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Oregon Lodge, I. O. O. F. No. 9

Meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock P. M. in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Main street. Members of the Order are invited to attend.
By order of J. J. Cooke, N. G.

Multnomah Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Holds its regular communications on first and third Saturdays of each month at 7:30 P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.
A. E. DAVIS, W. M.,
I. ACKERMAN, Secretary.

Meade Post No. 2, G. A. R., Department of Oregon.

Meets first Wednesday of every month, at 7:30 P. M. at Odd Fellows' Hall, Oregon City.
Commander.

Falls City Lodge of A. O. U. W.

Meets every second and fourth Friday evening in Odd Fellows' building. All sojourning brethren cordially invited to attend.
JAS. WILKINSON, M. W.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Rev. O. W. Lathe, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School after morning service. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting of Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor every Sunday evening at 6:30 prompt.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. C. Read, Pastor. Morning Service at 11:00; Sunday School at 12:15; Evening Service 7:30; Regular Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Monthly Concert Meeting every Wednesday evening preceding the first Sunday in the month. A cordial invitation to all.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, CATHOLIC.—Rev. A. Hillebrand, Pastor. On Sunday mass at 9 and 10:30 A. M. German sermon first and third Sunday in each month at 8 o'clock mass, Sunday School at 2:30 P. M. Vespers and Benediction at 3:30 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S P. E. CHURCH.—Rev. J. M. Douglass, Rector. Services every Sunday at 11:00 and 7:30 o'clock and Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 10:00. St. Paul's Chapel, Gancmah: Service each alternate Sunday at 3:00 o'clock.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. John Parsons, Pastor. Morning service at 11; Sunday School at 12:15. Evening service at 7:30. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30. Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Strangers cordially invited.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. G. W. Gilmore, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 10 A. M. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening at 6:30. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7:30. Seats free. No collections taken.

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For sale, at $10 per acre, 160 acres of timber land; about 25 acres ash timber, 4½ miles from R. R. station, 2 miles from saw mill on Rock Creek; splendid land and timber; level; terms easy.
Ask McCOWN & SON.

BUY
YOUR GROCERIES
—OF—
O. E. A. Freytag,
WHO ALWAYS KEEPS
A Full Assortment.
Produce of all kinds, of the very best, bought and sold.
Butter and Eggs Wanted.
All goods delivered free.
OREGON CITY, . . OREGON

WHY NOT?
You are intending to purchase a
Piano or Organ;
THEN WHY NOT
BUY NOW,
—WHEN—
J. H. WAY,
The Live PIANO and ORGAN man will sell you an Instrument
VERY CHEAP.
PIANOS:
DECKER BROS.,
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MASON & HAMLIN,
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Sold for CASH or on the INSTALLMENT PLAN.
Address at Oregon City, Ore.

WOOD TURNING
—AND—
SCROLL SAWING.
Parties desiring Wood Turning, Patterns, Brackets, or
Shop Carpenter's Work
Will be Suited by Calling on Me.
Doors, Windows and Blinds
TO ORDER.
G. H. BESTOW,
Opp. the Congregational Church.

Spring and Summer,
1890.
NEW GOODS
ARRIVING DAILY.
We are Showing this week the Latest Novelties in Satines, Dress Goods and White Goods, also in Embroideries.
The Great Eastern
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Mayer & Ackerman, Props.

OSWEGO NURSERIES,
WALLING & JARISCH, Props.,
GROWERS AND DEALERS
—IN—
Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape Vines, Small Fruits, Etc.
Nursery four miles below Oregon City, on the Oswego road.
Catalogues mailed free on application,
Address all orders to
WALLING & JARISCH,
Oswego, Oregon.

T. H. HORN,
House and Sign Painters.
Paper Hanging a Specilty.
Painting done in all its branches.
Leave orders at the post-offic
Shop at the rear of the post-office.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the firm of Drs. Hickman & Roberds, Physician and Druggist, at Clackamas, Oregon, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. Dr. Roberds retiring. The business will be contined by Dr. Hickman, who will pay all debts against and collect all bills due them.
J. H. HICKMAN
S. L. ROBERDS.

