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[WEEKLY EDITION]

EASTERN.

News of the Week from Beyond the Rockies.

TILDEN DEAD.

The Sage of Greystone Passes Peacefully to Rest.

YONKERS, Aug. 4.—Samuel J. Tilden died at Greystone this morning at 8:50. He had been enjoying his usual good health up to last Saturday evening. While sitting on the stoop of his residence, after sundown on that evening, he was taken with a slight chill, which settled on his stomach and bowels, producing inflammation, from which he suffered all night. Sunday evening he was much worse, and continued to grow weaker, but until last night there were no fears of dangerous consequences. This morning it became apparent that the end was near. Dr. Esmond and Miss Gould, a relative, were at his bedside. A few moments before Tilden died he tried to speak, but only moved his lips, failing to make any sound. He passed away quietly and peacefully.

Mr. Tilden was born Feb. 9, 1814, in New Lebanon, Columbia county, and was therefore in his 73d year. He leaves one sister, mother of the late Col. Pelton, and several nephews, children of his brothers Moses and Henry.

PROCLAMATION BY GOV. HILL.

ALBANY, Aug. 4.—Gov. Hill to-day issued a proclamation announcing the death of Samuel J. Tilden. He recounts the public services of the deceased, and pays a tribute to his memory. The proclamation concludes as follows: "It is meet that the close of such a life should be marked with more than passing notice. The legislature not being in session at this time, I recommend to the people of the state such expression of respect for his long, faithful, and honorable services as they may deem appropriate."

"Now, therefore, it is hereby decided as a mark of regard for the distinguished dead that flags upon the capitol and upon all public buildings of the state, including the marine and arsenals of the National Guard, be displayed at half-mast until and including the day of the funeral, and citizens of the state for a like period are requested to unite in appropriate tokens of respect."

The President's Work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The deficiency, sundry civil and river and harbor appropriation bills were enrolled and sent to the president for approval about noon to-day. The president will not leave Washington for his summer vacation until week after next. He will go direct to the Adirondack mountains, and will be accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Folsom and one or two intimate friends. The president denied himself to visitors to-day, and devoted his entire attention to measurement him by congress, for his action. Members of his cabinet were with him at the White house most of the day, assisting in consideration of bills, and by 12 o'clock the president had with very few exceptions, disposed of all the measures then before him.

Beecher's Nomination Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The president has withdrawn the nomination of H. A. Beecher, to be collector of customs at Port Townsend, W. T., and of W. A. Selkirk to be register of the land office at Sacramento, Cal.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The President Signs It, and Both Houses Adjourn Side Die.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The president approved the river and harbor bill.

To a press reporter the president said to-day that an examination of the bill, in the light of facts presented to him by Gen. Newton, chief of engineers of the army, and Gen. Clark of the engineer corps, has convinced him that on the whole the public interests demand its approval. The president made as thorough an examination as possible of the different items of the bill, and he was satisfied that nearly all appeared to be for continuation of work already begun and now in course of construction.

The president said he had gone over the bill as fully as the data at hand and the time permitted him for that purpose allowed, and while some of its provisions were probably objectionable, he was satisfied most of the improvements provided for were of great importance, and the loss which would ensue to the government from deterioration of existing works, in case of further stoppage, would be very serious, and the amount of money, estimated by the war department at not less than half a million dollars, which would be required to protect and preserve the works begun and in progress, would in case of failure to continue it now exceed by about \$400,000 the amount appropriated in the bill for items which the government's engineers deemed to be necessary.

CONGRESS ADJOURNS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Both houses of congress adjourned sine die to-day.

Funeral Arrangements.

YONKERS, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Greystone is thronged this morning with friends of the dead statesman, Samuel J. Tilden. Last night the body was embalmed by the

undertaker in charge. The body now lies on a catafalque in the southwest corner of the second story of the building. The parlor is being heavily draped with mourning. Funeral services will be held at Greystone Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, after which the remains will be taken to Lebanon, Columbia county, for burial. Mrs. Mary E. Pelton arrived this morning from Narragansett pier. She was driven to Greys on immediately, where she met other members of the family and completed arrangements for the funeral. The pall bearers have not been selected. It is the wish of Mrs. Pelton that the funeral be as private as possible.

Cyclone in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Aug. 6.—A telegram was received here last evening stating that a cyclone struck the town of Hartland and demolished twenty houses and did great damage to crops. Sixteen cars were blown from the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe tracks, and telegraph wires were prostrated for two miles west of town. The extent of the damage is not yet learned. The storm struck other towns in the vicinity of Hartland, but the wires being down its effects cannot be learned.

Big Fire at Phoenix.

PHOENIX, Aug. 6.—The principal business block of Phoenix was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, \$100,000; insured for about two-thirds. Indications point to incendiaryism.

Wilbur F. Story's Will.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—The appellate court to-day, on an appeal from the circuit court, ordered that the will made by Wilbur F. Story in 1881 be admitted to probate. The will bequeaths to the widow the entire estate, including the Times newspaper.

The Oleomargarine Law.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Senator Miller says the notion that the oleomargarine bill was emasculated in the senate, or materially changed in any way, is untrue. While farmers had fixed upon a 5 per cent. tax, while he worked to secure it, still the rate of tax was not an important feature of the bill. The evil sought to be cured was the practice of putting on the market under the guise of butter, a variety of fraudulent imitation. The machinery devised to prevent this, Senator Miller says, is retained in all its vigor in the bill as it became a law. One incidental but very important result of the passage of the act, he says, will be the aid it will furnish the authorities to carry out their own laws on the subject. Heretofore, however stringent the state law may have been, it has been extremely difficult, often impossible, to execute it, by reason of the fact that imitations of butter made in neighboring states could come across the border unchallenged, and there was no way, except by chemical analysis, both expensive and slow, to detect fraud.

The Surplus Resolution.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The World's Washington special says: The president has evidently repented of his action in not signing the surplus resolution. After consultation with his cabinet associates Thursday it was decided that bonds shall be called for a time in accordance with the resolution, as if it had become a law. At first calls to equal the amount will be made each month, until the administration is satisfied the experiment of reducing the surplus by such monthly payments of the public debt can be safely done. It is said in behalf of the president that he did not sign the resolution because he did not want to be bound by its limitations. From a high official source it was learned the president intends at present to have three calls made of \$15,000,000 each, during as many months, and after that period to continue or suspend them, as he may think the commercial situation demands.

Two More Idiots.

BUFFALO, Aug. 3.—Hazelett and Potts, two coopers, and brother workmen of Graham, who went through the Niagara whirlpool rapids a few weeks ago, performed the same perilous journey in a barrel-shaped boat this afternoon. Fully 15,000 people lined the banks and bridges of the river. The start was made from the "Maid of the Mist," landing on the Canadian side. Twice the craft turned a complete somersault but each time righted again. As soon as the boat passed the rapids Potts opened the man hole, and, standing up, coolly lit a cigar, a moment later Hazelett showed himself and waved a flag. The craft was taken in tow at Queenstown, Canada, just one hour after starting. Both men were in excellent condition, and said they were ready to make the trip again.

Fred Douglass' Successor.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Mr. Matthews, a colored democrat, whose nomination to succeed Fred Douglass as recorder of deeds for this district was rejected by the senate, and who to-day was appointed to the office, sent a letter to Douglass about turning over the office. Douglass replied that he was ready.

The President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The president is now engaged in consideration of matters which he wishes to dispose of before he leaves the city on his summer vacation. The principal question occupying his attention at present is in regard to filling vacancies existing in the civil service, many of which are due to a failure of the senate to act upon nominations submitted.

THE CUTTING CASE.

An Amicable Adjustment Probable—Opinion at Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—It was stated at the war and navy departments to-day that, while the fighting branches of the government are in their customary condition of readiness for action, offensive or defensive, the present difficulties with Mexico are as yet the exclusive concern of the diplomatic branch, and no movement of troops or vessels has been ordered with a view of possible warfare. At the state department it is said there is nothing new which it would be proper to make public at present, but there is no reason to doubt an amicable adjustment of the Cutting affair. It is unofficially learned that correspondence now in progress is expected to bring about definite results of some kind within a few days, and that of the direct objects sought to be accomplished by this government is first the release of Cutting.

