sephine, Coleman of Lane, Siglin of Coos, Shupe of Douglas, and Williams of Clack-

The senate adjourned till 2:30 p. m. AFTERNOON SESSION.

The senate was called to order at 2:30. The committee on credentials reported, through its chairman.

The newly-elected members of the senate were presented, and the oath of office administered by Secretary of State McBride.

Simon offered a resolution that the senate proceed to permanent organiza-

Watts, of Yamhill, nominated J. C. Carson, of Multnomah, for president.

Coleman, of Lane, nominated J. K. Weatherford, of Linn.

Carson received 19 votes, and Weatherford 10. Carson was declared elected. The president pro tempore appointed Weatherford and Barin to escort the

president elect to the chair. Mr. Carson, on taking the chair, promised to act fairly and impartially, and asked that the members forget party, section, politics, and personal feeling, and make every effort for the work be-

fore them. Secretary of State McBride was introduced, and he administered the oath of office to President Carson.

For chief clerk, E. G. Hursh and L. F. Williams were nominated. Hursh received 20 votes, and Williams 10. Hursh was declared elected.

For assistant clerk, C. W. Watts and and C. J. Cline were nominated. Watts received 20, Cline 10. Watts was declared elected. For sergeant-at-arms, T. C. Stephens

and J. F. Hill were nominated. Stephens received 20 votes, Hill 10. Stephens was declared elected.

J. H. McCormack was elected doorkeeper, receiving 20 votes, to 10 for J. W. Cunningham. On motion, the president was author-

ized to appoint two pages, which he announced would be done at to-morrow morning's session. The secretary of state administered the

Moved and carried that the reporters be invited inside the bar. Simon moved that the chief clerk in-

oath of office to the officers elected.

form the house that the senate had permanently organized. Carried. It was moved that a committee of five

be appointed whose duty would be to appoint the standing committee of the sen-Simon objected, and moved to lay the

resolution on the table. Carried. Miller introduced a resolution that the rules of the last session be adopted for this session. Carried. Siglin moved that the president appoint

a committee to notify the governor that the senate was in regular session. Carried. Siglin and Shupe were appointed. A resolution was adopted, authorizing the president to invite the clergy of the state to open the morning sessions with

The senate adjourned till 10 a. m. to-

TUESDAY, Jan. 11. SENATE. MORNING SESSION.

Senate called to order by the president at 10:30.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Webb, of Salem. Journal of vesterday was read and approved. The president appointed G. B. Milroy

and Fred. Piper as pages.

A message from the house was received announcing that that body was ready for joint convention to canvass the vote for governor; also, that the house had per-

manently organized. Siglin introduced a resolution authorizing the president to appoint senate committees.

Weatherford moved an amendment that the resolution so read as to appoint as a committee, Carson, Cartwright, Coleman, Hare, and Wager, to appoint the

Stanley moved that Miller and Siglin be added. Weatherford offered a substitute nam-

ing Carson, Cartwright, Hare, Wager, Coleman, Looney, and Siglin. Watts moved postponement of the sub-ject to 3 o'clock this afternoon, which

was carried. Message from the house, asking concurrence in a resolution that the house appoint three members and the senate two, to examine into the affairs of the law. state insane asylum. Also, for a com-mittee to examine the books of the state

treasurer. Concurred in. Hare offered a resolution that the senate meet the house in joint convention, Wednesday, at 10:30 a.m., to receive any message the governor might trans- ing court in First district.

Message from the house that the two houses appoint a joint committee on rules, concurred in, and the president and Mr. Weatherford were appointed on

the part of the senate. A message from the house fixing Wednesday, at 3 o'clock, as the time for joint convention, was laid on the table.

Gray offered a resolution that a committee of five from the senate and ten from the house be appointed, to be known as the Columbia River Improvement committee, to inquire as to the improvements at the Dalles, at mouth of the Willamette, and the mouth of the Columbia; also, providing for a committee to examine into the fishing industries, and provide ways and means for the protection and propagation of fish.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Ex members of the senate invited to

seats inside the bar. Sergeant-at-arms instructed to furnish each member with \$5 worth of postage stamps and \$1 worth of newspaper wrap-

Message received from the house, say-ing that body had concurred in the resolution to appoint joint committees to examine the books of the different state

The president appointed as senate committee to wait on the governor, Messrs. Coleman and Chamberlin. Watts called up the resolution for ap

pointment of senate committees, and moved its consideration be postponed till 10 a. m. to-morrow. Carried. Weatherford introduced S. B. 1, to regulate foreign corporations doing busine

in this state. Veatch-S. B. 2, to regulate attorney fees; also, S. B. 3, to incorporate town of

The committee to wait on Gov. Moody reported that 10 a. m. to-morrow is the

time appointed for the delivery of his Irvine—S. B. 4, to reduce rate of inter-

est to six and eight per cent.
Stanley—S. B. 5, to regulate the practice of medicine, and establish a state board of medical examiners. Hare-S. B. 6, to amend code; read

Dawson—S. B. 7, to prevent bulls run-ning at large; read second time. Chamberlin—S. B. 8, to create state board of charities.

econd time.

Irvine-8. B. 9, to regulate foreclosure of mortgages and collection of taxes; read second time.

Lee-S. B. 10, to reimburse certain counties; also S. B. 11, to reduce fees of clerks of supreme court; also S. B. 12, for the erection of a deaf mute building. Coleman-S. B. 13, relating to road

laws; second reading. Barin-S. B. 14, to regulate collection of road taxes, and to provide for election of road supervisors; read second time. Simon—S. B. 15, authorizing the con-struction of a bridge acrossthe Willamette

at Portland. Read second time. Cartwright-S. B. 16, amending the charter of Prineville; second reading.

Shupe—S. B. 17, to appoint health officer at the mouth of Umpqua river;

econd reading.
Gray—S. B. 18, declaring the sea beach public highway; second reading. Irvine—S. B. 19, to simplify the proceedings of justices' courts; second read-

ng. Barin—S. B. 20, to regulate the registration of cattle; second reading. Chandler-S. B. 21, prohibiting sale to minors under 18 years of tobacco, etc.; second reading. Adjourned. HOUSE.

FORENOON SESSION.

House convened pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, and was opened with

prayer by Rev. J. Taylor Chambers, of Roll called, and journal of the 10th read partly through, when reading of re-

mainder was dispensed with.
Paulsen, of Washington, introduced H. . M. No. 1, praying congress to provide for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. Referred

to judiciary committee. Benjamin moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait on the governor and inform him that the house was ready to receive any message he might

have. Adopted. Appointed Benjamin, Johnson and R. A. Miller. Bilyen moved that the clerk be instructed to notify the senate that house was ready to meet with them in joint convention to canvass the vote for goy-

H. R. 1.-Goodsell, inviting newspaper reporters within the bar, and providing for furnishing them with stationery; adopted. H. R. 2.-Goodsell, providing that sec-

retary of state furnish copies of laws and legislative journals; adopted. H. R. 3.—Harris, providing for furnishiseing stamps to members. H. J. M. 2.--McLean, relating to

swamp lands; ordered printed. H. C. R. 1.-Roberts, providing for appointing joint committee of 5, to examine affairs of insane asylum; adopted. H. R. 4.-Somers, providing for furnishing 4 copies of newspapers to each member of the house; adopted.

H. R. 5.-Bowditch, providing printing rules; adopted.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

H. B. 1.-McDean, to create a state board of charities and provide its duties. H. B. 2.—Roberts, to incorporate town of Myrtle Point. H. B. 3.-Noyer, relating to roads and

H. B. 4.-McCully, to create Wallowa H. B. 5 .- Mitchell, relating to reappor-

tionment. H. B. 6.—Hale, amending school laws. H. B. 7.-Bilyen, relating to state uni-

H. B. 8.-Daly, for permanent location of state normal school. H. B. 9-Goodsell, providing for the erection of armories for militia use in

towns of 10,000 inhabitants. H. B. 10—Laughlin, providing for changing county seat of Yamhill county. H. B. 11-McLean, for relief of Klam-

ath county. H. B. 12-Wilcox, for holding court in Seventh district.