BANK OF OREGON CITY
Paid up Capital $50,000.
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Deposits received subject to check.
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Tonsorial Parlors.
HAIR CUTING SHAMPOOING
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Sharp Razors & Clean Towels
Ladies' and childrens' haircutting a specialty.
Hot or cold baths at any time.
25 cts. BATHS 25 cts.
W. C. GREEN,
Opposite the Post Office.

Attention Farmers
If you are in need of a Harness, Saddle, Bridle, or Repairs, you can save money by calling on me. Fine Buggy Harnesses and Stock Saddles made to order. Whether you want to buy or not when in town call on me.
THE BLUE FRONT
Harness Shop,
Also Agent for the Celebrated
SINGER SEWING MACHINE.

LUMBER!
FOR FIRST CLASS LUMBER
CO TO
Geo. S. McCord's Mill
on Mt. Pleasant 2½ miles south of Oregon City.

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A. WALKER,
Painter, Kalsominer, and Decorator,
Is prepared to attend promptly to work entrused to him.
Patronage respectfully solicited.

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THE
Practical House Movers,
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The Commercial Bank,
OF OREGON CITY
CAPITAL $100,000.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
Loans made. Bills discounted. Makes collections. Buys and sells exchange on all points in the United States and Europe and on Hong Kong. Deposits received subject to check. Interest at usual rates allowed on time deposits.
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LIVESAY & SHUTE,
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DEALERS IN
FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN & CORN MEAL.
Agents for Clackamas and Oregon City for the Columbia Flour.
ALSO
Keep on hand Rustic Fooring, Ceiling and all kinds of Finishing Lumber, Dressed Fence Pickets of all sizes.
CHOICE Columbia Cedar Shingles.

Merchants Exchange.
Main Street, Oregon City Oregon.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE best brand of Liquors, Wines and Cigars in the City. Step in and try the new Billiard Table. Also Imported Milwaukee, Chicago and Boca Beer.
J. TREMBATH Proprietor

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republican party of Oregon in state convention assembled, proud of its record and past history, its devotion to the principles of human liberty and human rights, its great and imperishable names which lend lustre and glory to the American nation at home and among the nations of the earth, and as an assurance of its continued fidelity to the great principles for which it has contended in the past in state and national affairs, does hereby make and affirm the following declaration of its principles:

First—That we favor honest, efficient and economical administration of every department of government, both state and national.

Second—That we regard the free school system of our state as the special care and pride of the republican party, to be cherished as one of the bulwarks of the liberties of the people.

Third—That whereas the republican party has always contended for a pure electoral system, in pursuance of this policy we favor the adoption of the Australian ballot system [Applause], and we pledge the republican party to enact such a law at the next session of the legislature, substantially upon the line and of the character of the act as drafted by the Ballot Reform of Oregon. [Applause.]

Fourth—That the republicans of Oregon send greetings and congratulations to their brethren of Maine for having furnished Thomas B. Reed, an honest and courageous statesman, who as speaker of the house of representatives, has secured for the representatives of the people the right of the majority to govern, and we denounce the fiction by which democratic members of congress attempt to justify the technical defeat of the people and the majority of their own body by refusing to vote, though in fact present and in duty bound to do so. [Applause.]

PROTECTION VERSUS FREE TRADE.

Fifth—That we rejoice in the fact that in the last presidential election the American people voted to sustain and uphold the republican doctrine of protection which the democratic party proposed to destroy [applause], and we are in favor of the continuance of that system of protection which has developed the manufacturing and agricultural interests of our country and protected American laboring men from degrading competition with the pauperized and poverty stricken labor of the Old World [applause], and to this end we indorse the provisions of the bill known as the McKinly tariff bill now pending before congress, and on behalf of the wool growers and other industries of the Pacific Northwest we urge upon our representatives in congress to do all in their power to secure the early passage of said bill. [Applause.]

Sixth—That recognizing the fact that the United States is the greatest silver-producing country in the world, and that both gold and silver were equally the money of the constitution from the beginning of the republic until the hostile legislation against silver, which unduly contracted the circulating medium of the country, and recognizing that the great interests of the people demand more money for use in the channels of trade and commerce, therefore, we declare ourselves in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and denounce any attempt to discriminate against silver as unwise and unjust. [Applause.]

PENSIONS FOR THE VETERANS.

