

The Daily Astorian.

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Notice to Advertisers: The Astorian guarantees to its advertisers the largest circulation of any newspaper published on the Columbia river.

THE LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The Chinese Government has contracted a loan of \$2,000,000 with the Hong Kong and China bank.

Cairo, Feb. 25.—Periodical boat winds have commenced in the Soudan, causing great havoc among the British cavalry forces.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The House bill passed over the river and harbor bill all evening, made no progress, and adjourned at midnight.

NAPLES, Feb. 25.—General Ricci, who was commander of the Italian contingent at Suez, sails for Egypt tomorrow with torpedo boats.

BOSTON, Feb. 25.—A special says Blaine, on being interviewed, said he was going to Europe this summer or in the fall. He thought the chances were in favor of the Republicans at the next presidential election.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Cleveland today replied to the letter of the silver convention, expressing the opinion that the president should be vested with authority to suspend the coinage of silver dollars.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The president invited Cleveland to be his guest at the White House, from the time of his arrival until inaugurated, but the invitation was declined as rooms at the Arlington were already engaged. Arthur has accepted an invitation to attend the inauguration ball.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 25.—The Susquehanna river is frozen to the bottom, and is one solid mass of ice from Tunkhannock to Nanticoke, a distance of forty miles. Great fears are entertained that there will be a great freshet this spring, and that great damage will be done along the low lands of the Susquehanna.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The abolition of free tickets to the immigration ball causes grief and wrath among good many constitutional "dead" beats. The only free invitations are those to Mr. Arthur, Mr. Cleveland, vice-president-elect, and a president's reception given this winter, where a member was invited with the ladies of his family, he appeared with a line of seventeen women tagging after him, every woman wearing a train, and shaking hands with the president the tail of it was hardly down the stairs.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 25.—The steamer *Geometric*, from New York, reports having on board, on Sunday, ship *Kirkwood*, from Astoria for Liverpool, disengaged. The captain, however, refused to abandon her. (The *Kirkwood* sailed hence October 2, 1913. She carried 32,800 cases of goods, including: C. G. Meier, 6,000 cases; J. W. A. V. Co., 2,500; P. Adams, 5,000; West Coast, 4,300; L. X. L., 3,750; Aberdeen, 6,000; G. W. Hume, 2,125; Occident, 2,000; Thomas J. Knowles, 2,000; Geo. T. Myers, 1,000; Pacific Union, 2,500; Jno. A. Dewlin, 4,850; Ennska, 2,000; Astoria, 800; Columbia, 2,500; Saml. Elmore, 101; Jas. Williams, 628; Anglo American, 2,500.—Ed. ASTORIAN.)

SCARLETT, Feb. 25.—The latest news from Astoria and Nianta confirms the report of a brilliant victory won by the main body of the Klansmen of the Klansmen of the Klansmen, against the Hooch-sellers, in an attack made by the latter upon the friendly tribes, which were gathered in a camp at Kussak, on the Klansmen. It was stated that during the battle no less than 2000 Hooch-sellers were killed, and among the slain was Sheikh Moya.

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EXCITEMENT IN ROCHESTER.

Widespread Commotion Caused by That Remarkable Statement of a Physician.

The story published in these columns recently, from the Rochester (N. Y.) *Democrat*, created a deal of commotion here as it has elsewhere. Apparently it caused even more commotion in Rochester, as the following from the same paper shows:

Dr. J. B. Henion, who is well known not only to Rochester but in nearly every part of America, sent an extended article to this paper, a few days ago, which was daily published, detailing his remarkable experience and rescue from what seemed to be certain death. It would be impossible to enumerate the personal inquiries which have been made at our office as to the validity of the article, but they have been so numerous that further investigation of the subject was deemed an editorial necessity.

With this end in view a representative of this paper called on Dr. Henion at his residence on Andrews Street, when the following interview occurred: "That article of yours, Doctor, has created quite a whirlwind. Are the statements about the *Excitement* question you were in, and the way you were rescued such as you can sustain?"