H. B. 13-Munger, allowing O. R. & N. Co. to bridge the Willamette. H. B. 14-Daley, amending criminal

H. B. 15-Benjamin, relating to election and salary of supreme and circuit judg-H. B. 16-McLean, relating to state

H. B. 17-Bowditch, relating to hold-

H. B. 18-Nover, relating to foreign corporation.

FIRST READING.

H. B. I was read by title first time. H. bills 2, 3, and 5, were then read first

Benjamin, from special committee, reported that Gov. Moody had no message for the house but was ready to meet the joint convention at any time.

H. C. R. 2-Miller, providing for appointment of joint committee to inform governor that the bodies were ready to receive any communication from him; adopted.

H. C. R. 3-Johnson, providing for a joint convention at 3 o'clock. H. C. R. 6-Robertse for a committee of five to examine boooks of state treas-

Messrs. Miller, Hale, and Summers, appointed committee on part of house to wait on governor. H. B. 19-Briggs, providing for exten-

sion of capitol grounds.

H. C. R. 7—Miller, providing for a committee to prepare joint rules.

Adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION-BILLS INTRODUCED. H. B. 20.-Goodsell, incorporating town

H. B. 21.—Goodsell, relating to wills. H. B. 22.—Goodsell, fixing salary of ssessor of Multnomah county. H. B. 23.—Mayer, providing for in-rease of salaries of supreme judges. H. B. 24.—Culver, for extermination of

noxious weeds.

H. B. 30.—Roberts, to authorize locks to be built in Beaver slough, Coos county. H. B. 31.—Gay, to incorporate Hepp-

H. B. 32 .- McCully, to incorporate Joseph. H. B. 33.—McLean, relating to salaries

of county treasurers.
H. B. 34.—Bowditch, amending Ashland city charter. Chair named Roberts, McCully and

Mayer on the part of the house to inves-tigate the affairs of the state treasurer. Also, on part of the house, Messrs. R. A. Miller and Wilson to prepare joint

H. J. R. 5.—McLean, providing for committee of 4 of house and 3 for senate to be committee on assessment and taxa-

tion; adopted. H. J. R. 8.—Pomeroy, providing a committee to investigate books of secretary of state and board of land commissioners; adopted.

H. R. 9.-Summers, providing for a reading clerk; adopted. H. Bills No.s 5, 6, 7 and 8 read first

S. C. R. 1-That the two houses meet in joint convention Jan. 12, at 10:30 a. m., to canvass vote for governor, and to hear message of governor, and to inaugurate the governor-elect; house concurred

H. bills 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, read first time.

H. R. 9-Daley, providing that sessions of house be from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m., on and after Thursday. Pending action the House adjourned till 10 o'clock, Jan. 12.

SALEM, Jan. 12. HOUSE.

MORNING SESSION.

House called to order and roll called Reading of journal dispensed with. H. J. R. 3—Daley, instructing Oregon capitol building. members in congress to support inter-state commerce bill; adopted. H. bills 34, to 54, were introduced but

not read. H. R. extending courtesy to the ministers of the state adopted.

JOINT CONVENTION.

The senate then came in and the roll of the two bodies was called. Communication from secretary of state

transmitting official returns of the vote cast for gevernor at the recent general election was received. Weatherford moved to appoint two tellers, to assist in counting the vote; adopted, and the president of the senate,

who was in the chaft, appointed Messrs. Hare and Mitchell. The abstracts of the vote cast were as

š	follows:			
	Hous	ton Co	ornelius P	ennoye
1	Coos county	83	792	694
	Polk	138	767	818
Ų	Gilliam	27	476	533
	Tillamook		246	177
	Jackson		838	1,275
	Umatilla	124	1,154	1,518
•	Crook	40	315	529
	Lake*	17	185	289
9	Josephine	10	500	429
9	Yamhill	85	1,144	1,082
	Columbia	30	345	359
1	Lane	39	1,190	1,349
	Benton	152	905	1,013
	Carry	9	206	189
1	Baker	42	799	1,124
	Multnomah	351	3,281	4,26
	Washington	93	1,002	82
	Grant	28	715	863
•	Marion	386	1,938	1,623
1	Douglas	274	1,088	1,09
ij	Wasco	134	989	1,10
, i	Union	8	1,356	1,578
١	Linn	164	1,331	1,715
	Clatsop	85	731	1,005
	Klamath	1	267	326
	Clackamas	150	1,081	1,29
	Morrow	81	529	769
	-		-	

