

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY.

KEY FOUND.—E. M. Waite is notoriously the worst writer in the Willamette valley. He is the Horace Greeley of the Pacific coast. For many years those who those lot has fallen the painful duty of deciphering Mr. Waite's illegible hieroglyphics have in vain sought an easy method of solution of his strange and fearful characters. But the Alexander who was to cut the Gordian knot has been found. Wednesday night, before locking up his printing office, Mr. Waite left a note attached to the stove, instructing his janitor, Prof. Hiram O'Gorman, to clean out the ashes. The ordinary observer, upon beholding the notice, would have thought that Mr. Waite had been amusing himself by drawing a picture of the Bennett House ruins, but yesterday morning, when Prof. O'Gorman, who can neither read nor write, brought his African intellect to bear upon the mystic signs, he instantly recognized the characters of his Egyptian ancestors, and forthwith proceeded to clean out the stove. Mr. Waite has secured Prof. O'Gorman at a large salary as his amanuensis and interpreter. Thus was what the Portland Telegram would term a "mysterious mystery" (strange that a mystery should be mysterious!) triumphantly solved.

SALEMITES IN CALIFORNIA.—C. B. Woodworth, of Portland, who with his wife has just returned from a trip to California, makes this mention of Salemites: "While in San Jose we looked up Mrs. Frank Parmenter, who lives there with her parents, Judge and Mrs. Fryer. We found Miss Loru Chapman and Miss Minnie Chapman stopping with them. We were invited to dinner, and afterwards Miss Loru took us out for a drive through the far-famed "Alameda," an avenue of trees, as you know, planted by the Franciscan monks ever so many years ago, some of whom look very ancient while others have entirely disappeared; but their places have been supplied by new trees, and the Alameda bids fair to continue for ever; (do not confound the town of Alameda across the bay from San Francisco, with the old Alameda or "beautiful way" of San Jose.) Judge Fryer went to San Jose expecting to die, but is now a well, hearty man, with a prospect of many years' lease of life before him. He is delighted with the country but the ladies pine for Oregon." The place is described as almost a paradise upon earth in winter, but that the continued sunshine becomes wearisome.

THE EPIPHANY PARTY.—The annual epiphany party of the members of the Episcopal church was given on Wednesday night by Wm. J. Clarke, at the family residence on Gaiety Hill. It is the annual custom of the Episcopal church to celebrate the "epiphany" festival, and the manner of deciding when the party shall be given is by lot. A ring is placed in a cake and the person who receives the ring with his or her piece of cake shall the following year give the epiphany party. Mrs. Dr. Josephi drew the prize, and will next year be the hostess at the epiphany celebration. The guests of Wednesday evening passed the time most pleasantly, music, dancing, and playing, and excellent refreshments being the principal feature of the entertainment. Fifty guests or more were present, and not a one failed to have a good time.

CHANGE IN GUARDS.—Yesterday was commenced the work of changing the personnel of the force at the penitentiary, in accordance with the wishes of the new superintendent, Mr. Clow, who will assume his position on February 1st. It was intimated to Mr. Collins, the present superintendent, that it would be desirable for one Chas. Armstrong, of Douglas county, to be appointed guard, and to make room for him it was necessary to relieve from duty some one of the present force. The names of the four unmarried guards were placed in a hat, and the one whose name was drawn was to be removed. Richard Westcott drew the prize, and now he is footloose. It won't be very long before the entire force at present employed in the prison will be supplanted.

THE POSTAL TELEGRAPH CO.—Workmen have been seen putting in posts along the line of the railroad for the new telegraph company, during the past few days. An attempt to find out something of the intentions of the company by a reporter of the Statesman, has met with failure. The reporter's agents of the company here disclaim all knowledge of the concern. The company seem to be afraid that somebody will discover that it intends to enter the city and do business here. If it keeps on as it is, when it has established an office, people will know as little about its location as they do now.

CLEVELAND MAY VISIT OREGON.—A well-known democrat in Portland claims to have received a letter from a friend at the national capital, to whom President Cleveland intimated that he may visit the Northwest the coming summer. The Washington man writes: "Oregon and Washington have been brought more or less to the attention of the president since his induction into office, and he is anxious to learn more about those sections than he can by hearsay. Recently he told me that in all probability he will visit the Northwest in the summer of this year."—Portland News.

