Oregon Weekly Statesman.

SATURDAY.

## Cutting up the Carcass.

For years past, Democracy has cast longing eyes at the State Treasury and wished it could transfer the contents to its own control. The time has come when they hold the keys, and while we wish to make no unfair comments upon their action in all necessary matter, and intend to uphold all honest dealing on the part of our political opponents, we shall freely use our privilege to expose attempts to fatten on the treasury at the expense of the people. There are a number of schemes on foot which can only be considered as raids on the treasury, and foremost among these we call attention to the bill which passed the Senate Thursday for the creation of the office of assistant Treasurer. The duties of that officer are not arduous, and if sufficiently paid and competent for the position he needs no assistant. At $800 per annum he is not well paid, so we would be willing to make his fees equal to other State officers, but see no justice in permitting them to exceed them. The bill looks to us like a direct piratical attack on the pockets of the people, as it provides that the Treasurer shall receive fees to wit: for receiving moneys one half of one per cent; for disbursing moneys one per cent. To realize the extent of these fees let us premise that if the bill immediately becomes a law, the treasurer will receive one per cent. for disbursing the quarter of a million of dollars now on hand, and as the receipts and disbursements for the next two years, allowing for a moderate increase of revenue, will be not less than $350,000, he will receive one and a half per cent for taking in and paying out that sum. His income then, for the next two years, may be figured up as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Two years' salary | $1600 |
| Disbursing the $250,000 now on hand | 2500 |
| Receiving $350,000 of State revenue in the next two years | 4750 |
| Disbursing the same | 3500 |
| Total | $9350 |

Divide this sum by two and he will receive the modest sum of $4,675 per annum, salary and fees, and still have all the chance to speculate on the State funds of which Democratic politicians have had so much to say during the last two years. This taken for a starter is an astonishing indication of what we may expect from democratic economy. They haven't had a hold of the teat for ten years past, and may be excused for taking hold right sharply, but for heaven's sake we beg them not to bite it clear off. A butcher flourishing his knife preparatory to cutting up a carcass would answer as an appropriate emblem for the ruling democracy of Oregon.

## Legislative Assembly of Oregon.

Sixth Regular Session.

SENATE.

FORENOON SESSION.

Monday, Oct. 7.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Hendershott presented a petition from the citizens of Union county asking the State to purchase their toll roads.

On motion of Mr. Trevitt, the Secretary of State administered the oath to Mr. Newry.

Mr. Brown, of Baker, presented a petition relating to the roads of that county.

Mr. Fay presented a petition from the citizens of Tillamook county, praying to be annexed to Yamhill county.

Mr Stout presented a petition from J. C. Galbeth in reference to a land claim.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mosher from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back S. B. No. 25 and 30, with recommendations that they be adopted. Both were referred to the Committee on Public Buildings.

Mr. Stout, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back S. B. No. 40, creating the office of Circuit Court Reporter, with a recommendation to adopt it.

Mr. Burch, from the Committee on Corporations, reported S. B. No. 37, to incorporate certain religious societies.

Mr. Strahan, from a Select Committee, reported S. B. No. 41, to permanently locate the Agricultural College, without recommendations.

PROPOSITIONS.

Mr. Strahan, presented S. J. M. N. 3, to remove the Indians from the Siletz and Alsea Reservations to the Klamath Reservations.

Mr. Hendershott moved a reconsideration of S. B. No. 29, reported a few days since.

Mr. Trevitt introduced S. B. No. 40, relating to the collection of taxes.

Mr. Brown of Baker introduced a bill, authorizing the State Treasurer to loan Baker City Academy $10,000.

Mr. Mosher presented a bill for the taxing of certain property.

Mr. Stout presented a bill, prescribing the times and places for holding the Supreme Court, and providing for the just compensation of a grand jury.

Mr. Hendershott presented a bill to amend the general laws relating to roads and highways.

SECOND READING OF BILLS.

Bill to equalize taxes. On motion of Mr. Stout, the bill was read by title, and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

A bill to enlarge the corporate limits of Corvallis, was ordered to be read a third time to-morow.

A bill to incorporate Oregon City, was ordered engrossed, and to be read third time to-morrow.

A motion to amend the bill relating to permanently locating the Agricultural College, by inserting the word "temporary," was lost.

A bill appointing a Circuit Court Reporter, was ordered engrossed, and to be read a third time to-morrow.

A bill to increase the salary of the Governor's Private Secretary, was also ordered engrossed, as well as a bill to incorporate certain religious societies.

H. B. No. 51, expending the State moneys for specific purpose, was made a special order for 3 p. m.

SECOND READING OF BILLS.

H. Bills No. 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 22, were referred to the appropriate committees.

Senate adjourned.

SENATE.

ENGROSSED BILLS.

S. B. No. 9, relating to the providing of a uniform system of education in the State, was amended.

The State went into the Committee of the Whole, to consider the House General Appropriation bill, but before taking definite action thereon, on motion of Mr. Stout, the Committee arose and referred the bill to the Committee on Ways and Means for investigation.

S. B. No. 9, relating to school, was, on motion of Mr. Trevitt, laid on the table.

S. B. No. 21, to construct the Jacksonville Wagon Road, passed by yeas, 14; nays, 5.

On motion of Mr. Cochran the Senate adjourned.

### CITY AND COUNTY.

CHAMPION.—Johnny Kearney desires us to state that while people talk of jig dancing, they should remember that he has been the champion dancer of Oregon for six years and is ready to accept a challenge from any white man on the Pacific Coast.

MINSTRELS.—We learn from Mr. C. Eagleman, late manager of the California Company, that since the loss to that troupe of Mr. and Mrs. Beatty and May Waite, who have joined the Bird Company, the remainder of the old troupe are making up a minstrel Company to give daily preformances at the Fair Ground next week.

MORE DRUGS.—It is not a nice thing to be sick, nor do we generally take our physic with much relish, but still it is a satisfaction to know that there is plenty on hand, if we should need it. This fact Weatherford & Co. realize, and keep up their stock. They have just been receiving a large addition to their drugs, paints, perfumery, etc.

OYSTERS.—A wagon load of oysters was brought to town overland from Yaquina Bay, by a settler in that vicinity. He also had a stuffed panther skin, as the boy said, "as large as life and twice as natural." We see no reason why oysters cannot be brought from Yaquina to Salem, and compete with Shoalwater Bay. It certainly can be done when the railroad reaches Corvallis.

OPERA HOUSE.—Bourcicault's sensational play, "The Streets of New York," was well represented last night, all parts acquitting themselves with credit. The scenic effects are magnificent, to which the ready control of the gas lights, and the deception representation of shade and brightness add an interest that can be attained in no other way. To-night the charming actress and lady, Mrs. L. H. Beatty, receives a complimentary benefit.

"UNDER THE GASLIGHT."—The Oro Fino had the largest audience we have seen this season, to witness the performance of this thrilling sensation. One peculiarity of the piece is, that it affords but little room for artistic display, incident and scenic effect being depended upon to keep up the interest, and another is, that the sensation never seems to wear out. Those who have seen the play the oftenest, seem to feel the keenest in the fate of the characters; at the "Pier Scene," and when the train passes, every one becomes excited, and the cheer that invariably follows, is not so much applause of the actor as of the scene, and a feeling of relief at the escape of Snorkey. The effects were all excellent, and we noticed one improvement in Mr. Bates' Snorkey, in his making a resistance to Bykes, which accords much better with the feelings of the audience than his being overcome by surprise. This afternoon they give a matinee performance, and this evening the celebrated Frou-Frou, which has never been seen in Salem.

A COMMOTION.—Our usually quiet town enjoyed a sensation yesterday over the appearance of a little squib printed on strips of paper, and found about town yesterday morning, folded in the little advertising sheet called the *Visitor*. The object of which seems to be rather a poor joke either on the *Mercury* or his Excellency Governor Grover. Mr. Brown denied any knowledge of how it came in his paper. Each printing office has denied the origin of the little joker, and it has been said by close observers that the type resembled that of the STATESMAN; the construction of the article, that of the *Mercury*; and the typography, that of the *Visitor*. The main object of this notice is to deny emphatically any knowledge of, or connection with the publication of the squib on the part of the Editors or the compositors of the STATESMAN office. If it was struck off in this office, as certain would-be rivals assert, it was done by some one after the night's work was over. But we are not disposed to say that such is the case. It may all be a harmless joke which no one concerned will care about for ten minutes, and it may be a cunning scheme to get up mischief, but we do not propose to adopt either theory, simply because we don't know, and further, because we don't care.

## GENERAL NEWS.

GOOD TEMPLARS.

C. Beal, Esq., furnishes the *Bulletin* the following items in regard to the Order in this State:

The Order is in a very prosperous condition; there are now in the State about seventy-five Lodges, all of which are in a flourishing condition; the gain in members during the past year, ranges from 1,200 to 1,500; the entire membership is about 3,500. At the coming Grand Lodge it is the intention of the Grand Worthy Chief Templar to strongly recommend placing in the field several active speakers, whose duty will be to travel over the State, lecture on the subject of temperance, and organize Lodges; he will also suggest the necessity of establishing an institution of learning and a permanent paper as an organ of the Order. Oregon Lodge No. 3 I. O. O. F., Oregon City, have tendered their hall to the Grand Lodge of I. O. G. T. for Oregon, which meet at Oregon City on the 18th, and the membership of Wallamet Lodge No. 15, I. O. G. T., are making every preparation possible for the entertainment of visitors. The Oregon and California Railroad Company have fixed the following rates of fare for the round trip. East Portland to Oregon City and back, $1 00; Milwaukie, 50 cents; Rock Island, 75 cents; Canby, $1 25; Aurora, $1 50; Wacouda, $2 50; Salem, $3 50. The reduction on the river by the P. T. Co. is as follows: Corvallis to Oregon City and back, $4; Albany, $3 50; Buena Vista, $3; Salem, $2 50; Dayton, $2; Champoeg, $50 cents; Portland, $50 cents; and other points in proportion.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Olympia, Oct. 6th.—A fire broke out last evening at about half-past eight o'clock in the building occupied by Mrs. Waldron as a restaurant, on the corner of Main and Fret streets, resulting in the total destruction of the building and contents, and the building adjoining, occupied as a lodging house by the same party. The Fire Company was promptly on the ground, but so rapid was the progress of the flames, and so inadequate the supply of water, that their efforts were unavailing except to save the adjoining buildings. The fire originated in a woodshed adjoining the restaurant, and is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The buildings belonged to George A. Barnes, whose loss will not fall short of $4,000. Mrs. Waldron loses about $1,500 in the destruction of furniture and a sum of money in her room at the time of the conflagration. No insurance on either buildings or effects.

The English sparrow is worthy of all commendation for the destructive war it has waged against the worms and catapillars of this city for three years; but no laudation commensurate with its deserts can be meted out to it for what it has done and is now doing by relieving groaning, nocturnal humanity from the mosquitoes which, no sooner have they escaped from the stagnant pools of New Jersey and found their way to New York, fall a prey to the voracious little birds. Boston thinks of getting some.—*New York Herald.*

## SUNDAY.

### The Yamhill Case.

The Yamhill case deserves more than a passing notice at our hands because it illustrates so thoroughly the Democratic way of doing things. The committee in the Senate went through all the evidence in the case and then agreed upon a rule of conduct, that votes imported for electioneering purposes should be rejected, and in cases where a man came into the county the legal length of time before the election and for a bona fide purpose his vote should be counted. The examination commenced on the Newby side and the rule was strictly followed so that of seven men from Yamhill county who voted for Newby only four who had declared that they went to Yamhill to help carry the election were rejected, though the other three left immediately after election. Now, it has been asserted by Democrats in Yamhill that they imported 104 votes last June, and of this large number only a few were rejected by the committee, no man being rejected unless positive proof was brought that he came there to vote. Yet when it came to examining the votes cast for Dr. Watts they forgot all about the rule. The fact that a man worked for Hart, on the McMinnville ditch, was ground for his rejection if he voted the Republican ticket, though no objection was made to Hart on the ground that he employed several Democrats. A man named Masters, an old resident who was in Oregon when he voted, but voted in accordance with his previously expressed institutions and actually voted for several Democrats, was counted out because he was drunk, which is not in accordance with law. They threw out the vote of a man who had resided in the county over a year, and they counted the votes of a number who were challenged and did not swear in their votes and are said not to be naturalized. They were there to make a case and they made one and turned out Dr. Watts just because they had the votes to do it with.

In the House the proceedings were an exact copy of this; both bodies acting with such uniformity as to indicate a pre concerted movement. Townsend and Newby were declared members of the Legislature, in direct contravention of the expressed wishes of the citizens of their county.

To have ousted the lawful Representatives is bad enough; to put in their places men who have never been elected is an outrage, and when to this you add the fact that the man thus *forced* upon the people of Yamhill county have been expressly rejected by those people, the crime becomes enormous. Keenly sarcastic was the motion of Mr. Hare, about the close of the farce in the House, on Friday. A resolution had been offered declaring Mr. Townsend entitled to a seat in that body, he having received a majority of the legal votes cast by his constituents. Mr. Hare moved to amend so as to read, "a majority of the legal votes cast by this Legislature." Such was indeed the only majority they ever received.

Now the facts are, that Yamhill is *bona fide* and certainly Republican by about fifty majority, and knowing this fact the Democrats commenced a most stupendous system of fraud by the importation of votes to override the will of the people. They imported over a hundred votes, at least twice as many as were brought in by the Republicans to counteract them, so that they reduced the fair Republican majority to a mere handful, and what the villany of the pot-house politicians could not acomplish has been secured by the act of this Democratic Legislature. Judge Boise went over the whole contest and examined the whole question on the occasion of the contest on the County Judge. After a careful examination of the case he increased the Republican majority, and by his decision the sitting members would have gained several votes. There is no use in arguing the case further, but we wish it distinctly understood that the firm and reliable county of Yamhill has been worse than disfranchised by this Legislature. It was one of the most damnable crimes ever attempted in Oregon, for Democracy to undertake to overthrow the Republican party and the popular will of Yamhill county. It was a game they had introduced and practiced for years past, and the people should hold them responsible for it through all coming time. Let us, by all means, have laws to protect the rights of the people at the polls.

Let us provide that election frauds shall be severely punished, and let us see that these laws, when enacted, are strictly enforced.

## Legislative Assembly of Oregon.

Sixth Regular Session.

SENATE.

MORNING SESSION.

Saturday, Oct. 8.

The Senate met at the usual hour, the President in the Chair.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Baldwin reported S. J. M. No. 1, properly enrolled.

Lieuallen, from a Select Committee, reported H. B. No. 1, with recommendation that it be adopted.

SECOND READING OF BILLS.

S. B. No. 55, a bill regulating elections and filling vacancies in office, was on motion of Mr. Brown, of Marion, read by title.

On motion of Mr. Cochran it was referred to the Committee on Elections.

S. B. No. 50, authorizing the State Treasurer to loan Baker City Academy $10,000, was, on motion of Mr. Brown, of Baker, ordered engrossed.

S. B. No. 52, prescribing the times and place of holding the Supreme Court, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

S. B. No. 53, relating to roads and Highways, was referred to the appropriate committee.

ENGROSSED BILLS.

S. B. No. 30, to increase the pay of the Governor's Private Secretary, passed by yeas, 12; noes, 5.

S. B. No. 37, to incorporate certain religious societies, passed by yeas, 17; noes, 1.

S. B. No. 40, creating the office of Circuit Reporter, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

S. B. No. 9 was taken from the table for final action, but failed to pass.

S. B. No. 33, to amend sec. 33, chap. 15, of the General Laws passed, yeas, 18; nays none.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Brown of Baker gave notice that he would amend Senate Rule, No. 4.

Ballwin introduced S. B. No. 54, to tax foreign Insurance Companies and Express Corporations.

Strahan introduced S. B. No. 55, to provide for certain contingent expenses of the Legislative Assembly. The bill was read twice and then referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Senate adjourned until 10 a. m., Monday.

HOUSE.

Salem, Oct. 8, 1870.

The House was called to order at 9 o'clock by the Speaker. The usual prayer was omitted.

The reading of the journal was postponed until 12 o'clock, p. m.

PETITIONS—UMPQUA RIVER.

Mr. Hare presented a petition from citizens of Washington county asking an amendment to the law relative to draining lands.

Mr. Lockhart presented a petition from citizens of Coos county asking the passage of a law to create the office of Log Surveyor.

Mr. Olney presented a petition from the citizens of Clatsop county asking the incorporation of the town of Clatsop.

Mr. Hutchinson offered a joint resolution asking Congress for an appropriation of $75,000 to open the Umpqua river for navigation to Roseburg. The resolution was adopted.

REPUDIATION—COMMON SCHOOLS.

Mr. Amis offered a joint resolution declaring illegal the acts of the Legislature of 1864-5 granting bounties to the Oregon volunteers, and providing for submitting to the voters of Oregon a proposition to repudiate the balance of $106,000 of the indebtedness created by the acts referred to which remains unpaid. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Lockhart introduced a bill to organize a system of Common Schools. It separates the office of Superintendent of Public Schools from the office of Governor, and provides for the election of the Superintendent biennially by the Legislative Assembly. He is to keep his office at Salem and to have authority to employ an assistant and clerk. The salaries are left blank. The Governor, Secretary of State, and Superintendent of Public Institution are to constitute a Board of Education. The bill is similar to H. B. No 36, amending sec. 8, of chap. 8, of the General Laws referred to Judiciary Committee.

H. B. No. 43, amending the School Law, was referred to Committee on Education.

H. B. No. 31, to protect stock growers, was referred to Judiciary Committee.

H. B. No. 20, reducing legal interest to 8 per cent., and interest allowable on contracts to 10 per cent., was read the second time and led to a considerable discussion. The bill with proposed amendments was laid on the table.

H. B. N. 29, an act for the relief of Josephine county, was referred to the Committee on Claims.

H. B. No. 28, to protect incorporated towns and villages, was read, and pending its consideration the House adjourned.

HOUSE.

AFTERNOON.

Burnett introduced H. B. No. 64, to organize and create the Courts of Klamath. Read and ordered printed.

Olney introduced H. B. No. 66, to re-apportion the representation of Tillamook and Yamhill counties, which was read first time.

Hutchinson introduced H. B. No. 66, to change the time of taking assessments, was read first time, the rules suspended, and the bill read second time. Referred to Committee on Counties and ordered printed.

Porter obtained leave of absence till Monday.

Drain introduced H. B. No. 35, requesting the Commissioners of School Lands to report to the House. Adopted.

Caldwell introduced H. J. R. No. 23, to provide for the appointment of a Joint Committee to investigate the books of the Secretary of State, and the State Treasurer, and to enquire if the State funds have been loaned, and at what rate of interest, and to enquire into the condition of bonds which have cancelled. Adopted.

H. B. No. 53, regulating fees of Columbia bar pilots, was read second time and referred to Judiciary Committee.

H. B No. 52, to aid in the construction of a wagon road from Tillamook Bay to the Willamett valley, was read the second time and referred to Committee on Public Highways.

H. B. 2. Donating certain lands to the Coos Bay Wagon Road Company was read the 2d time and discussed by Messrs. Whalley, Drain, Olney and others and finally ordered engrossed.

H. B. 50, amending the law relating to oysters and salmon fisheries was read and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

H. B. 40, relating to Poll tax was read and ordered to engrossment.

WATER RIGHTS.

Mr. McCoy from a special committee to whom was referred the bill in relation to water right reported amendments thereto, which were discussed and adopted, and the bill was ordered printed.

At 12 m. the House adjourned.

## GENERAL NEWS.

LINN COUNTY.

From the *Register*: The M. E. Church of Albany have made arrangements to have their pastor, Mr. Todd, preach in town every Sunday, instead of each alternate Sunday as heretofore.

Albanians are after the depot at that place, much rivalry existing between the contestants.

At a recent fire in the prairie, a few miles south of the city, on the Sabbath, the ladies turned out en mass and aided largely in extinguishing the fire. The fire caught in the grass from a straw pile.

An attempt is being made to secure a weekly mail between Albany and Lebanon. The needs of the large communities to be served by such mail demands the early attention of the postal department.

Grouse and pheasants are to be found in large quantities a short distance from the city. Quite a little flock came into the city and lit on the *Register* office sign, Friday morning.

Mr. J. B. Smith, a resident of Sandridge, who so suddenly disappeared, after receiving $200 of Mr. E. Cartwright, one day last week, and who it was feared had been foully dealt with, has been heard from. When last seen, he was between this city and Portland, looking for a new home.

CIO.

From the *News*: The people of Scio and vicinity were to meet on Saturday for the purpose of considering the question of being set off from Linn county. A petition is in circulation asking the passage of a law to that effect, and several speakers were to address the meetings.

The City Hall is nearly completed. The city is improving the sidewalks.

Washington Thomas assaulted Mrs. Fick and got a trashing, for which he was fined twenty dollars and costs.

LANE COUNTY.

From the *Guard*: During the quarter ending Oct. 11th, there were filed for record 72; deeds and 28 mortages; in the same period ten marriage licenses were taken out.

One Davis was brought before Recorder Brown, on Wednesday last, charged with breaking into the dwelling of Henry Parsons, and abstracting therefrom sundry articles, among which were a calico gown, a bottle of pepper sauce and a blacking brush. The prisoner waived an examination, and in default of $500 bail, was committed to jail await the action of the grand jury. From the character of the articles taken, and his general demeanor, the prisoner was evidently partially insane.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

From the *Advocate*: The second annual session of the Oregon State Sunday School Convention, which was to meet in this city on Tuesday next, will be postponed until a further meeting of the committee can be held.

Rev. J. F. Devore writes that the people at Olympia are waking up to the subject of a high school. He thinks that if they can get some Oregonian to vote a sufficient amount of lumber to the city they will succeed. He is in favor of the school in any event.

Rev. I. D. Dillon, who has been on a trip south, is expected home before the next issue of that paper.

The minutes of the M. E. Conference will be ready for distribution early next week.

The quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church commences to-day in this city, continuing over to-morrow.

Rev. H. Caldwell, of the Michigan Conference, transferred by Bishop Clarke at the recent session of that body to the Oregon Conference, has arrived with his family, and entered upon his work on the Hillsboro charge, left by Bishop Ames to be supplied by him.

Prof. Lowell L. Rogers, recently elected to the Chair of Natural Science in the Willamette University, is now on his way to his new post. Prof. R. leaves an inviting field in New York, and brings with him a fine reputation, both as a teacher and preacher.

We learn from the Rector of St. Paul's (Episcopal) Parish, Oregon City, that the Rectory is now free from debt. The last payment was made this week. The faithful Rector, Rev. J. W. Sellwood, must surely feel that a burden is thus lifted from his heart, and we rejoice with him over the happy termination of this important enterprise. Bishop Morris, who has generously aided in this work, congratulates Mr. Sellwood upon his success in getting the first Parsonage in the Diocese. We trust that it may prove of invaluable benefit to the Parish for many years to come. The next work in Oregon City will be the erection of a Parish School.

The *Sentinel* says that Rev. Father Weninger has been giving a mission at Roseburg, during the week with success. On to-morrow he will begin a mission at Corvallis, where the efficient young pastor, Rev. P. Gibney, has been anxiously awaiting him.

A Mass for the soul of David McLoughlin, who was accidentally killed some months since, near Canyon City, the *Sentinel* says will be celebrated at the Cathedral in this city, on next Thursday morning, at 6 o'clock.

### CITY AND COUNTY ITEMS.

FINED.—Three drunks were before the Recorder yesterday morning, and were mulcted in the usual fines.

FROU-FROU.—The Bates troupe performed this great sensation last night, in their usual style. The scenic effect was carefully presented all through the piece, and general satisfaction was the result. Lack of time forbids further notice for this morning.

ARRIVED.—The popular actress Mrs. F. M. Bates, arrived on the morning train yesterday, from Portland. She will commence an engagement at the Oro Fino Theater this week. Mrs. Bates has long been a popular favorite of Salem, and will be sure to meet with a hearty reception.

THE BIRDS.—Reversing the usual order this troupe opened last night with the farce "Rough Diamond" to a splendid audience. The piece was uproriously cheered all the way through. In the interlude every singer received applause, but an effort to hiss MissWest called forth a perfect roar of cheers. At the time of closing our forms Uncle Tom's Cabin was going off in a surprisingly complete manner.

HORSE FOUND.—As Mr. John Minto was returning from his farm day before yesterday he met a horse saddled and bridled and dragging a broken halter. He captured the animal and now has it in town. He thinks he recognizes it as one which one of the neighbors sold to a railroad hand a short time ago; if so the owner will probably be glad to hear of the whereabouts of his horse.

FROM YAQUINA.—A private letter from "the Bay," says: "The schooner will not be finished this fall. The last break down of the mill was the feather that broke the camel's back. She will be done, however, early next spring. .....Col. Williamson was here and located the lighthouse. It will be built on the north beach. Work commences early in the spring. Simpson has the contract to furnish lumber.....Harris, of Corvallis, talks of building another sawmill next season.

HUDSON.—Among the passengers by the steamer California, now due in Portland, is Leo Hudson, a celebrated actress who comes to Salem to play an engagement at the Opera House during Fair Week. She brings her famous trick horse, Black Bess, which is said to perform with remarkable sagacity. A runway will be erected round the dress circle, and in the play of Mazeppa, the mare runs at full speed, with her mistress lashed to her, taking bold leaps without the least hesitation, and making altogether the greatest sensation ever presented in Salem.

ACCIDENT.—George Truax, who has been employed for the past two weeks, at Witten & Moore's mill, in south Salem, met with a severe accident yesterday. He was running a lath saw, and while feeding a wet board, his hand slipped and came in contact with the circular saw. His left hand was very badly wounded, commencing at the fore finger, and cutting toward the wrist, until his thumb was only held on by the flesh above. Dr. Carpenter was called and dressed the wound, but did not take off the thumb itself. The sufferer seems unfortunate in this respect, having lost the thumb from his left hand by a threshing machine in Minnesota, four years ago.

THE HOTEL.—Nearly all the glass for the new hotel has arrived. Yesterday the glaziers commenced work, and a number of windows were put in. The plasterers are as busy as bees, and the week's work shows progress in finishing up inside. The sewer has been commenced, and a dozen men are employed on that. It is to be an immense drain, eight feet below the surface, and large enough for a man to walk through it. We are disappointed in not seeing part of this fine building ready for use this week, but console ourselves with the reflection that it will be ready for the next Fair, sure.

FOR SOMEBODY.—By special request we republish the following from the columns of the *Journal of the Telegraph*. If it suits the case of any one in Salem, they will no doubt take the hint:

Have compassion on the telegraphers—let up on them. Don't buttonhole and "buzz" them for the news on every corner. They don't have any too much time in which to eat their meals. Don't bore them by asking questions in the office about the war news. They don't know anything about it and don't expect to. Let the operators die a natural death. If you can't await till the papers are out for the details of the last battle between the Horsesteakers and the Limburghers, go over and enlist on one side or the other. Every word of military intelligence that passes through the telegraphers' hands belongs to the newspapers of the Associated Press, and they have no more authority to divulge it than the postmaster has to tell you the contents of a sealed letter. Let the telegraphers have peace.

## The New York Elections.

The canvass in the State of New York over the Gubernatorial election is very exciting. The Republican candidate, Gen. Woodford, has taken the stump, and boldly charges that the present Democratic Governor (and candidate for re-election), John T. Hoffman, was elected two years since because of a fraudulent vote and a fraudulent count; because thousands of naturalization papers were issued from courts without the semblance of judicial order; because organized gangs of repeaters, ruffians and bullies marched from poll to poll, depositing their illegal ballots, and that over and over again, with none to molest or make them afraid; because corrupt inspectors and canvassers in the cities of New York and Brooklyn falsely counted the ballots, that were thus unfairly thrown, and created fictitious majorities upon which his certificate of election was granted. These are not idle boasts made upon the eve of an important election, as Gov. Woodford is prepared to prove all his assertions to the present Governor face to face before the people, and Governor Hoffman had not at latest accounts signified his willingness to accept the challenge. The New York *Evening Post*, a conservative Republican journal, thus comments upon Woodford's serious charges: "This question has passed beyond partisanship. Of what avail is it to discuss any question of policy, the merits of tariffs, systems of taxation, canal policy, the justice and expediency of free trade, if in any event the people are not to decide the election? The purity of the ballot-box must be restored and maintained and preserved, or the days of the Republic are numbered." Both parties—or rather the honest and scrupulous majorities of both parties—are interested in having the purity of the ballot-box maintained inviolate, no matter which party remains in the ascendancy. Through the ballot-box the people express their will; it is the only way provided by law in which that will can be ascertained. Whoever tampers with the ballot-box attempts to defeat the will of the people, and should be visited with condign punishment. It is to be hoped that the people of New York will have an opportunity of having their will correctly recorded.

