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No. 61.

FAST EXTENT OF THE LABOR STRIKE

A Survey of the Field Before the Crisis

There is real danger that the succession of strikes which has characterized the spring may culminate in a great revolt of labor of continental proportions. It is not probable, but it is within possibilities, and it is a possibility of such momentous importance that it cannot be regarded carelessly. What is the situation? At Cleveland 5,000 iron workers are on a strike, and the rolling mills have closed till September. The great iron belt through eastern Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania is all ready for a strike on the 1st of June, for an increase of wages, and against the introduction of colored labor. At Pittsburgh, 40,000 men earning \$2,000,000 a week, are on the point of quitting work, and the manufacturers, like those of Cleveland, claim that they "can stand a strike now as well as ever," and that they can better afford to let their mills lie idle than to pay the advance demanded. Iron mills at Steubenville, New Castle and other points in Ohio are already blowing out their furnaces, and everything presages a bitter and wasteful struggle.

But an effort is now making to bring the strike east of the Alleghenies. The Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers and the Knights of Labor (miners) extend all over the great iron districts of eastern Pennsylvania and Atlantic states. A strike is already in progress at the Delaware Iron Company's works under the jurisdiction of this organization, and a dispatch from Altoona, Pa., to the New York Evening Post claims that arrangements have been completed by which all the iron workers in the Lehigh, Susquehanna, Schuylkill, Wyoming and Lackawanna valleys will be forced to go out on a strike on July 1st. It is further claimed that these associations number 1,000,000 Knights of Labor, 70,000 steel and iron workers, and 250,000 miners, and extend also over the New England states. At New York 1,000 boiler workers are on strike for an advance of ten per cent. in wages. The Quintard Works, the Pennsylvania Railroad shops, the Elevated Railroad shops, John L. Starin's shop, the Morgan Works (John Roach's), are all crippled by this movement, and steamships and locomotives under repair and other works contracted to be done by certain dates are all at a standstill. Some of these employers have offered 5 per cent. advance without effect.

There is no reason for any panic, but employers and laborers ought not to be taken by surprise by any developments in the next two months. We say laborers ought not to be taken by surprise, because the intelligent, skilled labor in our machine shops know in their deliberate judgment that a strike is not likely to be a profitable way to raise their wages. A strike is, we admit, a temptation, because for the moment it seems to restore the equality of the employer and employed as contracting parties; if the laborers can all unite and refuse work until their terms are granted, they stand upon a plane of equality with the capitalist in making the bargain. This is the pretty theory of a strike, but in practice it almost always fails, because the strikers are many and the employers few, and it is a good deal easier for a few men to act in concert than for a good many. As practical business investments strikes are not wise. Strikes are not limited to labor.

Capitalists themselves sometime strike, and when they do they betray equal mismanagement with laborers in their affairs. The Philadelphia manufacturers of textiles have resolved to reduce production fifty per cent. That is a strike of capital against labor; labor is thrown on half time. Artificial combinations to restrict production are all strikes, and do not differ in principle from the effort of labor to create a scarcity in the labor market by preconcerted abstention from labor.

We do not anticipate any such disturbances of the peace such as took place five years ago. If there are any such, the power and ability of authority to put them down cannot be doubted. The people of the nation will be so much poorer by the damage done or the expenses occasioned, as well as by the idleness from productive labor induced or necessitated.—*Springfield Republican.*

A PREHENSILE TREE

It Stoops Down and Picks up What It Can Find.

So many curiosities of plant life have of late been brought into public notice, that the report of the existence of a tree which picks up stones, bones, and bits of wood, and other unconsidered trifles from the surface of the ground, retaining them and suspending them in mid-air, hardly excites the credulity nowadays with which such a statement would have been received a generation ago. Thirty years ago some stories of plants, whose flowers were furnished with the means of inclosing flies, or even pieces of meat, as the spider seizes on its prey, and quickly surrounds it with a network of gauze, and which then actually proceeds to eat the prey thus secured, almost as the spider would eat the fly—such stories thirty years ago would have been relegated to "travellers' tales." But we have the authority of Mr. Darwin, and anyone may easily have the evidence of his own eyes, to prove that the possession of such properties by certain flowers is no fiction, but an undoubted fact. The same authority who first brought prominently into notice the remarkable properties of the drosera has also shown that other plants have actually the power of progression, within certain limits, from one point to another. With such instances it requires little effort to believe the correctness of the report above alluded to, that some plants are endowed with the faculty of picking up loose articles from the ground. Lieutenant Houghton who recently visited New Guinea and several other islands and groups of islands in the Pacific, was the first, we believe, to report the existence of such a tree, though he did not explain the means by which it accomplished this unusual fact. It appears to be a species of *Ficus*, allied to the well-known banyan tree, which throws out from its branches air roots that eventually reach the ground, take root there, and in their turn become new stems, which perform the same function, so that a single tree eventually extends so far in all directions as to form a complete forest, in which all the stems are united by the branches to each other. The prehensile tree in question similarly throws out from its branches long, flexible tendrils, which, touching the ground, do not take root there, but twine themselves around any article that may lie within reach. Eventually these quasi branches contract so that they fail to reach the ground, but these finger-like pro-

cesses continue to closely grip the substance round which they have twined themselves, and which are consequently suspended in mid-air. In this way articles of considerable weight may be literally picked up from the ground by the tree and so held in suspension.

A Horse that Chews Tobacco.

There is a gray horse worked by the St. Louis Transfer Company in one of the large omnibus teams which is a habitual tobacco-chewer. The animal is really passionately fond of the weed and seems delighted when offered a piece of tobacco. The fact has become known at nearly all the hotels, and the equine with such habits is the recipient of a great deal of attention by human beings addicted to the same habit. The driver of the bus says it costs him at least fifty cents a month to keep the horse supplied, notwithstanding the fact that the friends of the beast treat him so often. The only drawback in the way of the horse becoming an expert in chewing the weed is that he cannot learn to spit. As soon as that accomplishment is acquired the driver expects to purchase a decorated cuspidor, which is to be placed in the gray nag's stall.

Fifteen Million Dollars an Acre.

A New York correspondent states that in the more common streets of New York land is worth from \$250,000 to \$350,000 an acre. In the best part of Broadway its value is increased to \$2,000,000 per acre; but in the vicinity of Wall street its value is immensely increased, because this locality is the money heart of America. The land on which the Drexel building stands cost its present owners \$14,000,000 per acre. It occupies the corner of Wall and Broad streets, which may be considered the most valuable corner on this continent; and yet, in 1850, this very place was occupied by a hat store. The corresponding value of property in this neighborhood has been illustrated by the recent sale of the corner of Broad street and Exchange place, which was at the rate of \$15,000,000 per acre. Hence, the Drexel lot was none too dear. In fact, these dazzling figures are justified by the immensity of the transactions which occur here daily. Almost all the railroads on the continent except New England, are managed within 300 feet of this spot, and the general pressure of our immense financial system gives it a value which a few years ago could not have been dreamed of.

There are 545,887 Free Masons in the United States and Territories, or a little more than one to each one hundred inhabitants. The Odd Fellows in the United States and Canada number 465,466; the Knights of Honor, about 120,000; the Ancient Order of United Workmen, 105,000; the Knights of Pythias a little less than 100,000.

Senatorial repartee: Some years ago Senator Conkling had interrupted Senator Edmunds in a speech on civil service reform with the supercilious remark that the senator from Vermont was fighting a wind mill. "Certainly," replied Mr. Edmunds, "the senator from New York."

The city officials of Kingston, Canada, seven in number, have asked for an increase of salary. They say that if the "other trades" get advances on the ground that living is becoming more costly, they think that they can rest their case on the same basis.

"Hackmetack," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by W. E. Dement.

Furnished Rooms to Let

At Mrs. Munson's lodging house.

By La Force, Dentist.

Guarantees all his work to give satisfaction. Rooms over L. W. Case's store.

Keep the Gums Healthy

If you want a sweet mouth and breath. If the gums become spongy, they lose their power to hold the teeth. The use of SOZODONT is invaluable because it removes the tartar which separates the teeth and gums.

"Rough on Rats."

The thing desired found at last. Ask Druggists for "Rough on Rats." It clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bedbugs, lice, etc.

Brain and Nerve.

Wells' Health Renewer, greatest remedy on earth for impotence, leucorrhoea, sexual debility, etc. Sold at druggists, Oregon Depot, DAVIS & CO., Portland, Oregon.

Cataract of the Bladder.

Stinging, smarting, irritation of the urinary passages, diseased discharges, cured by Buchu, St. 34 druggists, Oregon Depot, DAVIS & CO., Portland, Oregon.

By Universal Accord.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, proves them the best and most effective purgative pills that medical science can devise. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other pills can be compared with them, and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them, when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, soothing and effective, they are especially adapted to the delicate and feeble, from which they are freed of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakly constitutions, where a mild and effective cathartic is required.

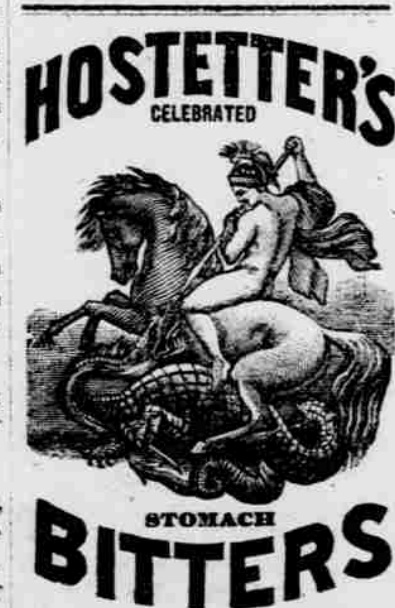
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Peruvian Bitters

Cinchona Bitter. The Count Cinchon was the Spanish Viceroy in Peru in 1633. The Countess, his wife, was prostrated by an intermittent fever, from which she was freed by the use of the native remedy, the Peruvian bark, or, as it was called in the language of the country, "quinaquina."

We guarantee the ingredients of these bitters to be absolutely pure, and of the best known quality. A trial will satisfy you that this is the best bitter in the world. The proof of this is in the recovery of the Countess of Cinchon, which was effected by the use of the Peruvian Bitters, which are as effective against malarial fever to-day as they were in the days of the old Spanish Viceroy. We guarantee the ingredients of these bitters to be absolutely pure, and of the best known quality. A trial will satisfy you that this is the best bitter in the world. The proof of this is in the recovery of the Countess of Cinchon, which was effected by the use of the Peruvian Bitters, which are as effective against malarial fever to-day as they were in the days of the old Spanish Viceroy. We guarantee the ingredients of these bitters to be absolutely pure, and of the best known quality. A trial will satisfy you that this is the best bitter in the world. The proof of this is in the recovery of the Countess of Cinchon, which was effected by the use of the Peruvian Bitters, which are as effective against malarial fever to-day as they were in the days of the old Spanish Viceroy.

A cough, cold or sore throat should be stopped. Neglect frequently results in an incurable lung disease or consumption. Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are the most effective remedy for all such troubles, have been recommended by physicians, and always give perfect satisfaction. Having been tested by the medical profession for nearly a century, they have attained well-merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age. Sold at 25 cents a box everywhere.



STOMACH BITTERS. The feeble and emaciated, suffering from dyspepsia and indigestion in any form, are invited to try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Ladies of the most delicate constitution testify to its harmless and restorative properties. Physicians everywhere, disesteemed with the adulterated liquors of commerce, prescribe it as the safest and most reliable of all stomachics. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

Concomby Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 463, for the improvement and repair of Concomby street, from the west side of Main street to the east side of Spruce street, in McCracken's Astoria, in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 459, on each of the following described lots fronting upon that part of Concomby street from the west side of Main street to the east side of Spruce street, is now due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in said city, in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within five days from the expiration of this notice, viz: June 22, 1882, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof.

The assessment is as follows:

NAME OF OWNER OF LOT.	Lot No.	Block No.	Probable Value.
D Graham	4	2	\$50.00
D Graham	5	2	50.00
A Hinman	6	2	50.00
H Brown	7	2	50.00
H Parker	8	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	9	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	10	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	11	2	50.00
D Graham	12	2	50.00
D Graham	13	2	50.00
A Hinman	14	2	50.00
H Brown	15	2	50.00
H Parker	16	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	17	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	18	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	19	2	50.00
D Graham	20	2	50.00
D Graham	21	2	50.00
A Hinman	22	2	50.00
H Brown	23	2	50.00
H Parker	24	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	25	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	26	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	27	2	50.00
D Graham	28	2	50.00
D Graham	29	2	50.00
A Hinman	30	2	50.00
H Brown	31	2	50.00
H Parker	32	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	33	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	34	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	35	2	50.00
D Graham	36	2	50.00
D Graham	37	2	50.00
A Hinman	38	2	50.00
H Brown	39	2	50.00
H Parker	40	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	41	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	42	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	43	2	50.00
D Graham	44	2	50.00
D Graham	45	2	50.00
A Hinman	46	2	50.00
H Brown	47	2	50.00
H Parker	48	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	49	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	50	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	51	2	50.00
D Graham	52	2	50.00
D Graham	53	2	50.00
A Hinman	54	2	50.00
H Brown	55	2	50.00
H Parker	56	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	57	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	58	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	59	2	50.00
D Graham	60	2	50.00
D Graham	61	2	50.00
A Hinman	62	2	50.00
H Brown	63	2	50.00
H Parker	64	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	65	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	66	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	67	2	50.00
D Graham	68	2	50.00
D Graham	69	2	50.00
A Hinman	70	2	50.00
H Brown	71	2	50.00
H Parker	72	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	73	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	74	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	75	2	50.00
D Graham	76	2	50.00
D Graham	77	2	50.00
A Hinman	78	2	50.00
H Brown	79	2	50.00
H Parker	80	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	81	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	82	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	83	2	50.00
D Graham	84	2	50.00
D Graham	85	2	50.00
A Hinman	86	2	50.00
H Brown	87	2	50.00
H Parker	88	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	89	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	90	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	91	2	50.00
D Graham	92	2	50.00
D Graham	93	2	50.00
A Hinman	94	2	50.00
H Brown	95	2	50.00
H Parker	96	2	50.00
Mrs Martin Dillon	97	2	50.00
Mrs C S Wright	98	2	50.00
Russell, William Russell	99	2	50.00
D Graham	100	2	50.00

By order of the Common Council.

F. C. NOBLE, Auditor and Clerk.

Astoria, June 6, 1882.

Chenamus Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 461, for the improvement and repair of Chenamus street, between the west side of Cass street and the east side of Jackson street, in McCracken's Astoria, in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 458, on each of the following described lots fronting upon that part of Chenamus street from the west side of Cass street to the east side of Jackson street, is now due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in said city, in United States gold and silver coin, and unless paid within five days from the expiration of this notice, viz: June 12, 1882, the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection thereof. The assessment is as follows:

NAME OF OWNER OF LOT.	Lot No.	Block No.	Probable Value.
C Boelling	1	9	\$40.00
C Boelling	2	9	40.00
C Boelling	3	9	40.00
J W Gerhart	4	9	40.00
H B Parker	5	9	40.00
George Hill	6	10	30.00
I Bergman and A W Berry	7	10	48.00
I Bergman and A W Berry	8	10	48.00
Progressive L & B Association	9	11	45.75
T A Hyland	10	11	45.75
C Kohr	11	11	45.75
G H Elliott	12	11	45.75
Mrs C L Parker	13	12	38.00
James Bybee	14	12	38.00
James Bybee	15	12	38.00
C L Parker	16	12	38.00
C L Parker	17	12	38.00
Joseph Kamm	18	13	30.00
George Davidson	19	20	28.00
George Davidson	20	20	28.00
John Hobson	21	20	28.00
J W Munson	22	21	30.00
J W Munson	23	21	30.00
A Crosby, Fannie Crosby, Fred Crosby (deceased)	24	21	45.75
A Crosby, Fannie Crosby, Fred Crosby (deceased)	25	21	45.75
A Crosby, Fannie Crosby, Fred Crosby (deceased)	26	21	45.75
United States	27	23	30.00
United States	28	23	30.00
C L Parker	29	23	30.00
Henry Berends	30	24	60.00
George Flavel	31	24	40.00
George Flavel	32	24	40.00
George Flavel	33	24	40.00

By order of the Common Council.

F. C. NOBLE, Auditor and Clerk.

Astoria, May 23, 1882.

A new stock of stoves of the latest styles at John A. Montgomery's.

PACIFIC MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Of California.

A. McKINNIE, Manager.

For Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories.

OFFICE—102 FIRST STREET, PORTLAND, OR.

References:

CHAS. HODGE, of Hodge, Davis & Co. JAMES STEEL, Cashier First National Bank. J. A. STROWBRIDGE, Wholesale Leather and Bindings. A. DULPH, of Dulph, Bronough, Dolph & Simon. Col. J. McCracken, of J. McCracken & Co. L. C. HENRICHSEN, of Henrichsen & Greenberg. Dr. G. E. NOTTAGE, M. D., Examiner and Physician.

References:

M. S. BURRELL, of Knapp, Burrell & Co. W. W. SPAULDING, Packer and Cattle Dealer. ANDREW ROBERTS, of Fishel & Roberts. JOHN CRAN, of John Cran & Co. C. M. WILSON, Boots and Shoes. J. K. GILL, of J. K. Gill & Co. FRANK ZANOVICH, of San Francisco. Each of the above men has \$10,000 insurance in this company.

MISCELLANEOUS.

S. ARNDT & FERCHEN, ASTORIA - OREGON.

The Pioneer Machine Shop

BLACKSMITH

SHOP

AND

Boiler Shop

All kinds of

ENGINE, CANNERY,

STEAMBOAT WORK

Promptly attended to.

A specialty made of repairing

CANNERY DIES,

FOOT OF LAFAYETTE STREET.

ASTORIA IRON WORKS.

BESTON STREET, NEAR PARKER HOUSE, ASTORIA - OREGON.

GENERAL MACHINISTS AND

BOILER MAKERS.

LAND-MARINE ENGINES

Boiler Work, Steamboat Work

and Cannery Work a specialty.

CASTINGS.

Of all Descriptions made to Order at Short Notice.

A. D. WASS, President. J. U. HUSTLER, Secretary. L. W. CASE, Treasurer. JOHN FOX, Superintendent.

B. B. FRANKLIN,

UNDERTAKER,

Corner Cass and Squemoque streets,

ASTORIA - OREGON

DEALER IN

WALL PAPER

AND

WINDOW SHADES

AND

UNDERTAKERS GOODS.

WILLIAM EDGAR,

Corner Main and Chenamus Streets,

ASTORIA - OREGON

DEALER IN

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

The Celebrated

JOSEPH RODGERS & SONS

GENUINE ENGLISH CUTLERY

AND THE GENUINE WESTENHOLM

and other English Cutlery.

STATIONERY!

FAIR