TREE REMOVED.—Some time Saturday night, a large fir tree came floating down the river and lodged on one of the drift breakers of the bridge, where it remained until yesterday. Tuesday night the committee on streets and public property obtained full control of the bridge from the council, and yesterday they offered \$10 to the person who would remove the log. Bert Hatch worked most of the day at the log, and in the afternoon loosened it from its entanglement and it renewed its journey down the river. The log was a large one, being over 100 feet in length.

LODGE INSTALLATION.—The following persons have been installed as officers of Chemeketa Lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F., to serve for the ensuing six months: W. H. Byrd, N. G.; W. E. McAfee, V. G.; Harvey S. Jordan, R. S.; T. A. Howard, P. S.; Geo. E. Good, Treas.; W. D. Claggett, warden; L. E. Pratt, Con.; A. B. Crossman, I. G.; J. G. Wright, R. S. N. G.; C. B. Moores, E. S. N. G.; McK. Mitchell, R. S. V. G.; O. P. Hyginbottom, R. S. S.

OLEOMARGARINE.

An Interview With Oregon's Dairy Commissioner in Regard to the Governor's Suggestions.

It is the general understanding that the enforcement of the Oregon state dairy law has done much towards protecting as well as improving and encouraging Oregon's dairy interests. And as Governor Penoyer, in his inaugural, intimated that the office of Oregon state dairy commissioner might be abolished because of the existence of a congressional law on the subject, a reporter of the STATESMAN deemed it timely to interview Mr. W. W. Baker, Oregon state dairy commissioner, which resulted in the following conversation: Reporter—"Mr. Baker, what do you think of Governor Penoyer's suggestion in regard to the national dairy law being adequate to prevent the sale and use of bogus dairy products?" Mr. Baker—"I think that congress intends to do a good thing, but like many other new laws, it is defective to the end that the object aimed at could not be accomplished."

Rep.—"Will you point out the defects of the national law?" Mr. B.—"There are two fatal defects in the national law. First, there is no provision whereby an analysis may be made. This is certainly a very serious omission; for if the revenue officers have no authority to have analyses made, it will be impossible for them to secure a conviction, because imitations can only be detected by chemists, and it is only on the chemists' testimony that a suit can be maintained. I am authorized by the Oregon law to have analyses made, and this is all that ever saved us. Second—the national law makes no provision that requires hotels, restaurants, boarding houses, etc., to publicly advertise that they use the bogus article. But our law requires them to do so and I regard it as all in all, for the fact is nobody will use oleomargarine if they know what it is. I do not think the governor would have made the suggestion he did, if he had been aware of the defects of the national law, for in every other particular he has manifested an earnest interest in behalf of the industrial classes."

THE FREE DELIVERY SYSTEM.

An Inspector of the Postoffice Department Will Visit Salem and Report.

A few days since this paper mentioned the fact that the bill under which Salem is entitled to the benefits of the free delivery system had passed and become a law, and the further fact that the attention of the postoffice department had been directed to the claims of Salem by Senator J. N. Dolph. The following letter in this connection will explain itself: WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.—Hon. J. N. Dolph, U. S. Senator—Sir:—I have the honor to inform you that an inspector of the postoffice department has been directed to visit Salem, Oregon, to ascertain whether it has the necessary qualifications for the free delivery service under the recent act of congress, and report in detail to this office. Very respectfully yours, A. E. STEVENSON, First Asst. P. M. Gen'l.

NEW STEAMERS EN ROUTE.—The Oregon Pacific railroad company have two elegant steamers on the way from New York, which are to be placed on the route between San Francisco and Yaquina. They are named respectively, "Willamette Valley" and "Eastern Oregon." The former vessel left New York last week, and the latter left yesterday. They will both be here in time for the spring trade.

SUIT TO RECOVER MONEY.—A suit was yesterday instituted in Justice J. O'Donald's court, wherein Dr. H. Smith (dentist) is plaintiff, against Frank Morris and wife, who live near Gervais. It is a civil action to recover money, the sum of \$72. Ed. Downing appears for the plaintiff and Ford and Kaiser for the defendants. The case was continued until 10 o'clock this morning.

DRILL.—All boys who are members of the Band of Hope please meet Capts. Waller and Hunt at the armory, to-day, at 4 o'clock sharp, for the regular weekly drill. The Band of Hope meets to-morrow in the M. E. church at 2 p. m., to prepare for the coming public entertainment. Elder Webb will deliver a short address, illustrated by experiments.

IN THE LEAD.—Strong & Co. are holding the reins over the liveliest restaurant trade in Salem. Making no long or short stops on the busy track, bounding along with a determination to win, outstripping and outdoing the attempts of all competitors, beating all former records by several lengths.

A MISTAKE.—The statement in the other morning's STATESMAN that Rev. J. C. Baker was to be transferred to another charge in the Baptist church was a mistake. He will retain his present position as general mission agent for the North Pacific coast, while Rev. Burchett will be general mission agent for Oregon.

MATTERS ADJUSTED.—The trouble between the Irish duke and Italian count has been adjusted at last. Yesterday both parties appeared before Justice Payne by their attorneys and had an adjustment of their differences.

CASE ARGUED.—The case of state vs. Nelson Dilley and Henry Johns, was argued in the supreme court yesterday. District attorney Bell and N. B. Knight appeared for the state, and Tilmon Ford and Geo. H. Burnett for the defense.

NOTARIES APPOINTED.—Thos. E. Parker, Aquila, J. R. Caldwell, Carlton, H. C. Condon, Arlington, and F. A. Moore, St. Helens, have been appointed notaries public by Governor Penoyer.

For fresh groceries of every kind, remember to go to Squire Farrar & Co.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

A PORTLAND YOUNG LADY.—Miss Mattie Mitchell, daughter of Senator Mitchell, is said to have raised quite a sensation in Washington society by her refusal to receive any more bouquets this winter.—Portland World. The truth is only partially stated in the foregoing. It is understood that Miss Mitchell has heard of the action of the Portland young ladies in refusing to receive any bouquets unless a receipted bill for the same is attached, and she wishes to show that she is a Portland young lady, and will stand by the mandates of Portland society. The rumor that the young man of crysanthemum notoriety had sent her a bouquet without the required bill, and that this precipitated her action, is incorrect.

SOON BE REPAIRED.—One day last week the Oregon Pacific railroad company's steamer N. S. Bentley came down to this city to undergo necessary repairs after her very rough handling at Albany. She was taken to Steffen's boatyard below the city, where workmen have been engaged for several days. The machinery escaped with very slight damage. By Saturday it is thought that the repairs will be completed and the boat ready for service again. The United States inspectors will make an examination of the hull, boiler and fixtures for safety of the new boat. After all reports it seems the damage to the boat was not as heavy as was at first supposed.—Telegram.

CHINA NEW YEAR.—To-morrow will begin the new China Year. To-night the sound of the fiddle, the kettle-drum, the gong, the cymbals, the whistle and the swinette will combine to make heavenly music for the celestial ear. To-night the fire-cracker and bomb will be scoured away for another year by the usual approved methods, and incense will be burnt in honor of the great joss. To-night will begin the season which lasts for one whole week, and in which no heathen can be hired to work, for love or money. And the Gentile will cuss for a solid hour over the non-arrival of his Sunday shirt.

A LONG SIEGE.—The case of R. S. Morris against R. W. Chase was commenced before Justice J. F. Hayes in Abiqua precinct, Tuesday morning and continued during the day. The suit was for damages of \$250 alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff at the hands of the defendant in the faulty construction of a building erected by the latter. The case was turned over to the jury on the evening of Wednesday, and a decision was not reached until Thursday night. The justice kept the jury out until they agreed a verdict, which was for \$48 in favor of the plaintiff. W. Holmes appeared for the plaintiff and Wm. Kaiser for the defense.

A BIG SLEUTER.—On next Monday night the Salvation Army intends to have a grand time. The occasion will be a good old fashioned sociable, at which there will be present about twenty-five of the members of the army from Portland. The intention is to raise money for the maintenance of the barracks in Salem. The people of Salem may think they have attended sociables, but they haven't, as they will find out after Monday night. No disreputable persons will be present. Members of the legislature will be allowed admittance upon presentation of certificate of good moral character.