## Tobacco for the Wounded.

If there be one thing that has been more frequently stated than another, it is that the soldiers engaged in war, well or wounded, seek the solace of tobacco. The inhabitants of every nation manifest similar instincts, and one of the strongest is the desire to seek out some substance, the use of which may stimulate or soothe the nervous system. There is no deprivation which the habitual although not excessive smoker feels so much as the loss of tobacco; and soldiers of all nations, especially of the French and German nations, smoke it. It was a standing injunction of the First Napoleon that his troops should have tobacco, and they found it of the greatest advantage in the retreat from Moscow. We have been accustomed to look upon the Germans as fond of hard intellectual toil for its own sake, and men of abstraction and imagination, if we may judge from the prevalence of the practice of smoking among them, unquestionably appear to find aid in tobacco. But the manhood of Germany has risen like a giant refreshed to undergo any physical exertion and hardship that may be required; and this war has taxed the physical energies of the strongest. The soldier, wearied with long marches and uncertain rest, obtaining food how and when he can, with his nervous system always in a state of tension from the dangers and excitement he encounters, finds that his cigar or pipe enables him to sustain hunger or fatigue with comparative equanimity. Explain this as we may, this is physiologically true, and medical officers who would not be sorry to see the issue of a "spirit ration" discontinued, or compelled to allow that the moderate use of tobacco has slight anodyne and narcotic properties that enable the sufferer to sustain pain better during the day and to obtain sleep during the night.

NOTHING LIKE GRAMMAR.—Nothing like Grammar! Better go with out a cow than go without it. There are numberless "professors" who go "tramp, tramp, tramp, my boys!" around the country, peddling a weak article, by which "in twenty days" they guarantee to set a man thoroughly up in the English language. An instance in point comes from Greenville, Alabama, where a "professor" had labored with the youth of that people, and taught them to dote on grammar according to "Morris'" system. During one of the lectures the sentence, "Mary milks the cow," was given out to be parsed. Each word had been parsed saved one, which fell to Bob L——, a sixteen-year old, near the foot of the class, who commenced thus: "Cow is a noun, feminine gender, singular number, third person, and stands for Mary." "Stands for Mary!" said the excited professor. How do you make that out?" "Because," answered the noble pupil, "if the cow didn't stand for Mary, how could Mary milk her?"—*Harper's Magazine for October.*

A PUZZLE.—The Associated Press dispatches as they appear in the Portland papers, contain the following from San Francisco:

"Capt. John Hughes, of the tug Look-Out, who fell dead on board his vessel yesterday, died from anarchy of the hair. He is now fatally dead, and his recovery is doubtful, as the doctors in attendance have given up the case as hopeless. His funeral was largely attended."

Whether "anarchy of the hair" is usually dangerous we do not pretend to say, but we admire the discretion of the compiler in announcing the recovery of the man to be doubtful after he is "fatally dead," and do not wonder that "the Doctor has given up his case as hopeless," considering that "the funeral was largely attended."

The population of San Francisco, as shown by the census returns of that city, will not reach above 125,000, all told. Of this aggregate the Chinese number about 10,000. These figures, says the *Bulletin*, will surprise the community generally, as they fall far short of public expectation.

A Kansas lady on retiring to her room one night, found it literally filled with martens, which had flown in during her absence. Instead of harshly turning them out into the cold, the kind hearted lady captured nearly all of the little creatures, and had them served up next day in a pot pie.

WAR EAGLE CHOP HOUSE.

Old X Roads,

STATE STREET, SALEM, OGN.

Oysters, Game, Fish,

COOKED AT ALL HOURS

To Order.

Se 112:xx J. D. MAY.

W. L. WADE,

—AT THE—

NORTH SALEM STORE,

—RECEIVED HIS—

Fall Stock of Goods

By the Last Steamer.

Salem, Sept. 9, 1870. x

STO EWARE—

A large lot just received by

UZAFOVAGE & WRIGHT.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HERMAN & HIRSCH

General Dealers,

GRISWOLD'S BLOCK, SALE

Have received their

FALL STOCK OF GOODS

By the last teamer, and have an extensive assortment of

Dry Goods and Clothing

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries.

