,** Agents, Astoria.  
UNION PACIFIC R. R. CO., Agents, Portland.

## \$2 FOR AN \$80 LOT!

BY BECOMING A MEMBER OF HILL'S LOT CLUBS YOU CAN GET A FIRST CLASS LOT IN HILL'S FIRST ADDITION TO ASTORIA. LOTS WILL BE DELIVERED WEEKLY. NOW IS THE TIME TO PROCURE A

Lot to Build a Home, for **\$2**

## The Packers of Choice Columbia River Salmon

Their Brands and Locations.

NAME.	LOCATION.	BRAND.	AGENTS.	AT
Astoria Pk'g Co.	Astoria	Astoria Pk'g Co. Kinney's John A. Dyer's	M. J. Kinney	Astoria
Booth A. Pk'g Co.	Astoria	Black Diamond Oval	A. Booth & Sons	Chicago
Columbia River Pkg Co	Astoria	Cocktail	Cutting Pkg Co.	San Francisco
Elmore Samuel	Astoria	Magnolia White Star	Elmore, Sanborn & Co.	Astoria
George & Barker	Astoria	Empire Palm	George & Barker	Astoria
J. O. Hawthorn & Co.	Astoria	J. O. Hawthorn & Co.	J. O. Hawthorn	Astoria
J. G. Megler & Co.	Brookfield	Big St. George	J. G. Megler	Brookfield Wis
Fishermen's Pkg Co.	Astoria	Fishermen's Brand Fishermen's	Fishermen's Pkg Co.	Astoria

## THE NATION'S CAPITAL

An Exceedingly Lively Debate in the Senate.

HILL MAKES A STRONG SPEECH

He Challenges Cleveland's Right to Use Force in Restoring Liliuokalani.

Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 6.—In the senate this afternoon, when Hoar's Hawaiian resolution was taken up, Hill created a sensation by making perhaps the strongest speech of his senatorial career. He challenged the right of the president to use military force to restore the Hawaiian queen. "There are three co-ordinate branches of this government," he said, "and this authority is not vested in the president alone." The contemplated action of Cleveland, he declared, would be a usurpation of the rights of congress. Sherman also challenged the correctness of the president's position.

A spirited discussion occurred on the Hawaiian question over the resolution offered yesterday by Hoar requesting the president to forward to the senate all correspondence on the Hawaiian question. Hoar desired that a "swift and indignant remonstrance from the American people should make itself felt and heard. The president was getting in the habit of adopting rather extraordinary language in his dealings with other branches of the government."

Sherman favored the passage of the resolution. One thing which appeared to him to be every plain was that the congress of the United States had not been treated in an open and fair way, in which an administrative part of the government of the United States should treat congress. The resolution was then adopted without division.

Mills opposed the resolution. He called for information, and meanwhile, his opponent, before he got that information, engaged the president with meditating an act of war. Mills denied that statement. The president's action in the matter had been strictly confined within the limits of his executive authority. The only question presented was, did the United States government interfere and overturn the existing government of Hawaii. If it did, it was the duty of the people of the United States, represented in its government, to make restitution and reinstate the government it which had been overthrown.

Hill said he did not propose to cross the Hawaiian bridge till he reached it, nor did he intend to discuss the wisdom of the original procedure, or of what had been done recently by the present administration. "This was a simple resolution asking for information which he thought the American people wanted to know from the president's message, and were disappointed when it was not given them. It had been said, continued Hill, that instructions had been given. He did not say so, however, and he hoped it was not true, from which it was inferred that force might be used to restore the previously existing status that brought up the question whether the administration had power, without the consent of congress, to use the army or navy to restore the previously existing condition of affairs, even conceding the government had been planted by fraud or even by force. There were three departments of this government, and the executive department was but one of them. There were reasons why this information should be given now. Perhaps at this moment, possibly at this very hour, the navy of the United States co-operating with the United States minister, was seeking to destroy the provisional government by force, and that was a question the propriety of which should be determined by congress.

### IN THE HOUSE.

The senate amendment to the resolution appropriating \$50,000 to carry out the Chinese exclusion act, as extended, was agreed to.

Hill, ex-chairman of the house foreign affairs committee, introduced two resolutions bearing on the Hawaiian policy of the government, the first calling for the papers in the case, and the second as follows: "It is the sense of the house that intervention by the government of the United States, its representatives or armed forces in the affairs of a friendly recognized government, to disturb or overthrow it and substitute a monarchy therefor, is contrary to the policy and traditions of the republic and the spirit of the constitution."

### A FATAL MISTAKE.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 6.—Riley Hughes, a miner, threw a wet lump of blasting powder on the fire at his home. It exploded, and the fire communicated to a twenty-five pound can

of powder setting in the room. A terrific explosion followed, blowing the house to atoms. Hughes, his wife, and five children were shockingly burned and mangled. Mrs. Hughes and her daughter, Sarah, died in a few hours. The others are seriously injured, but it is thought will recover.

