

The Daily Astorian

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

VOL. XL. NO. 122.

ASTORIA, OREGON, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 24, 1893.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

PARKER & HANSON

Continued till old stock is closed out at cost. New Goods arriving sold at liberal discount.

W. W. PARKER, Assignee.

Dinsmore!

Auction! Auction! Auction!

Special Sale Every Afternoon
For Ladies Only,
At 1 O'clock.

3 Sales Daily,
10 A. M.,
1 P. M.,
7 P. M.

Dinsmore!

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

Scandinavian Benevolent Society.
REGULAR MEETINGS OF THIS SOCIETY
will be held at their rooms in "Y" building at eight
o'clock P. M., on the second and fourth Tues-
days of each month. Office on Genevieve
street, south of Chenamus.

Ocean Encampment No. 13, I. O. O. F.
REGULAR MEETINGS OF THIS SOCIETY
will be held at their rooms in "Y" building at eight
o'clock P. M., on the second and fourth Tues-
days of each month. Office on Genevieve
street, south of Chenamus.

Astorian Building and Loan Association.
REGULAR MEETINGS OF THIS ASSOCIATION
will be held at 8 P. M., on the first
Wednesday of each month. Office on Genevieve
street, south of Chenamus.

Common Council.
REGULAR MEETINGS, FIRST AND
THIRD TUESDAY EVENINGS OF EACH MONTH
at 8 o'clock.

Board of Pilot Commissioners.
REGULAR MEETINGS OF THIS BOARD
will be held on the first Monday of each
month at 10 A. M. in the rooms of the Astoria
Chamber of Commerce.

G. A. STINSON & CO.,
BLACKSMITHING
Ship and Cannery work, Horse-shoeing, Wag-
ons made and repaired. Good work guaranteed.
On Cass street, opposite the Union Bank office.

JEFF'S RESTAURANT
—IS THE—
Bon Ton Restaurant in the Town
(And the Finest on the Coast.)
Dinner Parties, Banquets a Special-
The Finest Wines and Liquors.

The Original and Genuine
(WORCESTERSHIRE)
LEA & PERRINS'
SAUCE

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to
EXTRACT
of a LETTER
from
MEDICAL GEN.
TILMAN at Mad-
ras, to his brother
at WORCESTER,
May, 1851.

"The
LEA & PERRINS'
that their sauce is
highly esteemed in
India, and is in my
opinion, the most
palatable, as well
as the most whole-
some sauce that is
made."

Beware of Imitations;
see that you get Lea & Perrins'

Lead Perrins

Signature on every bottle of Original & Genuine.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

I. W. CASE, BANKER.

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Drafts drawn available in any part of the U
S and Europe, and on Hong Kong, China.
Office Hours:—10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Odd Fellows Building, Astoria, Oregon.

I. W. CASE, INSURANCE AGENT,

REPRESENTING
German-American, New York City, N. Y.
Union Fire and Marine Ins. Co. of Hartford.
National Fire and Marine Ins. Co. of Hartford.
Connecticut Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford.
Home Mutual Ins. Co. of San Francisco.
Phoenix, of London. Imperial, of London.
New York Plate Glass Ins. Co.

THE ASTORIA NATIONAL BANK

DOES A
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Accounts of Firms and Individuals solicited
on Favorable Terms.
Interest paid on Time Deposits. Money
Loaned on Personal Security.
Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and
sold.

D. K. Warren, President.
J. E. Higgins, Cashier.
J. C. Dement, Vice President
D. K. Warren, C. S. Wright,
John Holman, H. C. Thompson,
Theo Bracker, Directors.

THE ASTORIA SAVINGS BANK

Acts as trustee for corporations and individ-
uals. Deposits solicited.
Interest will be allowed on savings deposits
as follows:
On ordinary savings books 4 per cent. per
annum.
On term savings books 6 per cent. per annum.
On certificates of deposit:
For three months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For six months, 5 per cent. per annum.
For twelve months, 6 per cent. per annum.

I. W. CASE, President.
J. Q. A. BOWLEY, Vice-President.
FRANK PATTON, Cashier.
W. E. DEMENT, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
I. W. Case, J. Q. A. Bowley, Gust Holmes,
G. H. Case, Ben. Young, A. S. Reed,
F. J. Taylor.

THE PORTLAND SAVINGS BANK

OF PORTLAND, OREGON.
Paid up capital.....\$250,000
Surplus and profits.....60,000
FRANK PERKUM, President.
D. P. THOMPSON, Vice-President.
H. C. STRATTON, Cashier.

