

The Daily Astorian.

Vol. XVII.

Astoria, Oregon, Saturday Morning, June 24, 1882.

No. 73.

A PECULIAR PRESCRIPTION.

The Drinking of Blood For Its Restorative Qualities.

"You see the lady stepping out of her carriage," said a city official to a reporter, pointing to an elegantly dressed woman of society: "What of her?"

"She drinks a glass of warm bullock's blood every day of her life—consumptive you know. Fact, sir fact! If you want to know anything about these things go to the slaughter-houses and watch 'em for yourself, or if your life is too short, tackle the wholesale butchers at the markets."

The reporter took a trip out to the slaughter-house of Michael Riley, and stating the object of his visit to that gentleman, was advised to watch for himself. During the half hour that he remained there came five persons, who each drank from a glass to a glass and a half of hot blood, just as the beasts were in their death throes. One of the five was a young man of twenty, fashionably attired, and with the air of a student who had burned the midnight oil to a dangerous extent, and also bore the traces of dissipation. Another was an elderly gentleman who came in a private and aristocratic brougham, drawn by two heavy English carriage horses, and driven by a liveried coachman, who knew just where to pull up as he had evidently been there before.

The other three were ladies; one a young miss just blossoming into womanhood, but with fragile form and ashy lips; she drank the ruddy beverage with a slight tremor and with averted head, while the elderly lady who accompanied her drank hers with evident relish and put out her tumbler for another glass, of which, however, she drank only half. The fifth person was a tall blonde of spirituelle appearance, clad in a tight-fitting, gray shopping costume, and of her it was said that she had visited the abattoir for several months.

"But I see only the well-to-do," said the scribe.

"Yes," said the jovial Mike, with a smile. "Only the wealthy can enjoy life, and everybody admits that there is life in bullock's blood. You mustn't suppose, however, that we charge anything for the sanguinary fluid, on the contrary we give it away, and that I suppose is why the poor people stay at home and die of consumption because they believe any remedy to be good or effective must be high priced. Don't you want a glass?"

The reporter stifled his emotions and strode rapidly away, followed by Mr. Riley, puffing and blowing from exertion. "If you want to know anything more about this thing, go down to Union Market and see my brother Walter."

Mr. Walter Riley was found at his stand in Union Market smoking a post-prandial pipe. Said he: "I talked with Drs. Bond and Digges about the efficacy of bullock's blood for pulmonary purposes and they are reticent about it. As I understand consumption, it is a wasting away of the lungs and impoverishment of the blood. Now, blood is a thousand per cent. better, to my thinking, than cod liver oil, and tastes better. You want the blood of a young animal, and if you let me blindfold you I'll bet you a new tile that you can't tell it from milk fresh from the udder, but more than one glass would nauseate you at first. You must go slow. When the consumptives have tried the doctors they come to the abattoirs as a last resource, and I can tell you I have seen some wonderful cures. Of course the doctors won't advocate it but I know one physician who

gives it to his wife right straight along, so he must have faith in it. Sometimes they wait until they are too far gone, and then of course it is of no use trying that or anything else. I don't see why they wait until the doctors have given 'em up."

"How many people drink blood in St. Louis?"

"Not over 125 I should judge. They believe in it more in the East, particularly in New York, where thousands drink it daily."—*St. Louis Republican.*

Recent Legal Decisions.

A, who was in the employment of B, bargained with him for the purchase of a horse which B owned and kept on his farm, the price to be paid from wages to be earned by A. The horse remained on the farm under the care of A, who paid for the forage and who claimed ownership of the animal. An attachment against B was levied on the horse, and A brought an action to recover him as his property, *Hall vs. Sigsworth*. In January the supreme court of errors of Connecticut decided in favor of the acting creditor. Judge Pardee, in the opinion, said: "There was no visible change in the possession of the horse, and the declarations of ownership made by A, included those made at the time of the attachment, must go for nothing, because the apparently unchanged ownership by B was a constant denial of his truth, and, as a matter of law, bore them down."