### THE O. R. AND N. CO.

German Bondholders Hold an Important Meeting in Berlin.

Berlin, Dec. 6.—The meeting of the German Bondholders of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co., of which, it is claimed, the largest number of shares are held in Germany, convened this morning. It was called on account of the non-payment of the December coupons, according to a report received in Berlin of the Union Pacific railroad. The meeting was convened by the Deutsche Bank. There is considerable feeling among the German bondholders, who claim their interests are seriously threatened by the attitude of the receivers, Semmens, of the Deutsche Bank, and Dr. Barth, read a long report on the situation, which said: "The fact that the December coupons would not be paid was nothing to frighten the bondholders. The Oregon Railway and Navigation Co. reports that it continued commercially in a happy position, as it was the Union Pacific's only outlet to the coast. The character of the country forbids a parallel line, and that the traffic of the company can never be taken away from it."

It was added: "It may be possible in the interest of the Union Pacific to make the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co. an independent company, and put it in a position to make arrangements with the Northern and Central Pacific, which is most advisable." The meeting received the report and elected a committee to represent their interests with full power to act.

### DEAD, BUT NOT FORGOTTEN.

The Statue of General Shields Unveiled Yesterday.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The statue of General James Shields was unveiled in the statutory hall of the United States capitol this afternoon under the auspices of the state of Illinois. The statue is a military figure on a granite pedestal, inscribed with the words "General James Shields, warrior, jurist, statesman." Shields was a meteoric figure in American history, claiming citizenship at different times in half a dozen states, and everywhere honored. He was the hero of two wars, and represented three states—Illinois, Minnesota, Missouri—in the United States senate. He was governor of Oregon, and had begun a career cut short by the war in California. His last public act was to preside over a political convention in Wisconsin. During the early days in Illinois he challenged Abraham Lincoln to a duel, the cause of which has always been something of a mystery. Lincoln accepted the challenge, and named broadsword as weapons, but through the intervention of friends the duel never came off.

### STILL THEY COME.

Twenty-Eight Additional Indictments for Smuggling.

Portland, Or., Dec. 6.—The federal grand jury this afternoon returned twenty-eight indictments against persons in this city for smuggling Chinese into this port from British Columbia. The following named parties have been indicted: Wm. Dunbar, Nathan Blum, James Lotan, C. J. Mulkey, C. B. Cardwell, W. B. Jackling, John Wilson, of Victoria, E. P. Thompson, J. E. Marks, Alex. Ross, P. J. Bannon, Glen O. Holman, Thomas Jordan, ex-inspectors, and seventeen Chinese merchants in the Northwest. Holman and Bannon are notaries public, and it is alleged they made out the certificates. Defendants were released on \$1000 bail each and given until Friday to plead. It is rumored that the grand jury will return indictments against eight more persons tomorrow.

### CARING FOR THE NEEDY.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—Churches of several denominations in Chicago have thrown open their doors to a large number of needy who are without lodging places in the severe winter weather. The destitute will be allowed to sleep on the few cushions of the warmed churches, and in many cases congregations are arranging to furnish breakfast each morning. Only one other time was similar action taken, and that was following the great fire in October, 1871, when many thousands found food and lodgements.

### LYNCHING IN ARKANSAS.

Little Rock, Ark., Dec. 6.—News was received today of the lynching of Henry Greenwood, colored, by a mob of white men, near Cherry Valley, Cross county, Sunday morning. The victim's wife recognized the leader of the mob, Bob Wilson, who has been arrested and refused bail. The negroes are greatly incensed, as Greenwood was peaceable and inoffensive.

## HEARING COMPLAINTS

Many Requests for Changes in the Tariff Bill.

A CAUCUS FAVORED BY SOME

The Bill Will Be Reported to the House in Three or Four Days.

Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The ways and means committee have been listening as a sub-committee, in groups of two and three, and individually, to the complaints of those who want the tariff changed in different particulars which will affect their interests. Among the delegations was one representing large playing card manufacturing concerns in New York, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis, who claimed a less tax would yield a greater revenue and enable manufacturers to continue in business. A democratic member of the committee said it was expected these protests would be made. They are not disturbed by them, and it is not intended to make any changes unless it appears some unintentional error has been made. Efforts are being made by democrats dissatisfied with the bill to have a caucus held. The members do not want a caucus, and will probably use their best endeavors to prevent one. Friends of the administration are also counted upon to prevent a caucus. The tariff bill will be taken up by the full committee, and democrats think in three or four days it can be reported to the house. The republicans want more time, but the democrats will insist on reporting the bill and having several sets of speeches in the house before the holiday recess.