J. B. WYATT

Dealer in
Hardware and Ship Chandlery.
Pope 98, Bright Variable, Black 471, Cel-
tium Gages, Hemp Sail Tacks, Lead 471,
Wrought Iron Spikes, Galvanized Cut Nails

Groceries, Etc.

Agricultural Implements, Sewing Ma-
chines, Paints and Oils.

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY

The Ministers Finally Plunge Into the Briggs Question.

HIS FRIENDS STANDING FIRM

They Want the Same Impartiality Shown by the Session That is the Right of Every Citizen.

Associated Press.
Washington, May 23.—The morning session of the Presbyterian General Assembly plunged into the Briggs question immediately after prayer. Dr. Young, chairman of the committee on bills and overtures, took the floor to present a report distributing a number of bills and overtures to several committees. Among them were some bearing directly or indirectly upon the Briggs case before the judiciary committee. Rev. Booth, of New York, entered a protest against the obvious attempt to influence the judicial committee by pouring in upon it these overtures for and against the case. Rev. Brown, Briggs' co-laborer and sympathizer, said:

"We have a right to know the sentiment of the church upon any subject before it, and the only proper way to secure knowledge of that sentiment, is through the committees of the assembly."

Dr. Herrick Johnson, of McCormick Theological seminary, one of the foremost Briggs leaders in the body, spoke briefly, and Rev. Thos. B. Hall, of Chicago, said:

"The precedents and practices in civil courts have no weight with us. No court would have taken up the prosecution of an innocent man. Ecclesiastical precedents are overwhelmingly in favor of the right of petition. It is a right every citizen possesses. (Applause.)"

The recommendation of the committee was finally adopted by a decisive vote in the majority.

Ex-Moderator Smith, president of the United Christian commission organized for work in connection with the United States Army, submitted a statement to the effect that the commission must discourage the enlistment of the sons of Christian families into the army, unless some safeguards now lacking, are thrown around them. Gambling in the army is not prohibited either by law or regulation, and encouraged by the example of older officers and soldiers, the post canteen affords unrestricted opportunity for inducement to drink. Sunday work is not called for by any exigency till required by the army authorities. The recommendation of religious teachers in the army for the benefit of soldiers did not receive the approval or consideration of the authorities. In fact, they discouraged it. The commission recommended the army orders of August 6th, last, on this subject, and that chaplains be appointed for every regiment.

The recommendations of the committee were approved and the report received. The special order for the afternoon session was the report of the judicial committee in the Briggs case. Immediately after prayer, Dr. Baker, chairman, addressed the moderator and assembly as follows:

"I earnestly hoped that but one report would be presented by the committee, but in this I have been disappointed. But shall we not all resolve that whatever be the decision finally reached, we will, as loyal Presbyterians, abide faithfully by the decision. Let us resolve that we will strongly frown down and utterly discountenance any suggestion from whatever quarter it may come, of schism or of division in our dear church."

The majority report finds the appeal and specifications of error alleged were called in due time and submit in the resolutions that the appeal should be entered and hours be allotted to the hearing and one and-half hours for the assembly; then the vote upon the resolution that the appeal be entered by the general assembly and the case proceed to trial in accordance with the provision of the book of discipline.

The minority report was read by Rev. S. J. Nichols of St. Louis. He said he knew that in making a minority report he and his associates were under suspicion already as appearing to oppose the appeal. This was not their attitude. They were not antagonizing the claim of power in the assembly to entertain the appeal. The minority report recommends that the majority report be amended by substituting the following:

"We find the appeal in order and recommend that the parties be heard in accordance with the provisions of the book of discipline. We ask this for the following reasons: The majority re-

port prejudices an appeal by advising the assembly to do what the book of discipline says shall be done, only after the parties have been heard. This report is signed by Myer, Stibbins, and Nicholas. The majority report has fixed for the assembly, every form of verdict which it was asked to reach.

A motion limiting the debate to three hours was offered. Cutcherson of Detroit, moved to strike out the limitation. At this point Dr. Briggs arose to address the assembly, and he and the moderator engaged in an animated colloquy on his right to be heard. Briggs finally yielded. When the moderator said: "I would suggest in the interest of brotherly kindness and peace."

"Say justice," said a voice from the gallery, which was said to be that of Professor Henry P. Smith of Cincinnati, and you will."

"Don't you put words into my mouth," returned Moderator Craig. "I speak for brotherly kindness and peace, which are higher than justice, for out of them comes justice."

The moderator then announced that in accordance with the book of government, the assembly would be turned into a judicial court of the Lord Jesus Christ, and following the rules, called for the reading of the judgment notice of appeal, the appeals, and specifications of errors alleged. After this was done by the clerk, the court adjourned till tomorrow.

THE TORNADO IN DETROIT.

Detroit, May 23.—A terrific wind and rain storm broke over the city this morning, and continued to increase in violence. At noon it was blowing sixty miles per hour. The streets were almost obstructed by broken shade trees, and nearly all telegraph and telephone wires are down. It is feared much damage has been done throughout Michigan and many wrecks on the lake. It is known that there was great damage at Adrian. At Lsabee Junction the storm amounted to a tornado.

Barns were blown down, orchards destroyed, and crops levelled to the ground. The highways between Adrian and Tecumseh are almost impassable, being obstructed by overturned trees. At Romulus buildings were blown down, windows broken and trees uprooted. Many buildings were unroofed in the vicinity of Dundee. At Holly the opera house was unroofed and many houses damaged.

St. Paul, May 23.—A special report says there was a sudden drop of temperature in northern Wisconsin and Michigan, with an inch of snow at Marquette. Three inches have fallen on the Iron range.

SCAFFOLD BLOWN DOWN.

Cleveland, May 23.—A terrific wind storm struck this city at 9 o'clock this morning. Four men were instantly killed, and many were injured in numerous casualties. A scaffold blown from its fastenings resulted in the serious injury of four men, one of whom will die.

A portion of the plate department of the Cleveland rolling mill, under construction, gave away, and of the number of men employed on the structure, two were killed instantly, and one fatally hurt. A two-story frame house was blown down, and John Cole buried in the ruins and killed.

DAMAGED BY STORM.

Louisville, Ky., May 23.—Early this morning a storm from the southwest struck this city, doing much damage. As a result of its fury several small houses are in ruins, dozens of houses are unroofed, many chimneys overturned and the streets are filled with wreckage of roofs, uprooted trees and twisted wire. No lives are known to be lost, and but few of the injuries received are serious.

INDIANAPOLIS VISITED.

Indianapolis, May 23.—A storm passed over this city early this morning and did much damage. In the eastern and southern portions of the state the wind exhibited the greatest force. At Elwood the roof of the American tinplate works was blown off.

YESTERDAY'S FAILURES.

Elmira, N. Y., May 23.—The Elmira National bank closed its doors this morning as a result of the recent financial trouble of Colonel D. C. Robinson.

Brunswick, Ga., May 23.—The wholesale grocery house of Mayer & Ullman has been placed in the hands of a temporary receiver. Liabilities, \$280,000. Ullman suicided last week.

Eau Claire, Wis., May 23.—An application has been made for a receiver for the National Electric Manufacturing Company. The assets are \$560,000; liabilities, \$400,000.

CARAVELS GOING TO CHICAGO.

Washington, May 23.—The navy department today completed arrangements for conveying the Columbus caravels, Santa Marie, Pinta, and Nina, from New York to Chicago. They will be towed from New York to the mouth of the St. Lawrence, and from there to Chicago. The service will cost about \$5000.

SUNDAY OPENING VICTORIOUS

An Agreement Finally Reached and the Question Settled.

ALL OBJECTIONS OVERCOME

The Vote Was a Close One—Germany's Exhibit Formally Opened Other Matters of Interest.

Associated Press.
Chicago, May 23.—Sunday opening won the day. Thirty members of the national commission went on record today in favor of the Sunday opening rules submitted by the World's Fair directors. Twenty-seven commissioners voted against consideration of the rules of Sunday closing. The question then came up on a modification of the directors' rules, with the same vote, Acting Chairman DeYoung then announced the rules not modified by the commission. After the debate which preceded the voting the chairman put the motion: Shall the rule submitted by the directors be modified? When the clerk handed the tally sheets up after the voting, Chairman DeYoung said: "The act of congress provides that the rules shall be submitted to the commission by the directors, and the modifications if any are made, require a majority vote of the whole commission of fifty-five votes to be effective. The vote shows the majority has not voted to modify, and the rules therefore stand as submitted by the directors. If Sunday opening was advertised the claim is made that there will be no quorum of the commission in town tomorrow, and that a reconsideration of the question will therefore be impossible."

Germany's building at the exposition was formally opened today. The council of the administration decided to reopen to the public, three evenings each week, the exhibition of the German exhibit.

THE PEERLESS JERSEY.

Chicago, May 23. The test of the dairy qualities of Jersey, Guernsey and short-horn cows is being made at the world's fair with twenty-five cows of each breed. So far the Jersey is far ahead of both in amount of milk, percentage of butter and cheese. The questions of the amount of food consumed and loss or gain of flesh is yet to be determined.

MURDEROUS CHINAMAN.

