The Daily Astorian.

ASTORIA, OREGON:

WEDNESDAY.....JANUARY 28, 1885

ISSUED EVERY MORNING.
(Monday excepted)

J. F. HALLORAN & COMPANY,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS,
ASTORIAN BUILDING, - - CASS STREET

Terms of Subscription.

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Notice To Advertisers.

THE ASTORIAN guarantees to its advertisers the largest circulation of any newspaper published on the Columbia river.

Latest telegrams on outside page.

T. A. Orcutt returned from an eastern visit yesterday.

The *Columbia* leaves for San Francisco this morning.

Court adjourned at 10 last night to February 2nd, at 9 A. M.

The *City of York* has arrived out. 101 days hence to Liverpool.

That fence on the south side of Main and Chenamus adds new beauty to the landscape.

Astoria Lodge I. O. G. T. will have a sociable at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. Be on hand.

Judge Taylor, Raleigh Stott, and C. W. Fulton go to Salem this morning. Judge Smith of Portland, will hold court here next week.

On the "Webfoot book" at the New Orleans Exposition on the 11th inst. were, among a good many other signatures, the names of J. C. Trullinger, M. J. Kinney and W. D. Smith.

The *McNear* cleared for Queenstown yesterday. She sails to-day with 63,918 bus. wheat worth $47,903. The grain fleet of '84-85 is receiving the fastest dispatch of any season in the history of the port.

At Holden's auction sale at eleven o'clock this morning at his auction rooms, besides the household furniture and effects, there will be sold a second-hand piano forte, Home Shuttle sewing machine and a pair of dumb bells.

The new British ship *Cowden Law* from Newcastle, England, for San Francisco, burned at sea on the 19th, 470 miles south of that port; the captain and crew were picked up and brought to San Francisco by the French bark *Leopold and Marie.*

It has been a long time since we had a theatrical entertainment here and the annoucement that a first class troupe, such as the Grismer-Davies combination is proclaimed to be, will play here, should insure a crowded house. Next Tuesday they open at Occidental Hall in "Monte Cristo." Reserved seats at the usual place, the New York Novelty store.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

A regular session of the city council was held yesterday evening. Present, Councilmen Bergman, Dealy, Gratke and Trenchard. In the absence of the mayor Councilman Trenchard was elected chairman pro tem.; minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Ordinances granting liquor licenses to Delia Gearhart, R. L. Jeffrey and Alex Campbell were passed under suspension of the rules.

An ordinance making appropriations out of the general and police funds of the city of Astoria to pay the expenses of the city for 1885 was read first and second times and referred. The committee to whom was referred petitions asking street lamps on corner Lafayette and Jefferson streets and corner Benton and Court streets, reported favorably, which report was adopted. The committee to whom was referred report of police judge for month of December, reported favorably; report adopted.

The following bill was ordered paid: R. L. Jeffrey, $6.15.

The following ordinance was passed under suspension of the rules:

An ordinance making an appropriation for the paying of the expenses of the parties sent to the legislature with the city charter.

The city of Astoria does ordain as follows:

Section 1.—That there be and is hereby appropriated out of the general fund of the city of Astoria for the benefit of the parties sent to the Oregon legislature with the city charter to pay expenses of said parties the sum of two hundred (200) dollars.

Section 2.—That the auditor and clerk is hereby authorized to draw a warrant on the treasury to the amount of such sum.

On motion council adjourned.

ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY.

Three pistol shots and the cry of "Stop thief!" at half past nine last evening sent a crowd running up West 9th street from whence the sound proceeded. It appears that just before, Capt. Geo. W. Wood, who lives on the corner of Arch and West 9th street, heard some one trying to effect an entrance, by the window, and springing up and out on the porch caught a Chinaman and dragged him into the room. He turned to get some more clothes when the Chinaman made a jump for the door, Wood after him in hot pursuit, firing his revolver as he ran. The Chinaman eluded his pursuer, but ten minutes afterward was caught by John Brown and Officer Carlson on the corner of Cedar and West 6th streets. He was taken to Capt. Wood's residence, who promptly identified him by a mark he had made on the Mongolian's dexter optic, and the would-be burglar was taken to the city jail.