### WORK OF A FIEND.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 6.—A Agilar, the man whose wife recently secured a divorce on the grounds of cruelty, went to the house where the woman was staying this afternoon, and when she refused to see him, followed her out into the back yard. The man was carrying a quart bottle filled with kerosene. He broke the neck of the bottle off, and after applying a match to the contents as he ran towards the woman, seized her and poured the burning liquid upon her head, down the neck of her dress, and over her clothing. The woman ran into the street, screaming pitifully for help. The fiend having done his work, escaped. Mrs. Agilar is terribly burned; her hair singed to the very roots, and her head, arms, breast, and neck burned to a crisp. Her entire body is blistered and roasted in a horrible manner. She will die.

### THE MAFIA LYNCHING.

New Orleans, Dec. 6.—The Abagnatto case against the city of New Orleans for \$30,000 damages, growing out of the lynching of the Italian Mafia, at the Parish prison, about three years ago, was argued before Judge Boardman, of the United States circuit court today. The case was given to the jury at a late hour, and the court having adjourned, the jury delivered a sealed verdict. Judge Boardman virtually decided that Abagnatto was an Italian citizen and that damages should be given for the suffering of the prisoner during the attack on the prison and for the lynching. It was thought the jury gave a verdict against the city for several thousand dollars.

### AVERSE TO FAKING.

Spokane, Dec. 6.—A meeting of leading citizens was held today to deal with an abuse unique in journalism. Special correspondents here have been manufacturing all sorts of sensations and telegraphing them to many eastern papers. It is now proposed to stop this by an appeal to the courts with the intention of bringing criminal proceedings for libel against two correspondents known to be responsible for audacious fakes.

### THE LEHIGH STRIKE.

Bethlehem, Pa., Dec. 6.—As a result of the conference between the officers of the Lehigh Valley railroad, and the boards of arbitration of the states of

New York and New Jersey, and the chiefs of the local and national labor organizations, which participated in the great strike on that road, the strike was declared off early this morning. The road agrees to re-employ the strikers without prejudice and without regard to their membership in labor organizations, so far as places can be found for them, to listen to complaints from grievance committees and to give old employees preference in hiring additional men.

### HITCH IN THE PROCEEDINGS.

Mauch Chunk, Dec. 6.—There is a serious hitch in the settlement of the Lehigh Valley strike. The leaders received cipher messages early this morning declaring the strike off. It was expected they would return in a body, and every man took his place. When the arrangement was made known to them, things assumed a different shape. It was unanimously declared that every man would have to be taken back or none. The strikers held a meeting in the opera house this evening, and the proposition for settlement was rejected. Similar action was taken at Lehigh, Weissport and White Haven. The new phase of the situation causes great uneasiness here. Stockholders, strikers, and business men are more or less dejected. The strikers say they are prepared to hold out any length of time.

### MINERS CONVENE.

Salida, Col., Dec. 6.—Governor Waite called the Miners' Convention to order this afternoon. There were twenty delegates present, a majority of whom were said to be opposed to calling an extra session of the legislature on the silver question. Governor Waite, in his address, claimed that every state has a right to make its own legal tender, and recommended that Colorado enact a law making every silver dollar legal tender, no matter where such dollar was coined, provided it contains 371 1/2 grains of silver.

By a vote of 10 to 8 the convention decided in favor of an extra session. The governor announced he would call an extra session early in January.

### A FLING AT POWDERLEY.

New York, Dec. 6.—In the address of General Master Workman Sovereign to the Knights of Labor, he says: "Lest all legislative, executive and judicial officers generally; take away the veto power of the president and destroy the avocation of corrupt lobbies by establishing the initiative and referendum. Thus we will give to the world our industrial system, menaced by no tramp at one end and princely duke at the other."

### MINERS' TROUBLES.

East Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 6.—One thousand miners employed in eleven coal mines in this district met at noon and unanimously decided to order a general strike unless the operators revoke the decision to withhold two weeks' pay instead of one, and demanding pay every two weeks instead of once a month. The indications are that the dispute will result in all the mines remaining closed for an indefinite period.

### THE APPLICATION DENIED.

Omaha, Dec. 6.—In the United States district court today, Judge Dundy denied the application of the receivers of the Union Pacific to fix their salaries at \$18,000 each per annum. The court also ordered the receivers to deposit the funds only in United States depositories. They were instructed to turn over to the treasurer of the road sufficient funds to operate it.

### A LIBERAL POLICY.

Olympia, Dec. 6.—In view of the disasters inflicted upon the farmers of the state by the severity of the past season, and the existing money stringency the state land commission has determined upon a most liberal policy respecting the payment of the principal and interest on land contracts.

### FAST IN AN ICE FLOE.

Detroit, Dec. 6.—A whole fleet of vessels are fast in an ice floe at the head of Lake Erie, and all efforts to release them are in vain.

### PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The president has nominated J. B. Doe, of Wisconsin, to be assistant secretary of war.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE