

The Daily Astorian.

ASTORIA, OREGON: THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1884

A FEW LITTLE FIGURES.

The Republican national convention meets next Tuesday. A majority of the people of the United States think that it will nominate the next president.

In estimating the chances of Republican success this year, and discussing the phases of the situation it must be borne in view that the victory of 1880 was won only through very strenuous endeavor and by a very small margin. There were some advantages on the Republican side in that contest which are hardly to be expected in the impending struggle, and certain influences which then operated to determine the course of a good many wavering voters are not now to be so much counted upon; and yet with such special aids to success defeat was so narrowly missed that there was not much room for boasting.

The election of Garfield was a plurality triumph. While he secured 214 of the 369 electoral votes, he did not receive a majority of the popular vote by over 300,000. That is to say, his vote fell that much short of the combined votes cast for the other candidates, and even Hancock came within 7,000 of receiving as many votes as he did. There were in round numbers 9,000,000 votes polled, and Garfield got 48.26 per cent of them, against 48.25 per cent given to Hancock, the remainder going to Weaver, Dow and Taylor, the candidates of the Greenback, Prohibition and anti-secret society factions. On a square test, therefore, between the Republican party and all opposing parties, the opposition had a majority. Possibly if only a Republican and a Democratic candidate had been in the field, the former would have received a majority; but that is merely conjecture. As a matter of fact, the election of 1880 did not show a preponderance of Republican votes in the country.

If we take the votes by states, which is the truest test, it would be seen that in a number of instances the result was decided by a remarkably close count. In no former election were so many states carried or lost on such narrow margins. Garfield beat Hancock in New York by a plurality of 21,000, but his majority in the state over all opposing candidates was only 6,500. This gave him 95 electoral votes and insured his election, for if those votes had gone to Hancock they would have given us a Democratic president. In Ohio, Garfield received a plurality of 34,000, and a majority over all of 25,000. Indiana gave Garfield a plurality of 6,000, but the majority of the total popular vote was 6,000 against him. The Republicans carried this state by a slender plurality, 671, and a majority of 422; and Colorado and Connecticut were both secured by pluralities of less than 3,000.

The states named, some of which are put in the doubtful list this year, and several of which are essential to Republican success, cast 84 electoral votes in 1880, or nearly two-fifths of the whole number which Garfield received. There was a difference of only 59 between the electoral votes cast for Garfield and those cast for Hancock; and a change of only 30 of the 84 votes in question would therefore have elected the latter instead of the former—and such a change would have been accomplished by the shifting of less than 1 per cent of the popular vote in New York alone from the Republican to the Democratic ticket. A loss of 3,500 Republican votes in a total of 4,449,000 would have defeated Garfield. A fact like that is worth considering very seriously at this time. If the Republican party triumph again this year, it must clearly put its best foot foremost, exercise the strictest caution, and absolutely refuse to take any hazard that can be avoided.

THE WALL-STREET BOOM.

It is the current opinion of the keenest political observers that if it were the purpose of the Arthur business meeting boom in New York to impress his candidacy upon the country, it was a failure. An editorial in one of the New York papers, pointing to the fact that the Republicans of the country desire no Wall-street president, was doubtless a sufficient answer to the meeting, but there was one aspect, possibly, in which the business meeting was a success. An old campaigner says that it "united a great deal of money in the interests of Arthur and enabled the 'boys' who run with the machine to secure a very liberal subscription list. As 1,000 of them are reported to intend to start for Chicago by the middle of the week in a special train, probably they have not neglected their opportunities."

So far as the business itself was concerned it was simply a repetition of very recent New York history. Those acquainted with the political statistics of New York have not forgotten that Judge Folger, ex-secretary of the treasury, generally known as the administration candidate, secured the nomination for governor of New York in September, 1882, and was defeated in November of that year by nearly 200,000 majority. Not long after he was nominated a "business" boom was started for him by a mass meeting at

Cooper Union, the proceedings of which occupied nearly a page of the New York papers. Among the list of vice presidents at the meeting were: General U. S. Grant, David Davis, B. B. Sherman, Jackson S. Schultz, Edwards Pierrepont, Cornelius N. Bliss, William A. Camp, E. D. Morgan, General Lloyd Aspinwall, General E. F. Winston, Frederick Kuhne, George Bliss, James Seligman, Sinclair Toussay, F. D. Tappan, William Steinway, Jacob B. Vermilyea, Daniel F. Appleton, William B. Dinsmore, Thurlow Weed, Hamilton Fish, Thomas Rutler, General Thomas Hillhouse, General Horace Porter and Charles L. Tiffany.

A curious person who chose to contrast this list of vice presidents with the list of those who recently presided at the Arthur business meeting in New York, would find that the representatives of money and Wallstreet interest, pure and simple, are for the most part in both lists, save in cases in which the vice presidents of 1882 are dead or bankrupt.

