

The Daily Astorian

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

VOL. XL. NO. 115.

ASTORIA, OREGON, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1893.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

PARKER & HANSON

Continued till old stock is closed out at cost. New Goods arriving sold at liberal discount.

W. W. PARKER, Assignee.

Auction!
Auction!
Auction!

COMMENCES

MONDAY, - MAY - 15th,

AT

DINSMORE'S BANKRUPT STORE,

And will be kept up until everything is sold. Fixtures for sale. Cash register for sale cheap.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

Scandinavian Benevolent Society.
REGULAR MEETINGS OF THIS SOCIETY at their rooms in Pythian Building at eight o'clock p. m. on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

AUG. DANIELSON, Secretary.

Ocean Encampment No. 13, I. O. O. F.
REGULAR MEETINGS OF OCEAN ENCAMPMENT No. 13, I. O. O. F., at the Lodge, in the Old Fellows Building, at seven p. m. on the second and fourth Mondays of each month. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. By order

C. F.

Astoria Building & Loan Association.
REGULAR MEETINGS OF THIS ASSOCIATION at 7 p. m. on the first Wednesday of each month. Office on Genevieve street, south of Chenamus.

W. L. ROBB, Secretary.

Common Council.
REGULAR MEETINGS, FIRST AND THIRD Tuesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock.

Persons desiring to have matters noted upon the Council, at any regular meeting must present the same to the Auditor and Clerk, on or before the Friday evening prior to the Tuesday on which the Council holds its regular meeting.

K. O'DRIN, Auditor and Police Judge.

Board of Pilot Commissioners.
THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD will be held on the first Monday of each month at 10 a. m. in the rooms of the Astoria Chamber of Commerce.

W. L. ROBB, Sec.

G. A. STINSON & CO.,
BLACKSMITHING

Ship and Cannery work, Horse shoeing, Wagon and carriage repair, etc. at work guaranteed. Office street, opposite the new bank.

JEFF'S RESTAURANT

-IS THE-

Bon Ton Restaurant in the Town

(And the Finest on the Coast.)

Dinner Parties, Banquets a Specialty.
The Finest Wines and Liquors.

The Original and Genuine
(WORCESTERSHIRE)
LEA & PERRINS'
SAUCE

Imports the most delicious taste and most EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GEN. TLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

LEA & PERRINS' is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most useful sauce that is made.

Beware of Imitations;
see that you get Lea & Perrins'

Signature on every bottle of Original & Genuine.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

I. W. CASE, BANKER.

TRANSACTIONS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Drafts drawn available in any part of the U. S. and Europe, and on Hong Kong, China, Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Odd Fellows Building, Astoria, Oregon.

I. W. CASE, INSURANCE AGENT.

REPRESENTING

German-American, New York City, N. Y.
Union Fire and Marine Ins. Co. of Hartford.
National Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford.
Connecticut Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford.
Home Mutual Ins. Co. of San Francisco.
Phoenix, of London. Imperial, of London.
New York Plate Glass Ins. Co.

THE ASTORIA NATIONAL BANK

DOES A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Accounts of Firms and Individuals collected on Favorable Terms.
Interest paid on Time Deposits. Money Loaned on Personal Security.
Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold.

D. K. Warren, President.
J. E. Higley, Cashier.
J. C. Denison, Vice President.
P. N. Warren, C. S. Wright, John Hansen, H. C. Thompson, Theo Bracker, Directors.

THE ASTORIA SAVINGS BANK

Acts as trustee for corporations and individuals. Deposits solicited. Interest will be allowed on savings deposits as follows:
On ordinary savings books 4 per cent. per annum.
On term savings books 6 per cent. per annum.
On certificates of deposit:
For three months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For six months, 5 per cent. per annum.
For twelve months, 6 per cent. per annum.

