The Daily Morning Astorian.

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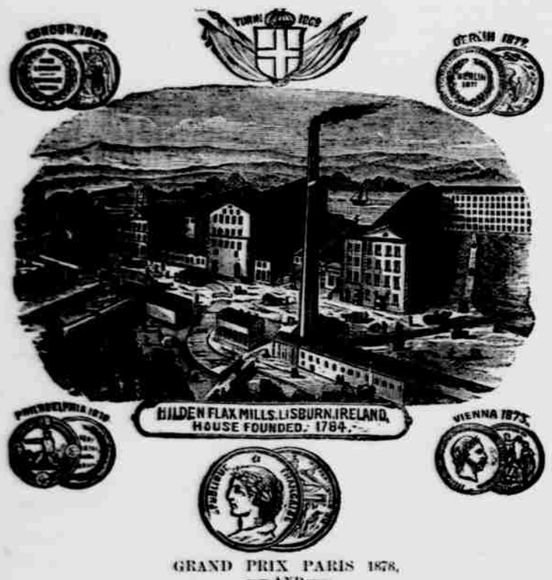

GRAND PRIX PARIS 1878,
—AND—
GRAND CROSS OF THE LEGION D'HONNEUR.
They received the
ONLY GOLD MEDAL
For FLAX THREADS at the
London Fisheries Exhibition 1883.
And have been awarded HIGHER PRIZES at the various
INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITIONS,
Than the goods of any other
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Quality Can Always be Depended on.

Experienced Fishermen Use no Other.

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AGENTS FOR PACIFIC COAST.

WOODBERRY SEINE TWINE, ROPE and NETTING Constantly on Hand. SEINES, POUNDS and TRAPS Furnished to order at Lowest Factory Prices.

WHERE IS FRANKFORT?

The Opening to Navigation of the Great Columbia.

The Success of the Columbia River Jetty. The New Town of Frankfort and Its Harbor, Railroads, etc.

Our populace are now made to rejoice by the realization of long deferred hopes by the prospective opening to navigation of the upper Columbia wherein two empires are unite1 in commerce by a perpetual artery through which will ebb and flow the traffic of a nation and kingdom throughout the annals of endless time, and by the success of the jetty, now that the Columbia river jetty has accomplished its purpose far beyond the most sanguine expectations is a fact beyond contradiction, hence we now proclaim to the whole world that we have the safest and most accessible entrance of any port along the shores of the broad Pacific.

And Frankfort bay, by the extravagance in the good gifts of nature, with tempting modesty invites the commercial fleets of the world to her tranquil haven and harbor of refuge, where the fleets of the great deep may cast the anchor of safety in a perfect landlocked harbor, and come and go without the will of the restless tide or delay by the angry wave.

A glance at the map of the world will show the indelible fact that the Columbia river holds the geographical pre-eminence which will give her the commercial supremacy and importance of the great northwest. This future greatness is fully substantiated by the well known fact that the current of trade winds set a direct course from Japan and China to the mouth of the Columbia river, therefore all vessels from the Orient to our shore, whether for the port of the Columbia river or elsewhere, necessarily sail in this channel to the mouth of the Columbia river, thence with sixteen miles towage the ship is delivered in safe harbor at Frankfort bay, And in the near future when the Great Northern and Frankfort railroad is completed, we not only claim to cheapen rates but gain five days in time over the route through the straits of Juan DeFuca with its 100 miles of towage to Puget sound and northern ports. That we quote facts, and that we hold the commercial supremacy of the Pacific northwest, we submit to the decision of a candid world.

WHERE IS FRANKFORT?

It is situated on Frankfort bay in the southwest corner of the great state of Washington where the mighty Columbia rolls into the sea, and is the coming metropolis of a golden empire. And to-day she stretches forth an inviting hand laden with precious gifts to the thousands who seek to grasp the hand of golden opportunities. Why is Frankfort destined to become a great city? As water will seek its level, as cause and effect are true to natural laws, located as it is, on a magnificent site, the future terminus of a transcontinental railroad system, with a deep and perpetual channel, with a perfectly sheltered harbor, near the mouth of the great Columbia river, the main commercial artery of the Pacific northwest through which will flow the endless resources of an inland empire teeming with the fruits and cereals of a fertile soil and jeweled with a wealth of precious metals, with mountains of iron and extensive fields of coal and exhaustless forests of valuable timber, all of which must find the world's mart by shipment from the port of Frankfort from and by the natural avenues, course and eternal fitness of things, which is the inevitable verdict of time.