Seventh—That the gratitude of the nation to the defenders of the Union cannot be measured by laws. That the legislation of congress should conform to the pledges made by a loyal people, and be so enlarged and extended as to provide against the possibility that any man who honorably wore the Federal uniform shall become an inmate of an almshouse or dependent upon private charity. [Applause.]

Eighth—That we are in favor of a fair and equal distribution of taxation, and we believe that all property not now exempt by law should contribute its due proportion in payment of the legitimate expenses of the government. That we are in favor of the adoption of such amendment to our assessment laws as will secure the equal and just assessment and taxation of all property at its true value.

Ninth—That we demand the immediate forfeiture by congress of the land grant of the Northern Pacific railroad from Wallula to Portland.

Tenth—That we are heartily in favor of the passage through congress of the bill providing for a ship railway at the dalles of the Columbia river, which has been passed in the senate by the efforts of Senators Mitchel and Dolph; that we believe it to be the most practicable plan for the relief of the producers and for the development of that vast territory of country tributary to the great Columbia river.

Eleventh—That we favor the enactment of a law in the interest of the wage earning classes in factories, mines, workshops and public works fixing eight hours as a day's work, and we denounce the convict contract labor system as unjust to the honest labor of our state, and believe that all laws recognizing such system be repealed; that we are opposed to the further immigration of Chinese laborers to the United States, and we demand more stringent and effective measures for carrying into practical operation the enactments of congress excluding the Chinese laborers from American soil. [Applause.]

APPROPRIATIONS FOR IMPROVEMENTS.

Twelfth—That we reiterate our approval of the policy of liberal appropriations for internal improvements, especially for our rivers and harbors; that we favor the continuation of the policy of using the public money for the public welfare, believing that the improvement of our waterways will result in a material reduction of the rates of transportation; that we hold all corporations strictly responsible to their liabilities under the law, and recognize the right of the legislature to enact all reasonable limitations on corporate power.

Thirteen—That we favor legislative enactment by which there may be elected or appointed a state inspector of weights and measures, and also favor amendments to municipal charters which will require the appointment of building and sanitary inspectors in all cities of ten thousand or more inhabitants.

Fourteen—That we are in favor of an early survey of unsurveyed public lands in this state, that the same may be claimed and occupied and titles speedily procured by bona fide settlers, under the laws of the United States. We demand liberal appropriations by congress to secure that end.

Fifteen—Ta at while disclaiming the right to interfere with the administration of internal affairs of foreign nations, we sincerely approve the efforts of Irish and English statesmen to secure by peaceful methods the American principal of home rule for Ireland. [Applause.]

Sixteen—That we denounce all trusts and combinations that have for their object the controlling of the market value of the necessaries of life and that we are in favor of laws restraining and abolishing the same.

HARRISON'S ADMINISTRATION INDORSED.

Seventeen—That we congratulate the country upon the success and the prosperity that have marked the first year of President Harrison's administration; that we rejoice in the restoration of dignity, vigor and statesmanship in the conduct of foreign affairs, which have settled grave international complications upon a basis which secures every American right, and friendly advances and hospitality, have strengthened the words of sympathy and interest which join us to the republics of the American continent, paving the way to a policy of peace, of extended commerce, and of amity among all the nations of the New World, [applause] that we commend the present national administration for applying the surplus funds to the payment of interest-paying bonds, as contrasted with the democratic policy of lending the surplus to banks which retained their bonds and collected interest thereon while using the people's money, which should have been applied to the payment of said bonds. [Applause.]

Guns and revolvers repaired by Frank Neldon, at C. W. Porter's shop. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

County Correspondence.

TUALATIN.