Albany, Oregon, May 23.—A Chinaman named Chum Gow, well known in Albany as "Sullivan" at 5 o'clock this morning, assaulted Sue Hung, wife of a Salem Chinaman, in the lodging house of Goon Hin, with a dagger, inflicting six serious wounds. He also stabbed Goon Hin seven times, once in the lungs. The wound is thought to be fatal. He fled to the county jail and gave himself up. He was examined this afternoon in the justice court and held, waiting the result of the wounds. Two witnesses, Kung Lung and Jue Back, were held in \$150 bonds. Goon Hin is still alive.

LABOR IN THIS COUNTRY ENRICHES THE NATION.

Labor in this country enriches the nation; but when our work is done for us abroad it impoverishes our people, who are thereby forced to idleness. Loss of employment means loss of wages, enforced economy, poverty and want. However free-trade might cheapen labor products, no class of our people would be benefited. It would correspondingly reduce the purchasing power, not only of the laboring class, but eventually of all classes of our citizens.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, May 23.—The president today appointed Samuel Blackwell, of Alabama, third auditor of the treasury, vice W. H. Hart, of Indianapolis, resigned.

A NORWEGIAN LANDSLIDE.

Christiana, May 23.—Another landslide has occurred at Vaerdalen, Norway. Fifty farms were destroyed. Over a hundred persons are missing.

A REDUCTION OF TEN PER CENT.

Montreal, May 23.—Traffic manager Olds admits the Canadian Pacific is to make a reduction of 10 per cent all around in freight rates.

POSTOFFICE APPOINTMENT.

Washington, May 23.—Bernard Good, of Detroit, has been appointed superintendent of the dead letter office.

A TALLY FOR OREGON.

Little Rock, May 23.—The Cumberland Presbyterian Assembly today elected Eugene City, Oregon, as the next place of meeting. It was a contest

between Eugene City, Moberly, Mo., and Bowling Green, Ky., and Chicago. Eugene City was selected on the second ballot.

OPPOSES THE SUGAR BOUNTY.

Austin, Tex., May 23.—Governor Hogk has vetoed the state sugar bounty bill, to enable superintendents of Texas penitentiaries to accept from the general government the bounty on sugar on convict farms. He denounced the sugar bounty of the United States.

SYMPATHY FOR THE STRIKERS.

Topeka, Kas., May 23.—Governor Lewelling says the striking coal miners in the Cherokee district are in the right and as long as they refrain from violence they will have the sympathy of all who believe in fair play.

REGISTRATION OF CHINESE.

Washington, May 23.—Reports from 44 out of 63 of the internal revenue districts show 5451 Chinese registered. The largest registration from a single district was from Colorado, where 1500 registered.

HANGED BY A MOB.

Way Cross, Ga., May 23.—Near Hazlehurst yesterday afternoon Eph Merce, who murdered I. J. Brown and another negro, name unknown, was taken from jail and hanged by a mob.

Senator Dolph On the Tariff.

The following interesting letter regarding the proposed free trade tariff appeared in the American Economist on Friday, the 19th.

United States Senate, Washington, D. C., April 23, '93.—Complying with your request for my views upon the draft of the tariff bill proposed by the New York Tariff Reform Club, I am of the opinion that changes in the present revenue laws, such as are proposed by the Reform Club, would destroy the present prosperity of this country, would depress every branch of our industries, would close our mills, factories and mines, throw thousands of workmen out of employment, produce great distress among the laboring classes and eventually reduce the wages of workmen in this country to the standard of wages in foreign countries, and the condition of the laboring classes in this country to that of laborers there.

Agriculture, mining, lumbering and fishing are among the principal industries of the Pacific Coast. The proposed tariff legislation which would place all unmanufactured wood, further than planks, staves, shooks, barrels, laths and pulp, lead and other ores, fish, breadstuffs, hay, vegetables, and reduce the duties on fruits, would injure if not eventually destroy our leading industries; while our growing manufactures of woolen goods, cordage, machinery and many other products would greatly suffer by the removal of the protection now afforded them under existing laws.

There is but one way, in my judgment, by which the prosperity of the country can be maintained, employment be furnished to labor, the American rate of wages maintained and the laboring man be made comfortable and independent, and this is by protecting our industries against the competition of cheap labor products of foreign countries, so that our own work will be done at home instead of being done for us abroad.

Labor is the source of all wealth. Labor in this country enriches the nation; but when our work is done for us abroad it impoverishes our people, who are thereby forced to idleness. Loss of employment means loss of wages, enforced economy, poverty and want. However free-trade might cheapen labor products, no class of our people would be benefited. It would correspondingly reduce the purchasing power, not only of the laboring class, but eventually of all classes of our citizens.

J. N. DOLPH.