Oregon Weekly Statesman.

SALEM, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27, 1871.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

FRIDAY, Sept. 22.

State of Oregon, respondent, vs. James Officer, appellant; decision of Court below reversed; Bonham, Judge.

Jas. Anderson, appellant, vs. T. J. Baxter, respondent; decision of Court below affirmed; Thayer, Judge.

Levi Andersen, respondent, vs. T. J. Baxter, appellant; judgment of Court below affirmed; Thayer, Judge.

Steinhart Bros., appellant, vs. A. H. Hirsch, respondent; judgment of Court below reversed; Prim, Judge.

SATURDAY, Sept. 23d.

Charles Jell, appellant, vs. Multnomah County, respondent; decision of Court below reversed and new trial ordered.

MONDAY, Sept. 25.

Edward Darney, respondent, vs. Charles Barrett, appellant. Decision announced by McArthur, Judge. Judgment of Court below reversed and new trial ordered.

State of Oregon, respondent, vs. Thomas Dougherty, appellant. Judgment below reversed. Bonham, Judge; Burmester, attorney for appellant; Gibbs for respondent.

Thomas Howard, appellant, vs. Grant county respondent. Dismissed on motion of J. H. Reed, of counsel for appellant and leave given to withdraw transcript.

Bridget Briney, plaintiff and respondent, vs. Lewis M. Starr, defendant and appellant; motion by plaintiff to dismiss appeal; motion sustained and appeal dismissed. Caples & Moreland for motion; Logan, Page and Thayer contra.

This case is one of much more than ordinary interest. It was an action for seduction, in which the plaintiff recovered judgment in the Circuit Court at Portland, in June 1870, for $7,400.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds recorded, Salem, Saturday, Sept. 23, 1871:

John Wilson to George Beattie, 25 feet of lot 3 in block 46, Salem; consideration, $1,200.

H L Chapin, Guardian of Olive Plummer, to E M Plamondon, interest in the E ½ of donation claim of Wesley Plummer; consideration, $100.

Benj Munkers and wife to James Munkers, 150 acres in sec 31, T 7 S, R 2 W; consideration, nominal.

Benj Munkers and wife to Mary E Estes, 160 acres in sec 31, T 7 S, R 2 W; $500 and other codsiderations.

Milton Young to Wm D Morris, 8 acres in T 5 S, R 2 W; consideration, $150.

W R Boone to Ralph O Dunbar, lot 7, block 17, North Salem; consideration $140.

John B Cyr to I Mitchell, lots in St. Louis; consideration, $25.

O Thibodeau to Randles Hurley, 522 acres, T 5 S, R 2 W; consideration, $3,200.

Hugh Owens to Wm Armstrong, lot 3 in block 2, Owen's addition to Salem; consideration, $275.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

OVERLAND STORE.

COMMERCIAL STREET, SALEM, OREGON—GOODS AT NEW YORK PRICES—DRY GOODS, FANCY AND STAPLE, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC., AT LOWER PRICES THAN THEY HAVE BEEN OFFERED IN OREGON.

Owing to our superior facilities, having connection with leading Eastern Houses, we are enabled to offer all of our carefully selected stock at rates much lower than the prices now ruling current in Oregon. Having as we do from Manufacturers and leading Importing Houses directly, it is obvious that we can sell our goods at more desirable rates than if we were to buy them in the ordinary way.

As the expenses, such as commissions, profits made by jobbers, dealers and brokers are avoided by us, our customers, instead of having to purchase goods that may have passed through half a dozen hands, thereby increasing the price of the goods, (all of which in the end comes out of the consumer) can safely rely on buying their goods of us at a moderate advance on the manufacturers' and importers' prices. We shall sell our goods on the one price system, and shall at any time be pleased to show our goods and give any information in regard to prices.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

Being immediately connected with the well-known wholesale Produce and Commission House of Cohn, Martin & Co., of San Francisco, the most extensive on the Pacific Coast, we are prepared to buy for cash on delivery, and to make advances on all description of country produce. We will in all cases prefer to produce the current San Francisco price, less, however, the actual cost of shipment. We shall establish what has been notoriously wanting in Salem—a good, reliable market; and we will invariably, on delivery of the produce, pay cash.

We will buy Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Geese, Hens, Ducks, Turkeys, Hides, Tallow, Calfskins, Sheepskins, Furs, Home-made Socks, Grain, Wool, etc., FOR CASH! FOR CASH! FOR CASH! Consignments of all kinds solicited for our San Francisco House, on which liberal cash advances will be made.

September 24, 1871-tf.

