The Daily Astorian.

ASTORIA, OREGON:

THURSDAY.....MARCH 4, 1886

A "lumbago" mine is the latest reported discovery in southern Oregon.

The American ship *Chesebrough*, 1,461, 32 days from Acapulco, is reported outside.

It appears to be pretty well established that circuit judges in the several judicial districts will be elected next June.

The Salem *Statesman* has begun its thirty-sixth year. It is a live paper, full of fresh local news, and a welcome visitor to this office.

The cannery of the Columbia Canning Co., was sold under a United States marshal's execution yesterday. The bids started at $10,000. The property was bought by Ben Young for $18,000, and is considered a bargain.

Lewis and Dryden's Travelers guide for March is received. It is a regular institution and one that every man or woman needs. Its published rates of fare eastward are, however, slightly at variance with existing conditions.

The steamer *Gold Dust* has met with a mishap over on the Sound already. Last Sunday morning while she was lying at anchor at Olympia the *Louise* came smashing into her, striking her on the starboard side and damaging her about $150 worth.

C. W. Frush, president of the Casino company says that the Thompson opera company, which appear at Ross' opera house in "The Mikado" to-night bring a full chorus and the entire strength of the company as it appeared in Portland. Reserved seats at the New York Novelty store.

County Clerk Trenchard is busy making out official notifications to the eighty-five different judges and members of the different precinct registration boards throughout the county. As each notification has to have on it a description of the boundaries of the precinct, the job involves considerable writing. The days for the sessions of the registration boards in the various precincts, are the 5th 6th and 7th days of April.

Capt. Geo. Wood has some fine chickens of which he takes great care at his place. They are Wyandottes, and are great layers. One has laid 251 eggs in a year. A striking peculiarity of these hens is that they never set. Anyone who has ever tried to "break" a setting hen when the hen had it bad and was bound to set, will readily see the superiority of the breed. Capt. Wood has devoted considerable time and expense to these hens and now has abundant reward.

THE MAN WHO DUNS HIMSELF.

You've probably met sometime, somewhere, the man who duns himself. He ows you a little amount and never lets you forget it. You would gladly give him a receipt in full if he would let up, but he won't. Some folks have to be dunned and asked and asked. He doesn't. He lays for his creditor and makes life burdensome to him. You see him coming and dodge him. No such luck. He halts you, "Say, I'm owing you a little bill, haven't forgotten it, I'll hand it to you when I'm passing." In vain you tell him it is "all right." He's just got his augur in. He gets in front of you and if you try to slip by him he gets in front of you again and tells you about the state of his bowels and how his liver is, and what kind of a night he has spent, and wants to make a speech on the Chinese question and wants to know if you ever had the fever and ague, and knows a sure cure for a sour stomach, and reminds you between whiles of that little bill he owes you, and has no more idea of the value of time than an amorous tom cat.

The only refuge is to steer two of them together and start them swapping experience. Then they'll let go of you and you are saved till one of the genus runs you down somewhere else.

PERSONAL.

S. K. Stanley, of Seaside, was in the city yesterday.

Lieut. L. A. Chamberlain came up from Ft. Canby yesterday.

Mrs. W. S. Kinney returned from Salem yesterday afternoon.

Mayor Trullinger, who has been in Portland for several days, returned yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Allen C. Mason has taken charge of the Tacoma *News* and states his intention to run a non-partisan, clean, newsy journal.

Off For the Mines.

H. B. Cameron, who for the past year has been keeping books for Foard & Stokes, has organized a party and is off on the *Idaho* to-day for British Columbia. Their first destination is Granite Creek, where report says some good prospects exist. That he may strike it rich is the wish of a large number of Mr. Cameron's friends who will be pleased to hear of his prosperity.

P. H. Fox has opened a tailor shop in the Gem Building, and if you want a good and neat job of cleaning and repairing done reasonable, he is the man.

To Housekeepers.

