

EXCURSION POSTPONED.

The Last Spike Will be Driven Dec. 13th, and the Proposed Excursion Therefore Postponed.

Mayor Ramsey last night received a dispatch from Receiver Koehler, of the Oregon & California, stating that the proposed last spike driving had been postponed until Tuesday, December 13th, and that on that account the California excursion will not arrive in Salem until Wednesday evening sometime. This news will be welcome to the Salem celebration committee of arrangements, which had been placed in an awkward dilemma by the intended arrival of the excursion in Salem on Sunday, Dec. 11th. No public demonstration could well have been arranged for that day, and, indeed, a reception of any kind would have been almost wholly out of the question. But all embarrassment has not yet been removed, because it is not known at what time the excursionists will arrive in Salem. At present it looks as if they would not get here before 9 or 10 Wednesday evening. If so, it will be a rather difficult matter to arrange for any suitable reception. But the committee will doubtless make the best possible arrangements.

The last spike will be driven by Col. C. F. Crocker at Ashland, at half past 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, December 10th. Wires running north to Portland and south to Sacramento and San Francisco will be connected with a hammer, so that when the blows are made on the spike, which latter will also be connected with the wires, in all towns along the coast where the inhabitants may desire to make connecting arrangements, the electric current can be transmitted so as to ring bells and fire guns announcing the completion of the great northern coast railroad.

The driving will consist of three blows on the spike, at intervals of ten seconds, each blow closing the telegraphic circuit. As each blow is made and announced at distant stations, the telegraph managers will report the same. After the third tap the word "done" will be transmitted from Ashland, notifying all points that the great work has at last been completed.

Superintendent Vandenberg, of the Southern Pacific company's telegraph lines, has sent out instructions to have all weather reports forwarded to him at Ashland early in the day, so that he may be able better to judge what arrangements will be necessary for him to make for successful telegraphic transmission of the fact of the driving of the last spike.

THE CITY ELECTION.

The Four New Councilmen, Raymond, Lafore, Skinner, and Hutton— Little Interest Shown.

Yesterday was another "wet" day. The four republican candidates, Raymond, Lafore, Skinner and Hutton, were elected.

No special interest was taken in the election, except in the First ward, where the contest between Raymond and Jeffries waxed very warm. Cabs were engaged and brought out nearly the full strength of the ward. Neither faction was assured of success until the polls closed, and the count showed that they had good reason for considering the outcome uncertain.

The republicans had a walkover in the other wards. As prophesied Sunday morning, citizens' tickets, backed by the prohs, appear in the Third and Fourth wards, but they didn't stand the ghost of a show. The result was as follows:

- First Ward—Raymond, 63; Jeffries, 57; scattering, 1.
Second Ward—E. M. Lafore, 135; Leo Willis, 65; scattering, 3.
Third Ward—W. W. Skinner, 62; Howard Wilson, 20.
Fourth Ward—Owen Hutton, 83; Wm. Cornell, 27.

The council for 1888 will stand: Republicans, Raymond, Lafore, Skinner, Minto, Hutton, 5; democrats, Muir, Shaw, Bush, 3.

NO OREGON PACIFIC BRANCH.

The Proposed Route from the Oregon Pacific to Salem Will Not Be Constructed.

G. Q. Cannon, a prominent official of the Oregon Pacific road, was in the city yesterday, and stated to the members of the committee appointed by the citizens' meeting of September 21st, 1887, to take in charge the project of building a branch line from the Oregon Pacific to Salem, that the proposed route could not be built. The surveyors had examined three feasible routes, and in making their estimates for the construction of the branch, had found that the cost by the cheapest, (via Turner) would be \$250,000. Construction by way of the other lines would aggregate about \$300,000. Whatever line the surveyors chose a bridge across the south Santiam, involving a cost of \$40,000, would have to be constructed. This outlay the O. P. directors have decided they cannot, for the present, at least, make.

So Salem will have to do without the O. P. However, excellent connection will be had with that route by means of the line of steamboats, about to be run under a new schedule. A boat will go up the river to Albany, and one down to Portland, every other day; so a steamboat will lie at Salem every night.

MYERS'S DEPUTIES.—John Myers, the newly appointed United States marshal, is in Portland taking in the situation at his office. His commission was mailed several days since and ought to be here by this time. It is reported that Geo. L. Curry will be tendered the position of chief deputy, and that J. B. Fithian will be one of the deputies in place of Chas. Frush.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—A large stock of fine holiday goods just opened for inspection. Dolls and dolls' heads, by the hundred; latest styles in vases, shell boxes, etc.; fancy glassware—the largest stock of this kind of ware ever brought to Salem. Now is your opportunity to get fine holiday goods, at J. G. Wright's.

TROUBLE AVERTED.

Gov. Pennoyer's and Dr. Lane's Difficulty Settled.

MR. AND MRS. IRWIN RESIGN.

Statement of the Disagreement— Rupture With Superintendent Clow.

It has been an open secret in Salem for a week or more that a difference had arisen between Governor Pennoyer and Dr. Lane, superintendent of the asylum, regarding the retention in the latter's service of W. J. Irwin, his steward, and Mrs. Irwin, an attendant, and that the disagreement had resulted in the demand by the governor of the superintendent's resignation. It was expected that the matter would be settled definitely at the regular asylum board meeting yesterday, and it was, but in rather a surprising way. Mr. and Mrs. Irwin resigned and removed the bone of contention at which the governor and the doctor have been obstinately gnawing.

The trouble arose in this way: When Dr. Lane was appointed superintendent of the asylum Irwin tendered his resignation to him as steward, stating that he had been offered a position in Washington territory which he had decided to accept. But Dr. Lane, knowing that Irwin was a capable and almost indispensable employee, assured him that if he would remain in his service he would not be disturbed during good behavior, or as long as he controlled asylum affairs. Since Mr. Irwin had been a faithful employee of Dr. Josephi, Dr. Lane's unparitisan and judicious action created a small-sized furor amongst those political malcontents who had worked for Josephi's removal, and every manner of pressure was brought to bear first upon Lane and then on Pennoyer to have Irwin discharged. The governor probably for the reason that he considered party interests would be better served by Irwin's removal, requested Dr. Lane to dismiss that functionary; but the doctor refused. The governor insisted, but the doctor was firm. Governor Pennoyer stated to Dr. Lane (and to others) that he was perfectly satisfied with his management of the asylum, except in this one particular, and if he would remove Irwin he would give him his personal promise that he would neither dictate the appointment of the steward's successor, nor in the future interfere in any way with the conduct of the asylum. But Dr. Lane considered his promise to Irwin inviolate, and stuck to his position like the plucky and honorable individual he is. Finally the dispute resulted in a demand by the governor for Lane's resignation. Dr. Lane was placed in an embarrassing predicament. If he resigned, Irwin was sure to be dismissed immediately; and if he remained Pennoyer was certain to influence the majority of the asylum board, which majority comprises Mr. Pennoyer and Mr. Webb, to attempt his removal. While he could legally have retained his position notwithstanding any preemptory action of the board, if he so desired, he would have been involved in an infinity of trouble. But happily Irwin oils the troubled waters by handing in his resignation. The steward's action was not influenced in any way, either directly or indirectly, by Dr. Lane, and was probably instigated through a desire to solve the difficulty in the simplest manner possible and remove all embarrassment from his employer.

Dr. Lane's administration of affairs at the asylum has been characterized ever since his assumption of the office, by great sagacity, sound judgment and foresight. The general expenses of the institution have been materially reduced, as has been the cost per capita of providing for the inmates. During several months he has actually saved from \$500 to \$1300 per month to the state, in comparison with former years. His administration of affairs shows the good judgment Pennoyer exercised in naming him as the superintendent. Through-out this difficulty, he has conducted himself with great firmness and manliness. He is the right man in the right place, and Pennoyer ought to know it.

It is stated that Governor Pennoyer has had a difficulty with Superintendent Clow of the penitentiary, similar to that with Dr. Lane. Governor Pennoyer has selected all, or nearly all, of Clow's subordinates, and when that gentleman exercised his undoubted prerogative and discharged several guards for sleeping on their post and allowing a prisoner to escape, and raised a row. In this case, however, an amicable understanding seems to have been arrived at. Governor Pennoyer has the right to remove the superintendent of the penitentiary at pleasure. The asylum superintendent is appointed by the state board, to serve four years and the statute expressly provides that he shall not be removed except for cause.