B. F. UNDERWOOD.

When this champion of "Free Thought" challenged the clergy of this place to a discussion on "christian evidences," some fault was found with him because he did'nt include the Laity in his challenge. The explanation of Mr. Underwood is worthy of consideration. He claims that clergymen are supposed to give their undivided attention to the study of this particular subject, and very reasonably suggests that if he succeeds in overcoming *them* in debate it would be folly to continue the discussion with persons whose attention is not specially called to that subject. To illustrate, Mr. U. says: "Suppose I wanted a suit of clothes of the best quality and the latest style, would it be wise in me to patronize a merchant whose attention is divided between clothing, dried apples, plug hats, calico and sardines, when, by going over to Murphy & Crossman's, in the Bank Building, corner of State and Commercial streets, I can trade with Al. Crossman, who gives his attention especially to that particular business?" sep26tf

WEATHERFORD & Co. are again before the public in our advertising columns. They deal in all kinds of Paints and Painters' materials, and all kinds of *Pakes, Purges and Poisons.*

Weatheford & Co. dispense some *curious* stuff—including the various Elixirs, Tinctures, Wines, Medicated Syrups, etc., etc., and they prepare many of the nauseous drugs with a view to disguise their unpleasantness, by presenting rare and delicious flavors which satisfy the taste, reconciles the most fastidious to the necessary *dosings* and causes the writhing patient to bless the cunning art of the pharmacist. sept27-1w

Catarrh, Throat, Bronchial and Lung Affections are treated successfully by the new and scientific mode, as practiced by Dr. Aborn. Also, all diseases of the eye and ear.

New York and Chicago Played Out—Goods Direct from Europe.

BREYMAN BRO'S. are now receiving and will receive per *John L. Stephens*, an immense Stock of Goods suitable for their Fall and Winter Trade which were bought *for cash only* and consequently will be sold cheaper than ever; so come on and see for yourselves. *No trouble to show goods.*

Salem, Sept. 27th.—tf.

G P TERRELL

Has returned overland from California and is receiving Single and Double Width Alpaccas, Buffalo Brand of Alpaccas, All Wool French Poplins, Plain and Fancy Silks, Silk Velvet and Velveteens for Ladies Cloaks, Wide Laces and Fringes for trimmings, Real Point Lace collars, and a large Stock of Dry Goods for Domestic Use and for Ladies Wear.

Salem, Sept. 27th.—tf.

MEDICATED INHALATIONS.—Dr. Aborn, the successful Oculist, Aurist, Catarrh, Throat and Lung Physician, at the St. Charles Hotel, Portland, is effecting some wonderful cures of throat, bronchial and lung affections by his system of medicated inhalations, conjoined with his great constitutional remedies. Dr. Aborn will remain in Portland until the 1st of October. The Doctor will be at the Chemeketa Hotel, Salem, from October 3d until the 17th.

The philanthropist, Henry Bergh, has been appointed Assistant Sanitary Inspector in New York city, without salary, with special power to visit and examine all horse and cow stables within the city limits.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

PARIS, September 20.—Thiers has been assured by a circular from the Austrian Cabinet that nothing was done at Gastein hostile to France.

The trial of Rochefort is now going on before a court-martial at Versailles. The accused makes a vigorous defense.

The German troops have evacuated St. Dennis, and the forts have been given up to French officers.

ROME, September 20.—Evening.—The celebration continues to-night. Many buildings are illuminated, and the theatres, at which patriotic speeches are being delivered, are crowded. There has been no disturbance, although cries of "Down with the Pope!" are heard in the streets. Troops are camped in the public squares, and every precaution has been taken to guard against any violation of public order.

LONDON, September 20.—While the workmen were re-opening the shafts of the Wigan coal mine to-day another explosion took place with terrible results. Five men were blown to pieces and many injured. The flames burst forth from the openings. Preparations are making to flood the mine.

LONDON, September 21.—There is a large outflow of specie to America. Seventy thousand pounds sterling goes to New York by the steamers sailing to-day.

English cotton bond-holders are organizing to present their claims.

The new steamship, City of Montreal, of the Inman line, 4,600 tons, is the largest ever built on the Clyde. Another of 4,800 tons is building for the same Company.

There were further explosions to-day at the Wigan mine, burning the engines. The town is paralyzed with excitement.

BRUSSELS, September 21.—A procession of engineers, to celebrate the end of the strike, took place yesterday.

ROME, September 20.—The procession is imposing and the city is illuminated. Perfect order prevails.

A dispatch dated Calcutta, September 20th says: "The Chief Justice of India was stabbed. The assassin has been apprehended. He feigns madness."

Diamonds continue to be found in large quantities at the Cape of Good Hope.

VERSAILLES, Sept. 21.—Thiers has been presented by King Amadeus, of Spain, with the Order of the Golden Fleece. Thiers held a lengthy interview to-day with Von Arnim, upon the subject of the delayed treaty between France and Germany.