Attention is called to our advertisment in another column giving a partial list of the goods to be found in our stock. We aim to carry the best assortment to be found in Astoria, and cash or short time buyers will find it to their advantage to make their purchases from us. Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

D. L. Beck & Sons.

Parties wishing spars or piling of any size or length can be supplied by leaving orders with J. H. D. Gray.

To the United States Restaurant for the best oysters. Private rooms.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Republican State Convention to be Held April 28.

Portland, Mar. 3.—The Republican state central committee met here at eleven o'clock this morning, Jos. Simon chairman, Geo. W. McBride secretary. It was decided that the state convention would be held on April 28th. Recommendation was made that the county conventions be held on April 16th.

LABOR TROUBLES IN OHIO.

Springfield, O., Mar. 3.—There is considerable excitement here over the action of the Champion reaper works which to day made a sudden and wholesale discharge of several hundred employes known to belong to the Knights of Labor and other trade organizations. The president of the company says: "Our observations show that the operations of these organizations elsewhere tend to terror, intimidation and violence. We prefer to have all our men independent and believe our course is good for the community."

The company is advertising for men to fill the places of those who were discharged. The men are holding meetings; there are no signs of violence.

A CANADIAN BOMBSHELL.

Ottawa, Mar. 3.—The following was introduced into the Canadian parliament to-day: "*Resolved*, That this house feels it to be its duty to express deep regret that the sentence of death in the case of Louis Riel was allowed to be carried out." It is understood that the resolution was introduced at the instigation of the government which appears to be courting defeat on this issue.

SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

Montevideo, via Galveston, Mar. 3.—Official relations between Uruguay and Paraguay are in a critical condition. The diplomatic corps has met to deliberate upon means for an amicable settlement of the trouble.

ADMITTED TO BAIL.

London, Mar. 3.—Burns, Hyndman, Williams and Champion, the socialist leaders, committed on the charge of inciting the queen's subjects to riot, were to-day admitted to bail.

BROUGHT THE PALLIUM.

New York, Mar. 3.—Rt. Rev. Dr. Elder, who brought the pallium from the pope to archbishop Corrigan, arrived to-day.

A PENSIONER OF 1812.

Dencey A. Henry, now living in Parker, Holt county, Nebraska, relict of Orrin Henry who served forty days in the war of 1812 as a substitute for a man by the name of Smith, receiving one hundred dollars from the said Smith, Orrin Henry was born Oct. 17th, 1793, and his wife was born April 2nd, 1805. They were married March 17th, 1827. She is now nearly eighty-one years old and gets a pension from the government of $96 a year, having received in all, for her pension, nearly $2,300.

The whole amount that my father and mother has received was his pay as a soldier for the period of forty days, $100 bounty and a land warrant for forty acres of land, and over $2,300 pension that my mother has received from our generous government.

O. P. Henry.

The English Salmon Market.

The London *Grocer* of February 6th says: Another week has elapsed without further additions to our supply of salmon, which at the present moment is probably less than one-half of what was held in the United Kingdom at the same period of last year. The demand, meantime, is most satisfactory; in fact, the everyday removals of salmon from our warehouses for distributive requirements are most animated, and we think we are correct in stating that not much above a month's supply is held in this market. The fleet of vessels in the salmon trade the past season being so greatly reduced in numbers, it is hard to realize the fact that but a few more cargoes have to arrive, after which the position will the better be understood. We hear of a parcel of several thousand cases coming round from London to Liverpool, which at once puts an end to all doubts or cavilling as to the strength or weakness of this market, and the comparative light supplies here.

What an Idea!

Washington, March 2.—A resident of Washington territory who is here says that the action of the citizens of Seattle in sending to Washington Rev. L. A. Banks, to ask the president to retain federal troops at Seattle, lest a fresh outbreak occurs, is not wholly prompted by a desire for public safety and security. He thinks it is a dodge of merchants to have quartered in the town a garrison that will make business good. The troops, he says, would furnish a market for agricultural products and forage, and the soldiers would make a certain kind of trade brisk. This is probably a sinister view of the case, but the informant says it is an old ruse that has been successfully adopted in more than one town of the northwest, to have troops stationed at the place, on the ground of fear of an Indian outbreak, while the real reason was to help the business in that locality.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W E. Dement & Co.