All Merchandise adopted to the

City and Country Trade

We are prepared to

DEAL ON LIBERAL TERMS,

As we always have done, and are determined to retain the

Extensive Trade

We have hitherto enjoyed, and to satisfy all others who may give us a call.

OUR MOTTO IS

Quick Sales & Small Profits.

Sept. 12, 1870. xx

CITY BOOT & SHOE STORE.

Grand Opening Out of Our

Fall Goods,

Boots & Shoes

To be Retailed at

Wholesale Figures.

We Have

Terrell's Boots.

Fine Calf,

Channel Nailed and Pegged;

Heavy Calf,

Double Sole and Top Sole,

Kip Top and Double Sole,

California work made expresly for us.

Hecht Bro's United Working-Men's California Co-operative,

Buckingham & Hecht's make of Boots, Shoes and Brogans

Ladies, Misses & Childrens fine Dress Balmorals.

Our Stock of Eastern Manufactured Goods is more complete than ever before; consisting of

Gentlemen's French Calf hand-Sewed

OXFORD TIES,

GAITERS AND PRINCE ALBERTS.

Ladie's & Misses

BALMORALS,

CONGRESS GAITERS,

WALKING SHOES.

Also, the finest assortment of

Slippers

Ever offered to the Public.

We also, call the attention of Manufacturer's of Boots and Shoes to our Stock of Leather and Findings.

French Calf and Kip of the Following Brands:

| | |
|---|---|
| F. Ozeau, | M. D. Lasker, |
| Soucni Corbet, | C. H. Bodfiur, |
| Jules Judot, | Louis Merlaut, |
| Keck, | Cornelian, |
| H. Martin, | M. McCann. |

Also, California and Oregon Sole-leather of the best quality. All of which are offered the trade on the most reasonable terms.

xlw GILBERT BRO'S.

J. L. ROYAL. F. A. SMITH.

ROYAL & SMITH,

PATTON'S BLOCK, STATE STREET,

Are Constantly Receiving

Boots & Shoes,

Which they offer at

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Boots & Shoes Made to Order.

All Work done in that Line

—ALSO—

SEWING MACHINES.

Machine Oils and Needles. Also Sewing Machines Repaired. sep12:x

Uzafovage & Wright,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

Confectionery,

CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES,

Crockery & Glassware

TOYS, NOTIONS,

Silver-Plated Ware,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Union Block, Commerl St., Salem.

Goods delivered to any part of the city Free of charge.

U. UZAFOVAGE. J. G. WRIGHT

E. L. CORNER.

Commercial Street Salem.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

FLOUR,

FEED ETC.

Keeps a full stock of Groceries constantly on hand.

ALSO

DEVOE'S OIL,

CLOTHES WRINGERS

SALT OF VARIOUS KINDS,

NAILS,

CORDAGE,

TABLE AAD POCKET CUTLERY,

And other articles too numerous to mention. All for sale cheap for cash or marketable produce.

A Choice Lot of

Tobacco & Cigars

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. sep12:xx

Bags and Bagging.

We have on hand and are receiving from Messrs. Gilroy Bros. & Co., Dundee, a constant supply of their superior goods:

Hand Sewed Burlap Wheat and Oat Sacks.

40 inch burlaps of various Weights

Will be sold at the lowest market rates by

x2m McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

This remedy time, but it pr of the worst c WILL PAY $51 "Coldin the are cured wit a discharge fr stopping up o the sense of s or weak, feel head, you ma tarrh. Thous half of the s sumption and common, mor physicians. I to any addres dy is now SOLD BY MO Price 50 cents. cipt of 60 cen lars. Beware IMITATIONS. T is a positive r the outside wr Stamp, issued expressly for portrait, name s. Certificate o and need not be travelers are ad Dr. Sage; I an has the knowled GRATITUDE Dr. Sag travel to sell thi uly 22:x3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

CATARRH REMEDY

does not simply RELIEVE for a short duces perfect and permanent cures cases of Chronic Nasal Catarrh, and I DO for a case that I cannot cram head" and Catarrhal Headache. h a few applications. If you have em the nose, offensive or otherwise, the nose at times, partial loss of dell, taste or hearing, eyes watering dull, have pain or pressure in the rest assured that you have Catarrh and ends annually, without manifesting ove symptoms, terminate in Consumption and in the grave. No disease is so deceptive, or less understood by will send my pamphlet on Catarrh, free. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is now

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of four packages for two dollars. COUNTERFEITS and WORTHLESS imitations are in the market. See that my PRIVATE STAMP, which GUARANTEES GENUINENESS, is upon the wrapper. Remember that this private stamp is only assumed by the United States Government, covering my medicines, has my name and address, and the words "U. S. Genuines" engraved upon it, and cannot be counterfeited by others, representing themselves as the only man now living that has the right to manufacture the Dr. Sage's