Rochefort's trial is concluded. He is sentenced by the Court-martial to transportation to a penal colony for life.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Congress Internationals commenced in Londay to-day. Delegates from Italy, Spain, France, Belgium, Germany and Switzerland, are present. Carl Marx presides. The object of the meeting is to arrange a definite action on the continent.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The mine at Wigan is still burning. A great quantity of water has been pumped into the shafts, but with little effect on the flames. Flooding the mine continues night and day.

Appointment of M. Stamphill, by the Swiss Government, as a member of the Board of Arbitration, under the treaty of Washington, is confirmed.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 22.—A strike has been commenced by journeyman tanners and locksmiths.

European advices say that the Internationals are spreading so fast in Germany that Bismarck alluding to the subject remarked that political cares have given place to cares of socialism, that disturb him still more than the former.

EASTERN NEWS.

NEW YORK, September 20.—It is reported on good authority that the appointment of Controller will now be tendered by Hall to William E. Warren, a Republican.

Ex-Sheriff O'Brien has issued a letter denouncing Tweed, Hall, Sweeney and Connolly, and denying the statement made by some papers that he was in league with the Ring.

Up to two o'clock this afternoon Hall had not officially recognized either Connolly or Deputy Green. It is reported that he will issue no revocation of the order to heads of departments.

WASHINGTON, September 20.—Second Lieutenant Fenne, tried at St. Paul for embezzling public funds, was found guilty and sentenced to be cashiered, to refund $1,300, and to be imprisoned five years in the State Prison.

ST PAUL, September 20.—The Republican State Convention met to-day. It was the largest ever held in Minnesota. The following are the nominations: Governor, Horace Austin; Lieutenant Governor, W. H. Yale, of Winona—both by acclamation; Secretary of State, S. H. Jennison; Treasurer, W. M. Seymour; Associate Justices, S. J. R. K. F. McMillan and J. M. Berry; Attorney General, J. B. Cornell.

NASHVILLE, September 20.—Carl Schurz made his promised speech at the Capitol, to-day, to an immense audience of all parties from all parts of the State. Governor N. S. Brown made a few remarks introducing him. The speech was of great length, liberal, candid and impartial, and was well received.

SPRINGFIELD, September 20.—Returns received by the *Republican* show the election of 573 delegates to the Republican State Convention, of which 216 are for Butler and 375 against him.

NEW YORK, September 21.—The excitement about the municipal muddle began to revive last evening upon the announcement made by one of the papers of the discovery that city vouchers for over two million dollars were stolen from the Controller's office a year ago, and when it became public later in the evening that the man who stole the vouchers from the Controller's office about ten days since was known, and that his arrest, which would be made to-day, would directly implicate leading city officials and exculpate the Controller from any criminality in the matter, and, besides, that the abstraction of the two million vouchers a year since was the work of the same parties, the excitement grew intense, especially among the Tammany politicians and hangers-on throughout the city.

The investigation being made by Deputy Controller Green will develop the most startling facts. The evidence to be brought against the plunderers of the City Treasury, which will be of the strongest character, assures speedy punishment of the guilty parties.

A movement has recently been made to enlist the entire Masonic Fraternity of the country in finishing the Washington Monument. The scheme meets the approval of the visiting and resident brethren.

The Government sold six millions gold to-day, under which the price fell from 14¼ to 13¾, but subsequently rallied to 14¼.

Edwin Hagatry, keeper of the Court-house, his wife and Charles Batch, his assistant, were arrested to-day on the charge of stealing the vouchers from the Controller's office and committed to jail for examination. The arrest is on the affidavit of the Controller, who alleges that the information was derived from a woman named Conway and William Murphy, watchman on the night shift.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The joint committee of citizens and aldermen met to-day. A special committee appointed to investigate the city debt and accounts, reported a statement of all stocks and bonds of the city, from which it appears that the total amount is $116,509,858, less securities held by Commissioners and cash in the hands of Chamberlain, $19,422,333, leaving the net debt $97,287,525. The Committee of seventy will probably become a permanent organization to look after the interests of the city.

Mary Conway, (servant), and Haggarty, (keeper of the County Court-house), with his wife and Assistant Batch, were arrested to-day on the charge of stealing vouchers from the Controller's office. The witness on whose statement Connolly had warrants issued, is positive that Haggerty, on the Sunday of the robbery, brought a lot of papers out of the Controller's office, and put them in the kitchen range, where they were burned. She also states that a man, whom she did not know, carried away a case full of what appeared to be papers similar to those burned by Haggarty. An examination of the ashes from the range in Haggarty's appartments at the Court-house, discovered fragments of the vouchers in such a condition that the figures could be made out.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 21.—Returns show the election of 605 delegates to the Republican State Convention. Majority against Butler, 167.