For Rent.

The fine hall, 80x25, lately occupied as a gymnasium, next to Telephone Saloon. Apply to Jeff.

CLEVELAND ON THE CHINESE.

A Presidential Message Regarding the Rock Springs Affair.

Washington, March 2.—The president sent the following message to congress to-day:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:—It is made the constitutional duty of the president to recommend to the consideration of congress from time to time such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. In no matters can the necessity of this be more evident than when the good faith of the United States under the solemn obligation of treaties with foreign powers is concerned. The question of the treatment of the subjects of China sojourning within the jurisdiction of the United States presents such a matter for the urgent and earnest consideration of the executive and congress. In my first annual message upon the assembling of the present congress I adverted to this question (the president here quotes the passage from his message upon the Chinese question and continues,) At the time I wrote this, the shocking occurrences at Rock Springs in Wyoming territory were fresh in the minds of all, and have been recently presented anew to the attention of this government by the Chinese minister in a note which, while not unnaturally exhibiting some misconception of our general system of administration in the territories while they as yet are not in the exercise of the full measure of that sovereign self-government pertaining to the states of the Union, presents in truthful terms the main features of the cruel outrage there perpetrated upon inoffensive subjects of China. In the investigation of the Rock Springs outbreak and the ascertainment of facts on which the Chinese minister's statements rest, the Chinese representatives were aided by agents of the United States, and the reports submitted, having been thus framed, and recounting facts within the knowledge of the witnesses on both sides, possess an important truthfulness which could not fail to give them the impressiveness of facts which so far are not controverted or affected by any exculpatory or mitigating testimony, and show the murder of a number of Chinese subjects in September last at Rock Springs, the wounding of many others, and the spoilation of the property of all when the unhappy survivors had been driven from their habitatons.

There is no allegation that the victims by any lawless or disorderly act on their part, contributed to bring about the collision. On the contrary, it appears that the law-abiding disposition of these people, who were sojourners in our midst under the sanction of hospitable and express treaty obligations, was made the pretext for the attack upon them. This outrage upon law and treaty engagements was committed by a lawless mob. None of the aggressors, happily for the national good fame, appear by the reports to have been citizens of the United States. They were aliens, engaged in that remote district as mining laborers, who became excited against the Chinese laborers, as it would seem, because of their refusal to join them in strikes to secure higher wages. Oppression of Chinese subjects by their rivals in competition for labor does not differ in violence and illegality from that applied to other classes of native or alien laborers, who are equally under the protection of law and equally entitled to enjoy the benefits of assured public order. Was there no treaty in existence referring to the rights of Chinese subjects, did they come hither as all other strangers who voluntarily resort to this land of freedom, of self-government and of laws, peaceably to win their bread and to live their lives, there can be no question that they would be entitled to the same measure of protection from violence and the same free form for redress of their grievances as any other aliens, so far as treaties between the United States and China stipulate for the treatment of Chinese subjects of the "most favored nation."