How to Keep Your Friends.

A girl I know said: "I'm a great one for making friends." It sounded to me as if she ought to be very happy, but when I had a minute to think, I wondered if she was good at keeping them. Making friends is easy to the girl who is bright and happy, whose society gives pleasure and who is genial. But the keeping of them demands more than this.

If you want to keep a friend don't get too intimate with her.

Have your own thoughts and permit her to have hers.

Do not demand too much of her in the way of confidence.

And do not be aggressive, wanting to know why she hasn't done this and why she doesn't think as you do.

If you think your friend's style of dress is not beautiful don't tell her; you only offend her, because deep in her heart she feels that she knows a great deal more about it than you do.

Do not find fault with your friend's friend and do not expect to be the only one given a corner in her heart.

Be as considerate of her feelings as if she were a stranger, and remember that politeness is an every-day garment, and not one intended only for high days and holidays. To sum it up in one sentence, preserve the courtesy of the beginning if you wish to keep your friendship to the end.—*Ladies' Home Journal.*

A. O. U. W.

Address by E. M. Reading, of California.

If the railroad meeting had not been held last evening there would probably have been a large audience to listen to an address by E. M. Reading, supreme lodge representative from California of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. As it was, there was a fair audience, who listened attentively to the speaker.

On the platform were some of the officers of Seaside lodge, No. 12, of this city, including Dr. Jay Tuttle, past master workman and medical director; George W. McLean, past master workman; George W. Rucker, master workman; S. T. McKean, recorder; and Adolph Johnson, overseer.

The exercises opened with an instrumental trio composed of Miss Pearl Holden, pianist, Prof. A. L. Francis and Will Busey, violinists. This was followed by a piano solo by Mrs. J. K. Osbourne, and a vocal duett, "The Lily and the Rose," by Miss Birdie Winton and Miss Nellie Levings.

George W. Rucker, master workman of the lodge, in an appropriate manner introduced the speaker of the evening, E. M. Reading, of California.

He gave a very interesting account of the rise and progress of the order, showing clearly how it has passed through various gradations, coming steadily and surely onward and upward from a very small beginning, until now it occupied a proud position amid the benevolent and fraternal organizations of the day, with a membership of nearly a quarter of a million. The benefits and advantages of the insurance clause were well illustrated and ably presented. Life insurance companies had always opposed the order because it furnished insurance far below the prices charged by them, and at first gave it only five years to live. But when it was five years of age, and continually prospering they said it could not last but five years longer, and so on, but in spite of their objections and prophesies it has attained its majority, for it is twenty-one years old. It is also larger and stronger than ever, and is rapidly increasing, bidding fair to soon come to the front rank amid all the fraternal societies in the country.

Notwithsanding the millions of dollars it has paid to relatives of deceased members, it has not a single unpaid claim on its hands, and a dying member always feels sure that when he has passed away and can care for his dear ones no longer, they will receive promptly from the order every dollar of his insurance.

The true principle of fraternity is exemplified in the fullest extent, for the widows and orphans of deceased members are kindly looked after, and in several instances the order has acted as administrator on the estates of members, and never charges a dollar for its services. Life insurance companies boast of their large accumulations and surplus, but we have not a dollar, for we keep none on hand, but pay it immediately after a death, to the heirs to whom it rightfully belongs.

Salaries paid to officers of life insurance companies are often very large, running from $10,000 to $50,000 per year to one of their presidents, and this, of course, must be met by policy holders, but in this order there is no such leakage, hence we furnish an insurance of $3,000 at about $19 per year.

