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The Daily Morning Astorian.

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THE CZAR ENRAGED

At the Conduct and Deception of His Diplomats.

ANOTHER MYSTERY IN LONDON.

Special by The United Press.

St Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The danger of serious trouble in the east of Europe, seems to be somewhat increased by recent occurrences in Constantinople, and the action of England in persuading the sultan to grant berettas of investitur to the Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia.

The czar is astonished and greatly excited over the porte's defiance of the St. Petersburg government, and its utter disregard of Russia's protest against this course. Advices which were received here from M. Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador at Constantinople, led the czar to believe that the sultan would submit to his admonitions. The czar, however, visits all the blame of the sultan's cavalier treatment of himself, upon his diplomatic representative, M. Nilidoff, who left Stamboul for Sebastopol last night.

He goes away ostensibly on a holiday, but it is well understood here that he really is under the ban of the Czar, who has lost all confidence in him. The Czar has openly in the court circle, complained of what he calls Nelidoff's deception and he added with every show of rage and distrust, "I cannot rely on a single one of my diplomats. They all lie, they always promise but never fulfill their promises."

The absence of the Russian envoy from Stamboul at this time, implies that there will be considerable delay in the action of Russia in this peculiar crisis so that no immediate complications are to be looked for.

WITHOUT FOOD.

A Frenchman Fasts for Six Weeks.

Special to The Astorian.]

London, Aug. 3.—Jacques Alexandre, the fasting Frenchman, completed his sixth week of abstinence from food at the aquarium to day, beating Suicci's record by two days.

A representative of the Russian government offered Jacques a check of £5,000 to divulge the secret of his power to sustain life without food.

LIVED ON WATER.

Without Food for 43 Days, and Then Died.

Special to The Astorian.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 3.—Mrs. Rodigo Vallineas is dead, having fasted 43 days. She was taken sick on January last and medical men said it was a case of dyspepsia. She kept growing and for the last 43 days has refused every particle of food. The only thing she could retain on her stomach was water, of which she would drink a couple of gallons.

The Electric Headlight.

Last week the electric headlight was submitted to another test on the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railroad near Columbus, Ohio, and proved thoroughly successful and satisfactory. A party of reporters were taken out of Columbus on a special train to observe the approach of the electric headlight, which was placed on engine 57. One of them gives the following description:

"The light was clearly and distinctly seen five miles away, and its reflection a long distance beyond. Long before the slightest sound of the approaching train was audible, a newspaper could be read with perfect ease, and as the glaring-eyed monster whirled past, a flood of light enveloped the little group that fairly dazzled with its brilliancy.

"On the return trip the various scribes took 'turn and turn about' in riding upon the engine. Here it was that the incalculable value of the light was realized. The track stretched away before the whirring train, revealed and visible almost as in the mid-day sun. A closely focused pencil of light pierced out into the darkness and seemed to penetrate the wall of night.

"Objects were clearly distinguishable along the track for from 3,000 to 5,000 feet, ample time being afforded to stop the train, even when running at utmost speed, thus precluding the necessity of inestimable loss of life and property. It is the intention of the management, Mr. Rockwell states, to equip each passenger engine with a similar light, if the experiment proves a success, as it certainly seemed to do.

"The lamp is an arc light of some 17 volts intensity. Its working and merits were kindly and carefully explained to the unscientific 'pencils' by W. H. Miller, the new master mechanic of the road who was of the party.

"The light is placed in the regulation frame, with a dynamo immediately behind it operated by an independent piston drawing its steam direct from the main boiler, thus rendering the light independent of the motion of the train.

A FATAL ROMANCE.

A Mysterious Murder or Suicide.

Special to The Astorian.]

London, England, Aug. 3.—This week winds up with a tragic poisoning case, which possesses every element of mystery and romance. Whether it is murder or double suicide London does not know, and so far the police refuse to divulge any facts in their possession. What is known is the result of the individual efforts of the reporters.

Dr. Knowlson Townsend, living in Lewisham high road, and Mrs. Townsend, were booked as passengers on the *Ludgate Hill*, which sailed from the Thames to-day for New York. Townsend sold his practice here and was going to Virginia to join his brother.

In order to be near the vessel, and get his baggage aboard early, they took rooms in Park Road near the docks. Last night Townsend left his wife in the rooms, to send the baggage away, while he went to the vessel to receive it.