OPINION AT MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO (via Galveston), Aug. 10.—News of the sentence of Cutting was received here without surprise, but it is not generally believed he will serve out his term. Leading newspapers are discussing it in its legal aspect, and without excitement. The daily organ of the legal fraternity of the capital has a long article on the case, citing many other similar cases and a long array of local opinions, coming to the conclusion that Mexico stands on sound legal ground. The Siglo Diez Nueve, supporter of the administration, takes the same view, and urges both governments to adhere to the spirit of the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, which, in its twenty-first article, provides for a careful and amicable adjustment of all questions of difference in a spirit of good neighborhood.

Will Resign.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 10.—A Livingston, Mont., special says: As congress made no appropriation to pay the salaries of the superintendent of the Yellowstone park and his assistants, Superintendent Wier says he will immediately resign.

The Hop Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Inquiry among hop dealers to-day elicits the fact that the market is dull and stagnant. The full prices quoted some time ago, are now difficult to obtain. Very few orders were in from the brewers. Local dealers do not appear as buyers, and offerings are moderate, with only fair and medium qualities shown, for which full quoted prices are asked. For the moment the situation is such that every thing in the way of round lots could be placed only at concessions, while any demand would be apt to stiffen the market materially. Quotations are as follows: For New York state, crop of 1885, prime to choice, cash, 28@30 cents; medium grades, 25@26 cents; low grades, 15@20 cents. Crop of 1884, fair to prime, 18@22 cents. Pacific coast, crop of 1885, common to choice, 20@27½ cents.

Arthur in Reasonable Health.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A gentleman of this city, who passed several hours with ex-President Arthur, at New London, says: "In view of the stories about his appearance and emaciated condition, I was most happily surprised to see the general looking so well. He weighs 175 pounds. There is a good healthy appearance to his skin; none of the flabbiness which has been reported. He has certainly been gaining. His conversation was animated, and gave no indication that he was a sick man. During our conversation Gen. Arthur was standing around most of the time, and no one who had not heard of his illness would have thought of him as a sick man."

DIDN'T WANT HIM TO DIE.

"And you say you would die for me, George?"

"Die for you! Yes, a thousand deaths."

"You are a noble man, George."

"My darling, do you not know me yet?"

"Well, darling, I do not wish you to die for me, but I will tell you what you can do for me, to show your affection."

"What is it my darling? Shall I pluck the stars from the cerulean dome? Shall I say to the sea, 'hail, hail, cease to flow, for my love wills it? Shall I tell you bright and inconstant moon that is glistening the hilltops with her light that she must not shine on her face too roughly—ha!"

"No, George, no," she smilingly said, "I do not wish you to attempt any such impossibilities. All I ask of you is this—"

"Yes, my darling."

"All I ask of you is this—don't call again."—(Boston Courier.)

THE WRONG WAY.

He rang the door-bell several times, and was going down the steps when a boy came along and said it was an empty house.

"Ah, but I thought the family might be sojourning at the seashore."

"Oh, you did? Well, I belong to the family, and at present we are sojourning on the fourth floor back in the next street. We haven't been to the seashore since dad thought oil was going to jump seven points."

"Didn't it jump?"

"She did, but it was backwards."

Farmers remember that Gilbert & Patterson, the reliable Salem crooks, can fit you out with anything in their line to "ship shape," and at the very lowest margin of profit. Try them.

PACIFIC COAST.

News by Telegraph from West of the Rockies.

To Return via Portland.

Over 2500 G. A. R. visitors are booked to return east via Portland. Maine will send 100 men that way and a large part of the New York and Pennsylvania delegations will also return over the Northern Pacific. About 200 of the last two delegations will leave on the 9th inst.

In Favor of Meeker.

