Oregon Weekly Statesman.

SALEM, WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1871.

SUNDAY.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Paris, June 30.—Gambetta arrived yesterday and received many visitors.

The sentence of death of Cremieux will probably be commuted.

Sixty thousand masons are repairing Paris, which is being thoroughly disinfected.

The circular of the Mayor to electors affirms that he is a defender of free trade, relative to the form of government of France. He says the nation must decide afterwards; opponents were mere factions.

Gambetta's Bordeaux speech, on the developments of education, is much applauded.

The *Official Journal*, speaking of the review, says: We show Europe an army of 100,000 valorous men, admirably commanded, which has saved civilization; we have also called for two thousand millions of francs, and five milliards have been offered. The nation evidently recovers.

Stuttgart, June 28.—The triumphal entry of the Wurtemburg troops was made yesterday. The city was decorated and crowded with people and there were illuminations at night.

Naples, June 29.—Victor Emanuel arrived here and had an enthusiastic and brilliant reception.

London, June 29.—The trial of Rochefort will commence on Monday.

Arrests continue in Marseilles. A court martial has sentenced Cremieux, Etienne and Pelissier to death; Duclus, Martin, Mostoy, Breton and Chaent to transportation, Novi t. ten years and Banche to five years hard labor, and Eber to ten years imprisonment. Six were acquitted.

Florence, June 27.—The Senate ratified a treaty of commerce with the United States, a bill for public safety and unification of the Pontifical debt.

Longchamps, June 29, 1 P. M.—A grand review is now in progres. The troops are fully one hundred thousand strong, all in position and make a fine appearance. Stands are occupied by Thiers and others members of Government. The Assembly is largely represented. McMahon is in command. Military medals were conferred on Generals Vinoy and L'Admirault, and a large number of promotions were made.

The *Patrie* denies the truth of rumors of a triple alliance between Russia, Prussia and Austria. Gambetta in a speech at Bordeaux protested his loyalty to the present Government. Electoral meetings are permitted until next Saturday.

The illness of Rochefort has become quite serious.

Napoleon visited London and was re-elected to the Army and Navy Club.

McMahon declines the Paris candidature to the Assembly.

Pouyer announced yesterday that in less than six hours 450,000,000 francs in Paris alone, would be subscribed. The final result in the Provinces is unascertained. This state of things enables him to fulfil his engagements to hasten the deliverance of the country. We shall not wait for dates fixed for paying indemnity installments.

Berlin, June 29.—Terrible riots have occurred among the miners in the Imperior Iron Works at Koenigshut, Silesia. The offices of the Superintendent of the mines and the prison were destroyed by the rioters who commenced plundering the Jewish residents. Uhlans cleared the streets, killing seven miners, wounding thirty, and arresting sixty. Martial law is proclaimed.

London, June 29.—The Orleanist Princes were present at the review *incognito*. They were apprehensive of a red demonstration and precaution was taken for its prevention.

London, June 29.—In the House of Lords to night Lord Cranmore moved a resolve expressing regret that the Queen had been advised to sign the Treaty of Washington—a bargain so unbecoming to the honor and dignity of the country. Its conditions were in conflict with instructions given and were abject and humiliating, and irritated Canada without conciliating America. Earl Eartle defended and praised the treaty. Earl Lauderdale said it gave everything to the United States without securing an equivalent for England. Lord Houghton was satisfied with the compact because it would prevent future quarrels. Granville closed the debate with a vigorous defense of the action of the Government. The motion of Lord Cranmore was decision.

In the House of Commons, Gladstone hoped that an early day would be fixed for discussion of the Treaty of Washington. Sir Charles Dilke opened the question of ballot, and denied that voting by ballot had proved a failure in the United States. Debate was continued by Sir Stafford Northcote, Foster, Gladstone and Disraeli, until adjournment.

The Emperor and Empress of Brazil arrived in London to-day.

CHINA.

Bombay, June 30.—The Corean loss was 240 killed and many wounded on the occasion of the capture of the Laughlea forts by the Americans. The French loan has been introduced in Bombay and has much success.

London, June 30.—Correspondents agree that the review was a success. One says that with the Parisians revenge is uppermost, and they still hope for an opportunity to re-adjust the frontier.

CANADA.

St. Johns, N. B., June 29.—The delegation from the New Brunswick Government to Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island Governments, to endeavor to procure concerted action against the fishery clause in the Washington treaty, returned yesterday. They are very reticent as to their doing it, but say that fishermen and fish traders of the Island and Nova Scotia are favorable to the treaty and intimate that owing to the game the Nova Scotia Government is playingging with the Ottawa Government, it is not relied upon to oppose the treaty. The belief is that the deputation has failed in its mission.

EASTERN NEWS.

New York, June 30.—A cable dispatch from St. Petersburg states that notice appeared yesterday in the official journal of St. Petersburg stating that when the Grand Duke Alexis has returned from Ems, where he remains at present with the Emperor, he will at once proceed to Cronstadt to attend to preparations being made at the Imperial Navy Yard for his voyage to America. The Grand Duke has stated that he intends to carry to America one of the most perfect naval squadrons that ever left European waters. In St. Petersburg the Grand Duke's voyage is the principal topic. Those who have influence at Court are exerting themselves to the utmost to secure an assignment to his Highness' suite. Prince Gortschakoff states that the Grand Duke will certainly embark at Cronstadt about the last of August for America.

Washington, June 29.—The following appointments were made to-day: W. H. Hains, Commissioner of Customs, and L. H. Douglas, son of Frederick Douglas, member of the Legislative Council of Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia.

Concord, N. H., June 29.—The Houses in Convention to-day elected David Gilchrist, (Dem. and Labor Reformer) Railroad Commissioner; John H. Goodall, (Dem. and Labor Reformer) Secretary of State; L. W. Cogswell, State Treasurer; . McCampbell, of the Manchester *Union*, State Printer; A. J. Bennett, (Dem.) Commissary General.

Portland, Me., June 29.—The Maine Republican State Convention met to-day to nominate a candidate for Governor. Sydney was renominated by acclamation.

CALIFORNIA.

Sacramento, June 29.—The Republican Convention terminated its labors to-day by nominating as follows: For Clerk of the Supreme Court, Taggart; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, N. H. Bolander; for State Printer, Thos. A. Springer; for Harbor Commissioner, John A. McGynn. The question of nominating a Congressman at large was referred to the State Central Committee. A State Central Committee was then appointed, and the Convention adjourned *sine die* at 7:15 P. M., having conducted its business with perfect harmony and marvelous rapidity, and nominated an entire State ticket in one day.

The State Central Committee have organized with Eugene L. Sullivan as Chairman. Selby can have the nomination for Congress by acclamation if he will accept it. He gives an answer to-morrow morning.

Sutter Creek, June 29.—The Miners' League held another meeting last night. The President says the subject of settlement was discussed, and it was resolved to receive no communication from owners to that end. They determined to make no settlement while troops remain. A man was arrested inside of the post at the Keystone mine this morning, threatening harm to those working if they did not desist.

It is reported that a man named Herrick, on a visit from San Francisco, near Amador City was attacked by unknown persons and terribly beaten. He says he was mistaken for a reporter. Harrick was sent to Sacramento to-day.

L. W. Byrne, President of the Miners' League, is holding a consultation with prominent mine owners this evening. He said he had propositions to make toward compromise of the present difficulty. The meeting is private. A number of notices have been served on those working in the mines and posted on the doors of their dwellings warning them to leave their work or suffer the consequences.

Truckee, June 29—Eleven A. M.—To-day a fire broke out in the snow sheds, completely destroying the Cisco Hotel, Western Union Telegraph office, and a number of other buildings, with about three quarters of a mile of snow sheds, reaching from Tunnel No. 3 to a point a short distance west of the hotel. The telegraph wires of both companies were completely destroyed. The Western Union Company succeeded in getting theirs in working order at three P. M. The fire spread so rapidly that little property was saved, the operators not having time to save their telegraph instruments. The track was badly damaged the whole distance. Superintedents Northing and Bowen are on the ground with a large force of men. They expect to get trains through by two o'clock A. M.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Olympia, June 30.—L. F. Beatty, a prominent actor, well-known on the Pacific coast, died this morning.

TUESDAY.

July 4th, 1871.

Ninety-five years ago to-day a new nation was born. There were thirteen Colonies on the Atlantic coast, embracing an area of half a millon miles and a population of three millions. Most of the people had been from their birth subjects of the British crown. They knew but little about the science of government and the art of war. Presuming upon their helplessness, an unwise monarch had by various oppressive measures driven them to take up arms in defense of their liberties. For more than a year they had been engaged in the contest. They had a small army, imperfectly organized, poorly clothed and fed, and from necessity, scattered over a vast field of operations. A large portion of the Colonists did not sympathize wish those in arms. All along the western and northern frontiers there were hordes of savages ready on the least encouragement to apply the torch and use the war club to the extermination of the infant settlements. In front and menacing every sea-port were large and well disciplined forces in the service of the most powerful nation in the world. To enable the oppressed Americans to carry on their war for liberty, they had no well regulated system of government, no allies, no money and but a poorly developed industry. Yet in the face of all these difficulties, the representatives of the people of the Colonies in the Continental Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Ruler of the world for the rectitude of their intentions and relying upon Him for protection, on the 4th day of July, 1776, formerally proclaimed the political creed of the new world "that all men are created equal" and that the people, not the King, are sovereign.—Extraordinary as was this action, and hopeless as seemed their cause, by the aid of the Divine Providence upon which they relied, their efforts were successful, even beyond their most sanguine hopes. From a little band of Colonies, without a power and with but few friends in the world, the Republic which they founded has grown, within little more than the alloted life time of an individual, to be a great family of Republics, embracing thirty-seven States and ten Territories, with a population of forty millions stretching from ocean to ocean. Some of the evils which our fathers could not remedy have been corrected by their sons. The foot of the slave pollutes our soil no longer. In wealth, in science and letters, in influence and honor our Republic stands to-day pre-eminent among the nations of the earth.

Let us honor our nation's birth day Let us lay aside all partisan feelings, all sectional prejudices, and remember only that we are Americans. Yes, let even personal animosities and family feuds be forgotten to-day while we join our fellow countrymen of every class and every sphere in life at the shrine of Liberty. Let us think of the brave men who purchased the blessings we now enjoy with their blood, upon the field of honor, and resolve to show our gratitude to them by a life of earnest zeal for liberty, exhibited in laboring to understand and to faithfully discharge our duties as citizens. Let us think of the lessons of the past and the warnings of our fathers and determine to profit by them in the future. As the bright pages of our history are recalled and the brilliant prospects of the years to come present themselves to our minds, let our hearts rejoice and our voices chant the music of gladness. We will not have done our duty unless, before the sun of this our ninety-fifth anniversary goes down, we shall each of us have done something by thought, word or deed to renew and strengthen the love of country in at least one heart.

We feel much gratification in receiving expressions of good will from many persons who are our political opponents, but who were shocked at the murderous attack made on the 14th of June, and are disgusted at the farce made of justice at the trial on last Friday. We do not charge this crime on the party but on the Ring which controls it here in Salem. We expect to be abused and belied by the organs of the Ring like the Democratic *Era*, and in view of the public sympathy displayed, irrespective of party, we can afford to treat such men as Urban E. Hicks with the contempt they deserve.

We learn from a prominent Democrat of this city that Watkinds told him of his intention to kill Clarke, and the gentleman asked him what Clarke could ever do to get even with the abuse he heaped on him in 1870 in the *Press*.

The Watkinds Outrage.

To show that we have not been misled by personal feeling to mistate the case against Wm. H. Watkinds, we give below the affidavits which were filed before Judge Terry on the preliminary examination. The affidavits are disintercated persons, and as will be observed, they are of the best class of our citizens and represent both political parties:

AFFIDAVIT OF O. M. PRINGLE.

State of Oregon, County of Marion. } ss

O. M. Pringle, on his oath being duly sworn, deposes and says that on the afternoon of the 14th of June, 1871, at the city of Salem, in the county of Marion, State of Oregon, I saw Mr. S. A. Clarke walking down the street; when opposite the store of M. Meyer & Son, on Commercial street, I saw Wm. H. Watkinds assault him with a cowhide, and saw him afterwards draw his pistol and fire at said S. A. Clarke at least four times. As Watkinds drew his pistol, I saw Clarke retreat into the store and Watkinds fired at him after he had retreated. The first shot was fired at a distance of no more than the width of the sidewalk.

[Signed.] O. M. Pringle.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 16th day of June, 1871.

[Signed.] C. N. Terry, County Judge.

AFFIDAVIT OF HON. J. W. SMITH.

State of Oregon, County of Marion. } ss

I, J. W. Smith, on my oath being duly sworn, depose and say that on the 14th day of June, 1871, at the city of Salem, in said county and State, I saw Wm. H. Watkinds apparently striking S. A. Clarke on the head and shoulders with something which I believe was rawhide, as I saw one laying there afterwards. My attention was first attracted by a noise and I did not see the commencement of the attack. Clarke seemed to strike him and he jumped off the sidewalk into the street and drew his pistol. While he was drawing his pistol I looked at Clarke and he was standing still raising his hat from over his eyes where it was broken down, and was looking to see where Watkinds was. Clarke then turned and started into Myer's store by the north door; as he went towards the store Watkinds followed up with his pistol in his hand, and as he stepped into the store Watkinds stepped upon the walk and fired. Clarke then stepped between the two iron doors swung back together. Watkinds went up and pointed his pistol between the door and the casing or very near to it and fired. I saw Clarke in there. After that shot, I saw Watkinds dodge back and forth from one door to the other as if he was looking into the crack to see where Clarke was, and he fired once or twice making four shots that he fired in all. The last I saw of Clarke was when he fired through the crack of the door. I saw Coffee coming and asked why he did not arrest that man and he did so.

[Signed.] J. W. Smith.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 16th day of June, 1871.

[Signed.] C. N. Terry, County Judge.

AFFIDAVIT OF J. C. CLARK.

State of Oregon, County of Marion. } ss

I, James C. Clark, being first duly sworn, say, that on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1871, in the city of Salem, County and State aforesaid in the afternoon of said day I stood near the corner of Commercial and State street, in said city, having been talking with Wm. H. Watkinds, who was sitting in the store door of M. Meyer & Son. I saw Samuel A. Clarke coming down the street and when he came opposite, Watkinds sprang up on one side, seized his straw hat and tore the brim down, and commenced beating him over the head with a whip or stick, after Clarke made resistance Watkinds got off the sidewalk and drew a revolver and fired, I think four shots at Clarke, who had retreated as he seemed to be drawing the revolver. There was no provocation given by Clarke, and I did not hear a word said before the affray commenced.

[Signed.] J. C. Clark.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 16th day of June, 1871.

[Signed.] J. A. Waymire, Recorder of Salem.

State News.

Portland.

From the Portland dailies of Sunday

The *Herald* says a Teachers Institute was held at the Central School yesterday and the day previous. About 20 teachers were in attendance.

The Horticultural Fair closed at noon yesterday, after an existence of two days, which was perhaps long enough, as many of the flowers began to fade.

Mr. Jack Shephard, a noted pedestrian, has recently arrived from California, and proposes to give an exhibition of his powers of endurance in this city.

As Mr. Thomas Stephens and family were driving home on Friday evening, the horses became frightened, when near the Fulton House, on the macademized road, dashed off and upset the wagon. Mr. Stephens was injured severely, and his wife and children were also bruised more or less.

Two drays, running in opposite directions, collided on Front street, yesterday. No damage further than a few verbal wounds inflicted upon each other by the drivers.

From the *Bulletin*: Mr. Jack Welch, ironman of this city, was terribly hurt at Everding & Beebe's yesterday, by the hoisting hooks in the warehouse. He will recover, however, the attending physician thinks, but may never be as strong and healthy again as he was before the accident.

For the third time the beautiful Oratorio of *Esther* was rendered at Oro Fino Theater last night to an audience which was both large and fashionable, and though somewhat critical, highly delighted.

The North Pacific Transportation Company's steamship John L. Stephens, in addition to the cargo taken from Portland, stopped at Cathlamet, an hour or two, and received 900 cases of salmon from Warren's fishery for shipment East.

The *Oregonian* says in the course of ten days Gen. Tilton will commence a survey of a railroad route from Columbia City to Salem. He has obtained leave of absence from his duties in connection with the N. P. R. R. Co. for two months, for the purpose of supervising this survey.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

London, June 30.—The statement is officially confirmed that the Washington Treaty has been ratified. Canadian ports will soon cease to be honored by the British North American fleet in Canadian waters.

Paris, July 1.—The return of the Monarchists is proable in the Departments. The Imperialists are active, but have no chance.

The Bank of France publishes the returns of bullion at fifty million francs, Treasury balance, one hundred and forty millions.

The official journal says there were at Longchamps 150 battalions of infantry, 60 squadrons of cavalry, 20 companies of engineers, and 360 pieces of cannon.

London, July 1.—The Queen reviewed 6,000 troops at Bushley Park. The Royal Family, Duke of Nemours, and the Prince Imperial were present.

Howard, Secretary of the British Legation at Washington, is appointed agent to receive claims of British subjects coming within articles 12 to 17 of the Washington Treaty.

The German attempt to excite dissatisfaction in Heligoland has failed.

Constantinople, July 1.—Hon. Wm. H. Seward has arrived.

Rome, July 1.—All the Italian Ministers have arrived in Rome and been installed in their ministry. The representatives of Portugal, Greece, Brazil, Switzerland and Bavaria, have arrived in the city. Other Ambassadors are expected to-morrow.

Versailles, July 1.—In the Assembly to-day Favre denied that the property of the insurgents in Algeria had been confiscated. He admitted that several districts are still in the hands of the insurgents, but said reinforcements were coming forward and the insurrection would soon be suppressed.

Hanover, July 1.—The troops made a brilliant triumphial entry into this city to-day. A dispatch was received from Emperor Wilhelm regretting his absence.

EASTERN NEWS.

New York, July 1.—The Inspector of the Board of Health is apprehensive of a spread of smallpox, which is now prevalent in some parts of the city, unless physicians and citizens supplement sanitary precautions of the Board. More than 1,300 cases have been discovered by health officers during the past six months, and they believe as many more have not been reported.

Fears are entertained of trouble between Irish Catholics and Orangemen at the approaching celebration of the National holiday. The Superinteadent of police has taken measures to prevent trouble.

Gen. Lawrence, defaulting Pension Agent, has been heard from in Texas.

Mrs. Lydia Sherman was arrested at New Brunswick, N. J., yesterday, by officers from Connecticut, on the charge of having poisoned, at different times, three husbands and two step children. Proof is said to be strong.

Washington, July 1.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows a reduction of $710,534 99 for the month of June.

Washington, July 30.—It is said in official circles that Minister Low is with Admiral Rodgers at Corea. It is in accordance with instructions, as the design of the expedition was to open the way for treaty with the Sovereign of that country. Shipwrecked Americans on that coast are being subjected to extreme cruel treatment. Although it is not known whether this government anticipated hostilities, it seems certain the conduct of Admiral Rodgers in the circumstances is approved.

