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THE ENTERPRISE

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SOCIETY NOTICES.

OREGON LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F., Meets every Thursday Evening, at 7½ o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Main Street. Members of the Order are invited to attend.
By order of N. G.

REBECCA DEGREE LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F., Meets on the Second and Fourth Tuesday evenings of each month, at 7½ o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall. Members of the Degree are invited to attend.

FALLS ENCAMPMENT, No. 4, I. O. O. F. Meets at Odd Fellows' Hall on the First and Third Tuesday of each month. Patriarchs in good standing are invited to attend.

MULTNOMAH LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., holds its regular communications on the First and Third Saturdays in each month, at 7 o'clock from the 20th of September to the 20th of March, and 7½ o'clock from the 20th of March to the 20th of September. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

BUSINESS CARDS.

M. C. ATHEY,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public.
Will practice in all the courts of the State. Special attention given to cases in U. S. Land Office and County Court.

E. L. EASTHAM,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Special attention given to business in the U. S. Land Office.
Office in Myers' Brick.

JOHNSON & McCOWN,
ATTORNEYS and COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
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Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Special attention given to cases in the United States Land Office at Oregon City.

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Conveyancing and abstract making a specialty. Collections promptly made. Office with County Treasurer.

DR. PAUL BOICE, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
NEW ERA OREGON.
(GRADUATE OF HANOVER, N. H.)
October 10th, 1878-1y.

A. G. WALLING'S
Pioneer Book Bindery,
Up Stairs, Corner Ash and First Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
BLANK BOOKS RULED AND BOUND TO any desired pattern. Music Books, Magazines, Newspapers, etc., bound in every variety of style known to the trade. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

HERMAN KATLER,
BILLIARD AND SAMPLE ROOMS.
Fine Wines, Liquors,
AND
Choice Havana Cigars.
No. 78 First Street, Portland.

OREGON CITY BREWERY.
HUMBEL & MADDER,
Having purchased the above Brewery, wish to inform the public that they are now prepared to manufacture a No. 1 quality of
Lager Beer,
As good as can be obtained anywhere in the State. Orders solicited and promptly filled.

D. J. SLOVER,
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WILL CONTRACT BY THE SQUARE or by the job. The best stock in the market used in every instance. Orders left at the Postoffice will receive prompt attention.
Oregon City, April 18, 1878-tf

HOWE & CO.
BOOK BINDERS AND BLANK BOOK Manufacturers. Blank Books with printed headings ruled to any desired pattern, and bound 25 per cent. less than any other Binding in the State. Magazines, Music, and Old Books rebound on short notice. Corner Washington and Front streets, Portland.
J. M. BACON Agent Oregon City.
nov. 1, 1878-6m.

W. H. HIGHFIELD,
Established since '49.
One door North of Pope's Hall,
MAIN STREET, OREGON CITY, ORN.,
An assortment of Watches and Jewelry, and Seth Thomas' weight Clocks, all of which are warranted to be as represented.
Repairing done on short notice, and thankful for past patronage.
Cash paid for County Orders.

CLIFF SALOON!
J. S. McDonald,
PROPRIETOR.
THE CLIFF SALOON IS THE OLDEST established business in the town, and the proprietor claims, the best regulated.
The Best of Liquors!
Always on hand, and an assortment of the finest cigars.
Cliff Saloon, Opposite Cliff House.
dec 19-tf.

This clipping sent to Raymond & of it was an ad of his father Chas H. Carfield

TELEGRAPHIC.

EASTERN STATES.

Potter Committee—Minority Report.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The report of the Republican members of the Potter committee is quite long.

They present their views under the disadvantage of not possessing any indication of what the views of the majority will be. The original subject of their investigation was the honesty or dishonesty of the election in Florida, Louisiana, and South Carolina. For two years prior to October, 1878, Mr. Tilden and his agents in season and out of season had iterated and reiterated charges that the canvassing boards of the doubtful States had acted fraudulently and corruptly in discharge of their duties. If these charges had been certified by any proof, the character of those who made the charges would be of no consequence whatever. No man had come forward to say that any bribe was accepted, or that any member of any canvassing board indicated any desire to betray his trust. Every intimation of that kind had been traced to some Democrats and there ends.

General Barlow, whose conduct has received the compliments of the majority, after full knowledge of the workings of Cowgill's men, admits his honesty of purpose and that of all others. As to the South Carolina board, the full free and uncontradicted testimony of Mr. Linn satisfied every man who heard it of the absence of fraud in South Carolina.