They create no new status for them—they simply recognize and confirm the general and existing rule applicable to all aliens alike, for none are favored above others by domestic law and none by foreign treaties, unless it be the Chinese themselves in some respects, for by the third article of the treaty of November 17, 1880, between the United States and China, it is provided that Chinese laborers or Chinese of any other class now either permanently or temporarily residing in the territory of the United States, shall meet with the same treatment at the hands of our people as other persons. The government of the United States will exert all its power to devise measures for their protection and to secure to them the same rights, privileges, immunities and exemptions as may be enjoyed by citizens or subjects of the most favored nation, and to which they are entitled by the treaty. This article may be held to constitute a special privilege for Chinese subjects in the United States as compared with other aliens; not that it creates any peculiar rights which others do not share, but because in case of ill-treatment of Chinese in the United States this government is bound to exert all its power to devise measures for their protection by securing to them rights to which, equally with any and all other foreigners, they are entitled. Whether it is now incumbent upon the United States to amend their general laws or devise new measures in this regard, I do not consider in the present communication, but confine myself to the particular point raised by the outrage and massacre at Rock Springs. The note of the Chinese minister and the documents which accompany it give as its belief an unexaggerated statement of the lamentable incident and present the impressively regretable circumstances that the proceedings, in the name of justice for the ascertainment of the crime and fixing the responsibility therefor, were a ghastly mockery of justice. So long as the Chinese minister, under his instructions, makes this the basis of an appeal to the principles and convictions of mankind, no exception can be taken; but when he goes further and taking as his precedent the action of the Chinese government in past instances where the lives of American citizens and their property in China have been endangered, and argues a reciprocal obligation on the part of the United States to indemnify the Chinese subjects who suffered at Rock Springs, it became necessary to meet his argument and to deny most emphatically the conclusions he seeks to draw as to the existence of such liability and the right of the Chinese government to insist upon it.

I draw the attention of congress to the latter part of the note of the secretary of state of February 18, 1886, in reply to the Chinese minister's representations, and to invite special consideration of the cogent reasons by which he reaches the conclusion that whilst the United States government is under no obligation, whether by the express terms of the treaty with China or the principles of international law, to indemnify these Chinese subjects for losses caused by such means and under admitted circumstances, yet that in view of the palpable and discreditable failure of the authorities of Wyoming territory to bring to justice the guilty parties or to insure to the sufferers an impartial forum in which to seek and obtain compensation for the losses which those subjects have incurred by lack of police protection; and considering further the entire absence of provocation on the part of the victims, the executive may be induced to bring the matter to the benevolent consideration of congress, in order that that body, in its high discretion, may direct the bounty of the government in aid of the innocent and peaceful strangers whose maltreatment has brought discredit upon the country, with the distinct understanding that such action is in nowise to be held as a precedent, is wholly gratuitous, and is resorted to in a spirit of pure generosity toward those who are otherwise helpless. The correspondence exchanged is herewith submitted for the information of congress.

Grover Cleveland.

Ex. Mansion, Washington March 1, 1886.

The letter of the secretary of state to the Chinese minister referred to in the president's messege is an exhaustive statement of the whole Chinese question, and its main points are fully covered in the message.

CHANGING THEIR MINDS.

Washington, Mar. 2.—The people of Idaho seem to be very fickle in their desire to have the Panhandle of that territory annexed to Washington. Now that the measure is about to be adopted, telegrams and letters are pouring in from the northern counties of Idaho which are the ones to be joined to Washington, asking that the matter be stayed until the people declare their wish in the matter. The whole agitation seems to be the outcome of the tricks of a few politicians. About five years ago a few agitators in the northern part of the territory proposed a plan for annexation, and resolved to run a delegate to congress on that issue. The Republican nominee, who was from the southern part of Idaho, stepped forward at this juncture and gave a pledge that he would vote for annexation if elected. On this promise, he received the unanimous support of northern Idaho and was elected. But his promises were like seed that fell on stony places. At the last election the Democrats were forced to adopt the same policy of annexation to get their share of votes in northern Idaho. The Democratic delegate (Hailey) was elected; although he was previously opposed to the division of the territory, he introduced the bill to carry out the plank in his party's platform, and had it passed by the house last week. Now the people all over the territory want further action suspended until they make up their minds whether they want annexation or not. The matter will be delayed in the senate until Idaho is heard from.

Tea in Japan.