NEW TEACHERS.—At the recent examination of applicants for school certificates the following persons passed satisfactory examinations: Wm. Ayers, Edith R. Pentland, John F. Davis, Lester De Leonard, Amos W. Long, C. R. Bixby, of Silverton; Bertha Cunningham, Charles E. Litchfield, Frank Griffith, of Salem; H. Heckman, of Turner; G. O. Ashby, of Whiteaker; B. F. Smith, of Hubbard; and D. S. Yoder, of Hubbard—and were accordingly granted certificates to teach in the public schools of Marion county.

The examination began at noon on Wednesday and concluded on Saturday. There were seventeen applicants attending the examination. Of these four failed to obtain the required standing. Only two applicants received first grade certificates and but three obtained second grade and the remaining eight were granted third grade. The failure of four out of fifteen applicants is ascribable to the workings of the new law. It is now a hard matter for a person unqualified to teach public school to obtain a certificate.

Shiloh's Vitallizer is what you need for consumption, loss of appetite, distaste, and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Geo. E. Good, druggist.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY.

A PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—Monday night, an old gentleman, whose name could not be learned, while on his way from the 6:37-o'clock train, fell into the bridge on the main track just north of the depot, and was with some difficulty rescued from his dangerous position by Messrs. Will and Geo. Gray, who happened to be coming the same way. It was found that while the injuries of the old gentleman were not serious, they were painful, and it will probably be some time before he entirely recovers. This accident again calls to mind the shameful neglect of the railroad company in not providing ample approaches to the depot. For many years the people of Salem have borne the great inconvenience of wading muddy streets and risking their necks and limbs by crossing bridges to get at the almost inaccessible depot of the first station of importance along the O. & C. line. The city council should be strongly urged to take the matter in hand and compel the company to provide suitable conveniences for the public.

THE WEATHER.—"This is the worst weather," said the oldest inhabitant yesterday, "that I have seen for nigh onto forty year." While the oldest inhabitant was probably off his base, the fact remains that the past three days have been altogether the nastiest Oregon has seen for several winters. Business has been almost suspended, and everybody that can stay at home. The river began to rise rapidly night before last, and all day yesterday continued to rise at the rate of three inches per hour. Last night it was nine feet above low water mark, and still booming. Mr. Herren, the O. R. & N. agent, ventured it as his opinion that the water mark would be twenty feet above low water mark before it begins to recede. Extreme high water, however, is not feared, as there is little snow in the mountains and the sloughs and ground are not filled with water.

GEN. ALLEN DEAD.—General Lucius H. Allen, senior member of the well known commission house of Allen & Lewis, Portland and San Francisco, died at San Rafael, Cal., Monday. Deceased was 70 years of age. About two years ago he received a paralytic stroke, and since then he has been confined most of the time to his Ross Valley home. Last Tuesday night he was taken ill suddenly, and grew rapidly worse. His family were all summoned, and were at his bedside at the time of his death, which occurred at about 5 o'clock Monday p. m. He leaves a widow, two sons, Henry F. and John DeWitt Allen, and two daughters, Mrs. John Kittle and Mrs. James Coffin. Deceased was a member of the military order of the Loyal Legion. The time of the funeral service has not yet been determined upon.

A VALUABLE HOMESTEAD.—D. B. Hannah has filed a homestead claim on eighty acres of land adjoining the city limits, near the Carson mill, at Tacoma. It is the east 1/2 of the southeast 1/4 of section 7, township 20 north, range 3 east, and is valued at over \$200 per acre. It appears that this land had been filed upon before the Northern Pacific railroad grant took effect and was never proved up on, and so reverted back to the government. It has remained vacant ever since, as an examination of the land office records shows. The land was supposed to have been owned by George Byrd, who was thought to have selected it under the old Valentine script, but an examination showed such was not the case.

PROBATE MATTERS.—In the county court yesterday, the sale of real estate belonging to the estate of Thomas Coakley, deceased, to N. F. Cook, was confirmed. The sale in question was 160 acres of land near Champeog, for \$3250, made on the 25th ult. D. J. Pendleton was appointed administrator of the estate of Wm. Whitney, deceased, and Robert Whitney, James Whitney, and Jacob Miller were appointed appraisers of said estate, which consists of real and personal property valued at \$7000.