I. W. CASE, President.
J. Q. A. BOWLEY, Vice-President.
FRANK DEKUM, Cashier.
W. E. DEMENT, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

I. W. Case, J. Q. A. Bowley, Gust Holmes, C. H. Page, Benj. Young, A. S. Reed, F. J. Taylor.

THE PORTLAND SAVINGS BANK

OF PORTLAND, OREGON. \$200,000
Paid up capital \$100,000
Surplus and profits \$100,000

FRANK DEKUM, President.
D. P. THOMPSON, Vice-President.
H. C. STRATTON, Cashier.

J. B. WYATT

Dealer in

Hardware and Ship Chandlery.
Pure Oil, Bright Varnish, Blaine Oil, Cotton Canvas, Hemp Sail Tackle, Lead Oil, Wrought Iron, Spikes, Galvanized Cut Nails.

Groceries, Etc.
Agricultural Implements, Sewing Machines, Paints and Oils.

THE GEARY LAW CONSTITUTIONAL

Powers of the Government Were Not Transcended.

EXCITEMENT IN SAN FRANCISCO

Prophecy that Action Will Be Deferred Until the Convening of Congress—Attorney Mowry Speaks.

Associated Press.

Washington, May 15.—The supreme court today, through Justice Gray, sustained the decision of the New York courts in favor of the constitutionality of the Geary Chinese exclusion act. Justice Brewer dissented.

Justice Gray, in announcing the judgment of the court, said the power of this nation to restrict or prohibit the immigration of aliens into this country, or to require such aliens already in the country to remove therefrom, was a well settled principle of international law, confirmed by an unbroken line of decisions in this court. The legislative power of the government had not transcended any of its constitutional limitations in the act under consideration.

Mr. May, counselor to the Chinese legation said that the contest against the law would doubtless be transferred to congress when it meets in the fall. Under present conditions it will be impossible for the officials to execute the law literally because there is practically no money to carry its provisions into effect. Mr. May called attention to the fact that when an effort was made to secure the insertion of an item of half a million dollars in the appropriation bill for the purpose of enabling the executive authorities to carry out the provisions of the law, Holman antagonized and defeated it in consequence. When congress appropriated only \$50,000, the sum heretofore annually provided with which to deport Chinese, who might unlawfully secure entrance into the United States and be detected, it was an unfortunate and deplorable condition of affairs, he said, which threatened the existence of the peaceful and peaceable relations of China and the United States and left hundreds of natives of each country in the interior of the other practically hostages for the other.

In his dissenting opinion the chief justice denied the soundness of the proposition. The cases before the court were such as the political department of the government could alone deal with. It was, in his view, a judicial question, and however reluctant the court may be to pass upon the constitutionality of a legislative act, it was the very essence of judicial duty to do so when discovered that they were properly imposed upon it. He entertained no doubt that the provisions of the Fifth and Fourteenth amendments were universal in their application, while the general government was invested as far as foreign countries were concerned with all the powers necessary to the maintenance of its absolute independence and security. The act before the court was not an act to abrogate or repeal a treaty, nor to expel Chinamen lawfully here, and no such intention can be imputed to congress. Its object was to prescribe a method of registration and deportation. He denounced the prescribed punishment. It was, in his view, an unusual punishment and not authorized by the constitution.

Justice Brewer dissented on the ground that if upheld there was no guarantee that similar treatment might not be accorded other classes of our population. Justice Field also read a dissenting opinion. Chief Justice Fuller also dissented from the opinion of the court. After the court had concluded the announcement of the opinion, the counsel for the Chinese moved for a rehearing and argument before the full bench at the next term. At present the court stands five to three in support of the law. Justice Harlan being absent, the court took the motion under advisement, the effect of which is to postpone proceedings under the judgment announced today.

NO ORDERS GIVEN YET.

The Treasury Officers Expect Instructions, Shortly.