RICHMOND, Sept. 21.—A body of colored men applied to the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Virginia for a charter to organize Divisions under the recent act of the Grand Division at Boston. The application will be refused.

LITTLE ROCK, (Ark.), Sept. 21.—General Bowen, late Justice of the Supreme Court, who was recently appointed Governor of Idaho, has resigned and returned to his home.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—A *Times* Washington special says a number of prominent Massachusetts Republicans addressed a letter a short time since to Mr. Dawes, telling him that if it became necessary to defeat Butler, they should present his (Dawes') name to the Convention, and that he would not be allowed to decline. Telegraphic advices at hand here to-day indicate clearly that Butler is ahead. Senators Sumner and Wilson again reiterate their opposition to Butler's nomination.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Prosecution of the parties accused of stealing vouchers from the Comptroller's office will be pressed with vigor. Although Judge Garwin, District Attorney, declares his unwillingness to allow any outside counsel to participate in the case with him, measures are being taken whereby a committee of citizens will be able to see that justice is in no wise prevented. Should the hearing in the matter result in the discharge of any of the accused, it is intended to have a re-arrest made, and proceedings commenced under indictment. The conduct of Superintendent Kelso in taking Haggerty before Justice Dowling, is regarded as suspicious. Kelso is known to be indebted to Tweed for his position. Haggerty has long been a political tool of Tweed. Public sentiment is getting to be more intense against the ring, and the meetings frequently held recently in denunciation of the city frauds have succeeded in arousing the strongest indignation among all anti-Tammany political organizations, which is spreading daily.

The Chinese diplomatists left for San Francisco last evening, on their way to China. Chung How, first Minister of the Embassy, with other Chinese officials, and English and French Secretaries, will sail for Europe to-morrow, in the steamship St. Laurent. The Embassy were unsuccessful in their previous mission to France, and were to have started for home yesterday, but were notified by the French Government that they would be received if they returned to France, they therefore changed their intention. The object of their mission, as stated heretofore, is to make reparation for the massacree of French citizens at Tientsin.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Secretary Boutwell will leave Washington on Wednesday for Cincinnati, where he will speak on the 28th inst. He will also speak at Cleveland on the 29th.

The Knights Templars' parade to-day was a grand affair. On passing the Executive mansion the Knights were reviewed by Secretary Boutwell, P. M. Gen. Cresswell and Solicitor General Bristow. They contermarched to the Masonic Temple, where the parade was dismissed, and were served with a banquet. They visited various places of interest.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.—The Grand Encampment Knights Templar decided to hold the next Triennial Convocation at New Orleans on the first Tuesday in December, 1874.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—There was a destructive fire at Des Moines, Iowa, to-day. Twelve buildings and contents were burned. Loss, $100,000.

At the session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows to-day, the committee to whom was referred the petition of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi reported that it was inexpedient to take action, and the petition was laid over. The special committee on the subject of wearing chateaux or other regalia in public processions, reported such conduct a flagrant violation of the law and a grave departure from the respect due the Executive of the Order. Laid over. The special committee on Rebecca Degree, reported against the expediency of allowing Daughters of Rebecca to retain membership after their husband's membership may have ceased. The Grand Lodge, after debate, refused to alter the present regulations in regard to dismissal of certificates. The question of permitting lodge meetings on Sunday was tabled. A change in the color of emblems on flags was adopted.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The examination of Haggarty and Balch, charged with robbery of the Comptroller's office, commenced to-day before Judge Dowling. The crowd is large and the excitement great.

An immese mass meeting was held in Tweed Plaza to-night to endorse W. M. Tweed. Fully 25,000 persons were present. Resolutions were adopted endorsing Tweed and placing him in nomination. Tweed made a lengthy address. He said he was happy to meet the friends of his childhood in the scenes of his youth. Among those friends he could safely place himself and his record as a public official openly and publicly to their gaze. When maligned, condemned without trial, it was a pleasure to come to the friends of his childhood and take them by the hand and talk to them in a friendly manner. He pointed proudly to his record, which was open to be scanned by all and courted open, impartial investigation into his official record, and the acts of his life. He accepted the nomination for Senator, and hoped his friends would stand by him.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 23.—The speech delivered by Carl Schurz, of Missouri, yesterday, created profound impression in political circles. The most significant incident connected with it, is a letter formally addressed to Schurz, and signed by several hundred ex-Confederate soldiers, embracing every grade and rank in the late rebel service, from privates and non-commissioned officers up to Major Generals. Signers generally represented men of influence in the community.