..2,727 24,199 27,901 Whole No. votes .54.827 "Not certified. There being no objection, the

vote was counted. Speaker Gregg in the announcement began to give the majority to Cornelius, but he was stopped amid much laughter. Goodsell moved to appoint a committee of two to wait on the governor-elect and notify him of his election. Appointed

Goodsell and Weatherford. The supreme judges were then also invited within the bar and one of them was invited to administer the oath of office to

the newly elected governor. Miller moved to appoint a committee of two to wait on Governor Moody and inform him that the two bodies were in joint convention and ready to hear any message he might have to offer. Ap-

pointed Miller and Davis. Governor Moody then appeared and read his message, a synopsis of which appears elsewhere.

At the conclusion of Gov. Moody's message, Chief Justice Wm. P. Lord administered the oath of office to Governorelect Pennoyer, and the new governor's inaugural address was then delivered.

The joint convention then adjourned. H. C. R. 13, Mitchell, was passed by the house during the morning hour, which provided that the committee appointed to investigate the books of the state treasurer be instructed to count and report on the amount of school fund in the treasury now, and also to report the number of applications to borrow from this fund, and the number of applications rejected and the reasons therefor.

The joint convention then dissolved. The house then adjourned until 10 a. m., Jan. 13.

SENATE. MORNING SESSION.

President called senate to order at 10:10. Roll call

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Hill, of Salem. During the reading of the journal Mr. Shupe addressed the president and an-nounced that the hour for meeting the house in joint convention had arrived. and the senate proceeded to the hall of

the house. After returning, the senate adjourned till 10 a. m. January 13.

The inaugural exercises to-day were witnessed by a large number of people, both residents of Salem and from abroad. Considerable time was consumed in canvassing the vote, but the two governors made their appearance in the ball of the house of representatives at the hall of the house of representatives at a little after 11 o'clock, and Governor Moody then delivered his last message. The length of this document preciudes ntatives at

state treasury Jan., 1867, was \$382,463 42, the evils which surro a better showing than ever before. The tax levy for 1885 was 3 1-10 mills and in 1886 1 19-20 mills. Since my assumption of the duties of the executive office the of the duties of the executive office the tax levy has been reduced from 5½ mills to the amount of the present levy. Within this time the asylum has been built and furnished; the brick stockade about the prison has been built; four additional workshops and a large wing to the main penitentiary building have been erected; large tracts for the use of the asylum and penitentiary have been purchased; the assembly chamber and all of the halls and corridors, and the western approach and a portion of the all of the halls and corridors, and the western approach and a portion of the eastern approach of the state capitol have been completed, and other minor improvements have been made, involving an expenditure of fully a quarter of a million of dollars. The state will probably receive soon from the general gov-ernment \$351,000 on Indian war claims. The amounts received thus far from swamp lands have been from first payments, leaving a balance due of from \$800,000 to \$1,000,000. There is in the common school fund \$1,059,409.01; agricultural college fund \$99,015 15; University fund \$78,171.49.

ASWAMP LANDS.

Reference is made to the action of the government agents appointed to designate swamp lands in not doing as required. A careful scrutiny into the management of the swamp lands is invited.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

The amount of \$75,000 was spent on the penitentiary improvement and the remainder of the appropriation of the last legislature on the state capitol. A strong recommendation is made to complete the

The officers of the asylum are: Superintendent, Dr. S. E. Josephi; first assistant, Dr. W. T. Williamson; second assistant, Dr. H. W. Cox. The average cost of maintenance of each patient per week has been \$2 75. Almost the entire cost of the new building has been saved from the former contract price of \$5 per capita per week, since the removal of the patients from the asylum in East Port-

land in 1883. The wooden stockade around the prison has been replaced with a substantial brick stockade over 2800 feet in length, 16½ feet high, and having an average thickness of two feet. The penitentiary has been lengthened on the north 80 feet -44 iron cells and 22 brick cells being added to the capacity of the prison. The improvements used up 4,000,000 brick. The new shops are 110 feet by 2471/2 feet in dimensions. Two hundred convicts have been almost constantly employed in the Northwestern foundry. The rev-enue will closely approximate the total cost. The health of the inmates has

been good. The board of pardons was duly appointed in accordance with the act of the last legislature, and has performed the functions for which it was organized.