This burglary business has gone about far enough, and it is about time that summary measures were taken to check it. Scarcely a night passes by that some family is not disturbed by an amateur thief who hardly ever gets within range of a revolver long enough to get what he deserves.

Furnished Rooms To Let.
Apply to MRS. MUNSON.

CROW
Does not make any second-class Pictures at his New Gallery, No. 61¼, on the Roadway.

Buy your Lime of Gray at Portland prices.

Mrs. Bryce would respectfully announce to the ladies of Astoria that she is prepared to do dressmaking in all its branches at her rooms on Cass St., opposite Odd Fellows building.

THE HERBERT TRIAL.

A Verdict of "Murder In the Second Degree" —Sentence of the Prisoner— "For Life."

When the large crowd in and around Liberty hall dispersed last Monday night and left the prisoner awaiting the deliberations of the twelve men who held his life in their hands, there was a wide diversity of opinion in the discussion that the trial elicited. The jury retired at ten minutes past eleven; immediately they balloted on a verdict, the result being four for murder in the first degree, four for murder in the second degree, three for manslaughter, and one for acquittal. A second ballot was taken an hour later with substantially the same result. The night wore on and morning paled the gas lights in the jury room and still there was no verdict. When the sheriff brought the jury out to breakfast there was a general impression that a verdict was ready to be given, but such was not the case; after breakfast the discussion was resumed, and it noon the jury's ballot was eleven for murder in the second degree and one for manslaughter. The afternoon wore on, and as the hours went by a good many thought that "a hung jury" was the result. Sheriff Ross and the bailiffs were proof against all questions, and nothing could be learned about the state of affairs, till at twenty minutes past six the jury sent word that they had a verdict. As soon as the necessary officers, counsel, etc., were on hand Judge Taylor asked. "Gentlemen, have you agreed upon a verdict?" "We have," replied the foreman, handing it up. It was read and handed to County Clerk Trenchard, who read it aloud: "We, the jury in the above entitled cause, find the defendant guilty of murder in the second degree." The strain on the prisoner broke his assumed quiet and he burst into tears. If ever a man was genuinely sorry for his act Charles Herbert was when he heard the verdict of the jury that, though it was accompanied by a recommendation to mercy, can have but one termination—imprisonment for life. The friends of Herbert were more sorry than surprised at the verdict, and the general opinion of the majority of the people is that it is a just verdict, and one that the circumstances and evidence justified the jury in rendering. Not a few there are who thought that a verdict of murder in the first degree would have been justified by the facts, but it is an extreme case that will nerve twelve men to sign a verdict that deprives a fellow mortal of the life so dear to all.

The prisoner was given till nine o'clock to decide if he wanted a new trial. At that hour he was brought into court and said he would not ask for a new trial: the court then asked if he wished to be sentenced forthwith, or ask the time allowed: he said he would waive the privilege and asked for immediate sentence. The court then directed him to stand up and asked him if he had anything to say before sentence was pronounced upon him. Herbert rose, and in a broken voice said that he was sorry for the commission of the deed and asked that the court be merciful. Judge Taylor said that he had no option in the matter; that the law prescribed the sentence and he could but carry out the plain mandate of the law: he then said, "the judgment of this court is that you be imprisoned in the penitentiary at Salem for the term of your natural life." Herbert sank back in his seat, and in a few moments followed the sheriff back to jail.

WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT IT?

If a hundred men of polite address, fluent speech, and ready wit were to call, weekly or monthly, each upon a hundred others and get their attention long enough to say "John Smith has made great improvement in his business," or that "Jones or Brown, at such a place, have a complete and full line of goods," we will readily conceive that the services of these one hundred men would be of great service to Smith and Jones, and of great advantage to the party to whom the statement was made. The hundred men could not be employed to go from place—some small and distant places—and make this statement to five thousand or ten thousand people at less than a cost of $5,000 or $10,000 each trip. All this is done by the newspaper at a cost of a few dollars, and the visits are made daily or weekly as the case may be. The messenger who travels addresses himself to the ear, and takes the party addressed when he may have his thoughts absorbed in business or other matters; but the newspaper reaches the party sought through the eye when the reader has his thoughts solely fixed upon the paper before him. But those who affect to believe that there is little use in advertising urge, as an objection, that advertisements are not read. They can easily be convinced of their error in this respect by making inquiry. Let them insert an advertisement, offering to purchase some article that is tolerably plenty in the market, and they will be flooded with offers to sell before the ink of the advertisement is dry. An enterprising newspaper, with an extensive circulation, is in position to do the advertiser great good. A man's sign offers a mute invitation to those only who pass his place of business; his circulars can only reach those to whom particular attention is given; but his advertisement in a newspaper goes into the highways and byways, finding customers and compelling them to consider his argument.