TACOMA, Aug. 4.—The Pierce county republican convention was held here to-day to elect twenty-two delegates to the territorial republican convention, to be held in this city September 8. Two tickets were in the field. The issue was whether the delegates to be elected should favor or oppose the nomination of Ezra Meeker as republican candidate for delegate to congress. The Meeker ticket was elected by a vote of 58 to 46, the vote being afterwards made unanimous.

Big Fire at La Grande.

LA GRANDE, Aug. 5.—The Gazette extra contains the following account of a conflagration that swept through the town at New La Grande this morning: At 12:50 Thursday morning fire was discovered at the rear of Jay Brooks' general merchandise store on the south side of Adams avenue, in the main business part of the town. As there was no protection of any kind against fire it was seen from the first that there was no hope of saving any of the buildings, and everybody endeavored to save all the goods possible. All of the buildings being of wood and close together, there was no possibility of checking the flames, and every building on the block was entirely consumed. Fire soon leaped across the street, starting on James Clayburn's saloon, and every building on the block was consumed. From Ford's corner the fire reached Staver & Walker's mammoth warehouse, and also the Golden Rule hotel, extending up as far as the brewery, where it was stopped. Fortunately it did not cross the street that runs through that block, and by almost superhuman efforts Summer, Blum & Co.'s store was saved. It was almost a miracle that Block Bros' store was saved, also that of H. R. Kemp. Had Block's store caught the whole eastern portion of town would have burned, and the loss would have been much greater than it was.

The fire undoubtedly was the work of an incendiary, for when first discovered it was only a small blaze on the outside of Mr. Brooks' store, and as the yard had just been thoroughly cleaned there was no chance for sparks or anything else to catch, even if there had been any carelessness.

The total loss will reach nearly, if not quite \$100,000.

THE GRAND ARMY.

Election of Officers, and Adjournment—The W. R. C. Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 6.—At the third day's session of the national encampment to-day the committee on resolutions submitted a report denouncing polygamy, and asking that congress be asked to pass such laws as will eradicate the evil from the country.

The feature of the afternoon session was a discussion over the service pension bill. The department of Massachusetts offered a resolution favoring the passage, by congress, of the Lovering bill, which provides for a pension of \$8 a month to every surviving soldier and sailor of the war, whether disabled or not. The committee on resolutions to which the matter was referred, reported adversely. Bennett, of Indiana, submitted a minority report favoring the measure. A vote was first taken on the latter, and it was defeated by 327 to 80.

Several efforts were made during the day to bring up consideration of the next encampment place, and St. Louis was finally selected by a vote of 213, to 171 for Nashville.

The majority report against the \$8 pension measure was adopted.

During the proceedings Gen. Sherman read an address.

The election of officers was next in order.

For commander-in-chief, Tanner of New York, Fairchild of Wisconsin, Burst of Illinois, Rea of Minnesota, and Reynolds of New York, were nominated; the whole number of votes cast, 442; necessary to a choice, 222.

On the second ballot Fairchild received a majority, and his election was made unanimous.

Gen. S. W. Backus of San Francisco was unanimously elected senior vice commander-in-chief.

Col. Edgar Allen, of Richmond, Va., was elected junior vice commander-in-chief; Dr. A. S. Everts, of Colorado, surgeon-general; Rev. Thos. C. Warren, of Chattanooga, chaplain.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS.

Mrs. Elizabeth Kinne, of San Francisco, was elected national president of the Woman's Relief Corps, and Mrs. Sarah Nichols, of New York, senior vice president.

THE RUSH TO PORTLAND.

The rush for tickets to Portland has been so great the last three days that it is impossible to get into the steamship company's office on Montgomery street. An extra steamer may have to be put on for Portland and the Sound.

THE ALLEGED MEXICAN OUTRAGE.

Cutting Goes to Prison One Year, and Fined \$600—Notes of the Case.

EL PASO, Aug. 7.—Cutting was sentenced this afternoon, to one year's imprisonment at hard labor and \$600 fine. If he is unable to pay the fine there will be 100 more days' imprisonment at hard labor. The judge gives Medina, the prosecutor, leave to enter civil suit against Cutting for damages, after the sentence expires. In reference to the recommendation of the public prosecutor that Consul Brigham should be complained of to the United States, and his removal requested, the judge says he will refer that question to the supreme court of Chihuahua. It is thought Cutting will be hurried off to Chihuahua before morning. There is some alarm in El Paso about an attempt by the Mexicans to seize the town, but it is ungrounded.