Less than one hour after he left, two men drove up to the house in a cart. One was a car man the other was a friend who had come to assist. They were admitted and proceeded to the bed room. On entering the room, the carman noticed Mrs. Townsend lying on the bed fully dressed, and apparently asleep, and a man in an insensible condition half way under the foot of the bed.

One of the men called attention to the peculiar color of the man's skin, then felt his pulse, which was still, and expressed the opinion that he was dead. An attempt was then made to arouse Mrs. Townsend, but it was unsuccessful. There were no marks of violence and no indications of a struggle.

Inquiry revealed the fact that soon after the husband left, Mrs. Townsend was visited by Wm. De La Motte, a Frenchman, who was a friend of her husband, at their house. He was always treated more as a brother than a friend, and though always an ardent admirer of Mrs. Townsend, there is no insinuation of anything improper in their relations.

Judging from the glasses in the room, Mrs. Townsend and DeLaMotte took a drink together, previously sending the three children from the room. A few minutes later, one of the children went back and saw his mother unconscious on the bed, while DeLa Motte was sitting on the floor, leaning against a box, gasping for breath.

The child does not appear to have taken much notice of what he saw, for no alarm was given till the carman came, when the dead bodies were discovered. Physicians were called, who said that death was due to poison, probably prussic acid. The police at once took possession of the rooms and declined to make public any thing they knew, if they really do know any thing which might clear the mystery.

Public opinion is divided between the theory that the couple decided to die together and drank poison in their whisky, and the theory that De La Motte gave the woman poison and then took it himself. Both theories are supported by mere gossip.

Alaska's Food Supply.

Alaska is most prolific in food supplies. In winter the natural food supply of the natives is herring oil, venison tallow, halibut, dried salmon and dried seaweed. A plug of seaweed resembles a large plug of tobacco. It is a wholesome food, and is eaten either raw or stewed. Only one or two kinds of food are used at a meal. Natives are not accustomed to baking bread, and little bread is used. Pilot bread, purchased at the stores, takes its place. Spring-time is the season of fish eggs, an abundance of which is dried for winter use. June is the time for edible greens from the woods. Bushels of cranberries and salmon berries are gathered in the summer and the fall. A variety of wild berries grow in wild profusion. Indications are that there will be a bountiful supply of salmon this season.—*Sitka Alaskan.*

Self Praise.

Self praise is no recommendation, but there are times when one must permit a person to tell the truth about himself. When what he says is supported by the testimony of others no reasonable man will doub his word. Now, to say that Allcock's Porous Plasters are the only genuine and reliable porous plasters made is not self praise in the slightest degree. They have stood the test for over thirty years, and in proof of their merits it is only necessary to call atention to the cures they have effected and to the voluntary testimonials of those who have used them.

Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentation. Ask for Allcock's, and let no solicitation or explanation induce you to accept a substitute.

Allcock's Corn and Bunion Shields effect quick and certain relief.

Nearly one thousand heads of families in the province of Quebec alone have made application for the state bounty of 100 acres of land voted to Canadians who are the fathers of twelve children or more.

The youngest passenger who has yet crossed the ocean alone is Louis Quinlan, a 16-months-old boy who arrived in New York on Wednesday week on the State line steamer *State of Nebraska*, from Glasgow.

GUATEMALA NEWS.

Complete Account of the Situation and Revolution.

TROOPS UNPAID AND STARVING.

Special by The United Press.

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 3.—The following advices have been received from Guatemala, under date of August 1st:

In the present circumstances, it is impossible to transmit information regarding this republic. The only foreign telegraphic communication is that of Dias D. Barrilla & Bros., who refused to transmit, nor will the government allow any news to pass. This news goes through the City of Mexico, to be forwarded from there.

Guatemala's situation at present is somewhat difficult to state. The revolution is increasing in different points of the republic. Gen. Arevalo is issuing orders from Chiquemalta, on the eastern state, and Gen. Barrundea from the department of the west. Salvadorian troops are advancing towards the capital in two different directions from the frontier, obtaining victory after victory.

The Guatemalan troops are almost dead with hunger and are fighting from necessity. For the last fortnight there has not been a cent in the Guatemalan national treasury, and all payment is suspended. The capital is declared in a state of siege and individual security is suspended. Surrounded as president Barrellas is, by people who know nothing but to flatter him, his ruin is imminent.

Gen. Mendiszbal, minister of war, personally commands the troops at the capital, whence orders are issued to the headquarters, the location of which is unknown. No news from the interior is known here. The active army consists of between 20,000 and 25,000 men and is rapidly diminishing, on account of losses by fighting, and desertions caused by hunger and suffering.