Washington, May 15.—No orders were issued at the treasury department at the close of business today as to deporting Chinese under the Geary act. The instructions under which collectors of internal revenue and United States marshals are now operating, direct them to make no arrests of unregistered Chinese until further orders. These orders may be given tomorrow for a longer period. Secretary Carlisle soon after he heard of the decision of the supreme court went to the executive mansion and had a conference with the president on the subject. Attorney General Olney said that until the time of action to be pursued by

our government was mapped out, he could say nothing of the subject except that the department of justice had no money available for deporting Chinese. A conservative estimate places the amount necessary to deport unregistered Chinese at \$6,000,000, with only \$16,800 available for the purpose. Intimations are heard that congress may be convened to consider the matter. A suggested is made in official circles here that Chinese unregistered may now go to the ports and ask to be registered and remain in this country. In any view of the case the treasury officers expect to experience great difficulty in carrying out the mandate of the law that the Chinese must go. They look to the cabinet to solve the problem at its meeting tomorrow. At the Chinese legation the Chinese minister courteously declined to express any opinion upon the decision of the court or give any intimation as to the course his government might deem proper to adopt under the circumstances. He especially declined to say anything upon the alleged retaliatory policy of ordering the expulsion of Americans in China, referred to in a San Francisco dispatch this morning.

CELEBRATING IN SANTA ROSA.

Rejoicing Over the Result of the Chinese Test Cases.

Santa Rosa, May 15.—The citizens of Santa Rosa are holding a celebration tonight in honor of the supreme court decision sustaining the constitutionality of the Geary Chinese law. Huge bon fires are blazing in the streets, fireworks illuminate the heavens and cannons are being fired to express the approval of the people at the result of the test case. Congressman Geary, interviewed by an Associated Press representative, said that he did not think it would cost a very great sum of money to enforce the law, and that it was unreasonable to think that the government would have to be deferred from executing the law because of the expense to be incurred in so doing. He said that owing to the time required in deciding the sample case and the belief that Chinamen can be deported for about \$15 per head, that the \$50,000 left in the treasury for that purpose will be sufficient to meet the expense until congress meets. He also stated that, in his opinion, when the Chinese saw that the government meant to enforce the law they would voluntarily leave for Cuba, Brazil and other places rather than remain here and incur the risk and trouble of being sent back to China. He thinks the Highlanders and other criminals will be the first to be tried under the act. The congressman said the Chinese had nobody to blame but themselves for not complying with the law, and that any hardship resulting is the just penalty for it.

CLING QUANG'S VIEWS.

San Francisco, May 15.—News that the supreme court had sustained the constitutionality of the Chinese exclusion act created great excitement among the Celestials in Chinatown. Cling Quang, the Chinese vice consul, was seen by a representative of the Associated Press, to whom he said:

"I have little to say as to how the decision of the supreme court will be taken by the Chinese in the United States. I don't think the provisions of the law will be carried out right away, as this necessitates great expense for which no appropriation has been made. It would be a great blow to business in Chinatown."

As to what the Chinese government may do in the matter, I have still less to say. The treaty between China and the United States has been broken by the government at Washington and is no longer a contract. The treaty will not have any effect upon the Chinese government in what they may see fit to do regarding Americans in China.

ATTORNEY MOWRY SPEAKS.

San Francisco, May 15.—Lyman Mowry, attorney for the Chinese Six Companies here, was seen. He says he predicted that the Geary law would be found constitutional, and it will cost ten million dollars to deport the Chinese, and I think no immediate action will be taken. The president will probably defer acting on the matter until congress convenes, when the law will doubtless be repealed.

A PORTLAND OPINION.

Portland, Or., May 15.—The news that the supreme court has held the Chinese exclusion law to be constitutional caused a slight flutter in Chinatown. Leading Chinese merchants were not disposed to talk about the matter. They preferred to wait till they heard from the Chinese Six Companies in San Francisco. Seid Back, a leading merchant of this city said:

"I don't know what the outcome will be. I think, however, that if the law is enforced by the United States that all Americans will be deported from China. Colonel Weidner collector of internal revenue had not heard of the decision when the reporter showed him the press dispatch. He said: 'We have had no intimation whatever of any trouble, no matter how the case was decided.'"