The Tualatin grange met on Saturday last, the 26th, and spent the day very pleasantly and profitably. The forenoon was devoted solely to the business of the grange. When the hour for dinner arrived we all repaired to the well-filled baskets of "good things" which the farmers' wives and daughters know so well how to prepare. During the afternoon session the name of Homer Kruse was presented to the grange to be voted on for admission and was accepted without a dissenting vote. The grange then went into open session and invited the visitors present to attend the meeting. Among the visitors were, Mr. W. H. Dobyns of Albina, and Miss Booth, of Dayton. Quite an interesting talk then followed on the subject of "corn," its cultivation, uses, etc., and including whiskey. Among those taking part were worthy State Master H. E. Hayes, Mr. John Kruse, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Turner and others. Worthy lecturer Mrs. S. L. Hayes could not attend on account of ill health; but being always ready and willing to lend a helping hand to the work of the grange, prepared an excellent article on "corn" which was read by Miss Alice Downing of Dayton. Miss Zobedia Sharp read a poem entitled "The World Would be Better for it," in a very creditable manner. Mrs. Marion George read a very humorous and well gotten up article entitled "Grange Chronicles" which reflected credit on her ability as a writer. Miss Alice Hayes furnished the music for the occasion. By special invitation Mr. W. H Dobyns, of Albina, addressed the meeting on subjects of general importance to the community, and was listened to with interest; after which Worthy Master H. E. Hayes made a brief speech to the grangers.

Measles are quite prevalent in this vicinity but are not proving very serious.

Mr. Case, our genial and accommodating butcher, is again "on deck" after having had the measles and if anybody, judging from present indications, beats him selling meat they will "B Sharp."

A secular union has been formed at Tualatin hall and has about 23 members. ONE WHO KNOWS.

NEEDY.

A three year old child of a Mr. Yoder, who lately arrived here from the east, fell out of the doorway on Tuesday and broke its arm near the elbow. Dr. Giesy, of Aurora, was called, and he reduced the fracture in short order. The little sufferer is now doing well.

Mr. Thompson, an old man who formerly lived here, and has been living in Nebraska for some time past, returned recently and announced his intention to remain. He says he wants no more Nebraska, as Oregon is good enough for him.

The team of Hon. I. S. Scott, taking a spin in the fields with the plow, necessitated his going to Mr. Dave Zimmermann's for a new set of harness.

A large acreage of this vicinity is devoted to hop culture. A large crop is expected next fall.

Rev. Mr. Barclay of Marquam will preach at the school house, the second Sunday of May. Mr. B. is an eloquent speaker and all should come to hear him.

With the exception of the old chronic kickers everybody is well satisfied with the ticket and there will be no scratching here at the election. BYLAND.

BUNKER HILL.

Elder Rich, of Powel's Valley, preached a very instructive sermon at Jackknife April 27, to a large and attentive audience.

There will be a basket meeting at the same place next Sunday.

Brother Schuieder, of Union, preached at Bunker Hill April 27, at eleven o'clock, and later at seven P. M.

George Judd went to Portland last week and invested some change in a "tony" saddle and riding outfit.

Crops are looking well and every one hopes for a bountiful harvest.

F. Drake is busy getting out some fine lumber.

Lafayette Douglas expects to erect a fine saw mill, and have it in working order in the course of a month.

Ed Henry has purchased 80 acres of land from John Tracy.
SQUIB.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Clackamas County.

In the matter of the Application of FRED L. COOK for a writ of Habeas Corpus.

Opinion by F. J. TAYLOR, Judge.

[As reported by CHAS. E. RUNYON, Official Reporter.]

This cause comes here on Habeas Corpus. The petitioner was charged in the police court of Oregon City, Oregon, with violating Ordinance No. 98 of said city by painting an advertisement upon the suspension bridge and within the city limits.

Ordinance No. 98 makes it unlawful for any person to paint any advertising sign upon any rock, tree, stairway, bridge, or public structure situate upon any street, public square or public grounds, or upon the suspension bridge in Oregon City.

Upon trial in the police court the petitioner was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine; whereupon he sued out this writ, for the purpose of testing the right of the city under this ordinance.

It is contended on the part of the petitioner that this is a county bridge; that it is within the jurisdiction of the county court, and the city has no jurisdiction over it. Moreover, it is contended that there is nothing in the ordinance which declares the act to be a nuisance, and consequently the party could not be arrested for committing a nuisance.

There is some defect claimed in the complaint. I do not remember the exact nature of it. Counsel did not specify very clearly what was claimed for it; but my understanding is that it was claimed the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a crime; that it does not charge the act complained of to be a nuisance. It was argued on the trial that in the absence of any showing it would be presumed that the county court had permitted these parties to paint signs on the bridge, and that consequently, in the absence of such showing, the city could not acquire jurisdiction, because the presumption would be that the party committed no crime. I do not think that such a presumption could arise.