In closing, Mr. Reading spoke of Seaside Lodge as the largest lodge in the United States in proportion to the population of the place having now a membership of 325, and urged every man of family not a member, to send in an application at once. He said he blamed no one for attending the railroad meeting, as that was a matter of vital importance to the prosperity of the place, for railroads do not come to a town every day in the year, and the proposition of Mr. Huntington should be accepted. He thanked those present for their attendance and commended them for the interest manifested in so important a subject, and after the close was the recipient of merited applause.

About Coffee Growing.

All kinds of coffee grow on the one variety of the plant. Each particular kind is produced by the particular temperature or degree of heat and altitude at which it is grown. If the shrub is planted on the equator it will produce Mocha; if five degrees from the equator it will produce Java. Rio and all other kinds outside of the Java-producing belt are grown within twenty degrees of the equator. The shrub at about ten degrees, at a high altitude, produces a large white Rio, which, if shipped to an Atlantic port in an old seamy vessel, will take on a color that when placed in old government sacks prevents it from being told from genuine Java coffee.

The susceptibility of coffee to the odor of any article placed near it very often destroys its aroma and deteriorates its best qualities. A single green hide placed in the hold of a vessel filled with Java coffee will destroy the cargo.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure will give immediate relief. Price, 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1, at J. C. Dement's.

THE BAY RAILWAY.

Active Work Progressing Steadily.

Work progresses along the line of the Bay railway. Over half a mile of track is already laid, and nearly all the entire line is graded, ready for the ties. Work on the trestle at the east end has been hindered somewhat, by the inability to get timbers from the mill as fast as wanted, but they will be on hand in a day or two and then the trestle will be completed.

The rails are laid from a short distance beyond the lower end of the second trestle to the wharf of the company, and from there several rods around the shore of the bay. A drive was taken to the end of the grade which is nearly to the east line of Taylor's Astoria. Beyond this, if a franchise is procured, the company propose soon to extend their line easterly up the shore towards Young's river, and already have on their wharf enough rails and spikes for that purpose.

An engine and cars have been ordered, and bills of lading of them are daily expected from the east, the locomotive having been made at the famous Baldwin locomotive works.

It will be but a few weeks before the entire line of nearly two miles is completed and in running order. The road-bed is very solid and substantial, and the line will be well ballasted. It is of the standard gauge and constructed in the best manner, with a view to permanency and durability. A car house, 20x60 feet, is to be constructed near the wharf, work on which has already been commenced.

As soon as the engine arrives, it will be placed upon the track, cars fitted up, and an opening celebration will take place. It will be the first time the whistle of a locomotive has ever been heard in Astoria, and will undoubtedly be made a gala occasion, enjoyed by every resident.

The members of the Taylor family who are the principal owners of the road, own a very large amount of land on the point all along the line, and unlike many dealers, who first offer their land for sale and then promise a railroad, these gentlemen build the railroad and pay for it themselves, before even offering the land for sale, as the plat has not yet been filed, or the land placed on the market.

Shaking Hands.

The new fashion of shaking hands is absurd, says the Brooklyn *Eagle*, but it has been adopted, and it will be some years before society is emancipated from its grotesque influence. The old fashion of shaking hands was good enough and simple enough, but the universal desire for change has abolished it. Formerly when two people met their arms swung forward naturally, their hands met, and the arms dropped back in place. The mere act of shaking hands was as natural as that of taking a seat or lifting a book. It is far different now. The whole ceremony is instinct with deep thought and careful elaboration. A man and a woman meet and both burst into a smile of welcome. Then the woman swings her right arm, which is perfectly rigid, straight out from the shoulder and directly in front of her. When the hand has reached the height of her chin she holds it there, with the thumb towards the face and the palm turned slightly outward. The man who has been approaching her, gently takes hold of the hand a good deal as one might grasp the rung of a ladder. He bows slightly, as though intending to press his lips to the lady's hand, and then lets go abruptly and drops his hand to his side. Then the woman drops her stiffened arm and the ceremony is over. This is English. It first appeared in *Punch* about six years ago and it has since then been extensively copied in British society. Its full adoption in New York occurred at the McAllister ball, where the society ladies received the 1,400 guests in precisely this fashion during the evening.

A Whitewashed Villain in Chehalis.