The minister of foreign affairs, Martinez Sobral, has notified Fernando Cruz, the Guatemalan minister to the United States, at present in Europe, to proceed to Washington and confer with secretary Blaine, and ask the assistance and protection of the United States.

Minister of finance Salazar finds it impossible to issue funds on the loan from the bankers of Paris, as they have refused to advance money on account of the present trouble with Salvador. Senor Cottie, the agent for the bankers, left London a few days ago and is now in New York, and will arrive here by the Pacific Mail by the middle of August. If the Barrillas government then exists, it is proposed to make a last effort to obtain a loan to pay the immediate expenses of war, from the time when Salvador was governed by Dr. Zaldivar until the memorable 22nd of June, when Menendez died.

Salvador had been under the yoke of Guatemala. Barrillas was receiving from Salvador a tribute of $50,000 per year for the presidency, which Barrias had given him. Barrillas had been receiving the same sum from Menendez until the latter's death. It appears now that Salvador will rid herself of this yoke. The Salvadorian troops fight well, and if admission is gained to the capital, many bloody scenes will be enacted as they are seeking revenge.

General Rivas was shot as a traitor on Thursday by order of Ezeta, who is in Honduras at the head of his troops. The president of Honduras, General Bogran, is at Tegucgalpa, the capital of that republic. His cowardly character, it is thought, will cause him to flee to escape Ezeta and the fate of Rivas.

Dr. Ayora, constitutional president, so called, of Salvador, will probably resign this office which he received from Barrillas, as he he has enlisted himself with Fabra Moran in the cause of Barrillos.

Guatemalan families are generally alarmed, since Barrillas has given proof of cruelty with Barrias, who in times past shot young men of distinguished families, like Arzee and others.

Barrillas made a great mistake in treating discourteously the Mexican consul, Diaz de Bonilla, who has been ordered to leave. The Mexican government has protested against this insult and Bonilla still remains in his office.

In fifteen days the end will be known of president Barrillas, who recently sent a representative to the pan-American congress at Washington, to agree to an arbitration law, for the settlement of the international difficulties.

A Physician's Opinion.

Dr. A. M. Spaulding of Grand Rapids, Mich., says: "I prescribe Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup in my practice, and unhesitatingly recommend it. It operates upon the liver, kidneys and bowels, destroying the poison in the blood and tissues. It is a *grand tonic and appetizer*, and for a diseased stomach or dyspepsia, has no equal." For sale by J. W. Conn.

A survey is being made for a direct railroad line from Norfolk, Va., to Charlestown, S. C.

CHICANERY IN GUATEMALA.

United States Official Correspondence Suppressed.

Special to The Astorian.]

City of Mexico, Aug. 3.—United States minister Ryan is still in the dark regarding the affairs of Central America from an official standpoint, as he has had no communication with minister Mizner, resident in Guatemala. Those who are familiar with the situation here, say the United States government should at once send an agent from the legation here to Guatemala via Acapulco. This would be a quick trip, consuming only nine days.

As the matters now stand there is apparent chicanery going on with the United States official correspondence, as there are many things that Guatemala desires to keep in the dark. United States agents once in Guatemala should open connection with United States men-of-war, and direct communication with the United States, by transferring official despatches by water from San Jose de Guatemala to Acajutha in Salvador, thence by federal wire along the coast to Libertad, or by cable to Washington.

IMPORTANT AFFIRMATIONS

Regarding Preemption Land Claims in Washington,

BY SECRETARY OF INTERIOR.

Special by The United Press.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The secretary of the interior has affirmed two decisions of the commissioner of the agricultural land office. One case was the case of John R. Tenny vs. Chas. A. Johnson and Alexander R. Zealande. The plaintiff had appealed because his application to make entry for a tract of land in the Olympia (Wash.) land district had been rejected.

The secretary said he was satisfied that both Johnson and Zealande acted in good faith in the matter of their preemption claims, and after a careful examination of the record he could find no sufficient reason for disturbing the conclusion reached by both the commissioner and the local land officers.

The second case was that of the Northern Pacific Railroad company vs. Jas. Stuart, involving a preemption cash entry for land in the North Yakima (Wash.) land district. The decision of the general land commissioner, holding that the tract was subject to entry by Stuart, was affirmed.

THE COMING CATACLYSM.

A Prediction of Terrible Things to Happen to This Continent.