The principal speakers of the Folger meeting were William Dowd, Chauncey Depew, and District Attorney Tenney. This mass meeting adopted resolutions declaring that as secretary of the treasury of the United States, Folger proved that integrity and soundness have been the only rocks of confidence upon which the great business interests of the country have rested, and the people know his promises will be kept.

Mr. Dowd, in taking the chair, said: "I ask the business men of New York 'Are you ready to let the Democratic party take possession of the great financial fabric?' and the national banks. 'Are you ready to go back to the days of state banks, when a man with \$100 in his pocket at noon, if he traveled till sundown couldn't buy a supper?'" Depew devoted a large part of his address to appeals to the business community. The answer of this appeal to the business interest was a Democratic majority of about 200,000 against Folger, a New York secretary of the treasury under a New York administration.

The London Times, commenting on the recent paucity, sets us down as a nation of "gamblers," the "most dangerous in the world." Let us see. More than one hundred years ago we gambled for our independence as a nation, and at the end of seven years of war, England, while gambling on the other side, lost the game. Thirty years or so afterward we gambled against the right of search on the high seas, and brought more British frigates than one into the bay of New York with flags hauled down and British officers as prisoners. A generation ago we gambled again with human slavery and nationality as the stakes. England threw the loaded dice of the Alabama and the confederate cruisers against us. We won and England paid her portion of the losses at Geneva. Yes, America gambles; but she has never gambled in Egypt. She has no Ireland and no India. Her gambling has built up a nation of more than fifty million of people in a single century—a people rich, educated, independent, free. What has England done in the same space of time?

"SENATOR EDMUNDS' alleged great wealth," says the Boston Journal, "has been the theme of so much talk in certain quarters that it may be well to give a summary of his list as just furnished to the assessors at Burlington. It is as follows: Personal property, \$56,825; real property, \$15,120; poll tax, \$2; total tax, \$721.45.

BORN.

On Young's River, May 28th, 1884, to the wife of J. F. Nowlen, a daughter.

NEW TO-DAY

OCCIDENTAL HALL ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 2. Triumphant Tour of the Favorite Artists.

MR. and MRS. H. A. KENDALL

Supported by the Strongest, Largest, most Complete, and unexceptional Dramatic Organizations in the United States, and a full and complete Orchestra and Superb Band.

Monday Evening, June 2nd, Grand production of the SUCCESS OF ALL SUCCESSES, as played over 100 nights at Wallack's Theater, entitled

THE BONANZA KING

Universally pronounced by the press of England and America "THE GREATEST DRAMA OF OUR TIMES," still the popular play at the Princess Theater, London, and direct from its triumphant New York Record.

Willard Denver, John Franklin, Mr. H. A. KENDALL, Julia Kendall, Nellie Denver.

Kendall's Popular Prices. Change of Bill Nightly. Reserved seats for sale at New York Novelty Store.

A Card.

ED. ASTORIAN: In a discussion on the public street of this city with the Republican Candidate for joint representative for Clatsop and Tillamook on the position taken by him on the issue of the gentlemen said if I did not dissent from my criticism on his position, he would publish my record. I have now to say that I invite Mr. Gray or any other person to do so, but will reserve the right to my opinion on political matters whether it hurts the gentleman or not.

Notice of Co-partnership. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned have formed a co-partnership in the business of keeping the "Blue Anchor Saloon," formerly run by Andrew Olsen.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.



FOR CONGRESS, BINGER HERMAN, of Douglas Co. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, JUDGE L. FLINN, of Linn Co. FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, D. P. THOMPSON, of Multnomah, J. C. LEASURE, of Umatilla, WARREN TRUITT, of Polk.

FOR JUDGE, FIFTH JUDICIAL DIST., F. J. TAYLOR, of Clatsop. FOR PROS. ATT'Y, FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, T. A. MCBRIDE, of Clackamas. Clatsop Co. Republican Ticket.

FOR JOINT REPRESENTATIVE, (From Clatsop and Tillamook Counties), J. H. D. GRAY. FOR SHERIFF, GEO. P. WHEELER. FOR COUNTY CLERK, J. O. SPENCER. FOR COUNTY TREASURER, A. W. BERRY. FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, D. K. WARREN, H. B. PARKER. FOR ASSESSOR, J. F. WARREN. FOR SURVEYOR, GELO F. PARKER. FOR SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT, H. SLOOP. FOR CORONER, J. C. ROSS. Astoria Precinct.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, N. E. GOODELL. FOR CONSTABLE, J. R. CHRISTIE. Shively Precinct. FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, J. W. WELCH. FOR CONSTABLE, O. NELSON.

REGULAR Democratic Ticket. FOR CONGRESS, JOHN MYERS, of Clackamas. JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, W. W. THAYER, of Multnomah. FOR JUDGE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, A. S. BENNETT, of Wasco. FOR PROS. ATT'Y FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, W. B. DILLARD.