TRAINS LATE.—Both the morning and afternoon trains were behindhand yesterday. The report was that the one o'clock train would not be in until about two, and when the train steamed in about 1:20, distracted individuals from all parts of town might have been seen rushing toward the depot. Many legislators and others who wished to get away were left. The causes of delay in both instances were that the high water had made fast running in some places unaviable, from fear of washouts.

TURNED OVER.—A. O. Waller has turned over his gunsmith store to Wm. Beck & Son of Portland. It is stated that the new firm intend to move the business from its present location around to the vacant store room on Patton's block, on State street, and then to open up with a big stock. Beck & Son own a large store in Portland, and there is no reason why a branch store here, conducted by them, should not succeed well.

SILVERTON ITEMS.

January 19. Mr. M. Whitlock, of Butte Creek, is in town, and reports every thing fine in his vicinity.

Fall wheat is looking fine in this part of the county, and the prospect for a heavy crop is good.

There is an effort being made to have a normal school at this place, a thing long wanted, and it would be a great benefit to the place, as well as an accommodation to families wishing to give their children a good education. We wish it success.

The farmers and stock men are complaining of the incessant rain that has been falling for several days, and claim that it is very hard on the stock, as the animals are wet all the time, and as the rain is cold, the animals are falling off, in flesh.

This afternoon, Mr. Drake and T. R. Hibbard were out riding on horseback, and when near Mr. A. F. Blackerby's place, on Drift creek, the horses being in a lope, the horse of Mr. Hibbard stumbled and fell on the rider, bruising the right leg very badly and also the face. Mr. Hibbard is confined to his room but it is to be hoped that he will soon be out again on our streets.

CROWDED OUT.

"I never take anything in my whisky," he said, as he shaded the glass with his hand, and lifted it slowly to his mouth. "No," responded the bartender, with emotion, "you don't leave any room for it."—Puck.

LIVER PILLS. Use Dr. Gunn's Improved Liver Pills for sallow complexion, pimples on the face and biliousness. Never sickens or gripes. Only one for a dose. Samples free at Geo. E. Good's.

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION.

How the Oregon Trouble Was Settled and War Averted.—"Wasn't Worth a War."

At the time of the formation of a provisional form of government by and for the settlers of Oregon in 1845, the "boundary question" was the burning issue between England and the United States. Prior to that period neither government had appeared at liberty to extend the jurisdiction of its laws to this part of the continent.

In the judgment of McLoughlin, chief factor of the Hudson's Bay company, the best way to protect its property was to accept the invitation tendered by the Americans to join their government organization. Accordingly after a brief period, on condition that the company should pay taxes only on goods sold to the white inhabitants of the country, the officers of the Hudson's Bay company became, with all the British residents, parties to the political company of Oregon. It was a most timely action, the union of the lion with the eagle, for only a few days later the British fifty gun-ship of war, America, arrived from Puget Sound. The British squadron of the Pacific then amounted to fifteen vessels, carrying over four hundred guns. The avowed object of the fleet was to afford protection to her Majesty's subjects in Oregon, in case they required it. Had these profifers of protection, which really meant war, come a few weeks sooner, war doubtless would have been the result. When the British came to Vancouver at this time "they," says Mr. Bancroft, the Pacific historian, "expected to maintain England's hold of the north side of the Columbia river; but they found the Hudson's Bay company bound in an agreement of mutual protection with the Americans; they learned the fearless and resolute character of the colonists, and their rapidly increasing numbers, and were constantly checked in their expressions of hostility by McLoughlin, who assured them, and even wrote back to England that the country was not worth a war." Gordon, the commander of the man-of-war, America, is said to have agreed with McLoughlin, but on entirely different grounds. He was speaking literally, because he found the Nesqually plains a bed of gravel, and because being fond of angling, the salmon would not rise to the fly in a country where the fish were not lively enough for his sport was in his estimation worthless. But the salmon were not the only fish in Oregon that refused to rise to the fly of the British angler.