Civil service commission met at noon. An inquiry into the examination of the Department at Washington was ordered. Many removals and changes in various bureaus in the Interior Department have been made and a good many more will be made in the course of the next few days—especially in the Pension and Land offices. Some fifty removals have occurred in the Land Office since the change in Commissioners.

Custom receipts for the fiscal year were $204,457,991, against $161,305,852 in the previous fiscal year. During six months of the present year, from January 1st to June 30th, since which date the reduced tariff law has been in operation, collections were $104,963,886, against $98,655,751 collected during the corresponding six months of the previous fiscal year, showing an increase of customs receipts under the reduced tariff law of $5,308,135.

Frederick Watts Fenn has accepted the appointment of Commissioner of Agriculture.

New York, July 1.—A large bronze bust of Washington Irving was unveiled in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, to-day, in presence of over 15,000 persons. The oration was delivered by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

CALIFORNIA.

Eureka, June 29.—At 11 o'clock last night the stage of Woodruff & Ennor, en route from Palisade to Eureka and Hamilton, was robbed two miles south of Mineral Hill. The robbers were only two in number, and both well armed and disguised to some extent. There were eleven passengers in and on the coach. The stage was stopped while ascending a hill, and the driver ordered to throw down the treasure box, whichhe did. The attention of the road agents was next turned to the passengers, who were taken to the front of the lead horses where they were ordered to strip their boots and coats, when their hands were tied and the robbers then examined them for their money and valuables. They got about $300 in all, while one of the passengers had that amount in a vest pocket, which was undiscovered. The driver was ordered to go to the next station without stopping, which he did. There was $1,100 in a trunk on the boot, which arrived here safely. It is thought by the driver and passengers that the robbers were residents of Mineral Hill. W., F. & Co.'s box was brought into town this afternoon by extra stage, which found it where the robbery took place.

Sutter Creek, June 30.—Several attempts were made to-day to cut the ditch leading to the engine at Oneida mine, parties proposing thereby to burst the boilers. Although chased they succeeded in making their escape.

San Francisco, July 1.—Major Selby having declined the Republican nomination for Congress, First District, the Convention last evening nominated Hon. S. O. Houghton, of Santa Clara.

J. A. Mahoed leaves here for Victoria on the steamer Prince Alfred, Monday, to commence the exploration of a route from British Columbia to Canada for the projected British Colonial Railway.

Sam Brannan has arranged to have a party fire large rockets from the top of Mount St. Helena, 5,000 feet above the level of the sea, on the evening of the Fourth of July. It is believed they can be seen as far as San Francisco.

The grand distribution of prizes of half a million of dollars by the California Emigrant Aid Society, at Sacramento, will probably be postponed until September 15th. Contrary to general expectation the sale of tickets has been sufficient to insure the drawing coming off.

In the case of Mrs. Fair, a motion to reopen the motion for a new trial on affidavits formerly submitted, and some new ones of the same general character, is again before the Fifteenth District Court, and being argued this afternoon. The decision will probably turn, not upon the merits of the case as now presented, but on the question of the power of the court to review its own decisions. It is expected that the motion will be denied, and the new affidavits will then be submitted with the rest to the Supreme Court.

The steamer China sailed for Hong Kong at noon to-day, with $339,000 in treasure, and merchandise to the value of $93,000, including 2,270 bbls. flour, 700 centals barley, 500 flasks quick-silver, and a quantity of Eastern and foreign manufactures.

Simon Harris, a merchant on Naton a street, was killed by being thrown from a horse to-day; and Alexander Denny dropped dead on Third street.

San Francisco, July 1.—The police are making energetic efforts to break up the illegal sailor boarding house runner nuisance. Several runners have been arrested to-day for boarding vessels without permission.

Judge Dwinelle refused to second the motion for a new trial in Mrs. Fair's case this evening. He was then urged, by her counsel, to sign a recommendation to the Supreme Court to grant one, which he declined doing, saying that it would be absurd for him to recommend a higher court to do what he had refused to do himself on the same affidavits. Notice of appeal was then made.

Los Angeles, June 29.—Last January the two Bilderbeck brothers were murdered in a canyon near this city, it was supposed, by Allenson Gardner, Al. Henry and a notorious charater known as Buckskin Bill. Gardner was shortly afterwards arrested, and is now in jail. Search after Buckskin Bill and Henry was unsuccessful until now. From information received here, Sheriff Burns started for Lower California, procured the necessary papers from the Governor of that province, and after weeks of search, the pursuers came within ten feet of Buckskin Bill before he was aware of their presence. Buckskin Bill grabbed one of the men's guns, which went off and the ball entered Buckskin's left side below the heart. He died in two hours. He made a lengthy confession of the murder. He stated that he, Al. Henry and Gardner murdered and buried the Bilderbeck Brothers, but that Gardner did the shooting. Henry accompanied Buckskin in his flight, but is now missing. There is no doubt Buckskin Bill killed him to get rid of a witness.

San Francisco, July 2.—It remains foggy and dark, and prospects are very unfavorable for the letting off of fire-works. The celebration will, however, undoubtedly be an immense one, and the procession the most attractive ever seen here.

Mr. Norrige, a rancher in Alameda county who had maintained numerous and extensive ejectment suits against the settlers for years, was fired at yesterday, some forty bullets whistling around him, killing the horse under him and riddling his clothing without doing him any injury.

City and County Items.

They Come! They Come!—Jeal & Co.'s Celebrated Variety and Combination Circus and Menagerie will appear in Salem on Saturday, July 8th, with a large number of the first and best artists on the coast, who are well known, and need one of the many testimonials given without request, by all the leading papers throughout the country, they need no flaming posters, whereon the greatest portion of most traveling shows are exhausted, but by their superiority they prosper. We would call attention more especially to Mlle Lucy Jeal, who is the picture of grace, beauty and perfection, and one of the most daring and wonderful gymnasts now traveling; also Miss Linda Jeal, the premiere bareback equestrienne, equalled by none in her redundant grace and beauty and peerless riding. Her bold and vigorous style of executing the most difficult acts surpasses all other equestrienses. Mr. Ryland the well known horse tamer. Master Willie Emerson, Lowry Sisters, Mons. Curtis, the renowned man serpent. Dave Long, the Versatile Clown. Starr Brothers, La petite Eugenie and a large number of other actors and contortionists, which will appear nightly, assisted by four first-class clowns. Go and see them.

An electric battery was the center of attraction on our streets yesterday for a short time, but a rumor spread through the vast assemblage that the proprietors of the Overland Store in Union block, would be ready to serve their customers, as soon as they could get India lace shawls, embroidery, etc., piled out so as to be at a convenient distance for their clerks to dispose of. All at once a grand stampede was made for that place, and throughout the day and a good portion of the night they sold, or rather gave away half the contents of their store. As soon as the store could be cleared they commenced unpacking more goods for to-day. Be sure and get there in time or you may be crowded out.

Oregon in the East.—Mr. E. M. Waite, of this city, who has just returned from a visit to his old home in Massachusetts, says there is very general interest awakened in regard to Oregon throughout the old States, caused partly by the efforts made by our citizens, advertising the resources of the State, but chiefly by the prospect of the early completion of the U. P. R. R. and the favorable notice which that Company gives of Oregon in its advertisements of bonds. Such advertisements are of course very widely circulated.

We would invite the attention of our readers to the special notices of the Oregon Candy Factory, which place is speedily becoming one of the greatest resorts for the fashionable of our city. Mr. Holbert, the proprietor, is an energetic business man, as will be seen by the new soda fountain which he has just received and which will be in use to day at Marion Square and in the evening at the Skating Rink, together with ice cream, candies, etc. The fountain and ice cream stand will be a permanent thing hereafter at the Rink.

Masquerade Skating.—A new order of things will be made at the skating rink this evening, which will be one of the greatest attractions in our city to-night. It having never been made use of here before, that is a masquerade skating party, persons can enjoy themselves whether masqued or not. The Webfoot Band will be an additional attraction if their services can possibly be obtained by the proprietor, who says he intends that everybody shall enjoy themselves that visits his rink.

Almost a Fire.—A circumstance occurred in South Salem a few days since, which would have been of a serious nature had not Mr. Bash happened in and extinguished it. A little child of Dr. McCauley was playing in the room, and seeing a piece of paper on the floor set fire to it, and would have burned the entire building had not that gentleman dropped in and saved a general conflagration.

At the election yesterday of Chief Engineer and Assistant, of the Salem Fire Department, Mr. J. G. Wright, Chief, and Mr. A. J. Brown, Assistant, were the victorious persons. The following is the number of votes received by each candidate: For Chief Engineer, J. G. Wright, 57; S. R. Hammer, 12. For Assistant Chief, A. J. Brown, 48; J. N. Matheny, 19; Artemus B. Moores, 2.

Small Business.—While Mr. H. Keizur was attending camp meeting, last Sunday, some meddlesome person while prowling around his farm, dropped upon a pen containing five young pigs, and managed by gentle persuasion, to induce the finest one of the lot to flee with him to parts unknown. The injured man thinks Shults is the only person that would be likely to take one and leave four behind.

A CARD.

We the undersigned physicians in attendance upon S. A. Clarke, editor of the Salem Statesman, hereby state for the benefit of those interested that he is still suffering from the effects of his injury, and the physical and nervous prostration is so great that a complete cessation is necessary for his recovery. Further explanation is not proper until the result of the change recommended and attendant treatment becomes evident.

A. M. Belt,
D. Payton,
E. R. Fiske.

A CAAD.