BAYARD TALKS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Secretary Bayard, when asked if he believed President Diaz was likely to pardon Cutting, said: "I do not know, but should not be surprised if it were true. That does not enter into the question, however. It makes no difference whether he is pardoned or not. The whole point of the affair is that the United States has courts for trial of its citizens, and we cannot tolerate such things as trial on foreign soil by foreign courts of American citizens, for offenses or alleged offenses committed in the United States. We might as well not have any government, if we are to suffer any thing of the kind. It does not enter into the case at the present stage to inquire whether he has committed a crime. The whole point is that this country is entirely able to deal with its own citizens."

A STARTLING STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Sun's London special: The imbrolio between the United States and Mexico, over the imprisonment by the Mexican authorities of Mr. Cutting, possesses a peculiarly strong interest for a large number of Englishmen, who are speculating in land in Northern Mexico. A London syndicate recently purchased enormous tracts of Mexican land lying along the American border, at prices varying from 5 to 10 cents per acre. Mexican agents in London declare that the representatives of these English speculators are fomenting war between America and Mexico for the sole purpose of forwarding their own interests. They know that the result of annexation by the United States of any of the northern districts of Mexico would immeasurably enhance the value of their holdings, and they are pulling their wires accordingly. Besides Cutting there are other tools, conscious and unconscious, who are being used with good effect in disturbing the hitherto peaceful relations of the two great republics.

Chapter of Accidents.

Special to the Statesman.

ALBANY, Aug. 9.—On Sunday afternoon a 12-year-old son of Mrs. Reynolds, a widow lady, living at Lebanon, was bathing with a number of other boys, near the head of the Santiam canal, that extends from Lebanon to Albany. Young Reynolds could not swim, and, getting beyond his depth, was drowned before assistance could reach him. The body was recovered about fifteen or twenty minutes after the drowning occurred. The mother and friends are heart-stricken.

Along with the above sad news, comes the report of a serious and perhaps fatal accident that occurred at Lebanon junction. A son of Edward Kubler, aged 12 years, was playing with a number of other boys, on a flat car, of the narrow gauge railroad, at Lebanon junction, Sunday evening. The boys had set the flat car in motion, and young Kubler was riding on the front end. A sudden jar threw the boy off the car to the track, and the car passed over the full length of one leg, the hip, and the body. The physician who was summoned found no bones broken, but serious internal injuries, which he thought might prove fatal.

THE MEXICAN TROUBLE.

Hostile Movements on the Mexican Side—Bayard Speaks.

DENVER, COL., Aug. 9.—El Paso special to the associated press: The Cutting affair is practically unchanged. There were rumors all day of his having been quietly spirited away to Chihuahua, but they were untrue. This evening he is still in jail. This afternoon he was called before the court once more, and informed he had been granted an appeal to the supreme court of Chihuahua, and that the lawyer who had been officially assigned to his defense had forwarded the necessary papers in the case. This proceeding may keep him in Paso del Norte for some days, although he himself is under the impression that he will at any moment perhaps be carried off. He is, besides, afraid he may be assassinated as soon as he leaves Paso del Norte, and that the Mexicans will give an excuse that he tried to escape.

This evening Cutting sent the following dispatch to Gov. Ireland: "As a citizen of the state of Texas, I ask of you the protection that my friends assure me you can and will extend me." This dispatch was sent against the urgent advice of Consul Brigham, and it is the first time Cutting has failed to follow implicitly the consul's suggestions.

There is only a small company of infantry at Fort Bliss. The citizens of El Paso have to-day formed three volunteer companies to protect the place and guard it against surprise from the other side. Paso del Norte is full of Mexican soldiers

and more are coming. There is a rumor that 300 Mexican cavalry are stationed at Saragossa, thirteen miles below El Paso, and opposite the Texas town of Ysleta. The commander at Fort Bliss has sent down to investigate.