Millers who were engaged in manufacturing flour, mixing for the purpose red and white wheat and who had wheat in store for the purpose and who were receiving wheat in store for others and issuing warehouse receipts therefor, applied to a bank for a loan and were allowed the loan on condition of their giving a warehouse receipt for 18,000 bushels of wheat as security. They gave the receipt accordingly, stating therein that they had received in store 18,000 bushels No. 1 white winter wheat and No. 2 red wheat, the same or an equivalent in flour to be held for the banks as security for the payment of a note of \$20,000. The miller subsequently failed in business, having put a fraudulent mortgage in possession and the bank replevined from him such wheat as was found in store—3,000 bu. No. 1 winter wheat—and took flour manufactured from the wheat in store for the remainder. Upon these facts the supreme court of Michigan held: First, that a warehouseman could make a valid pledge of grain in store by issuing a warehouse receipt therefor, without the ceremony of making actual delivery of the grain. Second, that the pledge in this case was not invalid because of its specifying two kinds of wheat, but that the pledge was entitled to take an equal amount of each kind. Third, that not finding the requisite amount of wheat, the bank might legally take an equivalent from the flour, as they did.

A young man in a train was making fun of a lady's hat to an elderly gentleman in the seat with him. "Yes," said his seat-mate, "that's my wife, and I told her if she wore that bonnet that some fool would make fun of it." The young man slid out. At the next station the old man poured out his hot coffee into the saucer to cool. "Look, ma," said a snickering girl, "at that old fashioned way of drinking." "Yes," said the elderly gentleman, "and it was old fashioned manners not to notice it." The elderly gentleman finished his journey in peace.

A special to the Times from Newburg, N. Y., of June 13th thus describes the great poker game in which Dr. Monteville M. Hedges and William M. Scott are accused of having swindled Francis P. Weed out of \$150,000 by means of stocked cards: This remarkable game, according to the papers in the case, was played one evening last June in Dr. Hedges' dental rooms, on the corner of Water and Second streets, in this city. When the party was seated Dr. Hedges secured the deal, and delivered five cards to each player. The doctor dealt himself a full hand, Scott obtained a four flush and Weed received three aces. Scott called for one card and secured a straight flush. Weed took two cards, one of which was an ace, making his hand four aces. Dr. Hedges' hand was what is known as a "pat," and he played it without drawing. Weed's first bet on his four aces was, it is said, \$1000, which his opponents both saw and raised him \$1000 each. The play continued with raises of \$1000 until the betting on each hand had reached \$10,000 or \$15,000, when Weed hesitated and said: "Look here, boys, how are you going to pay this thing if I get it?" Scott and Hedges satisfied him of their ability to make good any losses they might sustain, and the playing continued until the sum of \$150,000 was pending on each hand, the pot having swelled to the immense amount of \$450,000.

A call was then made, and Scott with his straight flush raked the table. Weed and Hedges being the losers. Whether Hedges made any apparent settlement or not, has not yet appeared, but Weed, it is said, compromised his debt of honor a few days after for \$120,000. He paid Scott \$20,000 in cash and gave him two notes for \$50,000 each, with interest, one due in six and the other in nine months. Scott was going to California, and he placed the notes in the hands of J. Bestwick, cashier of the Stissing National Bank of Pine Plains, Dutchess county, who agreed to collect them for 10 per cent of their face. When the first note became due Mr. Weed, it is said, took it up by the payment of \$51,500, the \$1,500 being for interest, and when the second note matured he paid \$35,000 on it, and gave a renewal of the balance with interest. Of the \$85,000 thus paid, the cashier, who made the collection, realized his 10 per cent. \$8,500 for his services.

Hold Your Tongue.

The world is nearly talked dead. To keep silence is one of the lost arts with no one ever hunting for it. Though a rattling tongue, like a rattling wagon, is evidence only of emptiness, we rattle away. Pious slander, sorrowful talebearing and long-faced gossip are a trio hand in hand the world over, fresh from the tomb, the devil's small change passing on sight. How few can keep silence without any sins but their own. From mouth to mouth goes the slanderous tale, always a sweet morsel to the vicious, and only to be sugar-coated among the good with "I'm sorry." "I'm sorry" is a kind of atonement for circulating what we know should not be mentioned—a struggle for self-respect while self condemned for being in very mean company, and being engaged in a very disreputable business. Is itself a lie. True sorrow never seeks a public highway for parade of anything. Talebearing is delightful. It has a back-action. To be able to uncover the pit into which our neigh-

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bor has fallen is proof positive that we are not in the pit ourselves; and in the condemnation of a great sin we can often betray another into the hands of justice, while justice is seeking for us and we should be hanged. Our neighbor's moral shadow helps the dimness of our own spiritual light by contrast, and "none are so eloquent in the praise of virtue as those who do not possess it."

About 5,000 members of the Old German Baptists, or Dunkards, met at Dayton, O., last Wednesday, at their Pentecostal gathering. Old, gray-haired men grasped each other about the neck, kissed and wept, but as reporters were expressly forbidden, and the women never uncovered their heads except to eat, the world is not likely to know what was done, either through the press or by gossip.

Brain and Nerve.
Wells' Health Renewer, greatest remedy on earth for impotence, leanness, sexual debility, etc., at druggists, Oregon Depot, DAVIS & CO., Portland, Oregon.

Cataract of the Bladder.
Stinging, smarting, irritation of the urinary passages, diseased discharges, cured by Buchu-palpa. St. at druggists, Oregon Depot, DAVIS & CO., Portland, Oregon.

"Rough on Rats."
The thing desired found at last. Ask Druggists for "Rough on Rats." It clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bed-bugs, etc., boxes.

Wood for Sale.
I have about six hundred and fifty cords of dry hemlock, which I will sell for cash at \$3.75 per cord. I will deliver the wood to my customers.
R. R. MARION.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SCISSOR HAIR REGENERATOR is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores gray hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors, and falling out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and is officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. The popularity of Hall's Hair Renewer has increased with the test of many years, both in this country and in foreign lands, and it is now known and used in all the civilized countries of the world.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Peruvian Bitters.
Cinchona Barks.
The Count Cinchon was the Spanish Viceroy in Peru in 1830. The Countess, his wife, was prostrated by an intermittent fever, from which she was freed by the use of the native remedy, the Peruvian bark, or, as it was called in the language of the country, "quinquina." Grateful for her recovery, on her return to Europe in 1832, she introduced the remedy in Spain, where it was known under various names, until Linnaeus called it Cinchona, in honor of the lady who had brought them and which was more precious than diamonds to the ladies. To this day, after a lapse of two hundred and fifty years, science has given us nothing to take its place. It effectually cures a malarial fever, or stimulates, by restoring the natural tone of the stomach. It attacks excessive love of liquor as it does a fever, and destroys both alike. The powerful tonic virtues of these bitters are the absolutely true, and of the best known quality. A trial will satisfy you that this is the best bitters in the world. "The proof of the pudding is in the eating," and we willingly abide this test. For sale by all druggists, grocers and liquor dealers. Order it. Loeb & Co., agents for Astoria.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.
In Olney's Astoria.
HOUSE ONE STORY AND A HALF. This is a roomy, wood-shed, chicken-house, etc., and a never-failing, living spring of good water on the lot. Price, \$850. Location, about eight minutes' walk from Post-office. Apply to
E. C. HOLDEN,
Real Estate Agent.

Street Improvement Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Common Council of the City of Astoria propose to order the improvement of Hamilton street in McClure's Astoria, between the south side of Chenamus street and the south side of Astor street, by piling, capping and blanketing the same in the same manner that the other portion of said street is improved, and unless a remonstrance signed by the owners of two-thirds of the property fronting on said portion of said street be filed with the auditor and clerk of said city within ten days from the final publication of this notice the Common Council will order said improvement to be made.
By order of the Common Council,
F. C. NORRIS,
Auditor and Clerk.
Astoria, Oregon, June 16, 1882.

Barbour's
No. 40 12-Ply
SALMON TWINE!
CORK AND LEAD LINES,
SEINE TWINES.
A Full Stock Now on Hand.
HENRY DOYLE & CO.,
511 Market Street, San Francisco
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.
—A Nasal Injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by W. E. Dement.

King of the Blood
Is not a "cure all," it is a blood-purifier and tonic. Impurity of the blood poisons the system, deranges the circulation, and thus induces many disorders, known by different names to distinguish them according to effects, but being really branches or phases of that great generic disorder, Impurity of Blood. Such are Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Nervous Disorders, Headache, Backache, General Weakness, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Kidney Disease, Piles, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Skin Disorders, Pimples, Ulcers, Scaldings, etc., &c. King of the Blood prevents and cures these by attacking the cause, impurity of the blood. Chemists and physicians agree in calling it "the most genuine and efficient preparation for the purpose." Sold by Druggists, 25¢ per bottle. See testimonials, directions, &c., in pamphlet, "Treatise on Diseases of the Blood," wrapped around each bottle.
D. RANSOM, SON & CO., Props.
Buffalo, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TUTT'S PILLS!
AS AN ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE, are incomparable. They stimulate the TORPID LIVER, invigorate the NERVOUS SYSTEM, give tone to the DIGESTIVE ORGANS, create perfect digestion and regular movement of the bowels.

AS AN ANTI-MALARIAL
They have no equal; acting as a preventive cure for Billious, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid Fevers, and Fever and Ague. Upon the healthy action of the Stomach and Liver depends, almost wholly, the health of the human race.

DYSPEPSIA.
It is for the cure of this disease and its attendant, SICK-HEADACHE, NERVOUSNESS, DESPONDENCY, CONSTIPATION, PILES, &c., that these Pills have gained such a wide reputation. No remedy was ever discovered that acts so speedily and gently on the digestive organs, giving them tone and vigor to assimilate food. This accomplished, the NERVES are BRACED, the BRAIN NOURISHED, and the BODY ROBUST. Try this Remedy fairly and you will gain a Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Cheerful Mind.
Price 25c. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR ON WHISKERS changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a Natural Color, and acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists or sent by express on receipt of \$1.
Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

CITY BOOK STORE.
We are constantly receiving new additions to our stock and have the finest and largest assortment of variety goods in the city.

Combs, Brushes, Stationery, Frames Celluloid Goods.
All our goods are marked in plain figures (call and examine quality and note prices).
CHAS. STEVENS & SON

HANSEN BROTHERS.
Architects and Builders,
All kinds of Housework done at shortest notice.
Shop Corner of Cass and Astor Street, ASTORIA, OREGON

School Notice.
THE LEGAL VOTERS OF SCHOOL District No. 18, NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a meeting on Monday evening, at 7:30 P. M., the 26th of June, at the school house in said district, for the purpose of levying a school tax for school purposes for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may come before the meeting.
By order of the board of school directors,
W. W. SHIVELY, Clerk.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.
In Olney's Astoria.
HOUSE ONE STORY AND A HALF. This is a roomy, wood-shed, chicken-house, etc., and a never-failing, living spring of good water on the lot. Price, \$850. Location, about eight minutes' walk from Post-office. Apply to
E. C. HOLDEN,
Real Estate Agent.

Street Improvement Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Common Council of the City of Astoria propose to order the improvement of Hamilton street in McClure's Astoria, between the south side of Chenamus street and the south side of Astor street, by piling, capping and blanketing the same in the same manner that the other portion of said street is improved, and unless a remonstrance signed by the owners of two-thirds of the property fronting on said portion of said street be filed with the auditor and clerk of said city within ten days from the final publication of this notice the Common Council will order said improvement to be made.
By order of the Common Council,
F. C. NORRIS,
Auditor and Clerk.
Astoria, Oregon, June 16, 1882.

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