

The Daily Morning Astorian.

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

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ASTORIA, OREGON, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 30, 1893.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

If You Want

To save money, don't miss the great reduction sale now going on at C. H. Cooper's.

If You Want

To buy goods at less than wholesale cost, go to C. H. Cooper's.

If You Want

To trade to advantage and save from \$5 to \$10 on a suit of clothes, go to C. H. Cooper's.

If You Are Hard Up

And short of cash, the little you have will go farthest at C. H. Cooper's.

If You Want

First-class goods in clothing, furnishing goods, hats, caps, shoes, etc., go to C. H. Cooper.

Midsummer Sale

Now going on.

C. H. COOPER.

Still in the Front!

FOR SILVER SIDE FISHING

MARSHALL'S - TWINE

IT IS THE BEST

IT IS THE CHEAPEST

GOOD FISHERMEN USE IT

AMERICAN LABOR MAKES IT

FOR FALL FISHING

FOR SMALL MESH NETS

FOR LASTING QUALITIES

The staying powers of Marshall's Twine are superior to those of any other ever used on the Columbia river.

ON HAND:

- 7-Ply 30's
- 9-Ply 30's
- 10-Ply 30's
- 8-Ply 40's
- 12-Ply 40's
- 14-Ply 40's
- 15-Ply 50's

DOINGS IN THE SENATE

Voorhees Is Still Leading the Bimetallic Forces to Victory.

TELLER MAKES HIS SPEECH

He rails at the Calamity Howlers and blames the New York Banks and Newspapers for the Present Trouble.

Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 29.—In the senate Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, reported back to the house the bill repealing part of the Sherman act with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. He asked that the bill be placed on the calendar and gave notice that he should ask the senate to take it up and consider it immediately after the morning business from this time on until final action shall be taken. The substitute he said was exactly like the bill heretofore reported from the finance committee. On an objection from Teller, it went over till tomorrow. Harris, a member of the finance committee said that the substitute just reported was the majority report in which the minority of the committee did not concur. The resolution offered yesterday by Stewart was then laid before the senate. It directs the secretary of the treasury to inform the senate whether there was any danger of a deficiency in the revenues of the government during the current year, and if so, what was the probable amount of such deficiency and whether any legislation was necessary to supply such deficiency. The resolution gave rise to a long discussion. Senators Sherman, Voorhees, Mills, McPherson, and Harris opposed the resolution as calling for problematical statements calculated to create needless alarm, or reflecting on the secretary of the treasury. A motion to refer the resolution to the finance committee was made by Voorhees. That motion was opposed by Hill and by Stewart and referred to the committee by a vote of 40 to 15. The senators voting nay were Messrs. Allen, Call, Dubois, Hansbrough, Hill, Irby, Jones of Nevada, Lindsay, Pfeiffer, Power, Shoup, Stewart, Teller, White of California, and Wolcott.

Dolph introduced a bill which the committee on foreign relations had drawn up, appropriating \$500,000 to enable the secretary of the treasury to enforce the Chinese exclusion act, and said he would seek an opportunity to address the senate on the subject. Teller addressed the senate in an argument to prove that the Sherman law was not responsible for the financial troubles of the country. Almost without an exception, he said, every one who addressed the senate had spoken as if there was some great calamity impending over the people of the United States. He wanted to enter his protest against these "Calamity Howlers." There was a disturbed financial condition of an unusual character, and it seemed to him the first thing to do would be to inquire what brought it about; and yet during a three weeks session he had not heard anybody suggest an intelligent reason for the present financial condition. Nobody had analyzed the question as to whether the cause was or was not the Sherman act. He challenged any senator to tell the American people that he believed the people had brought about the panic because they were afraid of their money which they had taken from the banks of the United States since last spring. In this way \$150,000,000 had been withdrawn by men who were dissatisfied with the present condition of things. They had taken out their money and had put it away but they had not demanded gold. They took whatever currency they could get. He had been in the city of Denver when four National banks there, all solvent, closed. He had gone on the street where the crowd gathered and asked the people what the trouble was, and he was told, "We don't know what the trouble is. We have been told there is to be a great financial disturbance in the country. We do not know whether the banks will be able to pay us our money when we want it, and we think it is safest to get it now." Teller said, had emanated from New York banks and newspapers. The cry of the metropolitan papers was followed by all the small papers of the country, none of them able to tell what was going to happen. Those misrepresentations and false statements had brought about the state of things which could be brought about in any country and at any time by such means and agencies.