The expose in yesterday's *Tribune*, of frauds alleged to have been perpetrated by Collector Murphy, created great sensation, and a matter subject of talk all over the city last evening. Murphy, to-day, publishes an answer to the charges, but the *Tribune* says it is not half done with him. Editorially he used the following language: "The uncontradicted facts now laid before that impartial tribunal, the public, prove Murphy guilty, and demand his expulsion from any place of honor or trust under the Government he has so grossly defrauded." The investigations of a committee of citizens who was appointed to look to the army swindle, find that the Board of Supervisors are partly responsible for the frauds, they having approved the payment of extortionate accounts.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—The whole number of delegates to the Republican Convention at Worcester, is 785, of which 302 are in favor of Butler, and 483 against him.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 22.—In the Republican city caucus to-night, the ballot resulted in casting 1,200 votes, while only 160 names were checked. Butler received 800 votes. There were 405 cast against him. The *Republican* denounces the vote as a fraud.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The Committee of Seventy to-day issued a long address to the people of the city and State, urging honest men of both political parties to combine to put down and punish members of the ring, which is composed of both parties and has so long ruled and so nearly ruined the city, and urging the selection of the best men for the Legislature and for all offices of trust. Indifferent voters are asked to lay aside their apathy and aid in the conflict against the political villainy now existing. People of this State have never before had such inspiration to redeem themselves from the wiles of political thieves and effect that reformation which the times so much demand.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 21.—Flour—No sales.

Wheat—Sales of 100 sks good, $2 55@2 57½; 1,200 sks, $2 60. Wheat in Liverpool, 12s 8d.

Barley—Good, but mixed, $1 87½; 500 sks coast and bay, $1 90.

Oats—Sales of 500 sks good, at $2; 200 sks choice, $2 05.

Hay—Cargo of fair, $20; choice held at $23.

M. L. McDonald, who, in company with Whitney, suspended a few days since, announced in the Stock Board of Brokers today that he was ready to pay every dollar of his indebtedness, and he is now in full standing again with the Board. He has dissolved partnership, and will hereafter do business alone.

The British ship Bozata, 135 days from Liverpool, with merchandise to Parrott & Co., arrived this evening. Her captain reports that on July 19th, while close under Terre del Fuego, Straits of Le Maire, he saw an American ensign flying, union down, on a snow-capped peak. Shortly after boat put off with part of the crew of the American ship Italia, bound from Rio to Valparaiso, wrecked nine days previously. She stood in and took on board the captain and twenty-two officers and men of the wrecked vessel and brought them all to this port.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Flour—No sales. Ringleader will complete her cargo for Hong Kong next week. Superfine, $6 62½@6 87½; extra, $7 50@7 75.

Wheat—300 sks ordinary coast, $2 50; small lot good to choice sold at $2 62½@2 67, which is rather above market rates.

Eggs—100 dozen Oregon, 45@46c.

The acquittal of the de Youngs, of the *Chronicle*, under indictment for libel in R. H. Simon, had been generally anticipated, and the verdict of the jury of not guilty, created no surprise.

Ramon Amador, the murderer of Hiscock, the hunter, near San Leandro, was hanged at half-past one to-day at San Leandro. He persisted to the last that he killed his victim in self-defense. He directed all his property to be given to his sister, who he declared he had hitherto kept from marrying, but who could now marry. He wept, prayed and swore alternately, and bitterly insisted that he was to be hanged because he was a poor man; if he had money to buy friends at Court, as others had done, he would not have been hanged. When the black cap was drawn over his face it required two men to hold him up until the noose was adjusted. Sheriff Morse then stepped back and wiped his forehead; he gave the signal to his assistant and the drop fell. He struggled convulsively for some minutes, but the neck was found to have been broken by the fall.

Reports of marine disasters continue to come in from all directions, though there has been no bad weather and nothing to cause any particular loss on this coast beyond heavy fogs.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 22.—The iron clipper ship Tulavera, owned in Liverpool, laden with coal consigned to Dickson, DeWolf & Co., San Francisco, when 195 days from Liverpool, went ashore in San Raymon Bay, Lower California, on the 11th. The Captain arrived here to-day in search of assistance. He says on the 5th of August was localized 500 miles off the coast and the crew's stores run out, and only 15 gallons of water was on board. The Captain dealt out from his stores one meal per day to each of the men, who ceased work and wished to abandon the ship. On the 25th of August 12 men left the ship in a lifeboat, first having one-half of the remainder of the Captain's supplies dealt out to them. A condenser was put at work, which produced five gallons of water per day. On the 11th of September he made San Raymon Bay. The Captain went ashore in search of assistance and supplies, leaving the mate in charge of the ship. Weather hazy, light wind. The ship struck while in stays, and is now hard aground on a sand beach, 200 yards from shore. The balance of the crew deserted the ship on the 12th, who left in a boat in charge of the sail maker, and succeeded in landing at Rosario on the 8th. The ship's complement of men was 24; officers, six, and one passenger; all safe. The Captain will engage a tug boat here and start for San Raymon Bay, in a few days.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—Parties who had made arrangements for shipping large quantities of the finest quality of grapes from the mountain counties East, find that the increased rates of freight by railroad will practically cause the abandonment of enterprise, or it will have no margin whatever for profits with a large one for losses.

Wheat—Market exhibits a firm tone at $2 50@2 65 for ordinary to choice milling, and about $2 60 for good average lots of shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—L. B. Drew, a well-known contractor, had his left arm amputated at the shoulder to-day, on account of an incurable cancer caused by a friend pinching him playfully as he passed him on the street.

A fire broke out just before 8 o'clock this evening, in the upper story of Harpending's three-story brick, iron front block of eight stores, south side of Market street, opposite Sansome, and ran through the entire story, with astounding rapidity. The second story remained in a measure intact until half past 8, when it seemed to all kindle at once, and the fire blazed up with fresh violence. Falling machinery soon smashed in the second floor, and the fire broke out in the first story. The fire was bounded by the alley on the east, and the block occupied by Tyler, Curtis & Co., and Strahle's billiard factory on the west, which is not materially injured, though the adjoining building is destroyed. The principal sufferers are Hostetter, Smith & Dean, drugs and medicines, who occupied two stores from the ground to the roof, Thurnauer & Zinn, notions and fancy goods, Ouilif, Weimer & Dotz, straw and fancy goods, New York bedding house, N. Teplitz, millinery, Phelan & Collender's billiard ware-rooms, Weich & Co., leather and findings, and Sieberlich & Co., boot and shoe depot, all wholesale establishments, and entirely destroyed, hardly anything being saved. The loss will approximate a million dollars, and may exceed it.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 23.—Owing to the raise of Tariff made by the steamer company, and their refusal to carry powder and gasoline, merchants have formed a combination to send an agent to San Francisco fully empowered to charter schooners to ply between this port and San Francisco. A movement is on foot to offer inducements to the P. M. S. S. Company to touch at this port.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 23.—Frank Clifford, who escaped from Carson, and was leader of the two last noted stage robberies near Los Angeles, on the Yuma road, escaped by turning State's evidence.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—Henry St. Clair, Gen. Post and —Jones, (firemen) were badly injured by falling walls and cornices. St. Clair's leg was broken; Jones is supposed fatally injured. His skull is fractured. Fred. Wehr, carpenter, is badly hurt.

Losses are reported as follows: Harpending's building, $200,000; Reddington, Hostetter & Co., $100,000; insured for $100,000; Thurman & Zinn, $150,000; Ouilif, Wiener & Dotz, $40,000; I Roher, $50,000; F. Teplitz, $50,000; Phelan & Callender, $50,000; Wieck & Co., $40,000; F. A. Sieberlich, $75,000. The building and contents are practically a total loss.

Ruins of Harpending's block are still smouldering and engines are still playing upon them. Everything in the building is a total loss, with the exception of the cellar and ground floor of the east end store occupied by Redington, Hostetter & Co., which were not burned but flooded with water. Their insurance was $125,000, and their loss will exceed it by fully $300,000.

NEVADA.

HAMILTON, September 21.—The total loss of property at Pioche by the late fire is estimated at $600,000. The *Record* says that, although the fire raged around the magazines for over an hour, it was not until after one o'clock that the powder exploded. A large crowd had collected in the vicinity. Suddenly an immense sheet of flame darted upward, followed by a deafening report. Then the cries of the wounded, screams of women, shouting of men, and a general hurrying to the scene, made up a picture beyond the power of our pen to describe. About forty were wounded and six or more killed outright. The explosion seems to have taken a course up Meadow Valley street, as most of the killed and wounded were there. The wounds are of a terrible nature—in many instances the flesh being torn and burned off the bones. Broken ribs and fractured skulls were general with all.

CARSON, September 21.—A ranchero living at the head of Carson Valley sent word here this afternoon that there were seven convicts there. Officers have gone in pursuit. At one o'clock P. M. on Tuesday the convicts called at Hot Springs, on Walker river. One was shot through the right hand, but appeared quite cheerful. They procured food and left, going toward Dayton. Billy Wilson, the pony express rider, coming this way, left Sweetwater, twenty-six miles beyond Wellington, at noon on Tuesday. Up to one o'clock P. M. he had not arrived at Wellington. A later dispatch says that the rider's gloves were found near Aurora, covered with blood. Parties are searching for him.

RENO, Sept. 23.—The great bridge of Virginia and Reno railroad across the Truckee river was completed and track laid over it to day. It is regarded as the best railroad bridge in the State.