The county court has a right to lay out a county road under certain restrictions and regulations of law, and to do the necessary work to put the road into condition; and may also construct bridges and drains, and things of that nature, necessary and essential in order to make it a good road; but I do not believe the county has a right to build a bride, or any other structure, upon a road and let it out as an advertising medium to whom they may see fit. If that were true—if it could do that, the county might let out all of the county roads for advertising—might disfigure the whole country.

The only right the county has in the road is an easement for the purpose of constructing a road and keeping it in repair for the use of the public; and further than that it has no right to use the property. It is true they have to keep the county roads in repair, but that does not necessarily give them a right to use the county structures as an advertising medium; but I think further, that the charter has regulated this matter to such an extent that it leaves no question as to the jurisdiction of the city over that portion of the bridge within the city limits.

The city has such powers as are directly granted to it in its charter, and has the right to exercise any other incidental powers necessary to carry those which are granted directly, into effect; the right to collect and have control over the funds collected under the general laws for the improvement of roads within the corporation is placed in the hands of the city council. Section 5, article 4 says:

"The city council shall have exclusive control and direction of all funds collected under general laws for the improvement of roads and streets within said corporation; and the street commissioners shall perform the duty of supervisors as required by the general laws of this state relating to roads and highways; but shall report to and be under the direction of said city council, and not to the board of county commissioners of said county of Clackamas."

This section does not provide directly that the county roads within the corporate limits of Oregon City shall be under the direction of the city council; but it does provide that the funds shall all be under its direction. The street commissioner, under the law, must collect the money—that is, the property and per capita road taxes,—from the people residing within the city, and apply it to the improvement of highways within the city, under the direction of the city council. Therefore, the direction and governing action of the supervisor is incidentally made a duty of the city council; otherwise, the supervisor could not perform his duty, because he must do it under the direction of the city council, and the working of this law shows that it was the intention of the legislature that the city of Oregon City should have control of these roads and streets, as well as the action of the supervisor. If that is true then they have control of all of the county roads that are within the limits of Oregon City, the same as the county court would have, if this provision was not in the charter; and I think that becomes more apparent upon examination of the last clause of this section (section 5, article 4), in speaking of the conduct of the supervisor and his action. His report is made entirely to the city council, so I take it the city council have exclusive control of the county roads within the city limits of Oregon City; that the supervisor must collect road taxes that become due under the law, as poll and property tax, and the supervisor must build these roads and keep them in good condition within the corporate limits of the city, under the direction of the city council; and, therefore, the council may exercise control over these roads, as well as over the suspension bridge which is within the city limits of Oregon City, as the petition sets forth that it is a part of the county road. So that under any view of the case, the city of Oregon City has authority and a right to exercise supervision over it. Besides this, there is a power granted to the city which was not referred to in the argument: The charter authorizes the city to ornament and beautify the city, and makes provision for that by ordinance. While it does not provide directly that the city may prevent the erection of unsightly structures, still, it does, incidentally, carry with it that power. The power to ornament and beautify the city would amount to very little if any person who chose may construct unsightly structures right along side of structures that were erected to beautify and ornament, and it is fair to presume that in granting this power the legislature had in view the fact that it might be necessary to restrain parties from erecting such unsightly structures, as it would be to plant trees and build ornamental structures.

It was argued that these signs might not be nuisances; that they might be put up in such manner as to be an ornament to the structure. I suppose the same argument might be used if some one wanted to paint a sign on a man's house or his barn. He might want to go there and put a sign that would be a credit to the designer or painter, yet it might not be what the man wanted on his building, and therefore a nuisance.

So it is with this bridge, which we have all seen here; and it certainly is a very handsome structure. It certainly does not destroy the beauty of the river scenery, the land or city, or the conformation of the surrounding country. On the other hand, it seems to me it is a handsome and ornamental bridge. One person might put a sign on this bridge and call it handsome; and it might be handsome; and another person might put up a sign that was not very handsome in the eyes of the public, and the designer honestly differ in opinion as to which of the signs was the handsomest. Individual opinions might, and probably would, differ widely upon the question as to what constituted a handsome sign. Therefore, the right to determine what is ornamental in such cases is for the city council; and they had a right to say that no individual shall paint advertisements upon the bridge—that it is under the control of the city authorities, and that they will keep it in repair and paint it in such manner as they, acting in a public capacity, deem necessary and advisable, and that no person shall use it for private advertising purposes.

