ditue 冬atiy elstoxtam. ASTORIA, OREGON:

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Yotes and Comments.

- An archaic tomb has been disby workmen engaged in lowering out of the rock and filled with dirt, in which there was some broken cotta specimen:
-Designs for a colossal eques-
trian statute of General Robert trian statute of General Robert
Lee are advertised for in the London Journals. The siatue is to be erected on the Capitol square
in Richmond, Virginia, and the
desirns were to have been ready designs were to have been ready
by the first Monday in this month
-Theamount of labor performed the promptness with which it is
executed may be learned from the statement that one day last week between the hours of eigltt and ten
in the morning, 100,000 letters were sorted, and sent out by the
carriers at the $10: 30$ delivery Nearly a quarter of a million let
ters were hatdled during the day and every letter was ready for th first delivery after its receipt at the
office.


## An Important Lesson.

Some years ago a ship sailing in
the South Atlantic saw another making signals of distress. They bore down toward the sufferers
and hailed them. "What is the his trumpet cried the captain, throug water," was the feeble response the astonished captain, "you are in"
the mouth of the Amazon river." And sure enough, there these sail swollen tongues, supposing that there was nothing around them, when they were in the mouth of the mightiest
river on the globe, with three river on the globe, with three
hundred miles of fresh water all around them.
Thus are w
Thus are we, poor thirsty souls,
sailing on the bondless sailing on the bondless ocean of
God's love, heedless of the Divine the gift of God, and who it is that saith to thee, give to me drink,
thou wouldst have asked of him, and he would have given thee li
ing water."

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removal to the Missouri, where
they can be rationed at much less
expense than the present location.
Wholesome Prohibitions. The Roman Catholic Bishop of
Diocese of Cleveland, Ohio, the Diocese of Cleveland, Ohio,
has issued an order to the clergy has issued an order to the clergy
and laity of his diocese which contains some very wholesome intructions: To prevent and guard aga nst
abuses that are rapidly growing up abuses that are rapidly growing up
in the diocese, in connection with church and society picnics, excur-
sions, festivals, etc., the following regulations are prescribed: 1. Societies that are organized benefits are confined to their members, or societies that are organized
for private ends and interests, canfor private ends and interests, can-
not be permitted to appeal to the public by piemies, excursions,
tivals, suppers, lectures, etc., to raise funds for their own private
use and benefit. Public ase and benefit. Public appeals
must be for the public charitios,
and societies cannot be permittel and societies cannot be permitted
to appeal to the public, except where for and in the raised is to be public charity.
2. All kinds of round dancing night dancing, dancing in halls or
ball-rooms, for the raising of money or church purposes or public char ities, are strictly and unqualifiedly
forbidden. forbidden.
3. The kind of intoxicating liquors a
church picnics, excursions, festi-
vels, suppers, etc., is strictly for cherch picnics, excursions, festi-
vels, suppers, etce. is strietly for
bidden, and will not be permitted under any pretence whatsoever.
4. Moonlight excursions, picnic 4. Moonlight excursions, picnic
continued till after nightfall, meetings of the people where morals o
good behavior are endangered, are also forbidden.
5 . Before an
 purposes, can be held, the permission of the Ordina $y$ must be first obtained.
6. Pasto lations at mass on Sunday after
their receipt, and see that they ar their receipt, and see that they
strictly obeyed.
The Telephone and Its Us

## rom the Boston Transcript

 elephone, says the Boston Tranfor speaking into and hearing out of, reduced to the size and shapof an ordinary door of an ordinary door knob.
shiny black piece of thin iron size of a three cent piece let int is what does the talking. Conceal
ed in the wooden stem of th magnet from which proceed th
silk-covered wires which cover th siv-covered wires which cover th
viva voce message. There ar
two knobs, so that two two knobs, so that two may liste
to a reply, or a single listener in
crease the amount of voice by holding one of the knobs t each ear. A common electric bell
operated by the same wire, to call operated by the same wire, to call
completes the equipment. It i still wonderful, notwithstanding
the increasing commonness of the the increasing commonness of th
telephone,to hear a superintendent or head of a house in the cit making inquiries and giving order to his foreman out at the mill factory twenty miles away, and re ceiving equally detailed answer
and inquiries for instructions in re and inquiries for instructions in re-
turn, such as conld hardly have been transmitted by the 'piano
playing' telegraphs, so costly i time would conferences of that
length have been. So large ha the demand become that the pric for the use of the telephone which the patentee does not sell, has just
gone up from $\$ 10$ to $\$ 30$ a year. Itscems to us, however, that the
perfecting of this most beaut ful perfecting of this most beaut fu
and important invention has yet further to go. A preat advantage old telegraph in dispensing with the dispateh is in the possibility having messages as private and
contidential as personal word-of contidential as personal word-o
month commumications. mouth commumications. Teleph
ny leaves no written messages ny leaves no written messages on
filie, and takes no third person, i

| secrets of the communication. Spite of all the oaths that telegraphers take, it is well understocd that no communication of great importance on business or politics is safe unless it be in cipher. The telephone is therefore essentially and theoretically a means of whispering into partrier's or henchman's ear what is for that ear alone. In practice, however, it is as yet found necessary to speak in a loud tone and with slow enunciation, which would preclude all confidences that a man's clerks may not share, unless deaíened doors and walls seclude him from the business in which the telephone is employed. This defect is no doubt something that will disappear in the development of the invention, so rapid and successial hitherto. Meanwhile the gains over the former means of communication are truly immense -immeasurable, in fact, to present experience with the great revolutionizing iavention. |
| :---: |
| An Enormons_Tax on |
| The Cochrane Patent for Mriting-What <br>  crease the Pitee for flour ir Matn- tained. |
| From the New York Tribune. <br> Ex-Gov. Cadwallader C. Washburn of Wisconsin, in conversation |


| for the moderate sum of $\$ 6,000$ for each run of stones, which for this city alone amounts to the vast sum of $\$ 1,200,000$. While primarily this great sum would come from the millers, really it all comes out of the farmer and consumer at last, and they are the real people most interested in the defeat of this enormity. As there are over 6,000 runs of stones in the United States, this license will amount to $\$ 36,000,000$. We are going to bring this great outrage before Congress next winter and try to have the patent cancelled. The grain-growing sections of the west are indignant at the exposure of wis enormous fraud, and the grainconsuming easi ought to be equally arroused, for the attempted tax on the chief necessary of life affects both alike." |
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| MARKIED. |


 bune recently, gave a history of
patent for milling wheat, which
threatens to impor pateatens to impose a tax of mil-
tions of dollars on the flour consumers of the country. He said
"I am particularly interested just I am particularly interested ju ent-right swindle which is going
to levy tribute on every loaf of
bread bread made in this country. You
haven't heard about it? Why, its making a great sensation in the
west. Its a long story, but I can give you the gist of it in a few moments. I am, by the way, the
largest miller in the United States; largestmill being at Minneapolis,
my mill
Minnesota. All millers are using what is called the high process of grinding, which was gener
ally introduced in this country about 1871, but had been in use in Europe for fifty years. I will
explain: the terms of high and low explain: the terms of high and low
grinding means the bringing the upper or running millstone low the nether stone, by reason of which the largest amount of
is derived from the first grinding but, as necessarily must be the
case, a great deal of the outer coatcase, a great deal of the outer coat-
ing of the wheat, together with the embryo, would be reduced slour, and a separation was impos
sible. The high grinding is the direct opposite of the low, and the object is at the first grinding to get rid of the bran at once and off the coarse ground grain or of the coarse ground grain or
middlings, and afterwards grind
ing fine the small white granules I bought my machines in France This improved process is now ab-
solutely indispensable to success solutely indispensable to success-
ful milling. Deprive any miller of it, and he is ruined.
"A ring of speculators in Wash ington have lately got hold of an
old patent, never used, and have got it reissued so as to cover all the machines for effecting the pro-
cess I have described. It is calle cess I have described. It is calle
the Cochrane patent. After quietly taking out the reissue, they went
on without making any noise and took a suit up to the Supremefendant, and as no real defence was made, they easily obtained by Justice Miller. Now thisgang
patent swindlers are attacking the patent swindlers are attacking ing to terrify all the others. The have singled ouf the jewells
Brooklyn, the Hexells of Rich mond, and my mills at Minneapobonds in the enormous sum 8250,000 , pending the conclusio of injunction proceedings.
"I learn that the rascals
to be magnaimous, and to propes licenses to such millers as will rec
ognize the valitity of their patent