Chinese merchants of this city, says the *Oregonian*, who shipped 15,000 sacks of flour to Hong Kong on the *William H. Besse*, have found the venture a losing one. Last year there was something made on flour shipped to Hong Kong, and it was supposed that the Franco-Chinese war might create a greater demand this year. But the calculation was incorrect, and the flour shipped, which cost a little over $1 a sack at Hong Kong, is being sold at from 80 to 90 cents. The market for spars and lumber has been very good and a very handsome profit was realized on the cargo of the *Alden Besse.*

Fresh Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters
Constantly on hand, cooked to any style at Frank Fabre's.

Success.
The sale of Syrup of Figs is simply immense. Everyone is taking it, and all admit that it is the best medicine ever used. Children cry for it on account of its pleasant taste, and grown people who have used it once never take anything else. Unlike other remedies for biliousness and constipation it never loses its power to act, and it always leaves the organs on which it acts stronger than before. Besides, one feels fresh and bright and realizes that it is Nature's own true laxative. W. E. Dement & Co. are agents for Astoria, Oregon.

Gray sells Sackett Bros.' A1 sawed cedar shingles A full M guaranteed in each bunch.

THE CITY CHARTER.

An Argument For the Property Qualification Clause.

ASTORIA, Jan. 27, 1885.

ED. ASTORIAN:—

I have read and listened to all the criticisms and objections to the amendments to the city charter proposed by the chamber of commerce; and in all I have read, or heard spoken, on the subject I do not find any valid, legal or practical objection to the amendment, and specially none against the amendment restricting the right of suffrage to tax payers in the city. The objections to that amendment as far as I have noticed are that it would be unauthorized by our state constitution and therefore illegal. A little consideration and investigation of that matter I think, will show such objections to be unfounded.

The city of Astoria is a "corporation" the same as are all school districts in the state of Oregon,—the same as are all railroad companies, manufacturing companies, or the many other kinds of incorporated companies, as the salmon canning companies, etc.

The constitution of Oregon, Article XI, Sec. 2, reads as follows: "Corporations may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special laws, except for municipal purposes. All laws passed pursuant to this section may be altered, amended or repealed, but not so as to impair or destroy any vested corporate rights." § 3—"The stockholders of ALL corporations and joint stock companies shall be liable for the indebtedness of said corporation to the amount of their stock subscribed and paid up and no more."

Sec. 3 is introduced to show that all corporations in Oregon, are, by the constitution, simply considered alike in the matter of their powers and liabilities, no matter whether created by special act of the legislature or formed under the general laws of the state.

Sec. 2 shows plainly that all laws creating corporations may be altered, amended, or repealed (by the legislature of course), but not so as to impair or destroy vested corporate rights.

The legislature created the corporation of Astoria, and can amend the act of incorporation in any manner so as not to impair vested corporate rights. Increasing or diminishing the number, or character of the city officers, or the manner of electing or appointing them, or increasing or diminishing their salaries, would not be impairing, or in any manner affecting "vested corporate rights."

So much concerning the right of the legislative assembly to amend the city charter in any manner they see fit, so as not to impair vested corporate rights.

On the subject of natural rights, the constitution says, see bill of rights, first clause, "We declare that all men, when they form a social compact, are equal in rights;" etc. Now the city of Astoria is not a social compact, formed by the people thereof; but rather a chartered corporation, created by the legislative assembly of Oregon, upon the petition of some ten or fifteen persons in 1856; and the act creating that corporation has been amended, or repealed by a new charter, three or four times since its first enactment, and each time upon the petition of a very few of the citizens of the town. And what has been done in our case has been likewise done in the case of Portland and several of the larger cities in Oregon, all which further shows that the legislative assembly has full power and right to amend our charter in such manner as they think for the best interest of our city and its citizens; provided *vested corporate rights are not impaired.*

On the subject of suffrage and elections the state constitution says, Art. II, Sec. 2,—"In all elections not otherwise provided for in this constitution, every white male citizen of the United States," etc. etc., defining fully who "shall be entitled to vote at all elections authorized by law." This reads "in all elections *not otherwise* provided for in this constitution."

