

A regular messenger should be put onto the Eugene express at once. This is a erying need, and a positive necessity for ley towns. It would be a shame for the oot a regular messenger for any considerright to expect them to attend to this If their action is prompt, they will have the hearty thanks of a large number of
no reason for any delay in this matter credit in a few days.

## $\overline{\text { LABORIOUS OFFICK }}$

This is not the time to believe every
political story that is found going the rounds. The work of president-makin
for 1888 has begun is earnest, and this therefore the season in which the see
has to be sown which it is expected wil ultimately bloom into the presidency
But still there is nothing intrinsically im probable in the statements attributed president of the United States. There
not much doubt that it is at once the moying office in the world. The brancl of its multifarious functions, which makes the greatest demand on his time, is the
appointment to office. Some of the earl
presidents were able to deal with thit matter without loss of sleep or health
Bat the country has grown so large that
it is no longer hoaite name the army of officials now attached cy, legialation and perhaw on diplomadeties. But he can only get it by a re the distribution of patronage, or at leass vie. But this change can only be effitTus new $\xlongequal{\overline{\text { management of the state pen- }}}$ through that Institution or to see any of
the convicts on Sunday. As this is the ouly day on which many are able to visi doubt the right to visit the penitentiary
has been abosed, and mere curiosity much bother; but the new regime has
drawn the line too cloeely. Besides this, it isn't consistent democracy to be so ex
clusive. Under the good old repatblican any one else, was denied the privilege o
being ahown through the penitentiary ai
certain hours on Sunday ful examination of our flies fails to dis-
cover the record of any serious hara
from this practice. While we assure most distinguished considenationt, of our acthe penitentiary, but poblishing a news. he will modify his iron-clad ukase against
Sunda visitors. It takes one back a hundred and fifty or
two hundred years to read that Herr Windhorst said in a speech in the reich
stag the other day, when voting for Bis marck's bill, that while be violated his
own judgment in the yote he yielded to the winhes of the pope. We do not re
member the acknowledgement of an allegiance of that kind in a parliamentary
body in Europe for a good many years in which he threatened to resign and quit the game if they didn't pass the
its, however, a familfar chestnut.

## R there! 8unday was the last day which the eastern epierure

 which the eastern epieure could haveapheren antil soptember rrives. Cavee
why, no in May, June, Joly, and Auguet months of sittiography of the eer to watch the know what to eat. We eat oyaters from are small, bott, in the language of the et, "Oh my !"
Ir is decided that the Interstate law and those engaged in religions work Send one right here. That means mat.-
18. F. Alta.

 a deity frequent repetition will give riese to
bome discuasion of the plan and intorm
the Union Pacific officials what influenche Union Pacific officials what infuen-
tial people think about it. While it is not probable that company will abandon any
part of ite road, there is not much assursance that it is not governed by a code o
morils differing moch from that adopted
by so many railmoed companies namel by so many railroad compananies, namely,
to do that which is most proftable for it self, regardless of any body and every body elee. Still there is a wide sprea
impression that it is honorable for corporations as well 1 as individuals to pay
their debts, and dishonorable not to do so, and the law not infrequently enforces the
observance of such principles with most of experience it is not improbable light of experience it is not improbable a rai
road company would do such a thing if
could, but it is hoped that the la could, but itis hoped that the law wil s.
that the company couldn't if it would. Pennsylvania Chief Justice in conside
ing a case in which a technical defens was urged, aptly said:
travesty upon legal

| $f$ | forn |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| righ |  | forms, wipe out another man's legal

tights." Poesibly it the government in-
sisted on the enforcement of suche ition of legal principles, the Union Paci
fic company might proceed to pay its hon

## est debts doing so <br> A wrone idea.

## on the c th st d d m di a of tr m <br> the g cases the m stanc destr may divid arise of the trary mem

$\qquad$
the incentive for progreses, no reward for
and abilities. The any member's talent and abilities. The system has been tried
over and over again, and has never pro
ven satisfactory. The colony system i sociaism on a small scale, and it is wron
both in practice and theory. While it
true that every man is created free and
equal with certain equal with certain rights common to all
they cannot always be equal, for their
abilities and dispositions are not equal Their energies are not the same. Their
ideas of economy and living are net alike
and therefore it is not natural for their conditions to be the same. There must
be a reward for enterprise and ability
for ceonomy and prodence, and it takes al
kinds of people in all conditions, to make

## A MILLIONAIRE'S MUNIFTCENCE.

 the dead railway president, left a will bequeathing sums varying in amount from $\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 10,000$ and aggregating some-
thing like $\$ 50,000$,to charitable purposes.

## thi

 hing a millionaire does. When it is remembered that Mr. Mitchell left an estate
valued at more than $\$ 15,000,000$, his chari-
table bequeste dwindle into insignificance <br> \section*{\section*{ <br> \section*{\section*{ <br> <br> } <br> <br> }