The Chehalis *Bee* has received a letter from a lady in the east enclosing some newspaper clippings in regard to the Flack divorce scandal in New York and also to Chicago divorces, which she asks the *Bee* to publish. She gives her reason in the following sensational terms:

"You will wonder at the request so strange. My reasons for doing so are these; in your town, right in your midst, is a man who has been living there for nearly thirteen years, and who is highly respected, who obtained a divorce in an unlawful manner and is liable to the same penalty, when it is contested, which it certainly will be. He was married a few months ago, making his crime double. This is all true, for I am his only legal wife. I feel for the one he has married. She is the one who is deeply wronged. God help her. The time may come when you will hear the whole story. Facts are stronger than fiction.

All the patent medicines advertised in this paper, together with the choicest perfumery, and toilet articles etc., can be bought at the lowest prices at J. W. Conn's drug store, opposite Occident hotel, Astoria.

The latest style of Gents' Boots and shoes at P. J. GOODMAN'S.

MAD HOUSE WRONGS.

Victims of High Rank Most Shamefully Flogged and Maltreated.

VIENNA, May 5.—The entire staff of the doctors, superintendents and wardens of the great government insane asylum at Pressburg have been placed under arrest in consequence of the disgraceful acts of cruelty and barbarity brought to light by the committee on investigation. The matter has been appointed by the minister of the interior in deference to a popular outcry concerning the surprisingly frequent deaths that took place in the establishment. The scandal attracts widespread attention in consequence of the high social rank and prominence of many of the victims. Thus the Countess of L——, a lady who previously to her dementia, was well known as a great leader in the court and official circles here, and whose husband died a few months ago, was shown by the testimony of certain wardes themselves, to have been tied by her magnificent long hair to the window tree, and after having been stripped, to have been flogged and shamefully ill-treated by several male and female attendants. Joseph von Zolifal, the well known pianist, died in two hours after being subjected to a flogging, in the course of which three of his ribs were broken. It is indeed the outcry made by his widow that has forced the government to act in the matter. She insisted upon the surrender of her husband's body by the asylum authorities, and caused it be submitted to an autopsy, which revealed the traces of the terrible ill-treatment. Chehalser von Schwatz, whose brother recently went to the United States with a considerable of government money which he had embezzled while occupying a high position in the ministry of the interior, was likewise done to death in the most shocking manner by the inhuman keeper. The revelations in connection with the affair have created the most painful sensation throughout the empire, for the Pressburg asylum has always been regarded as the model establishment of its kind.

LIFE IN ALASKA.

False Statements Concerning the Indians Contradicted.

Some two months ago or more, there appeared in the *Oregonian* and the San Francisco *Examiner*, articles claiming that the while men engaged in mining and fishing in Alaska were abusive to the Indians, especially in their treatment of Indian girls. The articles were based on statements of a New York missionary, who denounced the white men for what he termed "outrages on Indians in Alaska." These articles excited considerable comment in Alaska and are denied by all who are familiar with the facts in the case.

From S. A. Swendsen, chief engineer of the Harbor Packing Company, who has spent most of his time in Alaska every year for the last fifteen years, THE ASTORIAN has learned the true state of affairs. Indian girls, at their own request and by the consent of their parents, were taken as wives by the white men and as kindly treated as if they had been women and legally married in accordance with law and custom. Every fall these men would go to Victoria, taking their Indian wives with them, and spend the winter there, returning to Alaska in the spring, and living as happily all the time as families in any other part of the world.

Under such circumstances it is not strange that these men are displeased at such false statements concerning them. Officers and men of steamers and sailing vessels who are familiar with life in Alaska verify the statements made by Mr. Swendsen and it is evident that the New York missionary deviated considerably from the straight and narrow path of truth, and allowed his vivid and over-wrought imagination to cause him to swerve entirely out of his course by at least several degrees.

Dismissed for Want of Jurisdiction.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The case of J. M. Shively vs. Nancy Welch et al., appealed from the Oregon circuit court to the United States supreme court, was to-day dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Ludlow's Ladies' $3.00 Fine Shoes; also flexible hand-turned French Kids, at P. J. Goodman's.

Meals Cooked to Order.