The *Arena* for August contains an article of 20 pages by professor Joseph Rhodes Buchanan on "The Coming Cataclysm of America and Europe," in which he predicts terrible things that are to happen to this continent. While coming European catastrophes are dismissed in a few sentences, universal ruin is to fall upon this country, according to the professor.

He starts out by endeavoring to show that just now everything financial and political is in a bad state and that "a crash utterly unexampled is coming." In his own prophetic power he scarcely has a shadow of doubt, and so he boldly declares that the Republican party will be hurled from power. The Democratic administration will then come in and that, too, will fail to give satisfaction and it will be succeeded by what may be called the labor party.

This, however, will not serve the purpose of destroying the element of discontent, and he goes on to say that "nineteen years hence war, or quasi war will appear in this country, and the convulsion will not be arrested until 1916. Six years prior to that date will be by far the most calamitous that America has ever known."

The war is between labor and capitol, intermingled with a religious element, and at that time the church as a power will be thoroughly shattered and the "old Bible" will be relegated to the shelf. "The twentieth century," he says, "will witness the expiring struggle of Biblical Christianity, and the twenty-first the existence of a religion in which all that was good in the past will survive." Large regions of America will become barren and the Mississippi will become a scourge as terrible as the Yang-Tse-Kiang has become to China.

"Terrible cyclones" and "strange seasons" are among the calamities when the warmth of summer shall fail and the bounties of agriculture be denied us. The professor insists on dealing out specialties such as the destruction of the Atlantic seaboard from New England to New Jersey, convulsions on the Pacific coast and rumblings right, left and center, with tidal waves ad lib. thrown in.

The assessed valuation of real estate in Brooklyn this year, for purposes of taxation, is $431,027,444, an increase of $23,874,300 over last year.

A GOLD MINING CRAZE.

Port Angeles Property Staked Out in Mining Claims.

EVERYBODY TRYING TO GET IN.

Special By The United Press.

Seattle, Aug. 3.—The *Journal's* special from Port Angeles, says an excited movement, worse yet than the Oklahoma fever of a few weeks since, has struck Port Angeles. This time it is a gold mining craze. For a long time it has been known that there are very rich deposits of gold and silver in the Olympic hills immediately back of town which never have been developed. Of late numerous placer finds have been made in the streams running down from the mountains through the townsite reserve and experienced prospectors have pronounced it pay dirt. In view of this state of facts the arrival of a large mining party from Tacoma on Saturday which proceeded to stake out and file on large tracts of the government reserve under the general mining laws, very naturally precipitated a general stampede for mining claims. The land is being taken in mining districts of twenty acre tracts. Eight persons clubbing together and taking a quarter section. In some places a clash is imminent between the miners and the former squatters and in the meantime there is much interest and excitement as to the outcome. In many instances truly remarkable finds of color have been made, this fact being vouched for by many of our best citizens.

COMPETING STEAMERS.

The Canadian Pacific Line in San Francisco.

Special to The Astorian.]

San Francisco, Aug. 3.—The steamship *Abyssinia*, of the Canadian Pacific Steamship Co., is now on her way from Hong Kong to this port. The company will establish its new headquarters on the Oceanic dock. In conversation with an official of the Pacific Mail Co. yesterday, it was learned that the threatened event of the formidable competitor did not in the least worry the company. He said:

"We understand the Canadian Pacific people are taking this step, so as to reply to our advance to what they term their territory. It is known that they intend to make a cut into the passenger and freight rates, but that will not disconcert us, for we will of course have to underbid their rates, no matter what they may be. Meanwhile it is quite natural to suppose that the shippers and the commercial public generally, will receive the benefit of the competition, temporarily at least."

W. R. A. Johnson, general agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., was seen yesterday, in connection with the statements made by consul-general Barz, concerning the attitude of the company toward the Guatemalan government.

Mr. Johnson said: "Consul Barry, among other things, states that the Pacific Mail Company receives from Guatemala a subsidy of $20,000 yearly. While I am not prepared to deny this officially, I certainly can say that no such subsidy is received to my knowledge, and I am fairly acquainted with the leading items of the company's business."

Johnson said in conclusion that he did not believe that the seizure of arms on the *Colima*, had been made with the knowledge, much less the consent of the company's agent, as stated by consul Barry, and he thought that the demand for indemnity for the seizure would be pushed by the company.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

Badly Damaged by Rains and Washouts.

Special to The Astorian.]