These charges then of fraud and corruption were nothing but unsupported assertions of litigants against whom the courts have decided. The tribunals in three States decided in favor of Hayes. Straightway the defeated party and its agents set up the assertion of wrongdoing. The committee have toiled from August last to bolster up that assertion. In October the publication of cipher dispatches showed conclusively that the very men who have been the loudest in denunciation of the tribunals before they had failed had themselves endeavored to corrupt these tribunals with money.

These accusations then appeared to be not the complaint of honest men, but the slanders of beaten suborners of perjury.

The fabric of alleged fraud thus fallen was what the report of the majority is endeavoring to build up again, and upon the old foundations. No wonder then they preferred to make a separate report on the ciphers. When parties to the attempted briberies were put upon the stand, they were forced to admit the receipt and transmission of criminating dispatches, each and all of them. Col. Pelton, whose appearance before the committee was really pitiable, seems to have been selected to bear the largest share of the burden. Manton Marble occupied a different situation. He had prior to the month of October, 1878 taken a very conspicuously high-toned position. He had written the "Ark and Shekinah" letter and had otherwise conducted himself loftily before mankind. He could not, therefore avoid an attempt to preserve himself. It was not for him to take the bold position of Smith Weed, that it was right to steal stolen goods from robbers. Such an ark of refuge would have wrecked him long before reaching Ararat. Nevertheless, the committee had two propositions to buy the Florida returning boards, in his own hand writing, two replies of Pelton and his own rejoinder. These he was obliged to admit, and also to admit the substantial accuracy of the translations.

Bills That Were Killed.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Among the bills of distinctive Pacific Coast interest which expired with the Forty-Fifth Congress today, are the following: Booth's bill authorizing interchange of subsidiary silver coins and legal tender notes; bill authorizing issuance of scrip for a portion of Oregon railroad grant included with Klamath Indian reservation; bills for relief of C. N. Felton, Frank Soule, Dorsey & Sheppard and Reed & Dougherty; bill to reimburse the State of Oregon for expenditures in the Modoc war and providing for ascertainment of the losses of citizens of Oregon and Idaho during the Indian hostilities of last year; also numerous bills relating to settlers and land settlers; general bills to aid the construction of the Portland & Salt Lake railroad, the Portland, McMinnville road, the railroad around the Dalles, and authorizing the Pacific railroad to extend its line to the El Paso.

Our Ex-Senator.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Ex-Senator Mitchell goes to Pennsylvania in a few days to give attention to private business there for some time, and will return to Oregon in about a month.

An Extra Session.

The President will issue a proclamation convening the Forty-sixth Congress in extra session on the 18th of March.

Secretary Sherman Speaks.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued the following circular concerning the issue of four per cent. bonds, consols of 1907:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, March 4, 1879.

Notice is given that when outstanding 5-20 six per cent. bonds of the United States are covered by subscriptions to the four per cent. consols, the latter will be withdrawn from sale upon the terms proposed by the department circular of January 1, 1879, and upon terms stated in the contract with Rothschild and others of January 21, 1879. The amount of 5-20 six per cent. bonds outstanding and embraced in calls to this date is $88,079,800. When this sum is covered by subscriptions under the existing circular and contract, all further sales of four per cent. consols to provide for refunding the 10-40 five per cent. bonds will be made upon terms which will probably be less favorable to the purchaser, and in accordance with new proposals and contracts. This notice is given so that all parties wishing to subscribe for consols upon terms stated in the circular and contract may have an opportunity to do so until the 5-20 bonds are called.

JOHN SHERMAN, Sec'y.

A Contemptible Plot.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The Tribune has discovered the plot of a confidence game to be played at Washington and here to obtain subscriptions to a pretended memorial to Bayard Taylor. The parties engaged in it are apparently respectable. The plans were laid with much care and deliberation. Forged letters and subscriptions were successfully used. General Dix' subscription for $50 was obtained; also Frederick De Peyster's for the same amount. Peter Cooper's name was forged for $100. He had been approached, but declined. It is the opinion of parties swindled that operations are carried on through all the large eastern cities. Circulars, invitations and notices were tastefully printed on expensive paper, and the elaborate preparations made by the conspirators would seem to indicate that they expected to be well paid before the bubble burst.

No Rest for the Heathen.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Agitation of the Chinese question will begin with the assembling of the forty-sixth Congress, when Jones of Nevada will appear as the champion of anti-Chinese legislation in place of Sargent. As there will be no delegation from California in the House during the called session, Jones will introduce a bill in the Senate as soon as it commences.

Chasing the Cheyennes.

ST. PAUL, March 8.—Fort Bufort advices say two detachments were sent from Keogh to the Yellowstone country to intercept the rest of the renegade Cheyennes. Chances of success are good, as the Indians cannot cross the river on account of high water.

Indian Raid in Mexico.

GALVESTON, March 7.—A News Loredo special says that parties of Indians raided the Lopita ranche, Mexico, taking all the horses and wounding the herders. It is reported that they killed two shepherds yesterday at Agoraverde. Citizens and soldiers from New Loredo are pursuing them, and U. S. troops are guarding the ford.

Remains of Bayard Taylor.

NEW YORK, March 9.—The steamship Gellert, bearing the remains of Bayard Taylor, is expected here on Wednesday. The vessel will enter the harbor with flags at half mast. Passengers, officers and the crew in full uniform will assist in landing the remains.

Republican Gains in Maine.

The recent local elections in Maine show that the Greenback party movement has culminated. While Portland elected a Democrat-Greenback fusion Mayor by 40 majority, the Republicans carried both branches of the city government. In Lewiston, Auburn, Brunswick, Saco, Kennebeck and many other towns the Republicans gained victories.

Storm in the East.

A light ing storm, accompanied by hail, passed over the city yesterday. At Buffalo lightning shattered the mast of the schooner Queen City. The storm is quite severe. At Ontario considerable damage was done by lightning.

Confession.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—James Beck, baggage master on the Iron Mountain railroad, who was recently sent to the penitentiary for robbing the mail, has confessed and implicated others, who to-day have been arrested, and also confessed.

Railroad Transfer.

The U. P. R. R. Co. have purchased the Kansas Pacific road, and hereafter they will be operated as one.

Suits Commenced.

CINCINNATI, March 8.—A number of suits were filed against Archbishop Parcell to-day, including three in the U. S. court by national banks for the recovery of money loaned within the last two months.

Chicago Grain Transactions—Something Up.

CHICAGO, March 7.—Mysterious doings sent wheat down 5 or 6 cents Friday. Jas. R. Keene's brother is said to have received dispatches from him with orders to sell, and did sell 2,000,000 bushels, and other dealers more than as much. It is said the dispatch from New York was forged, that the brother telegraphed back to ask if it was genuine, and received another forged dispatch saying it was. Some persons think the whole affair was put up by Keene.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Rufus Hatch & Co. this morning sent to Smith & Lightner the following dispatch: "Keene will pay ten thousand dollars for the detection of the party who sent the order signed 'Keene' to sell wheat. He thinks it a regular conspiracy, and that several people are engaged to break grain and provision markets."

It is stated that Keene sent to the same firm an order to buy one hundred thousand bushels of wheat. It is a generally accepted opinion on 'change that Keene has neither suffered by the whole transaction nor been victimized, and that if the bogus dispatch was actually sent, he will more than recover the loss by the natural reaction against the heavy fall of yesterday.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Archie Fisher made a statement to-day showing that the whole amount of wheat sold upon the bogus order signed by Keene has been re-purchased and without any loss to his firm or Keene.

The Next Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The National Capitol is excited over the organization of the next House, and the canvass for the Speakership is the absorbing topic. Randall is again a candidate and his friends claim that he has 90 votes and is sure of the caucus nomination. That is considered an over estimate, besides which, it is possible a Democratic caucus nomination may not control the organization, the Democratic majority over Republicans and Greenbackers being only 5, so absence, illness or defection of a few may make combination of Greenbackers and Republicans possible.

The contest is likely to narrow down between Randall and Blackburn of Kentucky. The latter has many personal friends and will have the support of all who think Randall has mistreated them or failed to give them due consideration. Also the friends of the Texas Pacific Bill, and such other schemes, and those who oppose Tilden's nomination in 1880, will probably oppose Randall. His strength is based on his ability and his clear record, without taint of corruption. He has made an excellent Speaker and is an accomplished parliamentarian; is temperate, obliging and very discreet.

Blackburn is an able parliamentarian and his integrity is unquestioned. He is young and possesses many attractive traits of character. At times he gives way to temper, but generally has wonderful control over a a high strung and impetuous temper. Morrison of Illinois, House of Tennessee, McMahon of Ohio, Goode of Virginia, and Cox of New York, are in the back ground, but only as compromise candidates.

The contest for clerkship of the House will be between Adams, present clerk and ex-Congressman Caldwell, of Alabama, with chances about even. Sergeant-at-Arms Thompson will probably be re-elected. L. G. Washington, formerly of San Francisco, Gen. Duncan S. Walker, of Washington, and Isaac Eaton, of Kansas are candidates for Sergeant-at-arms of the Senate. Among those who desire to succeed Mr. Gorham as Secretary are ex-Senator Dennis, of Maryland, Col. Watterson, of Kentucky, John C. Bird, of Nashville American, A. C. Buell, of Washington, Prof. McMahon, of West Virginia, ex-Representative Stenger, of Pennsylvania, ex member Waddell, of North Carolina, and others not yet named.

It is thought the Democrats will promptly pass a repeal of the federal election laws and other obnoxious statutes, and the president will veto the first measure and it will be attached to an appropriation bill, but it is doubtful if so narrow a Democratic majority can prove successful. It is probable the session will last until hot weather comes. There is a strong determination on the part of prominent Democrats in different parts of the country to defeat Randall. It is possible that some time may be occupied in affecting an organization of the House.

Telegraphic Items.

Horatio C. Burchard, of Illinois, is sworn in as director of the mint.

Democrats, Republicans and Greenbackers will each hold a caucus to consider the organization of the House.

Elihu Burritt died March 5th at his residence in New Britain, Conn. He was well known as the learned blacksmith.

The Cabinet at Washington has received official notice of the order prohibiting importation of meat cattle from United States into England.

A bill has passed the Virginia legislature to settle the State debt; bonds to be taken for outstanding are to be full release of the State from liability on account of West Virginia's third interest.

Senator Sargent has accepted the invitation of Secretary of the Navy to take an extended voyage for the benefit of his health, on a cruise to Madeira and Gibralter, with the graduating class from Annapolis.

Since resumption is a success the volume of business in the United States has greatly increased in bulk, notwithstanding an average decline of 10 per cent. in prices. The increase is at points where large wholesale trade is done.

John H. Pendergrass has been convicted of libel in South Carolina, for publishing letter in Washington, Republicans charging that election at King's Tree was carried by ballot box stuffing and double voting. His sentence was two years hard labor or $5,000 fine.

Express Robber Arrested.

OMAHA, Neb., March 10.—The police have arrested a man named A. C. Holland who is charged with being an express robber. In the Fall of 1875 he was engineer on the North Missouri railroad, and in company with a confederate he cut his train in two and ran his engine and express car from six to eight miles and then they robbed the express safes obtaining about $3,000 in money with which they disappeared. Holland after considerable wandering came to Omaha a few months ago and secured a position as engineer at the White Lead Works. Suspecting that officers were on his track he recently left the city stating that he was going to San Francisco, but instead of doing so he went to Fort Omaha, north of the city, and enlisted as a private soldier. Officers tracked him there and took him.

Disaster in Maine.

NORTH BREWICK, March 10.—The floor in Mechanics' hall gave way this forenoon during a town meeting, precipitating nearly 50 persons to the floor below. No one was killed but many were fearfully and probably fatally wounded.

Later—The disaster at Mechanics' hall today, shows the number injured to be more than at first supposed. At the time of the accident there was 500 persons in the hall. 150 persons were precipitated to the floor below. The recovery of John Nealy, Henry Skidder, Charles Ricker and Reuben Chadbourne is doubtful.

Burglars Bottled.

NEW YORK, March 10.—One burglar was shot and killed and another captured tonight by John P. Richards, who surprised them while they were ransacking a parlor in his house.

A Soldier's Suicide.

The New Orleans Picayune publishes a confession of Hood Alston, who suicided March 3d at Bay St. Louis. He states that he was wounded in the head at Gettysburg, since which time he has been at intervals insane.

A Real Romance.

The Sun to-day relates the circumstances of the elopement and marriage of J. C. Spencer, aged 18, with Martha McDonald, daughter of Dr. R. H. McDonald, of San Francisco. The bride eloped from Vassar College with the assistance of two female companions, and the marriage took place at Poughkeepsie. The parents of both parties were afterwards reconciled. The girls who assisted the elopement are to be dismissed from college.

Trial of Talmage.

The Brooklyn Presbytery to-day decided to try Dr. Talmage on the following charges, presented by a committee appointed at a previous session: Deceit and falsehood in statements regarding his withdrawal from the editorship of the Christian at Work; in stating that sittings in the tabernacle were free; in accusing J. W. Hathaway of dishonest practices, and then denying it; of falsehood in collecting subscriptions for the payment of the church debt; of deceit in a difficulty concerning the organist of the tabernacle.

Six Men Drowned.

EASTPORT, Me., March 9.—The Turkish Empire, from St. Johns to Dublin, went ashore at Big Duck Island on Friday night, and is a total loss. The captain and six men were drowned.

Fatal Fire.

ST. LOUIS, March 9.—A fire at East St. Louis destroyed half a dozen buildings. Mrs. Catharine Borst, Henry Shoppercotter, C. Gutchecbach, John Zepp and Emma Zepp, the two last named being children, were burned to death, Mr. Bausch jumped from a window, was injured severely and will probably die. At the inquest this afternoon the testimony pointed strongly to incendiarism.

The Speakership.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The political news to-day is that all the sick Democrats are convalescing and all the distant members elect have been heard from and will be on hand to help elect a Democratic Speaker. Whiteaker of Oregon has telegraphed that he will be here by the morning of the 18th. There is very little doubt that the nominee of the Democratic caucus will be the Speaker of the 46th Congress, or that Randall will receive the nomination.

Too Far Off.

Spotted Tail's Indians, would go to a new location they chose for themselves, and now they want to go back to the Missouri river. Too much distance to travel makes things cost them too high, just as they were told before they went there.

Maine Elections.

Bangor, Me., elects a Republican Mayor, and Biddeford, Me., elects a Greenbacker and Democrat.

Colored Mens' Convention.

A convention of colored men from the 3d Congressional District, Va., has met, and discussed all matters relating to rights and privileges of the race, and is to call a State convention to meet in May and further consider the same.

Commission on Public Lands.

The late Congress, in the sundry, civil, appropriation bill provided for the expense of a commission for codifying laws relative to survey and disposition of the public domain; a system of classification of public lands, surveys and recommendations as to the best methods of disposing of land to actual settlers. Commissioner of the General Land Office, Director of Geological Surveys and 3 civilians are to compose the commission.

Obstructs Commerce.

Testimony is being taken to show that the Brooklyn bridge is an obstruction to shipping. Vessels in the California trade cannot pass it without lowering masts.

Another Walking Match.

A walking match has commenced at Gilmore's garden, New York, between O'Leary, the champion, Rowell of England, Harriman of Boston, and Ennis of Chicago.

Wade Hampton.

Wade Hampton may not be well enough to attend the extra session as Senator from South Carolina, but he thinks the House ought to refuse to pass the appropriations and Congress sit forever rather than yield to Republicans.

Ex-Senator Patterson.

Patterson of South Carolina, is liable to arrest, as indictments are still pending against him. Amnesty and oblivion has not been offered him.

Eastern Items by Telegraph.

President Hayes will appoint Prof. Hayden as the head of the public lands commission.

Gen Sherman has pneumonia and his wife consumption.

The Chicago wheat market has cooled off and prices receded.

It is feared fourteen vessels have been lost out of Gloucester, Mass.

Indiana legislature didn't pass appropriation bills and extra session is called.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A Secret Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 4.—An official messager says that the police have discovered a secret printing press at Kieff. On entering the apartment they were met by a storm of bullets. One officer of the gen-de-armes and two privates were killed. Eleven men and five women were arrested. Four of the former were dangerously wounded.

Revolutionary Russians.

It is certain that there is unusual activity among revolutionary classes in Russia. They display almost incredible boldness. A publication declaring that the Governor of Charkoff had been condemned to death by the Russian party for inhuman treatment of political prisoners, and that the act of assassination was consequently executed by one of that party, was openly posted in the halls of the university on the day after he was shot.

Russia and Bulgaria.

LONDON, March 4.—A dispatch from Tiernova, says that there seems to be little doubt that Russian occupation of Bulgaria will be prolonged six months.

Laboring Troubles.

Hill Top mill at Burnley, running 600 looms and 300 spindles has suspended operations. Depression is severe. Other mills continue to close and one more is expected to close this week. Masters in the Forest of Dan iron trade have given notice of a five per cent reduction in wages. The cotton trade at Todmerden and Walsden is generally enforcing without resistance reductions of from five to eight per cent.

Reductions Accepted.

Bolton cotton operatives have decided to accept a reduction of 10 per cent. in wages

Steamship Sunk.

The steamer Austrian, which sunk in collision with the Spanish steamer Guilermo off Skerrie's Island, has been towed to Liverpool much damaged. Five of the crew of the Guillermo are missing and are believed to be drowned.

River Overflow.

PESTH, March 4.—The river Theiss has overflowed its banks and inundated an immense tract of land. Szegedin and many other towns are greatly damaged. Troops with pontoons have started to save life.

Germany.

BERLIN, March 8.—The parliamentary discipline bill has been rejected by the Reichstag, and its action was an ignominious defeat for the government. Only the extreme and moderate conservative voted for it. Bismark watched the division with indifference.

BERLIN, March 9.—The principal speech in the debate on the parliamentary discipline bill in the Reichstag yesterday was made by Herr Windhorst, leader of the Prussian Catholic party, who declared that the clericals were ready to support the Chancellor in the struggle against Socialists, but disapproved of the means he suggested.

Eastern Europe.

The Russians are expected to evacuate Roumania in the time required by the Berlin treaty.

Large quantities of grain are stored in Little Wallachia, Servia and Roumania, awaiting the opening of navigation.

Austria is suffering from an overstock of silver, and various remedies are suggested to get silver coin out of the bank vaults and in general circulation.

Passanante Must Die.

NAPLES, March 7.—Passanante, the would-be assassin of the King, has been found guilty and condemned to death.

Dissolved.

MADRID, March 8.—A dispatch says the Cortes will be dissolved next week.

The Plague Mastered.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 8.—Gen. Melikoff reports the plague now mastered.

Foreign Minister.

CAIRO, March 9.—The Khedive has informed the governments of England and France that he will appoint Nuba Pasha Foreign Minister if they insist, but he must decline all responsibility for the consequences.

Defeat of the Zulus.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 18 (via Madeira).—Col. Pearson was attacked at Ekowe by a large force of Zulus. The latter were defeated with enormous loss and pursued to Eutamedia, one of the Zulu military karals. The attitude of the native tribes in Transvaal is disquieting, and it is feared the chiefs have formed a league against the British.

Bismark Flies Off the Handle.

BERLIN, March 10.—Bismark and Herr Lasker quarreled violently in the Reichstag Saturday in consequence of the prince having attacked the Liberals for favoring judicial leniency.

In the course of debate in the Reichstag on the cattle plague Bismark, referring to the smuggling of cattle, took occasion to accuse the Liberals of having made the penal code so mild that it protected criminals instead of citizens. Herr Lasker said that Bismark's aggression showed where was the true element of disorder in debate. He intimated that the first aim of the gagging law should be to control the language of the government. Bismark replied, and an angry controversy ensued. During the same debate Bismark ostentatiously quitted the house twice to avoid the disagreeable necessity of listening to the speeches of Herr Richter, progressist. The sitting left the impression that Bismark was deliberately trying to provoke the diet, and that dissolution is imminent.

Four Fronts.

At a parliamentary soiree on Saturday the Chancellor said that partial disarmament was impossible. He said that Germany had to show a front in four different directions and could trust none of her neighbors.

The Plague.

Gen. Melikoff telegraphs that foreign physicians, at a meeting held at Artlianka, have declared that the epidemic may be considered to have died out, as there has been no case since the 9th of February; but, as it is impossible to guarantee that it may not reappear, especially at Wetlianka, they recommend the continuance of certain precautions. The cordon around the government of Astrakhan, which the foreign physicians considered no longer necessary, has been withdrawn.

American Cattle.

LIVERPOOL, March 10.—The first consignment of cattle subject to the new regulations arrived to-day from Boston in good condition.

Dahomey to be Blockaded.

LONDON, March 10.—It is rumored at Lisbon that France and Portugal are about to blockade Dahomey.

South Africa.

LONDON, March 9.—It is said the Zulus desire peace on the basis of tribal independence. A large proportion of these are temporarily disbanded for harvest. Col. Pearson, after repulsing the Zulu attack which occurred on February 12th, burned Entamedia. A dispatch from Kimberly reports that the Zulus have burned eight "kraals" belonging to friendly Caffres, near Dornberg, and killed the inhabitants. It is reported that Chief Secocoeni is preparing to attack Seydenburg, in Eastern Transvaal.

British Defeats in Afghanistan

NEW YORK, March 10.—A cablegram says the British were defeated in the Akosta valley, Afghanistan, and also experienced a severe defeat at Fort Khonak mountains. Fort Langor was taken, and the English Governor taken to Cabul.

British Troubles in Burmah.

CALCUTTA, March 9.—Affairs in Mandoley cause grave anxiety. Garrisons in British Burmah have been doubled. The Burmese have intercepted the telegraph line between Rangoon and Mandoley. The situation in Upper Burmah is regarded very serious for European residents. It is stated that recent massacres at the instance of the King only amounted to forty, but the killing was attended by every possible atrocity. The victims were beaten and kicked, and the women shockingly and shamefully abused. Royal princes were reserved to the last, and made to witness the tortures and death of their families.

PACIFIC COAST.

Destructive Fire.

VIRGINIA, March. 4.—At four o'clock this morning a fire broke out in Silver City in a wash house at the junction of Fifth with Main street. It burned the wash house, two of Mrs. Disdale's lodging houses, the city jail, another wash house and Greyer's brewery. Crossing over to the east side of Main street with a strong wind, it swept away Strauss & Goetz' meat market, a vacant house and the residences of T. R. Farr, D. E. Harkin, J. E. Martin, Mrs. Maloney, Theo. Bambrock, J. Hoffey, James Lyden, James Dunnigan and George King. The total loss is about $50,000. Relief measures have been taken at Virginia City for homeless families.

Delayed Telegrams.

A writ of mandamus is to issue requiring the Hastings Law School to admit Mrs. Foltz as a student.

The failure of Godschaux Bros. is found to be more disastrous than any dared to suppose; assets, $475,000; liabilities over $1,000,000, and the assets will probably shrink one-half.

General McDowell is constructing a Creedmore rifle range at the Presidio.

Government has bought 150,000 ounces of silver at $1 08½.

Republican State committee to nominate State ticket is called for June 17th.

No dividends from the Bonanza mine.

The Bulletin is ventilating the business of giving straw bail in criminal suits, which has become a regular fraudulent business.

A fearful storm raged through California March 6th and the rainfall was very great. Considerable damage is reported from storm and flood. Many valuable ranches on Feather river, near Marysville, are flooded and much damage done outside the city levees.

The woolen mills reservoir at Los Angelos burst March 6th, and 100,000,000 gallons of water went to waste that was intended for irrigation purposes next Summer. Some damage was done to the town.

Snow was sixteen feet at the Summer track of the C. P. R. R., and still snowing March 9, and the overland trains were blockaded beyond them.

There is no hope of compromise between the Comstock Mining Companies and the Sutro tunnel, except the Julia, which has satisfactory relations, and is pumping water through the tunnel.

R. T. Burton, charged with murder of Mrs. Bowman 17 years ago, during the Morrisite trouble in Utah, has been acquitted by an Ogden jury.

Murder Will Out.

SAN RAFAEL, March 10.—About two years ago Peter Rush, of Novato, in this county was murdered. Who murdered him has ever since been a mystery. The grand jury have found a presentment against Rush's wife and a hired man, and they are now both in custody.

The Tunnel Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—Regarding the rumor of the reopening of negotiations between the Sutro Tunnel Co. and the mining companies, Adolph Sutro states that while nothing has yet been done in that direction, it is not improbable that consideration of a compromise may be renewed in a few days.

Arrests for Arson.

On the night of July 24th, 1877, during a hoodlum riot in this city, a Chinese washhouse was attacked by wretches. All the occupants with one exception escaped, though several shots were fired at them by their assailants. One who failed to get away was barricaded in the building, which was then set on fire and consumed, and the bones of the unfortunate Chinaman were found in the ruins. Since that time the police have been on the trail of the perpetrators. They now believe they have sufficient testimony to secure the conviction of the offenders, and this evening George C. Miller, John C. Minkel, Wm. K. Ceveshal, Patrick Cronan and Joseph Barry were lodged in the city jail charged with arson.

Stricken from the Roll.

The Baptist ministers of San Francisco have stricken the name of Rev. W. H. Reed from their roll for misrepresenting sentiments of Baptist and Christian people generally on the Chinese question.

Municipal Elections.

Oakland had a heavy vote Monday, and the Citizens' ticket elected five Councilmen and School Trustees, and the Workingmen two Councilmen. Citizens probably have the Mayor. In Salinas Citizens elected nearly the full ticket.

Bribed Legislators.

VIRGINIA, March 10.—There is considerable excitement here to-day over a report that the District Attorney of Ormsby county will cause the arrest of three of the Story county legislative delegation for accepting bribes from the V. & T. R. R. Co. for their votes.

Married men are apt to forget that if it had not been for their mothers-in-law they would not have their wives.

A fashionable young woman at Vassar was asked by a classical professor to give a definition of ambrosia. After some hesitation she replied, "I think it is a kind of hair oil."

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 4.

Before taking the chair, Ferry returned thanks for renewal of general confidence.

A number of bills on the calendar and the pension bills were passed, including a pension of $50 a month to the widow of B. C. Buchanan.

Harris called up the House bill to prevent the introduction of infectious or contagious diseases in the United States, and to establish a national board of trade.

About twenty private bills passed and then after 11 o'clock, executive session, lasting half an hour, was held.