"Every one of them and many additional ones. I was brought so low by neglecting the first and most simple symptoms. I did not think I was sick. It is true I had frequent headaches; felt tired most of the time; could eat nothing one day and was ravenous the next; felt dull pains and my stomach was out of order, but I did not think it meant anything serious. The medical profession have been treating symptoms instead of diseases for years, and it is high time it ceased. The symptoms I have just mentioned or any unusual action or irritation of the water channels indicate the presence of a disease more than a cough, a cold, a headache, a constipation. We do not treat the cough, but try to help the lungs. We should not waste our time trying to relieve the headache, pains about the body, or other symptoms, but go directly to the kidneys, the source of most of these ailments."

"This, then, is what you meant when you said that were this disease the death which came from Bright's disease, is it, doctor?"

"Precisely. Thousands of diseases are torturing people to-day, which in reality are Bright's disease in some of its many forms. It is a hydroxylated disease, and the slightest symptoms should strike terror to every one who has them. I can look back and recall hundreds of deaths which physicians declared at the time were caused by pneumonia, apoplexy, heart disease, pneumonia, typhoid fever, and other common complaints which I see now were caused by Bright's disease."

"And did all these cases have simple symptoms at first?"

"Every one of them, and might have been cured as I was by the timely use of the same remedy. I can get my eyes thoroughly opened in this matter, and think I am helping others to see the facts and their possible danger also."

Mr. Warner was visited at his establishment on North St. Paul Street. At first he was inclined to be reticent, but learning that the information desired was about Bright's disease, his manner changed instantly and he spoke very earnestly.

"It is true that Bright's disease had increased wonderfully, and we find, by reliable statistics, that from 1870 to '90, its growth was over 250 per cent. Look at the prominent men it has carried off: Everett, Sumner, Chase, Wilson, Carpenter, Bishop Haven, Folger, Colfax, and others. Nearly every week the papers record the death of some prominent man from this scourge. Recently, however, the increase has been checked, and I attribute this to the general use of my remedy."

"Do you think many people are afflicted with it to-day who do not realize it, Mr. Warner?"

"A prominent professor in a New Orleans medical college was lecturing before his class on the subject of Bright's disease. He had various fluids under microscopic analysis and was showing the students what the indications of this terrible malady were. 'And now, gentlemen,' he said, 'as we have seen the unhealthy indications I will show you how it appears in a state of perfect health, and he substituted his own fluid to the usual test. As he watched the results his countenance suddenly changed—his color and command both left him, and in a trembling voice he said: 'Gentlemen, I have made a painful discovery; I have Bright's disease of the kidneys.' And in less than a year he was dead. The slightest indications of any kidney difficulty should be enough to strike terror to any one."

"You know of Dr. Henion's case?"

"Yes, I have both read and heard of it."

"It is very wonderful, is it not?"

"No more so than a great many others that have come to my notice as having been cured by the same means."

"You believe then that Bright's disease can be cured?"

"I know it can. I know it from my own and the experience of thousands of prominent persons who were given up to die by both their physicians and friends."

NOTABLE ENGAGEMENT.

A Report That Cleveland is Now to be Married.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—The *Tribune's* Albany special says: It may be startling news, but it seems to be nevertheless a fact that Grover Cleveland is engaged to be married at an early day. His affianced is about 20 summers old, an ideal of feminine beauty, and at present a pupil of the Welles college in Aurora, N. Y. She is a daughter of Oscar Folson, of Buffalo, who was a partner of Cleveland and was killed in an accident in 1875. With her mother, she will be present at the funeral of the late Mrs. Cleveland, which will be held in New York City, on Friday, since her father died. She is said to be a very bright and intelligent lady, an heir to all the excellent qualities of her father, to whom Cleveland is said to have been a true friend, and with whom she will reside. When the marriage will take place cannot be stated, but it is said to be a settled fact, to be accomplished at a date yet to be determined. Cleveland at first did not intend to wed the widow of his friend Folson, but was met by the latter's prejudice against remarriage. A few years later he saw what a woman his friend's daughter had grown to be, and decided that she was his ideal of matrimony, and he is said to have been true to her ever since. There is no question about Cleveland's intention to marry this girl, but some have expressed as to her readiness to become his wife. Still, she is known to be ambitious and sentimental, and the idea of her becoming the mother of her country at an early age may prove a powerful motive in deciding on the other side of the question. After the engagement is announced, it is said to be a matter of time before the wedding is celebrated.