SWAMP LANDS.

The Reports of the Special Swamp Land Agents Being Prepared— Question to Be Settled.

Special State Agents Sweek and Richmond, and Government Agents Elliott and Shackelford are now engaged in Portland making up their reports of the tracts of land recently examined by them. They are hurrying as fast as possible, and it is expected that they will have the reports ready to be dispatched to the interior department by December 15th. Several hundred thousand acres of land have been examined by the agents, and a large part of them have been found to be not swamp, and will be so reported by the agents. As soon as the reports are made out, they will be handed into the interior department, and patents granted to the state to those lands which are swamp. The remainder will revert to the government and will be subject to homestead or preemption by settlers. Those persons who are actual settlers upon lands in the districts examined, whether they are swamp or not, will no doubt be protected by the government and by the state. Some of these settlers have had difficulty, however, in retaining possession of their property against the manipulations of overzealous government agents. One man in eastern Oregon reclaimed a piece of bog land about fifteen years ago, and recently his title was contested in The Dalles land office. He won his case there, but now some officious government agent has reported recommending the forfeiture of his land to the government as not swamp. While the state will doubtless lose many thousand acres of land by the reports of these agents, no complaint can be made, as the difficulty regarding them hitherto existing between the government and the state will be settled, and the lands thrown open to actual settlement. Gov. Pennoyer has been active in urging the importance of the settlement of this question upon the government, and it was largely due to his efforts that the commissioner of the land department was induced to send out an agent to examine into and endeavor to finally settle the question. The report of these agents will in all probability be the means of final action on the lands.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY.

WHEAT AND HOPS.

No change can yet be reported in the wheat market. Foreign and domestic eastern markets are reported weak, but the San Francisco quotations remain the same. The price here is 65 cents net to the farmer. The prospects for betterment of the market are encouraging, and river competition will stimulate activity. Most of the holders of wheat will doubtless not sell until after the holidays, by which time improvement in the market is expected. Very little is now selling.

The hop market is in much the same condition as wheat. English markets are weak and there is little demand for American hops. It is estimated that one third of the Marion county crop of 1887 is yet in the hands of growers and Mr. Herren, the commission merchant, has no doubt that it will have to be sold at a lower figure than was realized on early sales.

DELIRIUM TREMENS.—The maniac brought up from Portland Tuesday night by Sheriff Jordan and two deputies is a tatar. It was necessary to shackle his legs and pinion his arms, and strap him to a board. Even then he had to be watched closely. When he was delivered to the asylum authorities he was strapped in a bed and has remained there ever since. He can be placated by no advances of the officers. As his arms and legs are tied he uses his jaws against any one who approaches him. It was thought by the Portland authorities that he was suffering from hydrophobia, but Dr. Irvine is of the opinion that the fellow has a very bad attack of delirium tremens. He is one of the most violent subjects ever brought to the asylum, and his treatment will be a very difficult matter. The fellow's name is Perry.

PERIODICALS FOR 1888.—The Odd Fellows Library association has subscribed for the following periodicals for the next year: Century Magazine, Scribner's Magazine, Atlantic Monthly, Frank Leslie's Monthly, Harper's Monthly, North American Review, St. Nicholas, Lippincott's Magazine, English Illustrated Magazine; Harper's Weekly, Frank Leslie's Weekly, Argonaut, Critic, N. Y. Nation, Puck, Judge, Weekly New York World, Weekly San Francisco Bulletin, N. Y. Spirit of the Times, Illustrated London News, Scientific American, Daily N. Y. Graphic, Weekly Springfield Republican. The publishers of the following kindly furnish their papers free: New Age, Times-Mountaineer, Sentry, State Rights Democrat, Plaindealer, Benton Leader, Roseburg Review, and STATESMAN.

COMMISSIONERS' COURT.—The regular monthly session of the county commissioners' court was held yesterday at the court house. The major portion of the time of the court was taken up in auditing bills. A petition for a county road, forty feet wide, from the southeast corner of A. B. Cole's land to the Turner and Aumsville road, was presented. H. B. Condit, L. C. Cavanaugh, and Henry Keene were appointed viewers and John Newsome surveyor, to meet at the place of beginning on Wednesday, December 21st, at 10 a. m. The court will continue in session to-day.