Washington, Aug. 29.—The executive committee of the Washington World's Fair commission held an adjourned meeting this afternoon for the purpose of considering the financial condition of the commission. Tomorrow the emergency board will meet and receive a financial statement and a petition for \$10,000, or so much thereof as will maintain the exhibit until the close of the exposition. The committee has put its foot down on traffic in sweet cider now being dispensed at 10 cents per glass in the Washington building, while it is contended that the concession for the sale of this article is held by a man outside the commission. The resolution passed today would seem to indicate otherwise, and is a warning to Percy Rochester, as those who have followed the matter will infer. The resolution reads: "That when it shall be ascertained to a certainty that any member of the Washington World's Fair Commission, employed under a salary is financially interested in any concession for the sale of foods, articles, or any commodities in the exhibition building, the president is directed and authorized to discontinue the service of such commissioner under a salary." A telegram was produced from General Passenger Agent Fee of the Northern Pacific Company, complaining that employees of the commission were trying to direct travel from the Northern Pacific lines, by talking up an excursion to this country over the line of the Great Northern. The injustice to the company for the services it had rendered the state in taking exhibits to Chicago, he felt should be stopped. In reply the board passed a resolution regretting that any employee of the commission should have been guilty of such action, and the officers of the commission are directed to see that the practice be discontinued or the offender discharged.

DOMINO WINS THE FUTURITY

America's Great Race Is Over for Another Year.

RAN IN BY A ROSE

One of the Most Magnificent Contests Ever Witnessed, with Nineteen Fine Race-horses on the Field.

Associated Press.

Sheepshead Bay, Aug. 29.—Domino proved himself the worthy son of a noble sire today by winning the great futurity stakes from a field of nineteen competitors. He carried the top weight too and was delayed at the post nearly half an hour. Besides this the track was heavy and sticky. It was just a day for light weights, but he vanquished them all, though one of them, Galliee, gave him a hard fight for over a furlong and was only a head behind at the finish. The value of the stakes is \$65,660 divided as follows: \$49,715 to Domino and \$4,000 to his breeder; \$5,324 to Galliee, and \$2,500 to his breeder; \$2,500 to Dobbins and \$1,000 to his breeder. The fear of a cyclone deterred many from going to the track. Eight thousand would be a liberal estimate of the number of people who saw the great event. The field was the largest that ever started in a futurity race. Domino was the public favorite, and though nearly every horse in the race was well backed, he carried the bulk of the public money and as much as 7 to 5 was bet against his chances. The start was a good one. Tarel took Domino to the front at once and led at the first clump of trees, hotly pressed by Galliee. At the turn on the home-stretch Galliee took the lead and Dobbins held his head on a line with Domino's saddle girth. It looked desperate for the favorite for a moment, but the greatest jockey in America was on his back, and he began riding him with all his power and skill. In another moment Domino was wearing the leader down, and regaining his lost ground. In an instant he had poked his nose in front of Galliee and a great shout went up as Tarel drove the gallant Domino home under such a hail of punishment that he won by a nose on the very post. Griffin by one last despairing effort landed Galliee a head before Dobbins. Time, 1:12 4-5.

THE SOUTHERN CYCLONE.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 29.—Sunday night's storm did incalculable injury to the farming interests of the southeast. There has been no telegraphic communication with Charleston, Savannah, or Jacksonville since Sunday afternoon. The wires were broken by falling trees. The damage to the crops cannot be estimated for some days. Several buildings in Blackville, S. C., are crushed. The mill dams are washed away. Cotton is terribly damaged. Tobacco is devastated. In Waycross, Ga., the cotton crop is greatly damaged. The storms were very severe in Screven county.

New York, Aug. 29.—Many houses in this city are unroofed or demolished and wires of all descriptions are broken. The Long Island and Jersey shore resorts have suffered more than from the storm of last week. Several wrecks on the water are reported, and when the storm abates others are expected to be heard from. Railroad communication between the Jersey shore resorts and Philadelphia has been cut off. At Philadelphia two electrocutions occurred this morning as a result of the storm. The Delaware is higher than for years and the wharves and structures along the river front of Philadelphia are flooded and considerable damage has resulted. The dry docks and of Cramps' shipyards are damaged to an extent of \$10,000 by the high tide. Heavy damage to property has been done at New Haven, Conn., by the storm. Shade trees are down and chimneys and roofs have been blown off in profusion. The oyster beds are thought to be almost ruined. Telegraphic and telephone communication have been wanting all day. The fruit orchards of Connecticut have suffered much, and some are ruined. It is impossible to accurately estimate the damage at present, though it must amount to over a million dollars in New Haven county.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 29.—The passenger train on the Atlantic Coast line arrived this evening from Charleston, having been delayed 24 hours by the destructive storm of Sunday and Monday. The express messenger who was in Charleston during the storm says: "There was not fifty yards in the streets not littered with debris, and the streets are flooded with water almost to the doors."

FIRE IN LA GRANDE.

La Grande, Or., Aug. 29.—A fire originating in the Western Hotel at Elgin this morning, at 1 o'clock spread until almost all the business part of the town was destroyed. The burnt district extends on Main street from the postoffice to the eastern end of the street and includes the Western, St. Charles, and Arlington hotels, the recorder's office, the grocery and hardware store of Starr & Brokenshaw, the millinery store of Mrs. Laughlin, and the furniture store of Sims, Ralston & Co., besides numerous small establishments. The loss is estimated at \$50,000 with but \$7,750 insurance.