OBITUARY SKETCH. Died, in Prescott, Washington Territory, Nov. 18, 1886, Benjamin Walden. Deceased was born in the city of Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 28th of December, 1820. The family history is traceable to the Waldenses of the thirteenth century, from which the name is derived. Three brothers came from England to America about the year 1765, one of whose estates known as Harlem Commons, is now in chancery in New York. The maternal grandmother was Dorothy Labright, who accompanied two of her brothers from the city of Paris, to engage in ship building at Philadelphia. Their dock yards and unfinished work was destroyed by British captors. Soon after this reverse one brother died of brain fever, the other escaped with the sister to Trenton N. J., where she married Peter Schmidt, of New York. After seven years they removed to Cincinnati, arriving at that place in 1805, at which place their eldest child, Catharine Schmidt, was married to Ebenezer Walden, in the year 1818. Of this union there were two children, Benjamin and Peter Walden.

In the year 1832 they removed to Indiana, where Benjamin attended the Wabash college, until he became a teacher in the public schools of that state. In 1845, he went to St. Joseph, Missouri, where he married Jane Lemmon, whose father and mother, John and Jane Lemmon, were honored citizens of Marion county Oregon, their home being near Brooks. The two families crossed the plains to Oregon in 1845. From the Dalles nine of the party were to cross the Cascade mountains. Among these were Benjamin Walden and wife, and Lemuel Lemmon, a boy nine years of age. When near the summit, an Indian took their pack horse and provisions. From that time they were nineteen days with three biscuits each, and such portions of beef as they dared to eat after the cattle had eaten poison snow. Losing their way in the blinding snow storms, they wandered far up the south side of Mt. Hood, being three days on the perpetual snow. The sun shone on the fourth day. They were guided by the slopes of the western side of the range, and finally all reached the comfortable home of Peter Hatch, well known to all pioneers. During twenty years' residence in Marion county, he was twice elected county judge. The office of secretary of state, also that of governor of Oregon, were tendered, but he declined political preferment, devoting his time to making a home on the donation claim six miles east from Salem, in the Waldo hills.

In 1871 he removed to Umatilla county, Oregon, for the benefit of his health and for a few years improved so much that a ripe old age seemed to await him. In that county he was twice elected member of commissioners' court, and at the time of his death was justice of the peace in the town of Prescott, and attended important law and collecting business until two days before his death. He had suffered with Bright's disease for six years, but retained so much determination against the inroad of disease, that no one anticipated his situation, until a stroke of paralysis came at ten o'clock on Tuesday, November 16, and in thirty-six hours this was followed by another one that was only a few hours previous to death. After the first stroke his speech and mind remained clear, and he sang at intervals between pain. The last words were of resignation and a good preparation of heart for that change. A friend to the poor and needy, a true lover of justice, temperance, art, virtue, who lived so unassuming a life that his vast store of knowledge, acquired by a life devoted to reading good books and healthy literature, was scarcely noticed, except by those who observed his aptness at quotation or his choice manner of expression.

Dressmaking at Mrs. A. H. Farrar's. dw

FROM SUNDAY'S DAILY.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S REPORT.—The report of Hon. R. P. Earhart, as secretary of state from January 1, 1885, to January 1, 1887, is just from the printer. It is a large book of 176 pages of principally tabular matter, and shows the exact condition of the state's finances. From it the following figures are taken: The delinquent taxes from the counties of the state amount to \$67,854.03. Of this amount \$830 is charged to Marion county, but it will probably be credited by act of this legislature as it is for taxes due prior to 1868. It shows the bonded debt of the state to be \$1,665.40, and outstanding warrants \$53,632.93. Reduction in state debt since December 21, 1884, was \$102,700.94; since Sept. 1, 1878, \$701,083.05. It shows the condition of the several state funds, in most of which balances exist. The fugitive fund shows a deficit of \$15.22, which is the only fund which was overdrawn up to January 1, 1887. The number of warrants drawn by the secretary of state during the two years was 6,056, against 2,602 drawn during the former two years and three months. There were 250 companies filed articles of incorporation between December 1, 1884, and December 1, 1886. The report contains statistics gleaned from the assessor's returns of the various counties, the roster of officers in the state militia, and many other things of interest, in relation to that office. It is a clear and comprehensive report.

BUSINESS CHANGE.—Negotiations have been pending for some time past between Late Savage and E. L. L. Johnson for the transfer of the ownership of the book store of the latter to the former. Yesterday the sale was consummated, and beginning with Monday, the business will be in the hands of Mr. Savage. Mr. Johnson has made many friends during his residence in Salem, and it is with regret that they see him leave for the East, as he intends doing. However, he will probably return. Mr. Savage, the new proprietor, is well known in Salem and vicinity as a genial and energetic young gentleman. Although entrance into the book and stationary business is a new move for him, there is no doubt that he will make a success of it, as he will secure the most efficient clerical service, and as he has the ability and means to make his business one of the most flourishing in this city. The STATESMAN speaks for him a liberal patronage, as he will surely endeavor to deserve it. He intends to carry a complete stock of every thing in his line, and to push his business to the front rank.

SECOND RECITAL.—On Friday evening, Jan. 21, the second musical recital of the year took place at the conservatory rooms of Willamette university, under direction of Miss Frankie Jones, first teacher of instrumental music. A number of friends of the pupils were present, besides a few invited guests, among whom were some of the musical critics of the city. The programme included selections from the best composers, Beethoven, Schuman, Wagner, and others whose names are celebrated in the world of music. Her pupils showed a marked and most gratifying degree of improvement over the recital of three months since, particularly on the part of the younger misses, while many of the more advanced ones evinced marked ability. Time is demonstrating that Miss Jones is admirably fitted for the position of musical instructor, and the pupils under her charge have an assured future of progress, according to the best methods of instruction, as amply demonstrated on the evening named.

HOT FOR DECEMBER.—From a private letter from Mrs. B. F. Bonham, wife of the U. S. consul general at Calcutta, India, dated Dec. 7, 1886, it is learned that the thermometer at 7 a. m., on December 6, stood at 76 degrees Fahrenheit, and at 3 p. m., it stood at 84 degrees, and at 9 p. m., it was at 72 degrees. On the 7th at 7 a. m., it stood at 60 degrees, at 11 a. m., 79 degrees—all in the shade. She reports many deaths from cholera, principally among the natives. It is stated that there were 205 deaths from cholera alone in the last two weeks.

TAKEN TO UMATILLA.—Jas. E. Eddy, editor of the Pendleton Tribune, started for home yesterday, and with him one R. Scott, a convict, who was sentenced a few months ago to the penitentiary for five years for horse stealing. The grand jury of Umatilla county has found an indictment against Scott's partner for complicity in the same crime, and an order was issued from the circuit court for that county for Scott to come back and testify in the case.

THE FRISKORN FAMILY.—The Friskorn family has returned to Manhattan, the scene of the homicide of last week. They have telegraphed for legal assistance to gain possession of their home. The trouble in that locality seems yet unsettled. Public opinion is on the side of the Friskorns, and rightly, too, and if the friends and relatives of Gunderson start a vendetta they will regret it. No indictment has been found against the girl.

IN FAVOR OF DEFENDANT.—The suit of Dr. H. Smith against H. Morris for \$76, alleged to be due plaintiff from defendant, was tried in Justice O'Donald's court on Thursday. The case was submitted to the jury about 11 o'clock that night, and, in a short time a verdict in favor of defendant was rendered. The case was hotly contested, and lasted all day. Knight & Downing appeared for the plaintiff and Ford & Kaiser for the defense.

WET WEATHER.—Notwithstanding the extremely wet weather during the past week, Geo. E. Good, the leading druggist, has been doing a fine business. Cause why? The people have found out that there is the place to get the purest drugs, the most accurate prescriptions, and the most reliable goods in this line. He still leads the trade in fine cigars with Tansill's Punch a specialty.

ANOTHER APPOINTMENT.—Dr. W. H. Byrd has been appointed by Superintendent Clow as physician for the penitentiary. This is a very good appointment. The position is worth \$500 per year, and it is what might be called a "soft sit."