A TALK WITH BAYARD.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 6.—Secretary Bayard speaking to a correspondent last night of the Cutting case, saw no reason why satisfactory adjustment of the difficulty should not be reached. He had been assured that such was the desire of the Mexican government by the Mexican minister, who said some days ago that his government would act promptly in the matter. Secretary Bayard said, impressively, that he considered the principle involved in the Cutting affair one of the gravest importance, and one as to which the whole country, without reference to party, should be a unit. The personal merits or demerits of Cutting himself had nothing to do with the matter; it made no difference whether he be an angel of darkness or an angel of light, but it did make the greatest possible difference to the American people whether the contention raised by the state department in his case should be maintained or not. Mexico claims the right to try an American citizen for an offense committed in the United States, and Cutting actually had been convicted and sentenced for publishing a libel in Texas. Mr. Bayard thinks this raises the gravest possible questions, and if Mexico's claim were once conceded no American traveling in Mexico would be safe.

"My countrymen," he said, with evident feeling, "will not be deceived by partisan misrepresentation. They will recognize the gravity of the question involved, and will never consent that one of their fellow citizens shall be tried by a foreign power for an offense committed in this country. If Cutting had stabbed his Mexican rival in Texas instead of merely attacking his reputation, does any one pretend that Mexico could have tried him for murder? Certainly not."

Hank Vaughan, the Bad Man, Shot.

PENNSYLVANIA, Aug. 10.—Hank Vaughan was shot by W. H. Follivell, at Centerville, last night at 7 o'clock, in Donica's store. Vaughan was making a few purchases, when Follivell entered and began firing. One ball took effect, entering near the right nipple, passing through the right arm and raging downward. Four other shots were fired without any effect. Follivell ran out after the shooting, but Vaughan overtook him and managed to secure a second pistol that Follivell had on his person. Follivell was brought to town and placed in jail last night, and will have a preliminary examination to-morrow. He says the reason he did the shooting was that Vaughan and his gang made him dance in a saloon at Centerville at the muzzle of a pistol some weeks ago. Vaughan lies at his house near Centerville in a dangerous condition. He was not armed during the shooting.

Killed by a Deputy Sheriff.

SPOKANE FALLS, W. T., Aug. 10.—A telegram from Murray, Idaho, received here this afternoon states that Taylor Tiley, a well-known sporting man who keeps a dancehouse in Murray, was shot and killed last night by a deputy sheriff. No particulars have been received.

FOREIGN.

Record of News from Over the Atlantic.

Riots at Belfast.

BELFAST, Aug. 9.—During the rioting which occurred here from Saturday evening to an early hour this morning eleven persons were killed and 130 seriously wounded. The majority of the injured persons have shot wounds. Rioting was renewed to-day and a fierce encounter took place between the soldiers and the mob, in which a number of the latter were wounded. Reinforcements of troops to the number of 1200 arrived in Belfast to-day.

Noon.—Attempts to stop the rioting are unsuccessful. The violence of the mob is increasing. Thirty rioters have been wounded. The police keep up a merciless fire upon the mob.

The aspect of affairs is so threatening to-day at noon that the authorities ordered all the taverns in the city to be closed until to-morrow evening. The military early this morning dispersed several rival mobs at the point of the bayonet.

ONE SCOW LOAD.

William H. Vanderbilt once overreached his father, the commodore. William wanted manure for his Staten island farm, and asked his father what he would charge for ten loads.

"What'll you give?" asked the commodore.

"It's worth \$4 to me," said the farmer. "Good enough. I'll let you have it for that," said the railroad man, having a decided impression that the price was at least twice as much as the stuff was worth.

Next day he found his rustic son with a scow just loaded for home.

"How many loads have you got on that scow, Billy?" asked the commodore in excellent humor.

"How many?" repeated the son, feigning surprise; "one, of course."

"One?" why there is at least thirty," the old gentleman exclaimed, eyeing it curiously.

"No, father, I never put but one load on a scow—one scow load. Cast off the lines, Pat!"