AN ELEGANT PRESENT.—Yesterday Mr. O. E. Krause presented to his happy bride, as a wedding gift, a fine \$600 piano—one of the finest ever brought to Oregon. It is an Everett cabinet grand upright, full walnut finished, purchased through Messrs. Whale & Galliber, agents. The Everett piano well deserves the popularity it is getting, as it is undoubtedly the best piano offered for sale on this coast, and Mr. Krause would have had to search for a long time for a handsomer or more appreciable wedding gift.

OPERA COMPANY COMING.—Mr. Willis yesterday received notice that the Pyke Opera company will appear in Salem on the nights of January 19th and 20th. This is the well known company of which Jeannie Winston is the prima donna. It is not known what operas they will present in Salem, but one of them will be an entirely new one. This news will be gratifying to all the theater goers of Salem, who once before witnessed two very excellent operas by this company.

HEAVY STORM.—The past two days have been the stormiest and most disagreeable of the present winter. About midnight Saturday the sky became suddenly overcast, the winds began to blow, and had hardly ceased at a late hour last night. But no one has any serious fault to find with the weather, as this condition of affairs is what farmers have been praying for, and the river will be raised so that navigation can be resumed at once.

BLOWN OFF.—Some time yesterday morning, a portion of the tin roof of the agricultural works was blown off by the high wind. It was noticed late Tuesday night that the roof was in a precarious condition, and the accident was as anticipated. A large hole was made in the roof by the absence of the tin, and the rains yesterday poured inside the building in torrents. The roof will doubtless be repaired soon.

A FINE SWAN.—A young man, by name Martin S. Durbin, living about four and a half miles northeast of Salem, yesterday brought to town a large white swan which he had killed on Sunday. The bird measured seven feet from tip to tip. The young fellow wanted to sell it to some one to have it stuffed, but changed his mind and disposed of it to James McAfee, of Strong & Co.

GO TO CHERINGTON'S.—For a fine picture of your babes and children. Cabinet photographs still \$4 per dozen. If you wish a fine, large picture of any kind for Christmas be sure and see the kind of pictures Cherrington is making. Place, new Bank block, Commercial street, up stairs in a clear atmosphere, above the dull reflections of mother earth.

A clear head is indicative of good health as a regular habit. When the body is languid as the mind works sluggishly, Ayer's Cathartic Pills will assist in the recovery of physical buoyancy and mental vigor.

CURABILITY OF CONSUMPTION.

A Modern System of Treatment Embodying the Rectal Injection Method, Combined with Local and Constitutional Treatment.

BY DR. DARRIN, 149 FOURTH ST., PORTLAND, OR.

Consumption is the popular name for "Phthisis Tuberculosis" or "Phthisis Pulmonalis." It is characterized by a general depressed condition, derangement of the lymphatic and glandular systems, abnormal condition of the blood, fever of the intermittent type, irritative cough, night sweats, pain in the lungs, hemorrhage, etc. It is justly regarded as the scourge of the human family. Statistics show that among the enlightened nations of the earth the deaths from consumption are about one-fourth of the whole number of adults, and that of the people inhabiting the globe 3,000,000 die each year of this disease. And observation further shows that no period of life is exempt, and that the most talented and useful members of every community are among the first victims of this insidious, universal, and usually intractable disease.

Consumption may be hereditary or acquired. That the tubercular phthisis may be transmitted from parent to offspring is a well established clinical fact. This hereditary predisposition to consumption is usually manifested by a great susceptibility to catarrh, throat and bronchial affections. These ailments are too often regarded with indifference, and consequently neglected. Yet, unimportant as they seem, they constitute the links in the great chain that leads to consumption. It is, however, often the result of persistent violation of physiological laws, or the various constitutional diseases that vitiate or poison the blood, the effects of which gradually impair the various organs of the body and cause the functions of digestion and assimilation to be very imperfectly performed. After this condition has been existing for some time, the blood becomes impoverished, and the various tissues and organs of the body fail to receive their proper reparatory material.