THE BROOKLYN HANDICAP RUN

The Famous Son of Bolus Wins a Grand Race.

THEY HAVE A DRIVING FINISH

The Story of How a Long-Shot Surprised the Talent—Lampighter Fairly Outran.

Associated Press.

New York, May 15.—Amidst a deep and oppressive silence Diablo, the aged son of Bolus and Grace Darling, won the rich Brooklyn handicap at Gravesend this afternoon in the presence of 30,000 people. Lampighter, the favorite, who went to the post carrying a ton of money, was second and Leonaweel, third. The winner's time was 2:09. Diablo was regarded as being of the first flight in his 2 and 3-year-old form, but after his third year his legs became shaky. Since then he has been regarded simply as a high class selling plater, liable to break down permanently in any race. His wonderful improvement in form today was therefore was stunning in its effect. The Brooklyn handicap run today was the seventh in the history of the event, and was guaranteed to be worth \$25,000. Of this the winner gets \$18,000, the second \$5,000, and the third, \$2,000. The day was bright and fair. The betting ring presented, before the handicap was run, a wild and boisterous scene, and the jam was perfectly awful. It was just one minute past four when the horses were summoned from the paddock. They were all warmly received, but Lampighter had a regular ovation, showing where the hopes and dollars were. At the close of the betting Diablo was going at 30 to 1. The horses got the flag to almost a perfect start. Terrifier immediately shot to the front and set a clinking pace past the stand and into the back stretch. The race all through the back stretch was an exceedingly pretty one all the horses running well together and within striking distance of the leader. A desperate and highly exciting drive ensued, the horses running almost head and heel through the stretch. Less than a quarter of a furlong from the wire Diablo began to draw out, and soon getting clear of the others, won a grand race by a length and a half. A floral horseshoe was placed about the neck of the winning horse, but scarcely a ripple of applause greeted these ceremonies. As good as sixty to one could be obtained on Diablo's chances in the early betting, so little were his prospects of winning the race considered. A straight mutual on him, of which only twelve were paid \$212.50. One hundred and seven bookmakers did business in the betting ring.

FROM OUR SISTER STATE.

Payment of a Soldier's Equipment Expense Claim—Other Matters.

Olympia, Wash., May 15.—State Treasurer Bowen has received from the United States treasury, \$4,268.16, a portion of the refunded tax against this territory for its portion of the expense incurred in equipping soldiers during the civil war.

Insurance Commissioner J. H. Price has revoked the authority to do business in this state of the Indiana Fire Insurance Company, and the Veron Insurance and Trust Company, both of Indianapolis, Indiana, and the New Zealand Insurance Company of Auckland, New Zealand. The first two companies were revoked because they were not doing business under their own name, and the New Zealand company failed to comply with the law requiring a deposit of \$200,000 in this country. The Indiana Underwriters Insurance Company of Indianapolis, has been warned against a continuance of business in this state for the reason that it has not complied with the general insurance law.

A BLOODY FIGHT AT A DANCE.

Brazil, Ind., May 15.—News of a bloody fight in the little mining town of Benwood, in this county, reached here today. Benwood and Cardonia are rival mining towns and often have bloody wars over arguments of supremacy. Saturday night a dance was given at Benwood and a crowd of twenty-five went from Cardonia with the avowed intention of making trouble. A fight ensued in which about sixty persons participated. The women were routed and for hours the air was filled with chairs, revolvers and knives. When the smoke cleared away it was found that no less than thirty persons were cut and bruised, some very seriously, and had to be carried from the field. The officers of the law were unable to suppress or even check the riot and further hostilities are looked for.

VISIT BY ROYALTY EXPECTED.

Chicago, May 15.—The third week of the World's Fair opened under much

more favorable circumstances than the first. At 10 o'clock it was estimated that from 12,000 to 15,000 had been admitted. It was said this morning that the crown prince of Austria and suite were expected to visit the fair in October. He is now on a trip around the world, and expects to reach San Francisco in September.

BRITISH BANKS SUSPEND.

London Stocks Feverish—Disaster in the Antipodes.

London, May 15.—The stock exchange is nervously excited. Everybody is selling. So far only two small brokers have failed, but several large houses are said to be involved. Private cables announce the suspension of the commercial banking company of Sydney, N. S. W., one of the oldest banking concerns in the Antipodes, with a capital of 600,000 pounds with a reserve of 40,000 pounds. This uneasiness on the stock exchange is increasing.

Brisbane, May 15.—The bank of North Queensland and the Queensland National Bank have suspended. The deposits in the latter at the last report were \$5,000,000 pounds. Its subscription capital of 16,000,000 pounds is half paid up, and has, it is claimed, a reserve of half a million pounds.

IMPORTANT RULING AFFIRMED.

Washington, May 15.—The supreme court of the United States today affirmed a previous ruling as laid down in Langfield, in what is popularly known as the "Hat Trimmings" case. It is estimated that the treasury department that by the loss of the "Hat Trimmings" case, New York state will be called upon to refund from \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000. Some estimates place it as high as \$30,000,000. Secretary Foster's estimate was \$25,000,000. He offered to compromise the case for \$3,000,000, but the compromise was not effected. During the past three years, \$2,000,000 duty in these cases has been refunded.

PENNOYER HEARD FROM.

Salem, Or., May 15.—Governor Pennoyer referring to recent newspaper articles, said to a Statesman reporter today:

"You may say for me that my purpose announced two years ago, not to be a candidate for the United States senate upon the expiration of my present term of office, is still rigidly adhered to."

SCARCELY AFFECTED.

Tacoma, Wash., May 15.—There is but little interest taken here in the supreme court's decision regarding the Geary law, owing to the fact that there are but five Chinese residents in Tacoma. The Chinese think that another opportunity to register should be given their countrymen, for they say many refrained from registering, thinking the Geary act would be declared unconstitutional.

RUN ON A BANK.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 15.—The run on the Farmer's and Mechanic's Savings bank began this morning, chiefly by small depositors. It is considered one of the strongest banks in the state. There are no fears for its safety.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 15.—The Farmer's and Merchant's state bank has suspended. Its statement shows the capital to be \$60,000 with a surplus of \$70,000. The suspension causes no surprise, as it has been looked on as weak for some time. It should be noted that this is not the Farmers' and Mechanics' Savings bank.

COMPANION FOR BABY RUTH.

Washington, May 15.—President and Mrs. Cleveland have moved out to their country house. The Star says the members of the family are looking forward to an interesting event, to occur, it is stated, in July. The expected event explains why Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland have been somewhat anxious to get into their own country home for the summer.

BRUTAL MURDERER LYNCHED.

Bedford, Ind., May 15.—Early this morning a masked mob appeared before the jail and took John Terrill from his cell and hanged him to a tree in the court house yard. Terrill's crime was the brutal murder of Conductor F. L. Prince, of the Ohio and Mississippi road, as the result of a quarrel over the payment of his fare by Terrill.

TEN MEN DESTROYED.

Calumet, Mich., May 15.—The bodies of ten men killed by falling down a shaft in the Calumet and Hecla mine yesterday were brought to the surface in sacks, late last night, a mass of broken bones and bruised flesh. The fragments were arranged as nearly as possible, each individual's together. The funeral will be tomorrow.

FATAL GAS EXPLOSION.

Lincoln, Ill., May 15.—Last night a gas explosion occurred in the citizens' coal shaft. The following are undoubtedly killed: Joseph Page, night boss; Henry Wilmet, Mike Gleason, Dan Waylon, Steve Stuckel and Pat McNulty, miners.