STATE UNIVERSITY.

The State University is fairly prosperous. There has been an average attendance during the past year of 104 in the collegiate department and 44 in the preparatory department. The revenue exceeded the disbursements.

The sum of \$20,000 for an agricultural college has been raised by the citizens of Corvallis as required by an act of the last legislature, and the new college building

at Corvallis will be built. The common schools of the state are prosperous and rapidly increasing in strength and usefulness. The irreduciable fund of the state now amounts to \$1,059,409 01, an increase of \$330,338 24 in the last four years, and no trouble is experienced in keeping loaned all the money of the fund.

.The schools for mutes and blind are both in good condition. The former is under the efficient management, Rev. P. S. Knight and wife, and the latter is

under Rev. D. B. Gray and wife. The orphans' homes, located at Salem and Portland, have each been remembered by the legislatures of the past. No taxpayer should begrudge them the pittance they receive.

As a result of the organization of the state board of agriculture local societies in the interest of stock raising and agri-culture are multiplying, and upon all sides are seen encouraging evidences of increased interest in their lines of industry. The state board of agriculture is one of the organized agencies for the promotion of these interests.

In accordance with authority conferred by the act of Feb. 25, 1885, I appointed W. W. Baker, of Portland, dairy com-missioner. He has proven himself a vigilant and efficient officer. The sale of oleomargarine has been properly regu-

lated, and many abuses terminated.

The state board of immigration has proved itself an efficient agency during the two years last past in inducing immigration to this state. It has been active in disseminating information, and in furnishing immigrants upon their arrival, much necessary local information.

PILOTAGE

The results following the building of in getting in over the Columbia river bar. Work on the Cascade locks has been

work on the Cascade locks has been already too long delayed. The expense of clearing out this natural obstruction would be insignificant compared to the benefit to commerce resultant therefrom. The appropriation of \$15,000 for the Pine creek wagon road I think was well

structed in accordance with the appropriation bill passed last session.

It would be well to assist the U. S. in sinking an artesian well on arid and waste lands for the purpose of irrgiation.

I would recommend an appropriation to aid in the construction of a salmon

The Rogue river bridge has been con-

hatchery; also a bill to protect fish.
It is believed that with small expense the washed-away fish ladder at Oregon City can be restored.

It is believed that a railroad commis

sion would greatly expedite the adjust-ment of difficulties arising between rail-

I have no information as to when the new code of Hon. Lair Hill will be com-pleted.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The resolutions on constitutional mendments passed at the last session will be before you for your consideration during the present session.

A fitting tribute is paid to the memory of James W. Nesmith and Addison C.

Diligence and care in the passage of laws is urged.

The message was concluded with thanks for the courtesies and kindnesses shown the governor during his administration.

Gov. Moody's message was heartily re-ceived, and immediately the governor-elect received the oath of office from Chief Justice Wm. P. Lord. His inaugural was of greater length than Gov. Moody's message. In effect it is as fol-

GOV. PENNOVER'S MESSAGE.

In his introduction Governor Pennoyer spoke of the tendency to centralization of capital, and the assumption of overshadowing monopolies, and the be-stowment of the great bulk of the burdens of government upon the laboring and pro-ducing classes. He threw out a bait for the favor of the masses.

He spoke of the niggardly policy of the federal government in regard to the opening of the Columbia river to free navigation, and said that a portage road should be built from The Dalles to Celilo. The state should put forth every effort to have this done by the government. It would cost about one and one-third millions of dollars, and a one mill tax upon the property of the state would amount to this sum in two years. If the government will not undertake the work, the state should. 'It is of more importance to the state to have the Columbia river opened to free navigation than it is to have a dome upon the capitol.

He advocated the passage of a bill re ducing and regulating railroad freight rates

He entered a vigorous protest against the swamp land thieves, and recommended immediate legislation on this point. holdings of lands by wagon road com-panies. Much of this land has never been earned and should be forfeited.

structions, by bridges and otherwise, with special reference to a proposed bridge at the lower end of Portland. He said that "no longer should private rights be ruthlessly sacrificed at the shrine of corporate greed."

He spoke about river and harbor ob-

Spoke upon the question of assessment and taxation, and rather favored the taxand taxation, and rather lavored the tax ation of every thing in sight, with no deductions. Wanted dishonest tax shirkers dealt with summarily, for the program of the laws are "faithfully executed." Said the laws are "faithfully executed." Said Said it was the duty of this legislature

dustry should be protected and hatcheries established. Said convict labor should not come in competition with free labor.

Said a law should be passed regulating could resign.

Closed with some taffy and advice to monopolies, rates of water companies, tug boats, etc.
Legal rate of interest should be reduced to 7 per cent, allowing contracts at

9 per cent., and allowing attorney fees in no case to be more than \$10 in case of forced collection. Recommended that constitutional amendments be submitted to the people, and did not favor a constitutional convention. Recommended abolishment of office of dairy commissioner, also of swamp land agent at Washington, also board of immigration; thought that if our early pioneers of fifty years ago could find Oregon without a trail through the for-ests or over the deserts, immigrants that

desire to come now can undoubtedly find the way. Spoke of free school system and said more attention should be paid to giving all children a common school education, and less to high schools and universities.

The pay of all county officers should be fixed by law.

About the registry law, he held that the supreme court had no right to "repeal" the law passed at the last session. Vertising patronage may be larger than He said "the people who make constitutions are its rightful interpreters. This is circulation increased. W. D. Lyman, of the true theory of our government. It is Forest Grove, will be the editor of the far superior to the theory of the courts that they can correct legislation and that their interpretation is final and conclusive. This court theory not only shackles legislative action, but it is a decided to remain in Salem, and continue throttle upon the popular will." "A change in the election law should be piquant, forcible, and sincers writer, and made by which registration may be had only where needed for a fair election, say in counties containing cities of five thousand inhabitants and over." "The registration act as passed is the law of the land to-day, and the order of the court suspending the operation of such law was in violation of Section 23, Article I, of the the state pilot schooner are very great, as constitution, and therefore it was void and the presence of the schooner on the outside of the bar has compelled private tug for a change in the law in Section 8, Arowners to be ever on the alert for incomiticle II, of the constitution, and it is your ticle II, of the constitution, and it is your ing ships, and, there has been no delay duty to make the necessary amendments."

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

After presenting a lengthy argument with a view to showing that the state has the power to deport, by law, aliens not susceptible of naturalization, he conclud-ed this part of his message with the following:

"The state then having full control of

this matter and the people of the state being almost unanimously opposed to the presence of the Chinese here, it devolves upon the legislative assembly to devise the most peaceful and effective means towards procuring their removal from our state. There can be no doubt that it is perfectly competent for the state to cause the deportation, by law, of all aliens not susceptible of naturalization. But this remedy would entail large ex-pense, and would appear unnecessarily Moody then delivered his last message.

H. B. 25.—Daly, to repeal immigration beard law.

H. B. 26.—Daly, to provide for a system of school books.

H. B. 27.—Summers, for organization of militia.

H. B. 28.—Bigg, for reapportionment.

Moody then delivered his last message.

The length of this document prectudes its entire publication, but below is given a synopsis of it, which contains the principal features of the message.

And for militia is recommended.

Assessment and the people.

Aid for militia is recommended.

Assessment and the people.

Aid for militia is recommended.

Assessment and the people.

Aid for militia is recommended.

Assessment and the people.

Aid for militia is recommended.

Assessment and the people.

Aid for militia is recommended.