BATHING AND BEAUTY.

Many women take cold baths daily. They are not only injurious to the health in most instances, but they are also objectionable for the skin. Hot baths are also objectionable. Rapid transitions from heat to cold hurt the skin; that is the reason that a cook never has a good complexion. It has been found that the flesh should be rubbed gently with a soft brush or mitten. The daily bath as a cosmetic cannot be too highly recommended. The reason that pimples and other cutaneous eruptions appear more frequently in winter is because the skin is not so frequently washed and cleaned, and that the pores being kept open, eruptions find their ready exit. It has been found that the use of soap will never come until every woman takes a bath every day. After drying the body thoroughly, it is well to dust it with a fine gauze, containing powdered cornstarch, or talcum powder, or a mixture of the two. The use of soap twice a week in bathing. Many soaps are very bad for the skin; there is none better than glycerine "palm-oil" soap. Other liquids have been used for bathing purposes besides water. Prince Jerome Bonaparte bathed daily in champagne. It is said that a number of ladies of the aristocracy in Paris bathe every day of their lives in milk, and the story is handed down to us that in ancient times the noble dames of Rome and Athens practiced their ablutions in the nourishing fluid. The Princess Borgeuse, afterwards Queen of Naples, was said to bathe regularly in a milk bath. So essential to her good looks did she deem it that she denied herself a visit to the court of St. James because she was given to understand that milk was not sufficiently plenty in England to permit her to indulge in her luxurious habit. In Paris the milk used for bathing purposes is afterward brought up by second-class *classees*, and served to the customer. The effect of tepid bathing on the skin is so salutary that recently a distinguished dermatologist of Vienna, Prof. Hebra, has adopted the plan of placing some of his obstinate cases under the milk to the neck and leaving them there for several days. They are wrapped up in rubber sacks through which the water is constantly kept flowing. One should avoid going into open air for half an hour or so after bathing to avoid sudden changes of temperature.

A shiny, polished complexion is due to an unusual secretion of fatty matter by the skin. For this a saturated solution of boric acid is necessary to use, a wash for the face is a good remedy. The best remedy for the trouble as well as the tendency to redness of the nose and cheeks is the following: Powdered borax, one-half ounce; pure glycerine, one ounce; camphor water, one quart. Mix and use twice a day. This lotion is better than any in the shops, according to the opinion of a celebrated authority on skin diseases. It prevents chapped skin, removes sunburn, keeps the pores in fine condition and is cheap.—*St. Louis Post-Dispatch*.

Astor Lodge No. 8 K. of P.

You are hereby requested to meet at the Pythian Castle at 11 this afternoon, to attend the funeral of the late Louis Eckhart.

Members of Pacific Lodge No. 17, K. of P., and sojourning Knights respectfully invited to participate.

By order C. C. JEFF.

Roller skates, all sizes, for one dollar at Adler's.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry positively at cost at Adler's.

Gray sells Sackett Bros.' A1 sawed cedar shingles. A full M guaranteed in each bundle.

Private card rooms at Jeff's new saloon—"The Telephone."

All the patent medicines advertised in this paper, together with the choicest perfumery, and toilet articles, etc., can be bought at the lowest prices, at J. W. Tomlin's drug store, opposite Ocean Hotel, Astoria.

SVERRIG.