Hall of Russell Post, No. 3, G. A. R.
Salem, June 28th 1871.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Post are due to the firm of Stratton & Waller for a valuable present of a Bible, for the use of our Post.

I certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original. Geo. Williams, Post Adjutant.

Young gentlemen who wish to succeed in the art of making courtship easy, need not send their money east to some impositor, but just step into the store of W. Weatherford & Co. and purchase some of his sweet smell perfumery. Read his advertisement in another column.

A lively game of foot-ball was going on last evenin on Commercial street, but evening's shades closed the game and gave room for bombs and fire-crackers.

Lost.—A white sandal wood fan, having the names of two young gentlemen written on the leaves, together with the sketches of a camp meeting journey. The finder will receive the thanks of the fair young loser by leaving it at this office.

There were eight hundred and fifty arrivals at the Chemeketa House during the month of June. This doesn't look as though it was twenty years ahead of the times, as has so often been said by citizens of this place and other towns in the valley. does it?

Going Rates.—By late decision of the Circuit Court, please take notice that a precedent is established to regulate the price of shooting at the editor of the Statesman. The latest quotations are fifty dollars a shot.

Firemen Take Notice.—All members of Salem Fire Department are requested to be promptly on hand at Capital Engine Co.'s Engine House at 9½ o'clock this morning, whence they will march in procession to the depot to receive Multnomah Steam Fire Co., No. 2 from Portland.

Hon. Geo. P. Holman, Agent of the Pioneer Oil Company of Salem, on his recent visit to San Francisco, made arrangements for the sale of 65,000 gallons of oil per annum.

Messages in Western Union Telegraph Office, Salem, for J. H. Spears and Philip Earl. Office hours to-day, from 9 to 11 a. m. and 6 8 p. m.

Died.—At Dixie, Polk county, July 3d, Eugenie Caroline, infant daughter of J. W. and Pauline Nesmith. Funeral at the residence at 9 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday.

Married.—In Waldo Hills, June 28th, at the residence of C. R. Briggs, by Rev. J. P. Veatch, Mr. Andrew Henline and Miss Mary Wallace, all of Marion county.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Paris, June 30.—Approximate results in thirty-four Departments exclusive of the Seine give 56 Republicans and 12 Conservatives.

Paris, July 2, (Midnight).—Elections passed off without disturbance. Little excitement is apparent throughout the day. The city is perfectly calm to-night. No idea of results can be formed until morning.

Florence, July 2.—Prince Humbert passed through the city to-day on his way to meet the King in Rome. Several Senators, Deputies and Mayors in the principal cities of Northern Italy have also gone to Rome to be present at the reception of the King, who will arrive there from Naples.

Havre, July 2.—There is every indication that the Radical Republican candidates, Gambetta and Lerrisne, have carried the election here.

Paris, July 2.—Placards appear in all public places this morning, proposing candidature of Gambetta for the Assembly, on a platform of continuance of the Republic, with Thiers and Gambetta as its leaders.

The *Journal Des Debates* says the people do not seem to rejoice in the success of the loan, which they regard only as a deposit for the Germans.

By order of the War Department the army of Gen. Vinoy is dissolved. The army of Versailles is divided into six corps.

Orders have been issued from German headquarters forbidding officers of the army of occupation from entering Paris.

Bordeaux, June 30.—Four Republicans are elected, receiving 60,000 votes. The Imperialists received 18,000 and the Royalists 19,000.

EASTERN NEWS.

Hudson, N. Y., July 2.—The excitement at the cathedral in this city has increased to-day. This morning, members of the parish to the number of three hundred gathered around the church entrance. Father O'Sullivan, accompanied by Father Moriety, made their appearance to celebrate mass, when they were denied admittance and threatened with violence if they attempted to enter.

New York, July 3.—A Washington special states that the President, on Saturday, telegraphed to the Attorney General to make out papers for the pardon of C. C. Bowen and forward them to Long Branch at once.

New York, July 2.—Panama letters of the 20th June state that the survey of Napipi river route for the Darien ship canal is satisfactory, the route having been demonstrated practicable, and that commander Selfridge was at Panama awaiting the return of the surveying party, which had ascended the Alterato river.

Three hundred Mormons, just from Europe, left for Salt Lake Friday night, in charge of Brigham Young's son, and three hundred are at the Quarantine.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, July 3.—Flour—Market still dull and nominal, superfine $6 37@6 50; extra in sks $7 12@7 25.

Wheat—No transactions. New, $2 25@2 35, and old, $2 35@2 45. Round purchase of new crop in the country, at $2, on the spot.

Barley—1,100 sks coast, $1 90; 500 sks Bay, brewing, $1 95; 500 sks good feed, $1 95; 400 sks choice, $1 95; 800 sks fair, $1 90; 400 sks, $1 92½; 500 sks new, to arrive, $1 80.

Oats—500 sks good, $2. Market firm, $1 80@2.

Early this morning a stabbing affray took place at the corner of Commercial and Kearney streets. It originated in a drunken row, in which one Hughes was fatally cut. He is now in a dying condition. His assailant, Lawrence McLaughlin, was arrested.

It is rumored that the Elliott vs. Ben. Holladay suit, involving the title to the Oregon Railroad (some seven millions at issue) has been settled.

During the passage of the Papal procession vitrol was thrown from a balcony on Montgomery street upon the people passing below. The police believing that the attempt had been made to throw it upon some prominent party in the procession, investigated the matter to-day, and arrested John Hay, but says he was merely fooling with it, when it fell from his hands accidentally. The matter has caused some feeling, and a charge has been made out against him.

Thomas Johnson was arrested this morning on charge of assault to commit murder. Geo. W. Brooks, who drove the hotel carriage which ran over and killed Charles Hurd Saturday night, has been arrested on a charge of manslaughter.

This afternoon Judge McKinstry assaulted Charles De Young, of the *Chronicle*, with a cane, on Clay street, for scurrilous allusions to his wife in the serial gossip of yesterday's paper. Parties interfered before he had inflicted any serious injury.

The sea lioness and whelp for seal and sea dog captured for Barnum, left on the steamer for New York to-day. The agent of a Chicago museum offered $2,000 for a half interest in them last week.

FROM NEVADA.

Virginia, July 2.—The Sutro Tunnel Commissioners, who arrived here last week, are busily engaged in their investigations. They took a trip to the tunnel to-day and are highly pleased with the country, and are impressed with the magnitude of our mining interests. Their stay will probably be prolonged two months.

Special Notice.—The General Committee of Arrangements (4th of July celebration) will meet at the Chemeketa House at 9 o'clock this morning.

R. P. Earhart, Chairman.

A Cincinnati man is searching for a clerk who once in a while forgets to inquire of every customer, "Anything else?" He insists that the vile and insulting phrase is equivalent to, "Are you sure you have got all you wanted? Think now; haven't you forgotten something you came for?"

The Amherst Agricultural College is cosmopolitan in its reach. Gen. Parker, Indian Commissioner, wants to send young Mr. Ah Peet-Cha, a Dakota Indian boy, to be educated there at the expense of the Government, and a recruit from Turkey is also promised. The Japanese are already there.

The Celebration in Salem.

The Fourth was duly remembered at the Capital. The morning was cool and a little cloudy; although the clouds disappeared during the day, yet there was enough breeze stiring all day to make the weather pleasant and well suited to the occasion. A National salute was fired at sunrise, and as the morning advanced the stars and stripes made their appearance in various parts of the city. A comfortable arbor had been prepared in Marion Square with seats for two or three thousand persons. The people came in from all directions and in all sorts of conveyances, until towards noon, when probably seven thousand persons were at the Square and on the streets.

PORTLAND FIRE DEPARTMENT.

At 10:25 a. m. the Portland train arrived with the Chief Engineer of the Portland Fire Department, Robert Holman, Wm. Sanders, Foreman of Willamette Engine Co., No. 1, James Gallagher, Foreman of Protector Engine Co., No. 4, B. Meyer, Foreman of Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co., No. 1, and 28 members of Multnomah Engine Co., No. 2, S. G. Skidmore, Foreman, John Nation, 1st Assistant, and Ben. Norton, 2nd Assistant. This Company had with it its fine steam fire engine. They were warmly received by the Salem Fire Department, Chief Engineer J. G. Wright giving them the following words of welcome:

"Gentlemen:—It gives me great pleasure, on behalf of the Fire Department of Salem, to welcome you to our city, and extend to you its freedom and its hospitality.

We congratulate you as being the first who have introduced into our city a steam fire engine, and we trust it may be auspicious of a similar improvement in our department. Welcome, gentlemen, to our city. Doubly welcome on this memorable occasion, when around the peaceful altars of our country we can unite in celebrating the anniversary of our Independence.

Chief Engineer Holman, on behalf of the Portland Fire Department, returned thanks for the fraternal feeling manifested by the Salem Firemen.

THE AURORA BAND AND THE PROCESSION.

The Aurora band, with twenty-one pieces, Fred. Keil, leader, also arrived by the train. A procession was then formed at the Court House square, according to the programme heretofore published, and under direction of Marshal Murphy and his aids, the line marched down State and Commercial streets to Marion Square. A noticeable feature of the procession was a carriage containg two old veterans of the war of 1812—Capt. N. L. English and Thomas Davis. The latter was at New Orleans in the thickest of the fight, then twenty-one years of age.

Thirty-seven girls dressed in white and bearing banners representing the various States and Territories, presented a very pleasing appearance.

AT THE SQUARE—THE ORATION.

At the Square the Salem Musical Union sang, "God made all nature free," and after prayer by the Chaplain and the brass bands, Hon. B. F. Bonham was introduced and read the Declaration of Indepedence. The Musical Union sang an appropriate air, after which Hon. R. P. Boise,