Private rooms for ladies and families: at Central Restaurant, next to Foard & Stokes'.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT
REMEDY FOR PAIN
CURES PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY
RHEUMATISM,
Lumbago, Headache, Toothache,
NEURALGIA,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Frost-bites,
SCIATICA,
Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

THE SEIZED SEALERS.

Rumor That Blaine is Willing to Pay for Captured Vessels.

A Washington dispatch says that it is understood Mr. Blaine has practically agreed that in the settlement of the Behring sea dispute the rights of the Canadian vessel owners for compensation for the loss of their vessels, which were seized by the United States revenue cutters, shall be admitted. Minister Tupper will place the damage at $500,000, and this amount, he feels confident, he will be able to secure, owing to the abandonment of Mr. Blaine's contention that Behring sea is a mare clausam, and it is only on this basis that the British and Canadian negotiator will consent to the signing of a treaty which makes the seizures a violation of international law, and a money compensation is the easiest mode of settling for this government. The claim of the exclusive jurisdiction in Behring sea having been abandoned in behalf of the United States, the British government is ready to complete with the United States any reasonable arrangements for a regulation of the seal fishery in those waters, but not for a prohibition of pelagic sealing. The regulation is to be restricted to whatever provisions indisputable facts may show to be essential to a preservation of the seal herd resorts in Behring sea, but in the proposed international agreement no consideration can be given to the revenue interests of the United States or the pecuniary interests of the lessees of the seal islands, such consideration lying entirely beyond the scheme of international cognizance.

A Blow at the Canning Industry.

The revision of the tariff has been undertaken ostensibly for the purpose of harmonizing its inequalities and cutting down the surplus revenue, but the committee of ways and means of the house seem to have lost sight of the main objects to be accomplished; at least some of the provisions of the bill indicate that they have, and none more emphatically than that in regard to tin-plate. This is an article that is used—or rather manufactures of which that is the raw material ere used—in every family in the country. The numerous canning industries of fruits, vegetables, fish, meats, etc., use vast quantities of tin-plate, and that forms an important element in the cost of canned goods, which the canners furnish to consumers, and the latter in the end pay whatever may be the duty on tin-plate. Under the existing tariff the duty on imported tin-plate amounts to about $7,000,000 per year, and there is little made in this country.

Here was an opportunity to reduce the revenue and at the same time give consumers the benefit of the reduction, but instead of doing this it is proposed to double the duty oh tin-plate. This is to benefit the two or three manufacturers of that article at the expense of the millions of people who will thereby be obliged to pay the increased tax, amounting to $7,000,000, making a total of about $14,000,000 of revenue which the government will draw from this source. This is decreasing the revenue with a vengeance.

Of course it would be desirable for this country to produce its own tin-plate, especially as that would materially enlarge the market for iron, tin-plate being merely iron with a coating of tin, but it is not good political economy to destroy or cripple one or more important industries for the promotion of another. Besides it is far from certain that the duty on tin-plate would enable us to produce that article in sufficient quantities to supply the demand, at least for many years. There is such a thing as paying too dear for a whistle, and this is a case in point.—*Cincinnati Price Current.*

Sites Don't Make Cities.

The newspaper published at a place not a thousand miles from the Chehalis river, speaking of a visit of a capitalist from one of the Sound cities says: "He was especially pleased and said he had never seen a more beautiful townsite." Wonder if this is not the same man who once upon a time was sent to collect a bill from a saw mill company in the wilds of Michigan, who had constructed a dam in a stream and claimed to have built a mill. After hunting over the locality where he expected to find his creditors, he wrote his employers—"I have found a dam by a mill-sight but no mill by a d—d sight." The judge is better known now and thinks Ocosta will share the same fate.—*Aberdeen Herald.*

The Clangor of an Alarm Bell

Close by, in the stillness of the night, could scarcely startle the ordinary individual more than do trifling noises the nervous invalid. But once the nerves are braced and the system invigorated with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, this abnormal sensitiveness is succeeded by a tranquility not to be disturbed by trivial causes. Impaired digestion is a fertile cause of nerve weakness and unnatural mental gloom, and a vigorous renewal of the action of the stomach is one of the surest means of invigorating and quieting the nerves. Insomnia, or sleeplessness, a form of nervous disease, is unquestionably benefitted by sedatives, when it is prolonged, or of frequent occurrence, but its permanent removal is more effectually achieved with the Bitters. This medicine is also signally efficacious for malaria, rheumatism, constipation, liver complaint, and torpidity of the kidneys and bladder.