Phoenix, A. T., Aug. 3.—Heavy rains fell at Casa Grande and vicinity last night, and demolished the telegraph wires and completely inundated the Southern Pacific for one mile near Picacho, and washed the road away for some distance. Construction trains were at the break early this morning from Tucson and Gila Bend, and the work of repairing the damage is being pushed with all haste. The east bound train is held at Casa Grande, while the west bound is at Tucson. It is thought that trains will be able to pass in the morning.

HOUSE BURNED.

A Woman Perished in the Flames.

Special to The Astorian.]

Tulare, Cal., Aug. 3.—At 6 o'clock last night a fire destroyed a dwelling house in west Tulare, owned by Oscar Evans, and occupied by two ladies, one of whom was in Fresno, and the other it is feared, was burned. A woman was seen to enter the house and light a lamp. A few minutes later the house was in flames and the woman could not be found. The cause of the fire is supposed to be the explosion of a lamp. The loss and insurance is unknown.

SIGNALING AT SEA.

An Electric Device Which May Prove Valuable.

An apparatus for signaling in which electricity plays a prominent part is about to be introduced, and for marine signaling and night operations it gives every assurance of being able to do more than any other apparatus now in use, says the New York *Times*. It consists of a hollow iron pole, from the right and left hand sides of which project horizontally four oblong metal frames. Each of these contain two shutters, which in their normal position are horizontal, and which are mounted on axes so that they may be revolved. One side of each pair of shutters is painted vertically with red and white stripes, while the other side forms a white diamond on a dark ground. At the inner end of each shutter is fixed a recessed pulley over which passes a chain which, on being pulled, grips the pulley and causes the shutter to revolve. Only four working chains are required, the lower pulley of each frame being operated by a subsidiary chain suspended from its corresponding operating chain. The working chains are carried to the bottom of the iron mast, where they are joined to wire ropes extending to the deck of the vessel or any other desired part thereof.

The shutters represent the alphabet and also certain signals. Thus, on causing any shutter or combination of shutters to be exposed by pulling any one or more chains, any letter or words may be flashed. The four wire ropes are secured to horizontal levers, so that by depressing or raising any one lever any message may be signaled. The operator has only in front of him the four levers and a card upon which the signal code is printed.

Signals may be transmitted with this apparatus with great rapidity and it does not require an expert to work it. The electrical part of the apparatus comprises four electric lamps, fixed at the four corners of the frames and is only used for night signaling in conjunction with the same code. The four lamps are backed by colored reflectors, and are connected with a battery or dynamo, as the case may be, through make and break switches. Thus, on depressing any switch, its corresponding lamp is placed in the circuit and lighted, and on releasing the switch the light is extinguished. By this means any signal may be flashed. A fifth electric light is also fixed on the apparatus, and is used purely for lighting purposes.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

Frank C. Ross Believes It Will Build to Puget Sound.

Frank C. Ross, who has just returned from a two week's trip to Shoalwater bay and the Gray's Harbor country thinks he saw while away evidences that the Southern Pacific railroad company will extend its line northward to Puget sound.

"While near Shoalwater bay," said Mr. Ross this afternoon, "I ran across a party of Southern Pacific surveyors who were running lines northward. Huntington has made Astoria a proposition, and if he extends his line there, it is my opinion that he will continue it on this side of the river, skirting Shoalwater bay and Gray's harbor, and thence running it to Tacoma.

"The Southern Pacific cannot afford to stay out of the Puget sound country much longer. The fruit business from California is a big item of its business, the California product being marketable long before the fruit raised here. The Southern Pacific controls this business, and in order to make the most of it will be compelled to build to Puget sound. I understand that president Huntington and other Southern Pacific officials will be up here next week."—*Tacoma News.*

The success of the work of opening the channel and deepening the harbor of Greytown, Nicaragua, by natural forces set in motion by the construction of the new pier, has been demonstrated.

New York's water supply is graphically described as a stream equal to a river fifty feet wide, ten feet deep and flowing six miles an hour, pure and cool, out of the hills.

According to a recent census the population of Montreal is estimated at 277,000.

A force of men at Johnstown is still engaged in searching for the dead.

The "season" in London closed with more than the customary blaze of fashionable glory.

Notice.

GOD'S BLESSING TO HUMANITY —So Says an Oregon Pioneer Ninety Years Old.

