

The Oregon Statesman.

VOL. XXXVI--No. 3.

SALEM, OREGON, FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1886.

[WEEKLY EDITION]

EASTERN.

News of the Week from Beyond the Rockies.

A CYCLONE.

Terrible Loss of Life and Property--Appeals for Help.

ST. PAUL, April 14.—St. Cloud and Sauk Rapids were swept by a terribly destructive cyclone about 5:50 o'clock this afternoon. The first knowledge of the disaster was contained in the following telegram, sent to Mayor Ames, from St. Cloud, asking help:

"To Mayor Ames, Minneapolis: A terribly destructive cyclone passed over St. Cloud and Sauk Rapids late this afternoon. Terrible destruction was done here. Please send us all the assistance you can immediately, by special train. Send physicians and surgeons."

A later dispatch says the cyclone began about 4 o'clock, in the basin of the Masonic cemetery at St. Cloud, forming a whirlwind about 1000 feet in diameter. It took almost every tree in the circle from the ground, or twisted it off at the trunk. Great stones were turned over and carried along with the wind. The cyclone moved slowly along in a north-easterly direction, wrecking the Catholic chapel and several houses. In its course across the prairie adjoining town it completely demolished John Schwartz's large brick house, and scattered fifty or more smaller frame houses, like so many feathers. In most cases nothing was left to mark the site of the dwellings but cellars. The prairies were strewn with timbers, furniture, and clothing. The freight depot of the Manitoba was a total wreck. Numerous cars loaded with freight were blown half a mile, and rails were torn from the track. It passed the limits of town just west of Lieut.-Gov. Gilman's residence, killing several horses, besides doing other damage. Its track presented a terrible scene of devastation and ruin. It cannot be told yet the number of dead and injured.

SIXTY-SEVEN KILLED.
Revised estimates of the killed and wounded are: St. Cloud, fifteen killed, and forty injured; Sauk Rapids, thirty killed and 100 hurt; Rice station, twenty-two killed, and an unknown number injured.

AN IOWA TOWN IN RUINS.
CHICAGO, April 14.—The Inter-Ocean's Council bluffs special says: A cyclone struck the town of Coon Rapids this afternoon and laid the town in ruins. The telegraph wires are all down, and no particulars are obtainable.

Cupid and Cleveland.
NEW YORK, April 14.—Tribune's Albany special: Assemblyman John I. Platt returned from Buffalo to-day, where he has been at the head of the investigation committee. He said: "While in Buffalo, a lawyer said to me, 'I have just received a letter in which you may have an interest.' I took the letter and read it. It was from Mrs. Folsom, wife of President Cleveland's law partner. In this letter, which was dated at Genoa, Italy, she said that her daughter, Miss Folsom, would be married to President Cleveland next summer. It is said that Mrs. Folsom and her daughter are poor, and that their expenses in Europe are paid by President Cleveland."

THE GREAT STRIKE.
Powderly Appeals for Help to Sustain the Striking Knights in the Southwest.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15.—General Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights, to-day addressed the following circular to the order:

Noble Order of the Knights of Labor of America—To the order wherever found—Greeting: You have all read of the great strike on the Gould lines of railway in the southwest; its history is being written day by day. It makes but little difference now whether the men of the southwest acted wisely or not. Let us pass that affair over, for it too has passed into history. The general executive board of the order attempted to settle the trouble and restore harmony; agreements were made with them by Jay Gould, but when the board reached St. Louis, Mr. Hoxie would not treat with them; not that alone, but he positively refused to employ Knights of Labor, whether they had been active in the strike or not.

It now becomes the part of every man and woman in the order to take up the fight of the men of the southwest, and assist them to the full extent of their means. They have been idle for nearly two months. They have had a most trying ordeal to go through, and are in need of funds. It requires no eloquence or rhetoric to plead the cause of these suffering people. They require aid, and it becomes our duty to extend that aid as quickly as possible for us to do so. Send every dollar you can spare to the general secretary and treasurer, who will at once forward it to men at St. Louis for distribution. Remember, the men out there do not ask for charity. They do not ask at all. It is your executive board that makes the appeal in their behalf. He who gives quickly gives doubly. Act at once.

THE MAD ELEMENTS.
The Track of the Terrible Cyclone Filled with Death and Destruction.

SAUK RAPIDS, April 15.—The dismal work of searching for the dead among the debris of this storm-swept section still

continues. The recovered remains, blackened and mangled, are being shrouded for the grave, and the wounded are receiving every possible attention. Physicians from neighboring cities are still on duty, tireless in their efforts. As the returns come in from the country in the track of the tornado, new fatalities are discovered, and other cases of maimed are being brought in for treatment. The final muster of casualties will surely swell the total of fatalities to 100, and the wounded to over 100.

New bodies are being recovered hourly from the debris, and are being brought in from the country in the track of the tornado. Twelve injured people have been brought in, four of which have died of wounds since morning. At a church, east of Rice's Station, thirteen of a wedding party were killed, including the officiating minister. At Sauk Rapids, thirty-one are already dead, and the list will be swelled to forty. At St. Cloud at least thirty deaths will result from the visitation there.

IN MISSOURI.
SEIDMORE, Mo., April 15.—A fearful cyclone past over Monroe township, Nodaway county, last evening, destroying dwellings, barns, and out houses, and killing thousands of dollars' worth of stock. Three persons were killed and many wounded. Many of the wounded are not expected to live.

To be Married in June.
NEW YORK, April 15.—An Albany dispatch says: Gen. Rich, to whom the dispatch regarding Cleveland's engagement to Miss Folsom was shown, said: "The report of President Cleveland's impending marriage is true; though the lady is not Miss Folsom. She is a friend of my wife. I prefer not to mention her name, but she is a close friend of Miss Folsom and is in constant correspondence with her. My wife has received a letter from Miss Folsom, in which she says this lady is to be married to Cleveland quietly, at the White house, in June."

Miss Morosini Bitten.
NEW YORK, April 15.—Amelia Morosini, daughter of Jay Gould's old partner and a younger sister of Mrs. Victoria Schelling Hulskamp, was bitten by a rabid dog yesterday. She was walking on the grounds surrounding her father's residence at Riverdale, N. Y., when she saw a dog coming toward her. She ran, but the animal pursued her and overtook her. Her screams were heard by Policeman Finegan, who killed the dog with a shot from his revolver. Miss Morosini, however had already been bitten.

Gen. Grant's Dispatches.
NEW YORK, April 15.—It is said Gen. Grant's family have material for another book consisting of the general's dispatches army orders and letters. They will probably be arranged by Col. Fred. Grant, who is reported as saying they will make agreeable matter for those interested in army affairs.

THE RATE WAR.
No Show of a Compromise between the Companies Soon.

NEW YORK, April 16.—C. P. Huntington says the transcontinental troubles are not settled yet. He says there is no truth in the report that control of the Pacific Mail is being bought by transcontinental interests.

Charles F. Crocker, of San Francisco, writes to Charles Crocker, vice president of the Central and Southern Pacific systems, that the cutting of rates was of immense benefit to the company and the Pacific coast. He says he is ordering additional rolling stock, and if he could get 1000 box cars immediately he could use them till far into the winter.

Huntington said it appeared now as if all the roads intended to allow the trouble cure itself. This means the war will be kept up some time longer. A general feeling of indifference as to the time of final settlement existed among the several managers.

Harris, president of the Northern Pacific, said Oakes at St. Paul had charge of the matter, so far as their roads were concerned. He could not say when the companies would agree. The probability was the powers would not combine very soon.

Proposed Changes.
WASHINGTON, April 16.—It is said several important changes are about to be made by the President. Report is that Postmaster General Vilas is to resign, and he will be given the Austrian mission; that First Assistant Stevenson is to be made postmaster general, and John Jamison, superintendent of the railroad mail service, is to be succeeded by a New York man. It is also said that Rogers, of Buffalo, is to be made public printer, on May 1, and about the same time Gen. C. W. Blair, of Kansas, is to succeed Sparks as commissioner of the general land office.

Go to Canada.
ROCHESTER, April 16.—Great excitement was occasioned at Angelica, N. Y., to-day, by the announcement that the First National bank of that place had closed its doors. It is stated that J. E. Robinson, cashier, is defaulter to the amount of \$50,000. When last heard from he was in Canada. Robinson had been cashier of the bank for twenty-five years, and the utmost confidence in his integrity had prevailed. It is believed that speculation in wheat caused his alleged default. The directors are president in the claim that the depositors will be paid in full.