The Japanese host never intrusts the making of tea to his servants on high occasions, and the fine art of the process was fully shown us in the dainty management of every article of the service before the host. The teapot was a little jewel-like thing that could be set, handle, spout and all, inside of one of the common-sized coffee cups that a foreigner draws once or twice at a breakfast, and the cups were of fine cloisonnee, with plain enameled linings, each no larger round than the circle of a tulip's petals could inclose. With them was a small pear-shaped pitcher, a beautifully wrought bronze teapot in which the boiling water was brought, and a lacquer box containing the caddy of the choicest leaves from the fine tea gardens of the Uji district—a tea so rare and expensive that none of it is ever exported or known abroad, and only the wealthiest Japanese can afford to buy the precious leaves. Our host, taking an ivory scoop carved in the shape of a large tea leaf, filled the little teapot full of loosely heaped leaves, and then having poured the hot water into the pitcher that it might cool a little poured it into the teapot. That part of the tea making was most puzzling to us of the Occident, who have been taught as the first principle of tea making that the water must be boiling at the minute it touches the leaves, and that unless at boiling point tea made with it is flat and unprofitable. Our Japanese friend explained to us that to the most critical and epicurean tea drinkers of his country boiling water was an abomination, as it scorched the leaves, drove out the fine fragrance in the first cloud of steam and extracted all the bitterness instead of the first sweet taste of the young leaf. "It may be all well enough for the coarse black tea of China to pour boiling water on it," said this most delightful Japanese, "but the delicate leaf of our cultivated tea plant does not need it." And we bowed submissively, and promised never more to apply Chinese processes to Japanese tea leaves.

A Life Saving Present.

Mr. M. E. Allison, Hutchinson, Kan.: Saved his life by a simple Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles free at W. E. Dement & Co.'s Drug Store. Large size $1.00.

For a Neat Fitting Boot

Or Shoe, go to P. J. Goodmans, on Chenamus street, next door to I. W. Case. All goods of the best make and guaranteed quality. A full stock; new goods constantly arriving. Custom work.

Coal, Hay and Straw.

Tacoma Coal $6 per ton, delivered. Choice Hay from $9 to $12 per ton. Cow Hay and Straw $7 to $10 per ton For sale by J. H. D. Gray.

A Luxury and Necessity

For rich and poor who wish to enjoy good health, and who do not wish to resort to bitter nauseous liver medicines and catharics, is the concenfrated liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. 50c. and $1 bottles for sale by W. E. Dement & Co.

—For lame Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster, Price 25 cents. For sale by W. E. Dement.

—That Hacking Cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by W. E. Dement.

—Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by W. E. Dement.

FREEZING EUROPE OUT.

A Tale of the Nicaragua Canal (When Finished), A. D. 19—.

Come hither, little Britisher, and listen while I tell
About the great climatic change that long ago befell.
Take off your little Arctic shoes; hang up your reindeer hood,
And you shall have some blubber pie if you be nice and good.

'Twas in the old and wicked days your Uncle Sam began
To dig his great canal beside the river San Juan;
And when they saw him work so hard and get along so slow,
The foreign nations laughed ha! ha! and eke they laughed ho! ho!

But when the work was done at last and he began to build
His mighty forts on either side, with anger they were filled.
They met in hasty conference one morning at Berlin,
The very day that he had fixed to let the water in.

And as the water and the talk did simultaneous flow,
The Carribbean sea ran dry and the Gulf of Mexico.
The great Gulf stream which used to wash and warm all Europe free
Was siphoned through the new canal into the Southern sea.

Next day a little cablegram covered with ice and snow
Came staggering over to Sandy Hook, with this its tale of woe:
A wave of more than Arctic cold had suddenly ariz,
In spite of grammar or precedent, and the whole of Europe friz.

And every port was blockd with ice, and every town with snow:
You could travel on skates from Liverpool to the Bay of Biscay, O.
The savans, all at loggerheads the reason to unfold,
For some maintained 'twas lack of heat, others, excess of cold.