I think the objection to this ordinance should be overruled and the writ dismissed.

To Whom It May Concern.
I have resumed business at my office in Oregon City. F. O. McCOWN.

Weather-Crop Bulletin---No. VIII.

FOR WEEK ENDING MAY 3.

The temperature for the past week has been above the normal. Since January 1st, it has averaged below the normal.

There was no rainfall during the week. From January 1st to date, more than the average has fallen. The amount of sunshine has been above the average for the week. Almost cloudless weather has prevailed during the past seven days. The nights have been much warmer, and no frosts are reported. This is the second week of good growing weather this season and all vegetation has shown the beneficial effect of the weather. While the low lands are generally moist yet, general rain would prove beneficial.

Winter and spring sown wheat is reported to be in excellent condition. "Prospects were never better at this season for a bountiful wheat crop" is reported from various wheat districts. Early spring sown grain is up; the late sown would be materially benefitted by rain.

The weather has been especially favorable to the fruit crop. The warmer nights and bright sunshine have done much towards advancing the fruit past its stage, liable to be injured by frost. The peaches and apple crop will be less than an average; other fruits and berries give promise of immense yields. Many acres of new orchards will come into bearing this year.

In Washington county, maples, alder, and hazel are in leaf, one month later than last year. Ground is in excellent condition. In Clackamas, the ground is drying out. On the uplands of the Willamette valley rain is especially is needed. In Benton county at the Agricultural College grasses are heading out, garden peas quite high, radishes and lettuce growing finely, strawberries are as large as a dime, apple trees in full bloom. Oak trees have generally leafed out in western Oregon. In Douglas county, in neighborhood of Roseburg, the peach crop, generally killed by the April frosts. In Jackson county, grape vines budding out one month later than last year.

In eastern Oregon, sheep-shearing is in full sway, the clip is good and wool weighing well. Plums and prunes in the interior sections in blossom. The grain prospects throughout the section were never better. Spring grain is generally up.

Political Canvass.

The following program for joint canvass has been agreed upon. There will be a joint canvass between the republican, democratic and union candidates, each party to have one third of the time agreed upon for the speaking each day, the time to be used by the candidates in each party as they may agree among themselves.

Following are the places and dates of public speaking:

Monday, May 12, Damascus; Union school house.

Tuesday, May 13, Sandy; Meinig's hall.

Wednesday, May 14, Jack Knife; Wilbern's hall.

Thursday, May 15, Garfield; Mount Zion school house.

Friday, May 16, Springwater; Shibley school house.

Saturday, May 17, Viola; Grange hall.

Monday, May 19, Beaver Creek; Schoolhouse.

Tuesday, May 20, Highland, K. of L. hall.

Wednesday, 21, Molalla Corners.

Thursday, May 22, Marquams.

Friday, May 23, Needy; school-house.

Saturday May 24, Canby.

Monday, May 26, New Era; Camp Ground.

Tuesday, May 27, Wilsonville.

Wednesday, May 28, evening, Oswego.

Thursday, May 29, evening, Milwaukie.

Friday, May 29, evening, Clackamas.

Saturday, p. m. Oregon City; Pope's hall.

The speaking will begin at one o'clock p. m. at each place except at Oswego Milwaukie, and Clackamas where it will begin at 7:30 p. m.

New Departure.
We have taken a new departure this spring in the styles of goods that we carry. In order to meet the demands of our large and growing trade we have added a fine line of ingrain carpets which we will sell lower than Portland prices. That new line of rugs is also very fine and will repay you for examining very carefully. You will certainly want one. In clothing, dry goods, notions, hats, and foot wear you will find the best assortment at our store. Call and inspect before buying.
CHARMAN & SON.

Notice.
It is uncertain whether Chicago or New York secures the Great Exposition, but it is a positive fact that Bludbilder is the infallible remedy for all blood diseases, and is a safe, sure and reliable tieuo. Sold by E. G. Caufield.