These disturbances may go on for an indefinite period before the deposition of tubercles in the lungs takes place. During this period by watchful care to ward off all exciting causes, and judicious treatment by the rectal method of gaseous injection, as practiced by Drs. Darrin, this tendency to consumption may be cured and health completely restored. However, when the disease has advanced to the deposition of tubercles, or to the softening of the same, there is a great conflict of opinion as to the curability of phthisis (consumption). It is now maintained by the most distinguished medical writers that the curability of consumption is a well-established fact in medical science. As a proof of the above statement we give the following cards from Miss Akers and others, well known in this city and throughout the state:

We would urge upon all sufferers to lose no time—delays are dangerous—but go at once and see the doctor, and you will be glad to add your voice to the testimony in favor of a man who has conferred upon you a benefit, in comparison with which all others sink into insignificance—the great and inestimable boon of health.

QUICK CONSUMPTION.

Editor Oregonian:—I wish to add my testimonial to the thousands already published of the skill of Drs. Darrin in the cure of disease. I had been ailing over two years, and my friends thought I was going into consumption. I took a bad cold which hastened the development of the disease, I took codliver oil and all manner of disagreeable medicines, and was examined by several physicians and pronounced going into quick consumption; against the advice of friends I took treatment of Drs. Darrin, it was my last hope. I have been saved by their treatment. The Drs. Darrin are the only physicians in the city who practice the rectal injection mode of treating consumption. The treatment is not disagreeable in the least. Any one interested in this mode of cure can see me at Chas. McDonald's, cor. Fourth and Multnomah streets, East Portland, or refer to my people in Junction City, Oregon, which is my home. Miss Izora Akers.

CONSUMPTION SUCCESSFULLY TREATED.

Editor Oregonian:—I have been treated by Drs. Darrin the past three months for consumption by the new rectal injection mode of cure, and have been greatly benefited, in fact, nearly cured. I am still under their treatment, which I find rather pleasant than otherwise. Refer to me at Damascus, Oregon. Wm. Sherrick.

ONE HUNDRED HEMORRHAGES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24, 1887. Drs. Darrin:—In 1877 I was taken with hemorrhage of the lungs and off and on was very bad. Have had over 100 hemorrhages during the past nine years. In Rio Vista, California—all the people know of my troubles. No one expected that I would ever recover. The morning before I commenced treatment—three years ago in April—I had a severe hemorrhage, and I gave up all hope of ever becoming well. But my wife insisted on my coming to you. I had no faith in such treatment, but now I am convinced that your electro-magnetic and rectal injection treatment for consumption will reach and cure diseases that no medicine will reach. I had an organic affection of the right lung and had been given up by a number of physicians. I was perfectly, and I am sure permanently, cured by you, and I have been able to engage in hard labor for the past three years. I am now living at 612 1/2 Natoma street, San Francisco, and will be glad to see anyone who may wish to interview me on this case. I was deaf twenty years, this trouble being accompanied by a rumbling sound and a constant discharge from the ears. You also restored my hearing perfectly by the electro-magnetic treatment. JOHN KELLY.

The above cards to Drs. Darrin, now located at 149 Fourth street, Portland, speaks volumes for their particular mode of treatment, and should go far to induce

our citizens to investigate their claims in the cure of consumption and deafness. The Drs. can be consulted free daily from 10 to 5. Evening from 7 to 8. Sundays 10 to 12. They treat all chronic and acute diseases, blood taints, loss of manhood, and sexual weakness equally as successful.

DR. DARRIN NO. 3 ARRIVED.

Dr. Darrin, brother of Drs. Darrin of this city, arrived on the last steamer and has concluded to locate in Portland permanently and join forces with the doctors here. His extensive experience will add much to the usefulness of the doctors in this city. This will enable one of these eminent physicians to be at the Revere house in Albany on Dec. 12th, 13th and 14th only, for the healing of the afflicted. Their office in Portland will be running as usual.

Read what the Chronicle says of Dr. Darrin on his departure from that city: "DRS. DARRIN LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO TO OPEN AN OFFICE IN PORTLAND.

"Their peculiar magnetic powers will no doubt be there, as here, a wondrous gift of healing to many afflicted. Over 30,000 people have been under their treatment during their four years' practice here, and with most satisfactory results. We commend them to our Portland friends."

THE SWELLING WATERS.

The River 18 Feet Above Low Water Mark—Items Gleaned From the River Drift.

