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The Daily Astorian. ASTORIA, OREGON: FRIDAY ... MARCH 20, 188 FACTS ABOUT SALMON.

ALDEN, of the New York Times, is responsible for many things. There proportion to its population Oregon was only one man in the United loses as many inhabitants yearly by States beside Alden that knew as salmon as India loses by tigers. much about matters and things as Alden does. That man fell down a great evil is for the state government shaft in Calaveras Co., Cal., in the to offer a reward of say \$100 for every winter of '82 and is no more. In a salmon killed within its borders. recent effort to tell what he knows Such an offer would cause an instant about salmon Alden perpetrates the emigration of thousands of fearless following.

happened to a stage in southern Ore- course be lost, but the salmon would gon cannot fail to call the attention soon be practically exterminated, and of the state autiorities to the necessity of protecting settlers against the to pass even Applegate creek without attacks of salmon. The stage in being attacked and destroyed by question was crossing Applegate salmon. creek when it was suddenly attacked by a drove of salmon. The stage was instantly overturned, and the hungry

fish swarmed over it, while the stage driver, with great presence of mind, cut the traces of his horses, and throwing himself across the off wheel horse a powerful animal, formerly the property of Dr. Goodrich of Olympia-managed to escape. The dispatch which conveys to us this painful story says nothing of the fate of the stage passengers, but, unfortunately, there is every reason to believe that they fell victims to the salmon.

The Oregon salmon has long been regarded by experienced western hunters as the most dangerona animal infesting the continent. It is much larger than the salmou of the Atlantic coast, and unlike the latter, which is a timid and inoffensive fish, it is fearless, aggressive and eruel. There is scarcely a river in Oregon which is free from salmon, and many of the streams are rendered practically impassable by the numbers and ferocity of the salmon inhabiting them.

To hunt the Oregon salmon requires iron nerves and great skill in the use of the rifle. The usual practice of the hunter is to hide himself on the bank of a stream and to send in his dog to arouse the salmon from their tair. When the fish come within gunshot the hunter fires, and anless he kills or disables the game at the first shot his chances for life are small. The infuriated fish will, in most cases, turn upon the hunter whose shot has been uneffective. One blow of the

salmon's tail almost invariably proves fatal, and if he can once set his teeth in the flesh of the hunter he cannot be shaken off. The only chance of escape is for the hunter to drive his knife into the fish's heart, but such a blow to be effective must be delivered immediately behind the pectoral fin, and it requires the utmost coolness for a man to face the rush of a maddened salmon and wait until he can stab him in the most vulnerable part. Scores of hunters who have successfully fought the grizzly bear have fallen victims to the Oregon salmon, and scores of others, erippled and mained, survive to tell the story of their blood-cardling experience while in the very jaws of a monster fish. Were the saimon to confine themselves wholly to the water they would be comparatively harmless, for no mun would be in danger unless he ventured into a salmon pool. But unlike most of our American fishes, the Oregon salmon is in the habit of leaving the water and wandering through the forest in search of prey. Mon, women and children have often been chased long distances by salmon on the lonely Oregon roads, and an enormous number of sheep and cattle have been killed and devoured. Two years ago the forest in the neighborhood of East Melville, in southern Oregon, was infested by a pair of salmon of unusual size and ferocity. Hardly a night passed that some settler did not lose a valuable domestic animal, and no less than five human lives were sucrificed almost within sight of the Methodist meeting house. The people of the town never went out of their houses unarmed and they lost so much sleep in consequence of the nightly and incessant roaring of the fish that life was really a burden to them. The town authorities offered a reward of \$1,000 fer the head of either of the two salmon but no local hunter was bold enough to make an attempt to gain it. 'These formidable fish were finally killed by a party of hunters -nine in number, who, assisted by a pack of well-trained who, assisted by a pack of well-trained Merchant Tailor and Clothier lair in a small pool of stagnant water and shot them with a Gatling gun. Twenty-two bullets were found in the body of the male and seventy-four in that of the female. The former fell Land gas in suff or single, in Pythian dead at the first fire, but the latter,

before she was finally conquered. In winter, the Oregon salmon, rendered more fearless than ever by want of food, roam over the country in packs and droves of from twenty-five to a thousand fish. No exact statistics as to the annual loss of life by salmon in Oregon are at present ac-

cessible, but it is believed that in

The only way in which to meet this hunters from every state in the union

it would become possible for a stage rant

WHEN the Canadian Pacific is com pleted from Louisburg to Vancouver, the trip from Japan to London can be made in twenty-four days-a saving of twenty days as compared with the Suez canal route.

NEW TO-DAY.

Sheriff's Sale. SHEFTH S SAIE. IN THE CHCUTT COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for the Courty of Clatsop : W. S. Sibson, C. P. Church, E. Quacken-bush, and S. Farrell, doing business under the firm name of Sibson, Church & Co., Plaintiffs, es. S. D. Adair and W. B. Adair, partners under the firm name of S. D. Adair & Co., and John Adair, Jr., and John Adar, and Mary Ann Adair, Jr., and John Adar, and Mary Ann Adair, Jr., and John Adar, State of Oregon, Chilsop County, ss By virtue of a decree of foreelosure ren-dered in the above entitled court and cause on the 5th day of January, 1885, and an or-der of sale and execution issued therein oat

on the 5th day of January, 1885, and an or-der of sale and execution issued therein out of and under the scal of the above eutited court, in favor of said plaintiffs and against said defendants, dated the stil day of March, 1855, for the sum of \$25,169.86 with interest thereon from the 15th day of February, 1864, at the rate of ten per cent, per annum, and the further sum of \$1,200, as altorney's fees for the foreclosure of said mortgages, said order of sale being to me directed, and commanding me to levy upon, and sell as upon execution, the following described real property to satisfy said decree, viz. Block No, Four (3) in Adhir's Astoria, Clatsop County Oregon, together with the wharres, buildings, tenements and appurtenances and all hands and frontage lying north of Lee lands and frontage lying north of sck No. Four for a width of 390 feet ast and west extending north to the ship named of the Columbia river, and all water of wharf rights, privileges and franch staining thereunto, or so much the





ing one and disabling eight dogs