But the elections in all corporations, in school districts, cities, towns, railroad corporations, etc., etc., *are otherwise* provided for in this constitution. So the qualifications of voters in those corporations need not necessarily be the same as they are in the state and county elections to which the requirements of sec. 2 apply. For instance the election of the officers to manage the district schools is not provided for in the general terms of the constitution,—but they *are otherwise* provided for in the constitution. They are provided for in Sec. 3 of Art. VIII, thus:—"The legislative assembly shall provide by law for the establishment of a uniform and general system of common schools."

And hence the legislative assembly in 1865, twenty years ago, enacted the present school law of the state, authorizing the resident taxpayers to organize school districts, which thence became corporations, all over the state. They elect officers, levy taxes and collect the same, hire teachers, and carry on schools—some single districts in the state expending yearly in maintaining their schools four times as much money as it takes to carry on the city government of Astoria.

And yet in these school district elections nobody is permitted to vote except *resident taxpayers.* Who ever heard complaint in our school district that everybody, including non-taxpayers, could not vote?

The legislature has the same power to restrict the suffrage in incorporated cities that it has in school districts—to resident taxpayers. And it ought to do it.

Nearly every person that I know of, objecting to the amendment, seems to admit that some suitable qualification for voters, or restriction of suffrage more than at present exists in our city, and in cities generally, ought to be required: but they think as it would be a new thing it would not take well with the majority of those who would be left out. I think however to limit suffrage to tax paying persons in cities would be a great incentive to large numbers, of those now not taxpayers, to become taxpayers immediately, before the first election under the amended charter. Certainly if they cared for the right of suffrage in our city elections they would try to become citizens in the fullest sense of the word—have an interest in the city.

I anticipate a great improvement in the moral, social and financial condition of the present non-taxpaying citizens as the chief benefit to come from the adoption of the suffrage amendment.

I would make the amount of taxable property requisite for suffrage right less than in the amendment proposed.

NOT ALWAYS A TAXPAYER.

At Frank Fabre's.
Board for $22.50 a month. The best in the city. Dinner from 5 to 7.

For a Neat Fitting Boot
Jr Shoe, go to P. J. Goodmans, on Chenamus street, next door to I. W. Case. All goods of the best make and guaranteed quality. A full stock; new goods constantly arriving. Custom work.

A CRAZE FOR CALENDARS.

"No more calendars given out," or some legend to that effect can be seen prominently displayed in the offices of many insurance companies. The practice of distributing calendars and almanacs as advertising mediums is at the height of its popularity. Nearly all those intended for use during the present year have by this time been scattered broadcast through the land and are now upon the walls of offices. The notice that "no more calendars will be given out serves as a warning to waste paper merchants whose myrmidons feed during the first week of the year on those who issue the almanacs. As a rule a customer of a corporation whose appearance is in his favor, on applying inside, finds that a clerk is able to fish out a calendar from somewhere in spite of this notice.

The calendars on account of competition, are getting more beautiful every year. The insurance companies realize that when a business man receives twelve of them he can only utilize a certain proportion, say half, and, of course, the prettiest ones are selected. The idea on which the calendars are based is, of course, to familiarize people with the company giving them. It is not expected that a man will patronize a corporation merely because it gives him a calendar. Experience shows though, that people, through seeing the name of an insurance concern day after day, will, when its name crops up in conversation elsewhere, manifest good deal of confidence in it. They know that the name is a household word to them, and, although they hardly know how it became so, they retain the impression that the company mentioned is an excellent one to trade with.

The Philadelphia company that has the reputation of issuing the largest number of calendars this year sent out 175,000, at a cost of $60 per thousand. These went all over North America. About 500 of their agents received consignments of calendars, with their names and that of their town and city specially printed on them. Half a dozen other companies ordered as many as 50,0000 and 75,000 each. The cost of the calendars generally used by insurance companies is $40 to $200 per 1,000. Of the latter class there are specimens that are real works of art, and they, of course, are not distributed indiscriminately, as are the cheaper ones. The dearest kind of sheet calendars, all other things being equal, are those to which are affixed tables for each day in the year. It takes considerable trouble to prepare them.