Forest fires in the Blue Mountains west of this city are causing a great loss to timber. A force of upwards of one hundred men has been employed for several days fighting the flames, and are having great difficulty in keeping them away from the sawmills of C. M. Steel & Co., and the Hilliard Lumber Co.

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"I think Dobbins can beat Domino at the same weights, and if they race over again I would not mind betting \$25,000 on it," said Dyer. Keene expressed his willingness to make the match, but there was a misunderstanding as to jockeys, both parties expressing a preference for Tarel. Tarel is under engagement with the Keenes and they could hardly be expected to give him up.

THE GERMANS ARE FIGHTING.

Berlin, Aug. 29.—A telegram received this morning from Darassala, the chief seaport of German East Africa, announces that active hostilities have begun between the German forces and the natives. A German contingent commanded by Governor Scheele stormed the fortified camp of the sultan at Killmanjaro, after four hours severe fighting. The German loss was a lieutenant and four native troops killed, and a sergeant and twenty-three natives wounded.

BIG SENSATION IN SPOKANE.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 29.—A big sensation was created today by the arrest of Councilmen Graham and Steep on charges of taking a bribe for their vote in putting through a sewer contract for Contractor Olson. The defendants were held in \$5000 bonds. The arrests were at the instance of forty prominent business men who claim to have positive proof of the guilt of the defendants. They also claim to be in possession of evidence which may lead to further arrests.

SMITH AND RYAN.

Coney Island, Aug. 29.—A large crowd gathered tonight at the Athletic Club to witness the six-round bout between Billy Smith of Boston, and Tommy Ryan of Chicago. There were two preliminary bouts, and then after an over-

tion to Jack Dempsey, who was discovered in the audience, the main event of the evening started. Six hot rounds were fought and the referee decided that it was a draw. Both men showed considerable signs of punishment and each was covered with blood. Smith was the stronger of the two and did most of the rushing, but Ryan was the most scientific. Smith did much unfair fighting and false wrestling, and this caused the sympathy of the crowd to go to Ryan.

CORBETT WILL NOT ACCEPT.

Portland, Or., Aug. 29.—Ex-Senator Corbett declines to accept the receivership of the Portland Savings Ban on account of ill health.

Money Is Waiting for an Expert.

"Editor Budget:—I desire to ask a question for the best of reasons. It is this: Can an individual, or any number of individuals, have re-experted or inspected, the books of any county or city at his own expense, after they have passed through the hands of an expert? Tax Payer. Will answer tomorrow.—Editor."

The above cowardly fling, written of course, by the men who are supposed to have received it, need not wait until that pure and powerful sheet is printed tonight for an answer. A reply that The Astorian imagines is very much to the point is given right here.

Last night some gentlemen interested in the finances of the county, and who do not believe that our county officials are either ex-convicts or unconvicted criminals, called at this office and deposited with the editor of The Astorian a check on the Astoria Savings Bank for \$500, certified to by Frank Patton, cashier of that institution. These gentlemen will give "Taxpayer" the right to name an expert to examine the county books thoroughly, within thirty days from date, and The Astorian on their behalf, guarantees if the expert finds that the county officers are one cent more in arrears than was declared by the previous expert, to pay him all the expenses connected with the search out of the \$500 check deposited in this office. If the new search reveals the opposite result, then the expert will have to pay his own expenses, or "Taxpayer" will have to pay them for him, which amounts to the same thing in the end, anyhow.

And replying once more to "Taxpayer," (who in all probability never paid a tax in his life), we will say that any individual or set of individuals can overlook and expert the county books whenever he or they see fit. The books are public property, and unlike "sworn circulation" liars can always be "hooked up," and stand open every day for inspection.

The affairs of the city books have nothing to do with the above offer. All that it refers to is the condition of the finances of the county. By referring to Mr. Frank Patton, anybody interested in the matter can easily satisfy himself that he holds \$500 in cash, on demand of the order now in the possession of this office.

COUNTY ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

The Board of Equalization will meet at the office of the county clerk and publicly examine the assessment rolls of Clatsop county for the purpose of correcting all errors of valuation or description of lands, lots or other property.

It is the duty of all persons to appear at that time if they wish corrections made, as no corrections or alterations can be made by any officer after the adjournment of the board. The board will meet on Monday, August 29th, at 10 o'clock a. m., and close on Saturday, September 2nd, at 5 p. m.

Astoria, August 29th, 1893.

B. F. WORSLEY, County Assessor.

A CHANCE FOR HARD TIMES.

J. W. Crow is now prepared to sell the handsomest grades of Wall Paper in the city at the lowest ruling prices, and guarantees good goods. Give him a call before buying elsewhere. Note the address—537 Third street.

THE FORCED MORTGAGE SALE.

Of Herman Wise's stock is now in full blast. Everything sacrificed. M. WISE, Mortgagee. P. S. All persons indebted to Herman Wise will please settle at once.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE