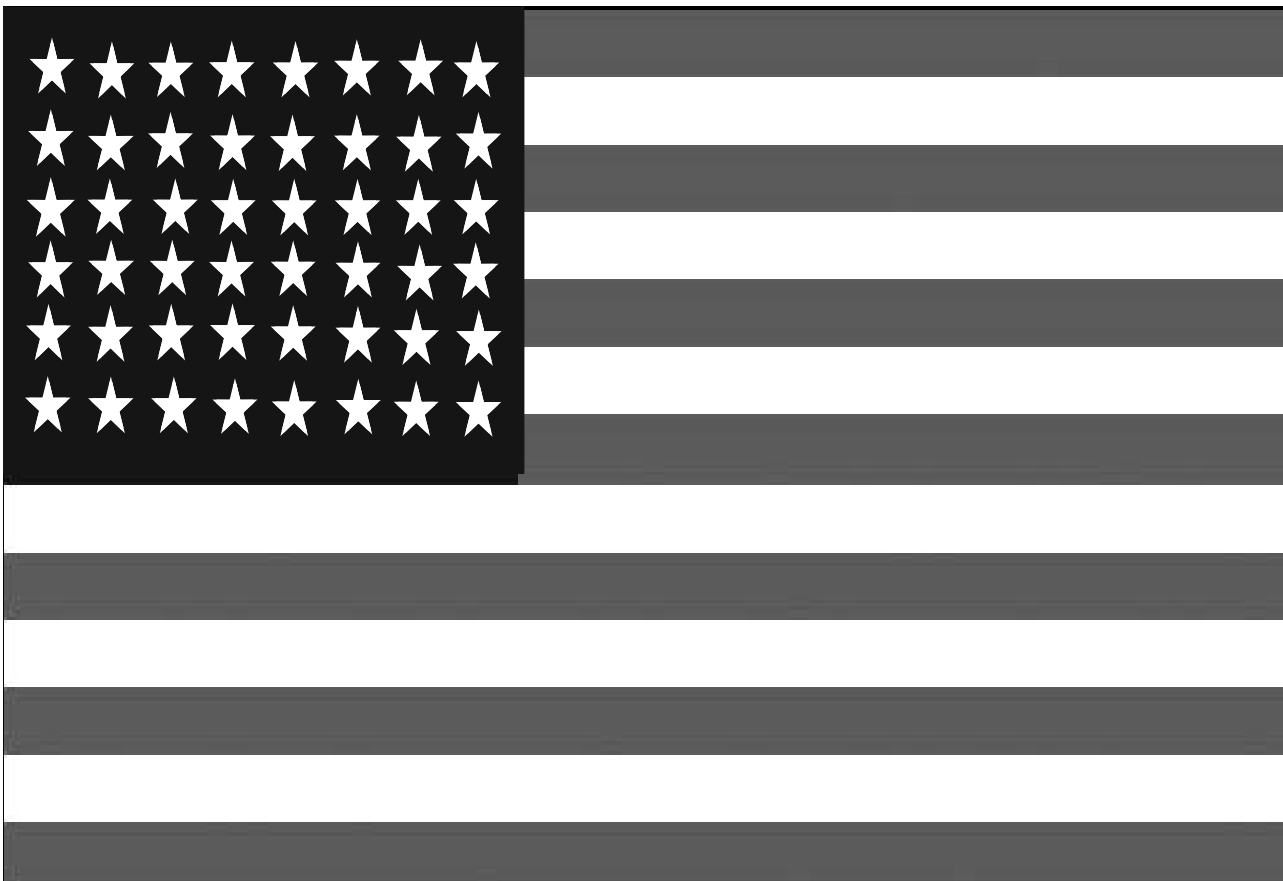


46 Star Flag 24th Official U.S. Flag July 4, 1908

The 46 Star Flag: On July 4, 1908, the U.S. flag grew to 46 stars with the addition to the Union of Oklahoma (November 16, 1907). Theodore Roosevelt (1901-1909) and William H. Taft (1909-1913) served as President under the 46 star flag. This was the official flag for 4 years.

Fact: At 42, Roosevelt was the youngest man to become president. William Howard Taft was the first President to receive \$75,000 per year. He served as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court after his presidency from 1921-1930.

“Our Flag is red, white and blue, but our nation is a rainbow, red, yellow, brown, black and white, and we’re all precious in God’s sight” - Jesse Jackson



48 Star Flag 25th Official U.S. Flag July 4, 1912

The 48 Star Flag: On July 4, 1912, the U.S. flag grew to 48 stars with the addition of New Mexico (January 6th, 1912) and Arizona (February 14, 1912) Executive Order of President Taft dated June 24, 1912 - established the proportions of the flag and provided for arrangement of the stars in six horizontal rows of eight each, a single point of each star to be upward. This flag was official for 47 years, longer than any other flag, through two World Wars and the emergence of the United States of America as the leading nation of the world. Eight Presidents served under this flag; from William H. Taft (1909-1913), to Dwight D. Eisenhower (1953-1961)

The U.S. Flag was raised at Mt. Suribachi, Iwo Jima during World War II on February 23, 1945.