REMOVED.—Fishburn & Schomaker, dealers in pumps, windmills, farm machinery, etc., have removed their place of business from State street to 288 Commercial street, in Williams & England's block, second door north of R. M. Wade & Co.'s store. They propose to push their business in the future, and probably add some new lines.

COMING THIS WEEK.—Next Saturday night Chas. Dudley, the Shakspearean reader, and Miss Laura Biggar, the prima donna, will appear at Reed's opera house, in one of their pleasing entertainments, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. Mr. Dudley and Miss Biggar come both highly recommended as artists in their particular lines, and they ought to have a crowded house.

ALLEGED SAME MEXICAN MAN.—Dr. Kim, a Chinaman who claims to be a physician, was arrested on Friday night for selling liquor without license. He was taken before Recorder Strickler and fined \$20 and costs, amounting in all to \$25.80, which he paid.

NEW WATER ENGINE.—A new kind of engine has been placed in the printing establishment of Godfrey & Moores. It is called a Dow water engine, and is run without steam or electricity. Water is the motive power. The engine is of three horse power, and can run a dozen presses.

ARRESTED.—Daly Prottymann was yesterday arrested at the instance of W. G. Westcott for stealing a gold pen (borrowing and not returning). He was held in \$40 bail to appear before Justice J. O'Donald on Monday (to-morrow) at 9 o'clock.

FREE LECTURE.—Free lecture at the Opera house Monday evening. Go, and hear Prof. Morris minutely describe St. John, Cleveland, Blaine, Ingersoll, Beecher, and Talmage. Also, four horses, Maud S., Jay-Eye-See, a vicious and an excitable one.

FIRST RECEPTION.—Company B, 2nd infantry, O. S. M., has concluded to give its first reception and ball on February 14th, St. Valentine's day, at Reed's opera house. Invitations will be out in a few days.

FINE CRAYON.—A fine crayon portrait of Jos. Meyers, of the White Corner, is on exhibition in Martin's window. The work was done by Emma Cornelius Blum, of Portland, who is evidently an artist of ability.

ADVANCED.—Owing to an advance in meats, we will advance the price of our sugar cured shoulders to 7 cents instead of 6 1/2, as heretofore. Every shoulder warranted to be good. Gilbert & Patterson.

SALVATION.—To be "pure of heart" you must have a sound mind in a healthy body, and to attain this you must buy Oregon Blood Purifier of Ports, No. 100, State street.

A CHANCE FOR HEALTH. Is afforded those fast sinking into a condition of hopeless debility. The means are at hand, in the form of a genial medicinal cordial. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters embodies the combined qualities of a blood fertilizer and depurative, a tonic and an alterative. While it promotes digestion and assimilation, and stimulates appetite, has the further effect of purifying the life current and strengthening the nervous system. As the blood grows richer and purer by its use, they who resort to this sterling medicinal agent, acquire not only vigor, but bodily substance. A beneficial change in the secretions is effected by it, and that sure and rapid physical decay, which is a chronic obstruction of the functions of the system produce, if arrested. The prime causes of disease being removed, health is speedily renovated and vigor restored.

AN UNFAILING REMEDY. Brandreth's Pills cure dyspepsia, or indigestion, headache, pain in the shoulders, cough, tightness of the chest, dizziness, sour stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart, and the various ailments of the lungs. Pain in the region of the kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offspring of dyspepsia. One or two Pills every night for a week are sufficient.

CHILDREN. Often used some safe and effective tonic to avert approaching sickness, or to relieve colic, headache, sick stomach, indigestion, dysentery and the complaints incident to childhood. Let the children take Simons Liver Regulator and keep well. It is purely vegetable, non-poisonous, to the taste and safe to take alone or in connection with other medicine. Though pure and simple, and so mild, it might be used by any child. Yet SOZOPHON is so swift and sure that month and teeth with wondrous speed. From larva and from larva are freed. Till they become sweet, white, and pure.

"Oh! dear, I am so tired of this everlasting darning, darning!" "Well, why don't you go to Stinger Bros. and buy their 'Heel Protectors' and family with those Heel Protectors? They are just the thing!"

I have used Ely's Cream Balm, for Catarrh in head and have been greatly benefited by it.—Mrs. Susie Morgan, Connor Creek, Or.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test shorts weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.—Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.