The companies are also annually taxed at this season to supply the demand of their agents for blotters. In addition to the advertisements of the corporations these also have on them calendars in minature. Half a million little blotters is not a very large record for concerns having sub-offices all over the country. In some of the towns where agents of Philadelphia companies are located, lawyers, editors and business men generally depend largely upon the agents for this department of their stationery. In very small towns the agents, although they may give away more cash in the shape of blotters than they receive in the way of business, daren't object. In some villages in Colorado, Kansas and New Mexico, where sand is sprinkled over the paper to dry the ink, it is said that the natives would not know what blotting paper was were it not for the insurance agents. —*Philadelphia Press.*

WHAT ARE NEIGHBORS GOOD FOR?

A Citizen having heard that his Neighbor was Scandalizing him called Around at the office for an Explanation.

"Haven't I always Spoken Well of you and yours?" he asked.

"Oh, yes."

"Haven't I always lent you my Snow Shovel, my Flat-irons, and my Coffee Mill for these many years past?"

"Yes, but—"

"But What? What on Earth could have Induced you to throw out hints that my Aunt was my Uncle?"

"Why, my Dear Sir, your Snow Shovel is broken, your Flat-irons too old to be of Further use, and your Coffee Mill will no longer grind. How can I Longer Neighbor with such a man?"

Moral: When you can't live off a Neighbor make Him sorry for it.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Women With Dogs.

Did you ever notice any peculiarity about women who take dogs with them upon the streets? There are, of course, exceptions to all rules, but I have come to the conclusion that most of the women who forever have a dog about with them, either under their arms or sprawling at their heels at the end of a strap or a string, are cranks. A perfectly normal woman does not like to make herself so conspicuous. I have seen ladies with large, fine looking Newfoundland dogs or grey-hounds following behind them, who looked proper enough. A dog is quite in place, if he does not have to be led or carried. A dog that is not able to walk and not get lost from his master or mistress ought to be ashamed of himself, and is not worth having. The mania for carrying a dog about generally arises from neglect of the opposite sex. Women who resort to so ridiculous an extreme do so out of revenge, because they are not held in that esteem which they think themselves entitled to. Whether this be the explanation or not, I am sure it is always a distributing cause of some kind that drives a woman to the dogs.—*N. Y. World.*

Deception is practiced in handling salt salmon. The high reputation of Columbia river salmon has led to the adoption of that brand almost universally in handling the salt salmon product here. It matters not if the salmon are taken in Alaska, or from what are known as the outside rivers, or if it is Sacremento river fall catch, cured and packed from the surplus of the retail markets, it all bears the brand "Columbia River Salmon." This is saying nothing against fish taken from other streams than the Columbia, but merely illustrates the disposition to mislead in this branch of business.—*San Francisco Grocer and County Merchant, 23.*

Syrup of Figs.
Nature's own true Laxative.—Pleasant to the palate, acceptable to the Stomach, harmless in its nature, painless in its action. Cures habitual Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and kindred ills. Cleanses the system, purifies the blood, regulates the Liver and acts on the Bowels. Breaks up Colds, Chills and Fever, etc. Strengthens the organs on which it acts. Better than bitter, nauseous Liver medicines, pills, salts and draughts. Sample bottles free, and large bottles for sale by W. E. Dement & Co., Astoria.

For Dinner Parties to order, at short notice, go to Frank Fabre's.

NO POISON
IN THE PASTRY
IF

ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.

For Strength and True Fruit Flavor They Stand Alone.

PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
MAKERS OF
Dr. Prices Cream Baking Powder
—AND—
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,
Best Dry Hop Yeast.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

LIGHT HEALTHY BREAD.

DR. PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.

The best dry hop yeast in the world. Bread raised by this yeast is light, white and wholesome like our grandmother's delicious bread.

GROCERS SELL THEM.

PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Nan'f'rs of Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by CUTTING, MERLE & CO., Agents Portland, Oregon

Aramanda Says Yes
AT LAST, AND
Smithers Won His Best Girl!