Ved Omvalgen i Stockholm til Rigsdagen den 20de Januar feirede den liberale Liste fuldstandig. Mod Gyldighed af Høimundernas Valg, der fik 4,609 Stemmer, blev der strax af "Svenska Dagbladet" Udgifter. Axel Jaderin medtog Protest, da den Valgte skulde staa i Respekt for Skatter til en end Kommuken, men den 20de forstaaede Magistraten den Protest og staaede Rigsdagensvalget. Literaten Hedin, uod hvis Valg Høire havde arbejdet af alle Kræfter, blev gjenvalgt med 4,889 Stemmer.

Høimunder afled senere Grund til Fygt for blandt Befolkningen i Blikskjede Ostr Skjergaard paa Grund af at Fisket Høire skulde adlees fæl. De stakkels Fiskere og pa enkelte af disse gode Klippeboer der ligetil 80 Familier, skriver "Nya Dagbl. Alleh." En troværdig Person har berettet, at han var Vidne til en overordentlig Egenlighed i disse Søndens Bønder, og han troede, at mange af Familierne ikke kunde overleve Vinteren, hvis der ikke ydedes dem Hjælp strax.

Within the past two weeks buyers of canned salmon for eastern distribution have taken all the cheap fish in this market. The remaining stock in first hands consists of choice and fancy brands which have been held uniformly above rates have been quoted, and which there is a steady trade requirement sufficient to be believed, to absorb the stock here, as at least sixty days must elapse before the first of next season's pack can be offered in this market.—*St. Louis News*.

The probable repeal by congress of the timber culture and pre-emption laws will have a stimulating effect upon immigration to the northwest. The bill has already passed the senate and will probably pass the house. It will greatly increase emigration toward Dakota and Washington territories and Oregon, and in fact toward all portions of the north-west where good government lands are to be had. A clause in the repealing act makes the bill take effect July 1st, so that all who come prior to that time are sure of its benefits. Under the timber and pre-emption acts a settler can take up 320 acres at one time as residence is not required on the timber land. After commencing his pre-emption he can take up under the homestead act, 160 acres additional. After the present bill becomes a law the settler must first open the land, and will be restricted to a single entry of 160 acres.—*Nevada News*.

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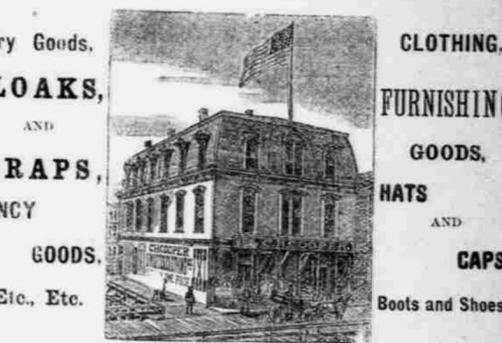
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C. H. COOPER'S



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CUSTOMERS while purchasing their Wearing Apparel, find their greatest difficulty in obtaining Style, Fit, and Value, in their BOOTS or SHOES. Knowing this, we have studied the different points about these goods of the best manufacturers and are now in a position to show the public a First-class Article in every way, and at prices as low as is often paid for inferior makes. The following are a few lines of the Large Stock made to SPECIAL ORDER, and just received.

- LADIES' SHOES.**
- 1st.—Is a fine FRENCH KID SHOE, medium high cut, neat shaped heel, medium and point toes, and come in different widths—must be seen to be appreciated.
- 2nd.—Is a PATENT LEATHER SHOE with Glove kid tops, beautifully finished, and very Stylish.
- 3rd.—Is a KANGAROO SHOE, which is made of the leather of Kangaroo and Caimoleopard Skins and is of a nature adapted to a wet climate, while retaining the softness of the finest kid. It is made in the Common Sense style.
- 4th.—Is a No. 1 quality of AMERICAN KID SHOE, made in same styles as the French Kid, and is often taken for the same.
- 5th.—Is a Fine FRENCH CALF BUTTON SHOE, with Kangaroo tops, and made with a Separate Sole of Cork placed between the main sole and upper, which prevents dampness to the foot, from the wet plants.