Clatsop County Democratic Ticket. FOR JOINT REPRESENTATIVE, (From Clatsop and Tillamook Counties), C. LEINWEBER. FOR SHERIFF, W. G. ROSS. FOR COUNTY CLERK, C. J. TRENCHARD. FOR TREASURER, ISAAC BERGMAN. FOR ASSESSOR, C. W. SHIVELY. FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, JOHN HOBSON, F. BARTOLDES. FOR SURVEYOR, N. D. RAYMOND. FOR SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT, J. E. HIGGINS. FOR CORONER, B. B. FRANKLIN.

Astoria Precinct. FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, C. R. THOMSON. FOR CONSTABLE, ...

ASTORIA, OREGON, May 22nd, 1884, TO J. F. HALLGREN, EDITOR ASTORIAN.—DEAR SIR: You will please publish in your paper, the Democratic ticket as hereto attached, and state by authority of the undersigned.

C. H. PAGE, Chairman. A. H. STONE, per JOHN ADAMS, Jr. (Proxy.) R. J. MORRISON, by JOHN HOBSON, (Proxy.) Democratic County Committee for Clatsop county, Oregon.

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE. Away With Rings and Bull-dozers! VOTE FOR P. H. FOX, THE OLD SOLDIER, For Justice of the Peace.

To the Voters of Astoria Precinct. I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF AN independent candidate for Constable of Astoria precinct at the coming election. S. G. INGALLS.

Notice. SEVERAL PARTIES HAVING expressed the idea that I am a candidate for the office of Coroner, merely to fill out the Republican ticket, I wish to announce to my friends and others, that if elected I shall open a first class undertaking establishment in connection with said office, and shall be prepared at all times to furnish anything required in that line at the most reasonable prices. I earnestly request the support of my friends and the party throughout the county. J. C. ROSS.

GRAND Gaslight Exhibition!

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, MAY 27, 28 AND 29. DAY AND EVENING. An elegant display of

Silks, Satins, Velvets and Laces, No Goods will be Sold on These Evenings. But an Attractive Display will be made ON A SCALE NEVER BEFORE WITNESSED IN ASTORIA.

A Souvenir of the Occasion. And a Kensington Pattern will be presented to each visitor. DO NOT FAIL TO BE PRESENT. First Door Below Rescue Engine House. PILGER'S BRANCH, LEADING Suit and Cloak House!!

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets! We beg to call the attention of the public to our latest importation, direct from Eastern manufacturers, of the LARGEST INVOICE OF

CARPETS. Ever offered for sale in this city, comprising all grades, from the FINEST BODY BRUSSELS. In the Newest Tints and Shades.

Furniture and House Furnishing Line. We can show you the very BEST GOODS at BOTTOM FIGURES, and shall be pleased to receive a call for inspection whether you purchase or not.

CHAS. HEILBORN. W. T. Coleman & Co's Water! Water! Water! Wheeler & Kipp Banking Department

FOR LONDON DIRECT. The Splendid 100 A Iron Ship "Aberystwith Castle." E. HARRIS, Master.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT. The fine British Iron ship ESKDALE, 1220 Tons Register, 110 A1.

NOTICE. STATE AND COUNTY TAXES ARE NOW due and payable at my office. A. M. TWOMBLY, Sheriff Clatsop Co.

For The Finest Groceries, For The Freshest Vegetables, For The Most Complete Assortment, For Absolute Satisfaction. In Filling and Delivering All Orders, Call at

FRANK L. PARKER'S Family Grocery and Provision Store,

Corner Benton and Chenamus Streets, Opposite Custom House Square.

STEAMER CLARA PARKER. Eben P. Parker, Master. For TOWING, FREIGHT or CHARTER apply to the Captain, or to H. B. PARKER.

EMPIRE STORE RE-OPENING!

Fine Goods at Reduced Prices. Ladies desirous of procuring Goods unequalled in Style and Finish will take pleasure in examining our Stock of

SILKS, SATINS and DRESS GOODS. IN THE GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, Everything is Complete and of the best. PRAEL BROS. John A. Montgomery, DEALER IN

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware. A General Assortment of HOUSEHOLD GOODS. Magee Stoves and Ranges. PLUMBING, GAS FITTING, AND CANNERY WORK. Attended to Promptly on Reasonable Terms.

THE NEW MODEL. RANGE CAN BE HAD IN ASTORIA ONLY OF E. R. HAWES, AGENT. CALL AND EXAMINE IT, YOU WILL BE PLEASSED. E. R. HAWES is also agent for the Buck patent Cooking Stove.

MARTIN OLSEN & CO. FURNITURE AND BEDDING. Corner Main and Squemoqua Streets, Astoria, Oregon.

WINDOW SHADES AND TRIMMINGS; WALL PAPER ETC. A Complete Stock. PRICES AS CHEAP AS QUALITY WILL AFFORD. ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE REPAIRED AND VARNISHED.

Columbia Transportation Company. FOR PORTLAND. FAST TIME! THE POPULAR STEAMER FAST TIME!

FLEETWOOD. Which has been fitted for the comfort of passengers will leave Wilson & Fisher's Dock every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A.M. arriving at Portland at 1 P.M. Tuesday and Thursday at 6 A.M. arriving at Astoria at 1 P.M.