I hope you will find in the bill present accord with a policy which the general accord with a policy which the general city. Dr. Kinney will probably be the sented by the tax commission relief from government has pursued for three quarnets accord with a policy which the general city. Dr. Kinney will probably be the sented by the tax commission relief from government has pursued for three quarnets.

tion. This policy is to be highly commended when it protects labor. It has mostly been applied to the protection of rich manufacturing capitalists, which is unjust, because capital can always take care of itself, but if it can be applied only so as to protect the industry of our fellow citizens who have no capital but the labor of their hands, it is most commendable and praiseworthy. A protective pohey that will protect the laboring classes and will put the tax thus collected into the treasury of the government instead of into the pockets of a favored few, is one which all good citizens must necessarily favor. And it is competent for the state to adopt such a policy, which will not only directly benefit the laboring man, but will indirectly benefit the people of the state at large. A license tax law can be enacted by which every individual or corporation in the state who employs or rents buildings or grounds to an unnaturalized alien shall be compelled to pay a license therefor, the proceeds of which should go to the common school fund. By this means our laboring fellow-citizens would be protected from the ruinous competition of alien slave laber. By this means this undesirable class of aliens would be compelled from lack of employment to leave the state of their own accord. By this means, within a very short time, and in a peaceable and lawful manner, our state would be rid of their baneful presence, and the places they now occupy would be filled with laboring men of our own race and blood, who will help build up our free institutions and dot our hillsides and valleys with the happy homes of freemen. There is no one question before the legislative assembly of equal imfreemen. There is no one question be-fore the legislative assembly of equal im-portance to this question. Let this rem-edy be applied, which the people de-mand. Let the will of the people, which is the supreme law of the land, be enacted and enforced. He said that the law which provides

that "no Chinaman not a resident of the state at the time of the adoption of the constitution shall ever hold any real estate or mining claim therein," has been disobeyed. It should be enforced to the

letter. Said that the federal court (Judge Deady) had repeatedly interfered with state laws, and concluded: "I shall endeavor to rigidly enforce the laws of the state, and in case any further unwarranted interference is made therewith by the federal court, it will be the duty of the legislature to memorialize congress for He also protested against the fraudulent the impeachment and removal from office of the offender."

Protested against foreign corporations bringing suits in the federal courts, and suggested that the legislature compel foreign corporations to take out a license-before they can do business in the state. Said it behoeves the legislators to be most careful as to any grant or franchise

sought for by corporations.

A law should be passed providing that no judgment of a federal court should be a lien on any property in the state unless

he had nothing now but the state militia,

to make a new apportionment. Said the state's pilots and boats should be provided for and protected. The salmon in
Made a long anti-monopoly argument, and he didn't seem to like the state and said that the legislature should take an interest in federal legislation, and instruct its senators to do various

> the legislature. The hour of 2 o'clock had nearly arrived when Gov. Pennoyer had com-

pleted his message, and the two bodies . then adjourned for the day.

Special committee on H. J. R. 6, to examine books of state treasurer, Shupe and Siglin. H. J. R. 1, to examine state insane asy-

H. J. R. 8, to examine books of secre-

lum, Chamberlin and Stanley.

tary of state and board of school land commissioners, Steele and Coleman. Going to Portland,-And now they have decided to do something else with the Prohibition Star. This time it is removed. At the last meeting of the beard of directors of the publishing company, it was determined to carry the whole plant, type, galleys, and all, down to Portland. This move is made in hopes that in a city as large as Portland the ad-Star, and W. S. James will act as business manager. S. F. Floed, who has been connected with the paper in differ-ent capacities ever since its inception, has piquant, forcible, and sincere writer, and the Star of the future may not be so able as it has been in the past, under his management. The next issue of the paper, after this week, will be in Portland.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY .- When the sergeant-at-arms of the senate attempted to unlock the mail-box in the senate chamber, yesterday morning, for the purpose of taking therefrom the letters to be posted, he found that some one had been tampering with the lock, and, in an at-tempt to open the box, had broken off and left the point of a knife blade in the lock. The box often contains valuable matter, and the would-be thief evidently knew this. The lock has been repaire and hereafter no one but the sergeant arms will be able to get into the box.

city last evening (Jan. 12) announced the death, yesterday, by apoplexy, at his home, in Columbus, Ohio, of Geo. W. Earhart, brother of Hon. R. P. Earhart, of this city. The deceased was a promi-nent manufacturer and merchant of that city, and he will be greatly missed in the financial and social circles of his old A New Screen.-The Bell Patent Win-

Dign.-A telegram received in this

O'Donald's office, opposite the court-

dow Screen Co. has on exhibition at J.