His Stylish Appearance Did it.

No wonder: he gets all his clothes made at

M. D. KANT'S
Clothing Emporium.

There you can find the finest assortment of

Cloth, Cassimeres and Tweeds.

Also, the best stock of ready-made CLOTHING, for Men, Youths and Boys.
FURNISHING GOODS in the grandest assortment. The best of BOOTS and SHOES. Hats and Caps, Trunks and Valises.

Prices are Down to Bedrock

To suit the times. Call and see

M. D. KANT,

The Boss Merchant Tailor and Clothier.
Ship Captains can get their supplies here on very favorable terms

Rooms to Rent.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
Apply to C. Y. BLISSET, Upper Astoria.

Furnished Rooms to Let,
WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Enquire of MRS. E. C. HOLDEN.

STEAMER SCHEDULE.

Following is a schedule of sailing dates for steamers between Astoria and San Francisco:

FROM ASTORIA.		FROM SAN FRANCISCO. 10 a. m.	
	Jan		Jan
Oregon....Wed	" 21	Queen.....Sat	" 24
Columbia..Mon	" 26	Oregon.Thurs	" 29
Queen.....Sat	" 31	Columbia Tues	Feb 3

WHAT!
Do You Think that "Jeff" of The Chop House
Gives you a meal for nothing, and a glass of something to drink? "Not much!" but he gives a better meal and more of it than any place in town for 25 cents. He buys by the wholesale and pays cash. "That settles it."

C. H. COOPER'S

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

A Great Reduction Sale in Men's

OVERCOATS!

On account of an overstock in these goods I shall offer for cash, during the next 30 days, the following lines regardless of cost:

Men's Mixed Cassimere Overcoats,	-	at $9.00	for $7.00
" Blue Chinchilla "	-	at 11.50	" 8.50
" Gray Mixed Reversible	-	at 13.50	" 10.50
" California Doeskin "	-	at 14.00	" 11.00
" Heavy Chinchilla "	-	at 14.50	" 11.50
" Brown Beaver Dress "	-	at 16.00	" 12.00
" Blue Beaver " "	-	at 16.50	" 12.50
" Black Diagonal "	-	at 18.00	" 14.00
" Gray Chinchilla "	-	at 18.00	" 14.00
" Huntsman Green Melton	-	at 20.00	" 16.00
" Blue Germania Beaver	-	at 22.50	" 17.50
" Brown Chinchilla "	-	at 25.00	" 20.00
" Blue Chinchilla "	-	at 25.00	" 20.00
" New Shade, Satin lined, Dress	-	at 30.00	" 25.00

C. H. COOPER,
Pythian Building, - - Astoria, Oregon.

CITY BOOK STORE

Agents for KRANICH & BACH, And Geo Steck's Little Giant PIANOS.

HEADQUARTERS
For Fine Stationery, School Books, Blank Books, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, Variety Goods, Etc., Etc.
Subscriptions received for any Periodical published at publishers Prices.
New Stock Arriving Daily.

Agents for TABER and Western Cottage ORGANS.

GRIFFIN & REED.

$67,000,000 Capital!
Liverpool and London and Globe.
North British and Mercantile
Of London and Edinburgh.
Old Connecticut of Hartford,
AND
COMMERCIAL OF CALIFORNIA
Fire Insurance Companies,
Representing a Capital of $67,000 000.
B. VAN DUSEN, Agent.

GERMANIA BEER HALL
—AND—
BOTTLED BEER DEPOT,
Chenamus Street, Astoria.
The Best of Lager 5 Cts. a Glass.
Orders for the Celebrated
Columbia Brewery Beer
Left at this place will be promptly attended to
☞No cheap San Francisco Beer sold at this place.
WM. BOCK, Proprietor.

D. A. McINTOSH

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of the best made

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

In Business Suits and Dress Suits.

Also the largest stock and the newest patterns in

French and American Cassimeres, Worsteds, Cloths, Scotch and English Tweeds.

Which will be made up to order in the very latest styles and at the lowest prices.

FIT GUARANTEED.

HATS in all the Latest and Standard Shapes.

A complete line of

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

D. A. McINTOSH,
The Leading Clothier, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher.