

The Enterprise.

OREGON CITY, THURSDAY, FEB. 28, 1878.
Republican State Convention.

The Republican State Convention is hereby called to meet at Salem on Wednesday, the 17th day of April, 1878, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various State offices, to be voted for at the election to be held in June next.

It is recommended that primary conventions be held in the several precincts, unless otherwise directed by the County Central Committee on Saturday, March 30th, and that the County Conventions to elect delegates to the State Convention on Saturday, the 6th of April next.

W. C. JOHNSON, Chairman.
DAVID GOODSELL, Secretary.

Of Vital Interest.

Under the present system of paying our road tax, the county is compelled annually to expend nearly half its revenue to build bridges and extra pay to Road Supervisors. If the road law were so amended as to collect the tax in coin, the greater part of the bridges could be built with the money collected from those liable for this tax.

When we chop off the road expenses, which now is money thrown away, our county taxes will be very materially reduced. There is not an annual term of the County Court when the Supervisors make a settlement that there is not from one to two thousand dollars allowed for extra work. This is done in certain localities, which have no right to demand the money out of the county treasury.

No Danger of War. For the past two weeks the indications were very favorable for war between England and Russia, but the cloud has passed over and at present writing the demon of destruction seems to be quieting down.

The people of British Columbia have been considerably exercised over the prospects of war, and have organized military companies. The excitement was red hot, and our neighbors expected to be asked to surrender before a disabled man-of-war entered the harbor at Esquimalt last week.

Our Court House.

Some of our people have no desire to see the county make a movement to build a court house, arguing that they are not able to be taxed for such a purpose. This is about the only objection we hear urged.

It is inconceivable that the genius and spirit of popular government that any species of private enterprise should be exempt from bearing its just share of the public burdens.

The adoption of an American monetary system is proposed here. It will harmonize any difference in regard to tariff and federal taxation, reduce and equalize the cost of transportation by land and water.

Both national and state governments should establish a bureau of labor and industrial statistics clothed with the power of gathering and publishing the same.

The importation of servile labor into the United States from China is a problem of the most serious importance, and we recommend legislation looking to its suppression.

National Greenback Platform.

The following is a synopsis of the platform adopted by the National Greenback Convention at Toledo, Ohio, on the 22d inst.

WHEREAS, The Independent Greenback party and other associations more or less active have been unable heretofore to make a formidable opposition to old party organizations, and whereas the limiting of the legal tender quality of greenbacks, the changing of currency bonds into coin bonds, the demoralization of the silver dollar, the excepting of bonds from taxation, the construction of the circulating medium, the proposed forced resumption of specie payments and the prodigal waste of the public lands were crimes against the people and as far as possible the results of these criminal acts must be counteracted by judicious legislation; therefore we adopt a declaration of our principles and invite all patriotic citizens to unite in an effort to secure financial reform and industrial emancipation.

The organization shall be known as the National party, and under this name we shall perfect without delay national, state and local associations to secure the election to office of such men only as will pledge themselves to do all in their power to establish these principles.

It is the exclusive function of the general government to coin and create money and regulate its value. All bank issues designed to circulate as money should be suppressed. This circulating medium, whether of metal or of paper, should be issued by the government and made a full legal tender for all debts, duties and taxes in the U. S. at its stamped value.

There shall be no privileged class of creditors, no salaries, pensions, bonds and all other debts and obligations, public and private, shall be discharged in the legal tender money of the U. S. strictly according to the stipulations of the laws under which they were contracted.

That the coinage of silver be placed on the same footing as that of gold. Congress shall provide such money adequate to the full employment of labor, and the equitable distribution of products, and the requirements of business, fixing a minimum amount per capita to the population as near as may be, and otherwise regulating its volume by wise and equitable provisions of law, so that the rate of interest will secure to labor its just reward.

It is inconsistent with the genius and spirit of popular government that any species of private enterprise should be exempt from bearing its just share of the public burdens.

The public lands should not be sold to speculators nor granted to railroads or other corporations.

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Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8, 1878. The close of another week finds us with nothing very new at the National Capitol worthy of special note.

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Telegraphic News.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The Tribune's Washington special says: Senator Allison, who was in charge of the silver bill, had a conversation yesterday with Secretary Sherman in regard to the measure. The secretary said: 'If the bill becomes a law I shall execute it promptly and thoroughly and in the spirit in which it has been passed.'

It is said, on high authority, that orders have already been sent privately to the mints to prepare at once to begin the coinage of silver dollars with the utmost force at their command. This information comes from such sources as entitles it to credit.

OSAKA, Feb. 23.—Gen. Crook returned to-day from the Indian territory and denies the statement that a larger expedition would be organized in the spring against Sitting Bull. Crook makes an emphatic denial. No immediate trouble is feared from Sitting Bull until the buffalo range south, which is hardly probable, as they have not done so in late years.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Postmasters appointed by the President, Iowa: S. M. Coon, Iowa; W. H. White, Illinois; Umatilla county, Oregon; B. M. Laughlin, Little Falls, Lewis county, W. T.; Sidney S. Ford, Sharon, Chalkley county, W. T.

The bill introduced by Southernland, proposing a 15th amendment to the constitution provides that the executive power shall be vested and hereafter administered by three presidents constituting a supreme executive council of three to be elected by the qualified electors of each and all of the states, and each to be taken from one of the three prominent sections of the United States known as the western states one as the eastern and one as the southern states, and no two of whom shall be citizens of the same section or district of the country.

Over \$800,000 worth of salmon was shipped from Oregon to England last year, and double that amount to San Francisco and other points. The number of cases put up on the Columbia in 1875 was 231,500; in 1876, 428,730; in 1877, 392,000. The cases contain about 50 pounds each, and are worth at wholesale about \$3 per case.

RUSSIA is pushing right along. She insists on Turkey's immediate acceptance of the terms of peace, and is rapidly moving her armies to strategic points about Constantinople.

THE DEMOCRATIC majority in the House of Representatives show their lack of honesty and decency in the way they have acted in recent contested cases. In the contest between Pacheco and Wigginton, of the Fourth District of California, the Democratic Supreme Court of the State decided in favor of Pacheco, Republican, but a partisan majority of the House, without regard to law or facts, gave the seat to the defeated candidate.

A Washington telegram to the New York News says: One result to the silver and the anti-resumption movement is already seen in the future, and that is the loss of New York state to the Democrats next fall by 50,000 votes. Of this there is no doubt.

Russia's Terms.

A dispatch from Constantinople, Feb. 21st, gives the principal points of the latest conditions of peace demanded by Russia. It confirms the report as to the proposed boundaries of the new province of Bulgaria, which will include the country between the Danube and Balkans, and a portion of Roumelia between the Black Sea and Servia, comprising Sophia and Philippopolis, a greater part of Thrace and Macedonia and the whole valley of the Moriza, except Adrianople.

It is more than probable that from twenty-five thousand people will be added to our population in the next year or so. Nearly all immigrants who come to Oregon and Washington Territory and reside in the territory receive a copy of this paper, as it will be distributed gratuitously. The object of which is to bring Land Owners and Real Estate Agents into closer communication with the thousands of immigrants who are arriving in large numbers.

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THE GOOD SANARITAN HOSPITAL.

Board of Managers. Hon. Rev. B. Wistar Morris, D. D., President. Hon. M. C. Deady, Vice President. Gen. J. H. Eaton, Secretary.

This Hospital is in a high and healthful place, in the northwestern part of the City of Portland, and commands a beautiful view of the valley and mountains. It has convenient bath rooms, lavatories and closets, and the buildings are well supplied with hot and cold water. It employs skillful and attentive male and female nurses, and of superior accommodations in the women's ward and in private rooms for lying-in patients.

Having opened a free Intelligence Office, for the purpose of assisting newcomers to our state to all possible means at our command, where they can be placed in suitable positions, published in Oregon and Washington Territory, we are anxious to establish a land journal, and are called.

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THE UNDERSEIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed by the Court of Oregon, as administrator of the estate of said State and county, all persons having claims against said estate will present their duly verified claims with proper vouchers to me, the undersigned, at the Sheriff's office at the Court House, on or before the 15th day of March, 1878, in six months from the date of this notice. All persons owning said estate will call and settle the same.

BLANKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR sale at any time. THE PEAS can get anything in his line.