Forest Grove, Or., March 19—I have used the OREGON KIDNEY TEA and obtained immediate relief. It is God's blessing to humanity. I take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted. I am now nearly ninety years old, came to Oregon in 1842 in the employ of the Hudson's Bay Company, and since I began using the OREGON KIDNEY TEA I enjoy good health.
DAVID MUNROE.

"ON WITH THE DANCE."

The Coma Indians Determined to Have Their Dance.

A TRAMP RECEIVES TUITION.

Special by The United Press.

Paris, Texas, Aug. 3.—The government authorities and the Coma Indians have been engaged in a controversy at Fort Sill for some time. It has grown out of an effort, on the part of the Indian agent, to prevent the annual sun dance of the tribes. His reason was that it demoralized the Indians and made them hard to control. This seems to be exactly what they want, and they sent to Good Night's ranch, on the Texas Panhandle, for a buffalo, and their cry was "On with the dance."

The agent was relentless and determined to stop it at all hazards, but the Indians declared they would dance or fight. In order to enforce order and prevent trouble, two companies of soldiers were sent to the reservation, and everything is quiet at present, although the Indians are sullen and say they will yet have the dance.

A TRAMP PUNISHED.

The Mob Teach Him a Good Lesson.

Special to The Astorian.]

Racine, Wis., Aug. 3.—Dragged through the streets by a rope about his neck, which threatened to cut off his existence, in the hands of a frenzied mob, Adam Young, of Emmettville, Ind., a professional tramp, had a narrow escape to-day from lynching. The cause of Young's rough treatment was the brutal assault made upon Rev. Father Fessler, of St. Joseph's Catholic church, at the home of the clergyman at noon to-day.

Young went to the door of the priest's home and demanded something to eat. Before Father Fessler could dodge, the tramp, for reasons unknown, struck him on the neck. The priest ran out the back door, with Young in pursuit. The clergyman was overtaken by his assailant, knocked down, pounded in the face and had his nose smashed.

By this time a crowd had congregated, and some one shouted "Hang the brute." A rope was placed around the neck of the tramp, and but for the timely arrival of the police, he would have been dangling in the air from a large tree near by. Young was placed in jail.

A Yosemite Trail.

An important short cut is now being constructed in the Yosemite valley, which will materially lessen the fatigues of visitors to its wondrous scenes. From the floor of the little valley to Cloud's Rest is now a distance of eight and a half miles, but by a new and more direct trail this distance will be reduced to four and a half miles. The great Half Dome, visible from all points of the Yosemite valley, is only overtopped by Cloud's Rest, and it is a matter of pride to the visitor to view the Half Dome from the greater elevation, though such a sight has hitherto been afforded only at the cost of a wearisome journey. The new trail will be completed within thirty days' time.

The total number of visitors to the valley thus far is 2,200 or about 100 less than last year. Before the season closes the list of 1890 will far exceed that of 1889. The severe winter retarded the visiting season this year more than a month, and one of the commissioners stated yesterday that the valley and waterfalls will in August and September be as fine as they usually have been in July of previous years.

Richmond, Va., has 100,000 inhabitants, but no hospital or public dispensary, it is said.

A Tried Remedy for Biliousness.

Those who suffer from disorder or inaction of the liver will never get the upper hand of the unruly organ so long as they use such irrational remedies as blue pills, calomel and podophyllin. But from the tried and popular medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitter's they may expect relief with a certainty of obtaining it. The influence of the Bitters upon the great biliary gland is direct, powerful and speedily felt. The relief afforded is not spasmodic, but complete and permanent. The sallowness of the skin, furred appearance of the tongue, indigestion, costiveness, headache, nausea, pains through the right side and shoulder, in fact every accompaniment of the obstinate complaint are entirely and promptly removed by a course of this inestimable medicine, in behalf of which testimony is constantly emanating from every quarter, and from all classes of society.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN
CURES PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY
RHEUMATISM,
Lumbago, Headache, Toothache,
NEURALGIA,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Frost-bites,
SCIATICA,
Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

CALL AND SEE US.

Seaside Homes! ONLY FIVE MINUTES' WALK FROM THE OCEAN BEACH. Seaside Homes!

HOLLADAY -- PARK.

Blocks 200x200, $300 to $400. Lots 50x100 to 350 feet, $40 to $100.

This Choice Property is now on the market, and is the Finest Summer Resort on the Coast. It joins the Seaside Hotel property on the south, and has one-half of river frontage, on the Necanicum river with fine boating and fishing.

WINGATE & STONE, Astoria, Oregon, AND Austin House, Seaside, Oregon.

CALL AND SEE US.