Negro Outrager Hanged.
NEW CASTLE, DEL., April 16.—Charles Robinson, a negro, was hanged here at 1

o'clock this afternoon, for making a criminal assault on Mrs. Ella F. Gardner, the wife of a farmer, near Clairmont, last October.

A BIG JOB.
The Fight against Gould to be Carried Further East.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—It has transpired here that a scheme is on foot to boycott the Gould railroads through eastern manufacturers. The district assembly of Knights of Labor, headquarters in Boston, embraces about 300 local assemblies, with a membership of some 40,000 shoe and cotton workers. Large quantities of articles made in the territory covered by these assemblies are shipped to points on the Gould system, and the plan is to notify all manufacturers to stop shipping their goods over those roads. There is to be a meeting of district assembly 30 at Boston this week, to discuss this matter, and, if a plan is decided upon, and manufacturers refuse to accede to the demands of the assembly, a strike will probably be ordered of workers in the territory named. It is said district assemblies 77 and 78, which include shoe and cotton workers in Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts, will hold meetings immediately after the Boston assembly, and possibly they will pursue the same course decided upon by that body.

Removed Marriage.
NEW YORK, April 17.—The Sun's Buffalo, N. Y., special says: The statement of Rev. Wm. Cleveland, brother of the president, that the latter will marry Miss Frances Folsom, the lovely daughter of the late Oscar Folsom, together with some additional information gleaned, leaves no doubt of the fact that a White House wedding will soon take place. The wedding will be of the most quiet character possible, and it will be solemnized in the White House in June. There will not be a dozen persons present, and if it is possible the time of its occurrence will be kept secret until after the ceremony. Miss Folsom's wish is, that there shall be no display. In this, it is understood, the president concurs.

Arthur Slowly Dying.
PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—The Time's New York special says: Ex-President Arthur's illness is daily assuming a more dangerous form. His condition is regarded as extremely critical. It is conceded by those most accurately informed that he will never leave his house again. Despite all the secrecy with which his condition has been guarded, both by his physicians and at his home, the fact is known that some ten or twelve days ago, he made his will, and prepared for the worst. Despite the statements that are going about that Arthur will be out in a few days, it is doubtful whether he lives three months.

OREGON'S INTERESTS.
Hermann's Work for the People who Sent Him to Represent Them.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Hermann, of Oregon, offered a substitute in the house to-day for the Eads ship-railway bill, proposing the construction of thirteen miles of ship railway on the Columbia river between The Dalles and Celilo, in Oregon. This resolution instructs the commerce committee to report a bill appropriating \$1,300,000, which Maj. Jones, of the U. S. engineers, estimates to be sufficient, whereas to construct a canal he estimates would cost \$11,000,000. The resolution recites the supposed impracticability of the proposed Tehuantepec ship railway, and claims that while the Columbia work will be a success for the size of the shipping required, and give employment to our own countrymen, in our own nation, and add wealth and transportation facilities to the great Columbia basin, it will also demonstrate to the government the feasibility of the more gigantic isthmus ship railway of Capt. Eads. The resolution causes comment, and is the first counter given to Eads in the house.

The house committee on public buildings and grounds have considered the bill appropriating \$350,000 for a custom-house in Portland, Or., and heard arguments in favor of it by Messrs. Dolph and Hermann.

Mitchell's bill for a new land district in Oregon was reported favorably by Dolph from committee.

The Strike at St. Louis.
ST. LOUIS, April 19.—The bridge and tunnel and the bell line companies have at last employed a sufficient number of men to man all their engines and switches, and they now announce their readiness to do all transferring across the river and between the various railroad yards in East St. Louis which may be required. There is no doubt that to engage full crews has been the only impediment to a full resumption of operations by the different roads; and now that this is removed freight business on the east side of the river has assumed its normal condition.

Ritter & Horst, butchers, were called upon by a committee of Knights of Labor yesterday, who requested them to cease supplying Vice-President Hoxie with meat, under pain of being boycotted. The senior member of the firm informed the committee that he could not accede to their demand; that Hoxie was a good customer, and he would continue to fill his orders as long as Hoxie continued his patronage.

A Long Session.
WASHINGTON, April 20.—In spite of the reiterated assurances of some of the house leaders to the contrary, the prevailing opinion in congress is that this

will be a long session. Senators have generally made up their minds that they will be kept here until August. The appropriation bills, about which the most controversy is likely to arise between the two houses, are yet to be passed, and the senators declare that they do not intend to be hurried in the consideration of these measures.

THE LABOR TROUBLES.
Powderly before the House Labor Committee--The Situation.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Grand Master Powderly and Messrs. Hayes and Turner, of the Knights of Labor, arrived here this morning, and were at the capitol at an early hour. Powderly repaired to the room of the appropriations committee, where he had a short chat with Randall and the senate committee charged with the investigation of the western strikes. He had difficulty in securing a suitable room, but hoped one could be procured in time to commence the examination of the Knights of Labor this afternoon by the committee.

The house special committee to inquire into the labor difficulties in the southwest held its first public session to-day. It consists of ex-Gov. Curtin, chairman, and Messrs. Barnes of Missouri, Crain of Texas, Outwaite and Parker of New York, and Buchanan of New Jersey. Among the persons in attendance were: As representatives of the Knights of Labor, Powderly, Hayes, and McLowell, of executive board, and Turner, secretary; for the railroad interests, Wager Swayne, counsel; and from Women's League of America, Mrs. Charles Smith and three other ladies. A corps of stenographers is on hand, and will make a full report of the proceedings for the railroad companies.

GROWING CRITICAL.
NEW YORK, April 20.—Officials of the street car companies refuse to bother with conferences before the railroad commissioners. The situation is hourly becoming more critical, but it is hoped an arbitration will soon be effected, and travel resumed.

LOSING ITS EFFECT.
ST. LOUIS, April 20.—It is generally conceded here that the Knights of Labor strike is gradually losing its effect. The Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain roads have fully resumed traffic, and are doing all the business required of them in the way of moving freight and carrying passengers.

Manning's Condition Better.
NEW YORK, April 20.—Times' Washington: For the first time since his prostration the president saw Secretary Manning Sunday, and was allowed to converse with him. Manning is feeling better. He has almost recovered the use of his leg, and his arm is so much better that he can raise it to his head.

Must be Modified.
NEW YORK, April 19.—A cablegram from London says: A pretty thorough canvass establishes the fact that seventy liberal members, of whom thirty are radicals, are pledged to oppose the second reading of the home rule bill in its present form. This being the case, the measure must be further and considerably modified or its rejection is inevitable. The radicals demand retention of Irish members in the Westminster parliament, in addition to representation in the local parliament in Dublin, and that no burden shall be imposed upon British taxpayers for the government of the Irish or benefit of Irish landlords.

FREE DINNER.
"Well, doctor," asked a layman, Harry Pratt, "what have you been doing lately?"

"I have been experimenting on guinea pigs."

"Have you discovered any new fact about them?" asked Harry.

"I have learned one very strange fact about them—that if you hold a guinea pig up by the tail its eyes will drop out."

"What! I don't believe it!"

"Don't believe it?" repeated the doctor.

"No; I don't believe that nature would be so cruel to one of the creatures, doctor."

"Do you dare to bet on it?"

"I'll bet anything in the world you are in the wrong, doctor."

"Done! a dinner at Delmonico's," said the doctor sharply. "We can settle the question soon enough. Come to Tim Clark's."

They were standing before the Astor house, and hastening down Broadway, turned into Fulton street and were soon in Tim's store, surrounded by yelping dogs, chattering monkeys and other darlings of nature.

"Tim," said the skeptic eagerly, "you keep guinea pigs? Ah! those are guinea pigs in the dark corner. Well, Tim, lift one up by the tail."

"Not me," said Tim, winking knowingly with his left eye.

"Why not?" asked Harry eagerly.

"For the same reason that I wouldn't lift you up by the tail if any one asked me. Because it ain't got none."—New York Star.

ARE CHINAMEN CANNIBALS?
No Chinese soldier in Tonquin during the late war lost an opportunity to eat the flesh of a fallen French foe, believing that human flesh, especially that of foreign warriors, is the best possible stimulant for a man's courage.—Canton Letter in North Carolina Mail.

PACIFIC COAST.

News by Telegraph from West of the Rockies.