When the doors were reopened Windom submitted a resolution containing appropriations for the army and for legislative judicial, and executive expenses of the government for six months, from July 1st, so as to avoid an extra session of Congress.

Sanlsbury objected to its present consideration and it went over.

At noon, Ferry, president pro tem, said that the time fixed for the final adjournment of Congress having arrived, the chair declares the forty-fifth Congress adjourned without delay.

The closing hours were characterized by more than usual confusion and disorder. The Senate chamber was densely crowded, both on the floor and in the galleries, and eight or ten Senators addressing the chair at the same time, it was with difficulty that anything could be understood.

House.

The space in front of the speakers desk was filled with a crowd of gesticulating members who with bills in their hands demanded recognition. Objections, however, were made to nearly every bill, among them the one making appropriation for the payment of arrears of pensions and that providing for treaty with Mexico.

Atkins moved that the House insist on its disagreement to Senate amendments to the legislative appropriations bill and that a new conference be appointed.

The bill known as the McGowan health bill was then passed; yeas 169, nays 63.

Sparks moved to suspend the rules and concur in Senate bill appropriating $25,000,000 for arrears of pensions for the next fiscal year.

The amendments to the arrears of the pension bill motion, which were sustained by an overwhelming viva voce vote, brought to their feet, Mills, McKenzie and a few other members on the Democratic side, who loudly protested against the measure as one that would rob the people. For a few moments there was a horrible uproar. The wildest gesticulations were to be seen, but not a word uttered Yeas and nays was ordered and a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bills were agreed to; yeas 153, nays 61.

Atkins at 11:10 reported that the conference committee on the legislative appropriation bill had been unable to agree and he moved that the House adhere—a parliamentary finality—agreed to.

Garfield, Carlisle being in chair, offered a resolution of thanks to Speaker Randall, [illegible] unanimously adopted.

Ferry began an address to the House, but was interrupted by several messages and by a resolution to admit ladies of members' families to the floor. The privilege was accorded and generally availed of.

After a stormy and exciting scene, and the House was adjourned without day.

The following is Speaker Randall's address:

REPRESENTATIVES: In a moment this Congress will expire. Its acts whether for weal or woe, are indelibly inscribed on the pages of history. In this hall party has been arrayed against party, and interest against interest in fierce and bitter struggle; but it is due to truth to say that on every side there has been honest ambition to win popular esteem by seeking, each in his own way, according to his best judgment, the general welfare. Whether or not the desired end of public good has been successfully attained is for time to prove; that such has been the desired end of both parties cannot justly be disputed. Genuine concert between all the States and citizens thereof is the corner stone of our national prosperity. What prostrates or elevates one at the expense of another must ultimately work the injury of all. Although each representative has championed the immediate wishes of his immediate constituency with earnestness and energy, yet during the period of the existence of this house there has not been a single breach of legislative decorum. That noble respect born of generous rivalry in common good cause has softened all asperities. I feel that more words are inadequate to thank fully this House for its resolution of approval of the manner in which I have discharged the duties of Speaker, always responsible and onerous, and often most delicate and difficult. I have done my best. Long service here has taught me that hate or vengeance has never raised any cause to enduring honor, while on the contrary, justice and mutual regard have often given the weaker side an easy victory. With recovering business and restored confidence we may look hopefully to an early dawn of a new era of increased prosperity and happiness of the country. Such is my fervent prayer. To each and every member here I tender my heartfelt acknowledgement for kindly forbearance extended to me as presiding officer of this House, and to say that I shall ever gratefully cherish the honor of which I have been the recipient. With the wish that you all may return safely and in health to your homes, it remains for me to declare in accordance with the constitution of the United States that this House stands adjourned without day.

Nevada's Deserted Towns.

There are deserted towns in Nevada, but they are not old ones. A few years ago the population of Hamilton is said to have been nearly 8,000; of Treasure Hill, 6,000; of Shermantown, 7,000; of Swansea, 3,000. All were incorporated, with Mayor, Council, Fire Departments, and daily newspapers. Hamilton has now about 100 inhabitants, most of whom are merely waiting in dreary inaction for something to turn up. Treasure Hill has about half as many. Shermantown one family. In one canyon of the Tolyabe range, near Austin, are five dead towns, without a single inhabitant. The streets and blocks graded on the hillsides are rapidly falling back into the wilderness.

When does the moon remind one of a giddy girl? When she is too young to show much reflection.

"I don't believe in fashionable churches," said a lady, recently; "but, after all, considering that we are all to go to the same Heaven, perhaps it's better to keep up the social distinction as long as we can."