ARIZONA.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 24.—The Arizona *Miner*, Prescott, Sept. 16th, has the following:

Letters received at Fort Whipple, the present headquarters of Gen. Crook, bring cheering news from the seat of war. Capt. Henry's command, 3d cavalry, has swept over three or four hundred miles of Indian country, destroying a great number of rancheros and killed several Indians. His command has been increased by friendly Indians, who report the Apaches scattering and fleeing in alarm. August 30th he met Gov. Safford's party of 200 at the mines of Cherry Creek. The Governor reports that the Peace Commission have stopped over at White Mountain. Indians have joined the whites. Gen. Crook has instructed the commanders of the several expeditions that neither woman or child shall be killed. These shall be captured and retained as prisoners of war or suffered to escape, if they cannot be secured without being shot or maimed.

MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Havana, September 20.—It is conceded by all that a majority of the members of the new Congress are favorable to Juarez. No signs of a revolution.

Ex-Minister Plumb, agent of the International Railroad of Texas, has arrived here. His object is to open negotiations for the completion of the road to this city and its extension thence to Mazatlan.

A Missouri Enoch Arden.

The assertion that "truth is stranger than fiction," is certainly illustrated in the following sketch, and we are indebted to J. C. Ryan, the agreeable first clerk of the steamer St. Luke, for the principal items. During the first year of the war, J. M Waldrup left his pleasant home in Central Missouri and shouldered his musket for what he considered right, and to spill his blood, if necessary, in defense of the Confederate cause. At home he left a young wife and child, and from this time until last Sunday they never heard from him. Mr. Waldrup passed through the struggle safely, and was paroled in St. Louis in 1865. So soon as he could earn money enough he started to find his wife and child; he visited his old home and called on his neighbors. But his search was unsuccessful. The only information he received was that his wife had taken the child and gone to live with some relatives in Calloway county. Visiting Callaway county he obtained work on a farm and settled down to ponder over the whereabouts of his wife and child, and to earn money enough to continue the search. In the meantime Mrs. Waldrup had heard that her husband was dead, and had gone to live with some relatives near Cedar City, Missouri. Here she became acquainted with a well to-do blacksmith, whose name we have not le rned. In due time they were married, and last week were living in their comfortable home at Cedar City, and Mrs. Waldrup had blessed the blacksmith with three fine children, the eldest five years old.

Last Saturday Mr. Waldrup rode leisurely into Cedar City, and, halting at the blacksmith shop, requested that worthy to shoe his horse. While conversing on the weather etc., the blacksmith learned Waldrup's history, and having heard his wife tell about her lost husband, surmised the truth and in his blunt honesty invited Mr. Waldrup over to the house with him. The recognition was mutual, and the wife fainted in her first husband's arms. After the first agitation Mr. Waldrup went back to the blacksmith shop, and the men talked the matter over sensibly and coolly, and agreed to allow the woman to decide on which she would cling to. After pondering the matter over in her own mind, the doubly mated lady decided to go with her first husband on condition that the second allow her to take the children. By some process of reasoning, inexplicable to us, he decided to give up wife and children, and Mr. and Mrs. Waldrup decided to come to St. Louis. Yesterday the St. Luke stopped at the landing, and Mr. W. came on board and engaged passage for himself and three children, and the blacksmith assisted his wife on board and then brought on the children. Then came the affecting scene, that brought tears to the eyes of the captain, clerks and passengers. The deserted husband took first one child and then the other in his arms and kissed them passionately, while the tears rolled down his cheeks. Then he bade good bye to his wife, who seemed deeply affected, and lastly to Mr. Waldrup. The two men gazed into each other's faces, and shook hands long and earnestly, and then the blacksmith, by a strong effort of will, released the hand of Mr. Waldrup, and walked quietly ashore, never turning his face toward the boat, which soon passed out of sight. We can only imagine the lonelinegs in the poor man's heart and home as he reached the rooms where he had so often sat with his wife and children.—*St. Louis Dispatch.*

Mrs. Bloomer, the originator of the costume for women which still bears her name, and one of the pioneers, if not *the* pioneer, in the woman's rights movement, is now said to be living quietly, without any social or political ambition, in a rising Kansas town, engaged in attending to a large family and a flourishing farm.

The English Government paid $136-000,000 of the principal and interest on their public debt. The "Washington Government" paid $246,311,000 of ours, and reduced the taxes of the people $150,000,000 besides.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Grover & Baker Sewing Machines.

First class Sewing Machines sold at San Francisco cash prices, by paying only $10 per month. Call and examine the work and see the wonderful improvement in the Grover & Baker.

JOHN W. GILBERT, Agent,
Sept. 17, 1871. Salem Opn

Special for the Ladies.

Jonn W. Gilbert offers to his customers the celebrated "Philadelphia Kid Foxed" Balmoral shoes for $1 75. Misses' and Children's of the same make for a song.

THE SISTERS OF THE ACADEMY OF THE SACRED HEART cordially solicit the liberal patronage of the benevolent friends of Educationain behalf of their Fair, which will be held during the State Fair. The proceeds are to be applied towards erecting a new Academy. Sept15 tf.

Notice.

The Lee Mission Cemetery, east of Salem, near the orphans' Home, has been laid off into lots, which are offered for sale as a family burying ground. Very fine Vault Lots can also be had. Mr. L. H. Judson has a plat of the survey, and is authorized to dispose of the lots at low prices. Those having friends interred in the Cemetery are requested to identify the place, and to make such arrangements as they desire as soon as practicable. Apply, also, to A. F. Waller, M. L. Savage, or J. L. Parrish.

By order of the Trustees,
L. T. WOODWARD, Secretary.
Salem, Aug 29—m3.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

In consequence of a coming change in our business we will sell our large and well assorted stock, during THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS, as follows:

Our best brand of CALICO, nine yards for one dollar.

NEAT BOOT, ten yards for one dollar.

HEAVY DOMESTIC, 12½ cents a yard.

OTHER DOMESTIC in proportion, and HATS, CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, VERY LOW

FRENCH MERINO, only 87½ cents a yard.

MEN'S SOCKS, 10 cents a pair.

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS, very low.

4 papers of NEEDLES for 25 cents.

4 papers of ENGLISH PINS for 25 cents

4 spools of COTTON for 25 cents.

4 pieces TAPES BRAID for 25 cents.

LACES AND EMBROIDERY, very cheap.

CORDS AND JEWELRY, cheaper than ever before.

3 pocket HANDKERCHIEFS, for 25 cents.

WHITE LINEN TABLE CLOTH, 75 cents per yard.

TOWELS AND CRASH, very low.

It will astonish you to see how low we can sell groceries and crockery. In fact all the goods remaining in our store will be sold cheaper than ever before.

Remember that this offer only last SIXTY DAYS FROM THIS DATE.

FRIEDMAN & GOSLINER.

SALEM, Sept. 12, 1871.

P. S.—We still continue the AUCTION BUSINESS.

REMARKABLE!

Eight Hundred Worms Expelled.

I think it a public benefit to make the following statement, that I have been afflicted for two years with constant pains in the stomach, and in fact, pains all over my body; no appetite, let me eat what I would it always put me in distress. No medicine would relieve me and I grew worse and worse until now I am a mere skeleton. Nobody could tell me what was the matter with me, until I consulted Dr. J. P. P. Van Den Bergh, in Salem, Oregon, and he told me I was afflicted with worms, and they were the cause of all my misery and pains. I took the Doctor's medicine, and he expelled 800 Worms from me. They are like Leaches, with long tails, and measure from one to one and one-half inches in length. I only took six little powders, and they brought the worms within four hours time. All those afflicted wishing to see me can find me at Sam Rodlet's Stable, Salem, Oregon. Y. CRAIG.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of September 1871. J. J. MURPHY, J. P.

Said worms can be seen at Dr. J. P. P. Van Den Bergh's office, Opera House Block, Court Street, Salem. sept 8 1m.

Stop a Moment.

Why stand you here all the day idle? Why don't you get around and do something? —*George Francis Train.*

Why not buy your lumber of E. D. Towl at $10 50 per thousand feet?

C. W. Royal is my authorized agent for Salem, and Wilson Olney can always be found at the Mill ½ miles east of Salem ready to wait on customers during my absence. E. D. TOWL.

Salem, Oregon Aug. 25, 1871.—tf.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,

REAL ESTATE DEALER,

Office—No. 64, Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

REAL ESTATE in the CITY and EAST PORTLAND, in the most desirable locations, consisting of TO HALF BLOCKS and BLOCKS, HOUSES and STORES; also

IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable uncultivated LANDS, located in A parts of the STATE for SALE.

REAL ESTATE and other Property purchased for Correspondents, in this CITY and throughout the TAKE and TERRITORIES, with great care and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

HOUSES and STORES LEASED, LOANS NEGOTIATED, and CLAIMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. And a general FINANCIAL and AGENCY BUSINESS transacted.

Old Things Have Passed Away.

This is at least true of the old method of treating the long abused and much abused human body. It is no longer considered wise to put a patient to the torture in order to cure him of a disease in which pain is already undermining the energies of his system. True science ranges itself on the side of nature, and endeavors to assist her in her fight against disease. This is the province of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the most approved tonic ever advertized in this country. It may be recommended as a full medicine, par excellence; for it is in the fall that billiousness, dyspepsia and malarious fevers are especially prevalent. The frame, exhausted by the heats of summer, is relaxed and feeble at its close, and requires, we may say DEMANDS artificial assistance. Afford it that assistance in occasional doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and the evils referred to may be escaped. Throughout the unhealthy districts of the western coast, all the varieties of periodical