"Whatever the cause," said the cablegram, kicking its frozen heels,
"Europe for sympathy and help to its Uncle Sam appeals."
"The reason is plain," said Uncle Sam, and he winked his aged eye,
"You've neglected to pay your water rates, and I've cut off the supply."

He laughed ha! ha! and he laughed ho! ho! did wily Uncle Sam.
As he sent in his little bill of costs by the little cablegram.
The air of Europe was black that day with blasphemy and sin,
But the nations did as we all must do when the plumber's bill comes in.

$100,000,000,000 cash! and oh! they roundly swore,
When they found the Gulf stream didn't flow as it uster did before.
It was a pious dodge, my child, to put down war and slaughter,
For it made the nations keep the peace to keep out of hot water.

Wild Cherry and Tar.

Everybody knows the virtues of Wild Cherry and Tar as a relief and cure for any affections of the Throat and Lungs, combined with these two ingredients are a few simple healing remedies in the composition of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup making it just the article you should always have in the house for Coughs, Colds, Croup and Bronchitis. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Samples free. Sold by J. W. Conn.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shioh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale by W. E. Dement & Co.

—Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents, Nasal Injector free For sale by W. E. Dement.

Will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by W. E. Dement & Co.

—Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by W. E. Dement.

Syrup of Figs.

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co. San Francisco Cal. is Natures Own True Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of W. E. Dement & Co, at fifty cents or one dollar per bottle. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on, the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels gently yet thoroughly to dispel Headachs, Colds and Fevers; to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills.

Crow,

The Leading Photographer, guarantees as good work as can be had in the state. Pictures taken in any kind of weather with the Instantaneous Process.

—Sleepless Nights made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by W. E. Dement & Co.

—Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by W. E. Dement.

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Importers and Dealers in

Wood-working Machinery,

PLANERS, MOLDERS, MORTISERS, TENONERS, Sand-papering Machines, Lathes, Boring Machines, Band Saws, Scroll Saws.

Rubber and Leather Belting, AND MILL FINDINGS GENERALLY

W. E. DEMENT & CO.

DRUGGISTS.

ASTORIA, - - - OREGON

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DRUGS, CHEMICALS, TOILET and FANCY ARTICLES.

Prescriptions carefully Compounded

H. EKSTROM,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER.

Shop next to L. I. Johnson's cigar store.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

HOSIERY

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WE WILL PLACE

OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF HOSIERY!

Amounting to over $2,000 on our Center Counters this Week, and

Mark Them Down!

To such Prices as will make a

THOROUGH CLEARANCE!

As we must make room in this Department for

Large Spring Purchases to Arrive!

Our 75c Hose Reduced to 50c
Our 60c Hose Reduced to 40c
Our 50c Hose Reduced to 35c
Our 40c Hose Reduced to 25c
Our 25c Hose Reduced to 15c

—All Our—

Fine Silk, Lisle Thread and Cashmere Hose

REDUCED TO NET COST.

The Above Goods contain some of the Latest Designs in

Ladies', Children's and Misses' Hose,

And Ladies who wish to secure some of the

Greatest Bargains ever Offered in Hosiery

Would do well to Call Early

N. B. The Reduced Prices will hold good FOR THIS WEEK ONLY!

C. H. COOPER'S

The Leading Dry Goods and Clothing House in Astoria.

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Wm. T. Coleman & Co.

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

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Cannery Supplies at Lowest Prices.

Storage and Insurance at Current Rates.

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For $2.50!

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Astoria and Seaside BAKERIES,

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The best Bread, Cakes and Pastry in the City.

Ice Creams and Ornamental Work to order

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CITY BOOK STORE.

Books and Stationery!

The Largest and Finest Stock in Astoria to Select From.

GRIFFIN & REED.

MacDonald & McIntosh

Are now Prepared to

Show a Large Assortment

—OF—

Goods in Every Line!

Which will be Sold at

Lower Figures than at any Other House

IN THE CITY.

The Leading Clothing, Hat, and Gents' Furnishing Store

OF ASTORIA.