During the past two days the river has been rising with remarkable rapidity. At noon yesterday the water was fourteen feet above low water mark. Having gained eight feet in the preceding twenty-four hours. The lower part of the O. R. & N. wharf was submerged at the same hour, and in the evening Agent Ed. Herren was driven from his office by the advancing tide. He took all the transportable articles with him, and he now carries his office in his vest pocket. The Orient, which came up from Portland Tuesday evening, returned to that city yesterday, and will be up again to-day. As is probable that after to-day the locks will be impassable she will remain here until it is possible to return to the metropolis. The Bonanza will soon join the Orient in the handling of general freight on the river.

The Santiam river on Tuesday was six feet above low water mark, but in the evening the water had gone down two feet. The Santiam is a variable stream, and will doubtless soon be at her normal condition. Pudding river has felt the influence of the rains, and was one quarter of a mile wide at the bridge on the Silverton road yesterday. The Silverton stage had to come in by another route. Mill creek has become a "raging torrent" but so far has not overflowed her banks to a great extent. It is believed that the Willamette will rise considerably over 20 feet above low water mark—a greater altitude than any attained last winter. Last night the 18-foot mark was reached.

The Salem Flouring Mills shut down at two o'clock yesterday morning, and will not be able to resume operations until the floods subside. The saw mill also stopped her machinery at noon yesterday to enable her force to get on board the steamer Topsy and go up the slough to secure a quantity of logs. The mill will probably start up again this morning.

Billy Wright has about 125 cords of wood on Brown's island, which he was engaged yesterday in endeavoring to save. He said yesterday that he thought he could only "boom" about fifty cords of it, and keep it from floating away; the remainder will be lost.

The N. S. Bentley yesterday started from Grant's warehouse for Albany with one-half of a 400-ton lot of wheat consigned to San Francisco. She will transport the remainder to-day or to-morrow. It is not known when her sister boats will join the Bentley, but it is presumed immediately.

John Minto, Sr., yesterday morning ferried over from Minto's island 125 head of sheep, which by this time would probably have been swimming about the island, or drowned.

A good opportunity will be offered today for inspection of the bridge, and how it withstands the high water.

Some body said yesterday that this is good weather for ducks, the small boy, and drift galore.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The following deeds were recorded in the office of the county clerk during the past week:

- W. H. Parrish and wife to Percy Willis and Leo Willis, w 1/2 of lot 8 in blk 21, Salem; \$1500.
Ruth H. Brown to J. M. Brown et al., all interest etc. in donation claim of James and Lucinda Brown in t 6 s, r 1 w; \$1 and other considerations.
Lucy Clark and husband, land in t 10 s, r 2 and 3 w; \$2200.
W. H. Waters and wife, to C. W. Moreland, l 2, b 60, North Salem; \$100.
Wm. H. Eisenhart to Joseph Birrer, l 1, sec 9, t 9 s, r 1 e, containing 44 25 acres; \$150.
George Woolen and wife to Leonard Woolen, 40.89 acres in t 6 s, r 1 e; \$100.
S. W. R. Jones and wife to Harrison Jones, 337 acres in t 6 s, r 2 w; \$2080.
S. W. R. Jones and wife to Harrison Jones, 65 acres, t 6 s, r 2 w; \$1500.
Kosa Crete to Philomene Boutine, 109.95 acres in Marion county; \$2100.
Richard S. Rice and wife to Santiam Lumbering company, land in t 9 s, r 3 e; right of way, etc.; \$690.
Chas. A. Brown and wife to Frank E. Brown, 56 acres in Marion county; \$1200.
Samuel Brown and wife to L. M. Smith, about 50 acres in t 7 s, r 2 w; \$5600.
T. W. Clark and wife to R. & N. Woodworth, all of lot 7, b 3, Woodburn; \$325. (Sheriff's deed.)
J. M. Brown and wife et al. to Ruth A. Brown, ls 1, 2, 7, 8, b 2, Woodburn; \$1.

Ladies will find relief from headache, constiveness, swimming in the head, cold, sour stomach, restlessness, indigestion, constant periodical sick headaches, weakness in the back or kidneys, pain in the shoulders and different parts of the body, a feeling of lassitude and debility by taking Shiloh's Liver Regulator. It is not suppressant, is purely vegetable, and is not injurious to the most delicate constitution.