A SKELETON IN THE COURT.

The Strange Midnight Adventure of a Kansas Physician.

"Every family is supposed to have a skeleton in its closet," remarked Dr. Wheeler, Wichita, Kan., to a party of friends who met him at the union depot last evening. "I had one in my closet until this week, when I shipped it to the Michigan state university. I don't want to see it again.

"It happened like this: Many years ago, when I commenced the practice of medicine in a small Missouri town, the Jesse James boys paid us a visit. They raided the bank and got away with $6,000, but firing was pretty general on both sides. I had a revolver, and during the general excitement I shot one of the robbers. He was dead when we picked him up. A finer specimen of physical manhood I have never seen. The natives in the little Missouri village made no objection when I claimed the youth's skeleton as my prize.

"Last week, one rainy night about 11 o'clook, a genuine old-fashioned frontiersman came to my office. He asked my name, then inquired if I had a skeleton in my closet. His face was bearded and sunburned, but there was something about him that made me think of the young man I had killed many years before. I was alone in the office, and I didn't like the color of the visitor's eye. However, I answered in the affirmative.

"'Let me see the skeleton,' said my queer visitor.

"It would scarcely do to refuse. I walked to the rear of the office, where there was a small table out of sight of my visitor. I drew out from the desk a revolver, the same one that had ended the career of the youthful bandit years before. Holding it in my hand, I stepped to the closet, threw open the door, and remarked with as much coolness as I could command by force of will:

"'There is the skeleton!'

"'Put up your revolver,' remarked the stranger. 'I won't hurt you. If I had wanted to shoot you I would have killed you when I came into the office. I have just been down in Oklahoma and am on my way back to Tennessee. I heard the story of your killing one of the gang, and as near as I can make out it was my boy that was killed. He ran away from home when only 12 years old, and I never saw him after that. I don't hold any grudge against you. You did what was right, I suppose. But I thought I would take this chance to see what is left of the poor boy.'

'I then showed the stranger the skeleton, which was handsomely mounted, and described the raid as briefly and as gently as possible. The old pioneer's only remark as he gazed on all that was left of his boy, was: 'Well, he was a big fellow, wasn't he?'"

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. J. C. Dement.

Telephone Lodging House.

Best Beds in town. Rooms per night 50 and 25 cts., per week $1.50. New and clean. Private entrance.

Coffee and cake, ten cents, at the Central Restaurant.

Remember the Austin house at the Seaside is open the year 'round.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind cholic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price, 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1, at J. C. Dement's.

The Reason—First Flea—You look all worn out. What's the matter? Second Flea—Been on a tramp for about six months. First Flea—Stopped from exhaustion, I presume? Second Flea—No. Tramp died.—*Lippincott's.*

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall-st., N. Y.
LEWIS M. JOHNSON & CO., Agents, Portland, Oregon.

Kindred Park.

THIS Fine Tract of Land adjoining New Astoria, is by far the most beautiful site that has been placed on the market. The lots are large, the streets wide, and grand, broad avenues run through the entire tract. If you are seeking a home where health and beauty are combined, come and buy yourself one in KINDRED PARK.

HOWELL & GOODELL.

Kindred Park.

If you are seeking an investment whereby you can double and treble your money in a short time, do not fail to buy in Kindred Park. Call early, examine this Property and buy a few lots before the prices advance. Lots at present are only $125 and $150. Terms: Half cash, and balance in three months.

HOWELL & GOODELL,
General Agents, - - Astoria, Or.

Kindred Park.

BEING the Future Terminus of a Great Transcontinental Railroad, and having a fine Deep Water Frontage and good anchorage, is destined to become a Great City. Quite a number of houses are being built and other improvements are under way now, while a great many contemplate building this summer.

HOWELL & GOODELL.