An Outrageous Swindle.
SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—A circular letter from United States Minister Phelps, concerning the much talked of Chase-Towneley, or Lawrence Towneley estate, in England, has been received in this city. He says therein: "The 'estate' is variously represented as consisting of \$800,000,000 in the Bank of England, or of 400,000 acres in England, which await distribution among 'the heirs.' All these statements are gross falsehoods, intended to obtain money from the credulous, under pretense of prosecuting their claims. The 'Towneley estate' is landed property of about 18,000 acres, in the county of Lancaster, which is now, and has been for a long time, in the possession of its lawful owner. There are no unknown or American owners of any part of the property, and no ground whatever for any such claim." There are several hundred supposed heirs in this state, and thousands in the United States.

Special to the STATESMAN.
ALBANY, Or., April 16.—Republican convention met at 10 o'clock. Resolution adopted favoring submission by the next legislature of prohibitory amendment to a vote of the people.

The ticket—State senators, S. A. Dawson and J. C. Johnson; representatives, J. G. Powell, W. K. Temple, J. C. Smith, W. N. Richardson, B. A. Witzel, A. C. Currie; clerk, Joseph Wasson; sheriff, J. B. Task; treasurer, J. B. Hughes; assessor, Prof. J. L. Gilbert; assessor, R. W. Breece; commissioners, W. A. Paul, Alexander Brandon; surveyor, E. E. Woodin; delegates to the state convention, M. A. Cheson, D. M. Jones, Caleb Gray, R. A. Rapp, Geo. W. Simpson, S. H. Roscoe, J. C. Johnson, J. J. Charton, W. R. Kirk, Jno. Donaco, and C. E. Wolverton.

An Incendiary Shot.
SAN JOSE, April 16.—A man who applied for lodgings, at the Palo Alto ranch, Wednesday night, made an attempt this morning to burn one of the large barns, but was caught in the act. The watchman fired four shots at him, one of which probably wounded him, as blood stains were found on the fence over which he jumped. He made his escape.

Fire at San Luis Obispo.
SAN LUIS OBISPO, April 18.—The severest fire which ever occurred in this city, broke out at 5:30 this morning, and within two hours destroyed Andrew's hotel, the San Luis Obispo bank, the postoffice, telephone office, and several other buildings. The total loss is estimated at \$120,000. The insurance is not yet ascertainable. There was no loss of life.

Coos County Republican Convention.
MARSHFIELD, April 16.—The republican county convention nominated the following candidates: Representative, J. H. Roberts; county judge, D. L. Watson; county clerk, A. B. Camp; sheriff, L. Harlocker; assessor, F. M. Garrison; county commissioners, Charles Medden and Charles E. Edwards; treasurer, Fred Schetter; county surveyor, Dal. Cathcart; school superintendent, Robert Bullard; delegates to the state convention—A. J. Lockhart, C. W. Tower, Dan. Giles, Andrew Nasburg, Capt. Parker, and D. L. Steel.

Josephine County Democratic Convention.
GRANTS PASS, April 18.—The regular democratic convention of Josephine county was held yesterday at Kirbyville, and nominated the following ticket: S. U. Mitchell, representative; Charles Hughes, county judge; J. M. Payne and J. W. Wimer, county commissioners; C. K. Chancelor, county clerk; T. G. Patterson, sheriff; J. W. Howard, treasurer; A. Chapman, school superintendent.

Another Big Swim.
SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—This morning Capt. Paul Boyton swam from the Cliff house beach to Seal rocks, and climbed to the highest peak, the first time the feat has been accomplished. While standing there he was attacked by seals, and in his fight with them he was badly bruised and cut about the head and body.

Hon. T. F. Beall Dead.
JACKSONVILLE, April 19.—Hon. Thos. F. Beall, member of the legislature from this county, died very suddenly, of neuralgia of the heart, at 3:30 p. m. to-day. He had been sick but a few days, and his death was quite unexpected.

Killed near The Dalles.
THE DALLES, April 19.—James Sanford was found dead at DesChutes station yesterday. In jumping off the down passenger train his foot caught in the step, and he was dragged 100 yards. He lived at Arlington.

Fall of a Meteor.
WALLA WALLA, April 19.—At 4:30 this morning a large meteor fell northward, with a whirring sound. The explosion was plainly audible to observers here, on the mountains and at Wallula. A bright crimson track, as wide as a hoghead, was visible for an hour afterward. A large, dark body was seen in advance of the flame.

Suit Against the O. R. & N. Co.
SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—Wells, Fargo & Co. have brought suit in the superi-

or court against the Oregon Railway & Navigation company for \$10,163.05 damages for conversion, alleging that at various times between October and March last 5334 sacks of wheat were entrusted to defendant to ship to this city as a common carrier, and that they failed to deliver the same to the consignees. The complaint enumerates various shipments of wheat by parties in Oregon and Washington territory to McLain, Wade & Co. in this city, which shipments have not been delivered.

Cannot Support the Boycott.
SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—F. R. Dray, member of the executive committee of the state anti-Chinese association, from Sacramento, has sent his resignation to the headquarters of the association in this city, giving as a reason for his action that he cannot conscientiously approve or support that part of the "boycott" definition which prohibits selling and dealing with Chinamen, their patrons and employers, except where legal obligations exist, as in cases of common carriers, water companies, etc.

Umattila Democratic Convention.
PESLETON, April 20.—The democratic convention met to-day and nominated F. M. Crockett for representative; John Bently, sheriff; G. A. Hartman, clerk; Clark Walters and L. A. F. Knight, commissioners; J. C. Arnold, surveyor; W. N. Pierson, school superintendent; A. Healy, treasurer; Burr Johnson, assessor; Dr. E. R. Barker, coroner. The state delegation was instructed for J. P. Wagner for joint senator and M. D. Clifford, for district attorney.

Death of a Pioneer.
CORVALLIS, April 20.—W. B. Hamilton, of the banking house of Hamilton, Job & Co., and a pioneer resident of Benton county, died at 4 o'clock this evening of paralysis.

A Woman Drowned.
SEATTLE, April 20.—Mrs. Vanderhoef, wife of the captain of the steamer Iola, and serving as cook on the boat, fell from the boat into the Sound to-day, and was immediately drowned. No one saw her fall, and she was not missed until the boat reached this city. She was 47 years of age, and came here from Chicago last year.

A Wife Murderer.
WALLA WALLA, April 20.—Crockett Jones killed his wife, by choking and wrenching her neck, Saturday, at Potlach, fourteen miles east of Lewiston. Jones was taken to Moscow for his preliminary examination. He is a quarrelsome man, and a habitual wife beater.

Words of Hope for Ireland.
LONDON, April 17.—It is reported, on good authority, that among the seceders from Gladstone, Lord Hartington and Mr. Goschen favor the Irish land bill, and Chamberlain and Trevelyan are wavering in their opposition, owing to pressure brought to bear upon them by country liberals, who are now willing to favor both the home rule and land bills, in order to pass a local government bill before this parliament expires. A prominent member of the opposition said to-day he firmly believed home rule would pass the house by a majority of thirty-two, while the land bill would pass by a much larger majority.

THE MODERN BULL-FIGHT.
I merely mention this fossilized relic of the gladiatorial shows of Rome to assure you that I am familiar with this one of the pleasures and diversions of Mexico, and that is all. They are not good enough to interest any one; they are not bad enough to entitle them to contempt. The creatures that are killed there—you can see through the cracks of the old shed where the "fights" are conducted—are crushed for the market, and you may very likely have some of the "bull" for your breakfast. The horses are made into soap. It is said to see these poor old horses that are all worn out and ready to die. Of course, no horse that is likely to live the year out is ever brought to the "bull-fight." I actually once saw one of those poor "soap-fat" horses lean up against the wall of the shed and wait for the bull to hook him to death, while the gallant picadors got out and clambered down on the outside. Here I saw him buy some peppers and pound meat—all of which is always done up in a piece of corn-husk and sold at one cent—and leisurely eat it, while he occasionally looked through the cracks of the board fence, to see if the furious "bull" was dutifully goring his gallant steed. But the "bull" had stopped to lick himself, and so when the gay and gallant picador had eaten his penny's worth of peppers he went around and went in and led his horse out, while the "bull" kept on trying to reach some impossible spot on his back with his bent tongue. Such is about the average "bull-fight" in this land to-day. The railroads make a little money by taking people to and from the scene. And you see brilliant posters all about the town every week on the subject. And as the "bulls" are sold in the market for meat, and the poor horses made into soap, why, very little is expended to keep them up. I am told that a shrewd Irishman, once connected with the prize-ring of New York, is the manager of the biggest of these "bull-fights."

[Mexico Letter.]

Silver Lining to cigars are the best. Walker Bros. keep them.

Go to Armstrong & Ross for blacksmithing and horseshoeing. dwt