

THE ENTERPRISE.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, MARCH 3, 1876.

Keep Your Money in Oregon.

Among other things that Oregon needs besides immigration, is the keeping of money made within its boundaries at home, here, where it belongs. In early days, this State was kept poor by the fact that people came here only to make money, then to return to the States, taking with them every dollar of their wealth...

The money which is sent to the San Francisco banks by many of our business men, if used here as used there, in manufacturing and other enterprises, would not only enrich them and the State, but make them blessings instead of curses to the community.

If the San Francisco and foreign banks can use Oregon's money to such an advantage as to be able to pay a round percentage, why can't our capitalists do as well by investing it similarly here, in railroads, steamboats, or manufacturing?

We frequently read of how the Chinese are ruining the country by sending all their money to the Celestial Kingdom, but fail to see any difference between this practice of the Mongolians and precisely the same thing among the Caucasians.

English Wheat Market. For some time past the Mark Lane Express has been predicting a rise in wheat, but as yet that much desired event has not occurred.

The large fleet from Southeastern Europe which has recently been an incubus on trade has been almost cleared out, and the stoppage of shipments from ice-bound ports must greatly reduce the supplies.

The Hancock verdict. Of course there will always be somebody to say that Babcock was guilty of every crime in the indictment; be this as it may, we cannot help congratulating the people that one who is so intimate in his relations with the President of the country, has been cleared by a jury, of all attempt at fraud.

With its last issue the Lafayette Courier entered upon its eleventh volume, and, we hope, a long series of useful years.

If Webster is right, that success is a "keen reproachful expression," then Mrs. Duniway called the discovery she made in our last allusion to the New Northwest by its proper name.

Review of European Troubles.

Some time since the Sultan of Turkey offered amnesty to all the insurgents who would lay down their arms and return peaceably to their homes; but the excitable Herzegovinians and Montenegrins defied him, and now that sublime individual sends an ultimatum to Serbia and Montenegro demanding the recall of their subjects from the insurgent ranks...

The Carlist war in Spain is virtually over. Don Carlos has met with nothing but a series of serious reverses for the last three weeks. At one time we hear that Carlist battalions refuse to fire on Alfonsists and surrender; at another, that the only troops the pretender has are hemmed in and starving; that the material of the Carlist official paper has been seized and the machinery for coining Carlist money.

Letter From New Sweden.

I have seen a number of communications to your paper from Sandy, all speaking of this country in the highest terms—and well they may, for the deepest and richest soil in the county is to be found right here at the foot of the Cascade mountains.

Next summer my nearest neighbor intends starting a store, and then we think we will be able to get the mail, which now passes by Sandy and intersects the main line at Higland, to come this way.

A German living near by has eighty acres of land, which he intends to share with his brother and brother's family when they arrive in the spring, he arguing that eighty acres is more than one man can properly cultivate.

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New Daily. The first number of the Daily Olympian has been laid on our table. It is published by Messrs. Murphy & Bagley, of Olympia.

We have received the prospectus of the Webfoot Magazine to be published at Portland. It will be a thirty-two page monthly, and its first appearance will be on the 19th of April.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—(Conover) introduced a bill to authorize the Secretary of War to dispose of unserviceable material, and for other purposes it directed him to sell such an amount of unserviceable material in possession of the Navy Department as may be necessary to conduct experiments to determine the practicability of converting the present cast-iron gun now on hand into efficient rifles, and to transmit to Congress at its next session a report of the progress, costs and results of said experiments.

Anthony, from the committee on printing, reported back the resolution recently submitted by him in regard to the publication of debates in the Congressional Record without amendment, and asked for its immediate consideration. He said it had been suggested to him that a week was too long to allow a speech to be reserved for correction or amendment, and he proposed to make the period shorter.

After discussion, Frelinghuysen moved to recommit the resolution to the committee on printing; agreed to. Frelinghuysen, from the committee on agriculture, reported favorably on a bill to amend an act to print extra copies of the report of the commissioner of agriculture for the year 1875; passed.

Allison called up the House bill making an appropriation for the support of the military academy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1877. The first amendment reported by the committee on appropriations was for additional pay of professors for length of service, \$6,800.

West said the law fixed the rank and pay of the professors, and said that if their pay should be increased the pay of every officer of the army must be reduced.

Mr. Davis argued that Congress should reduce the expenses of the military academy. It was too much of a burden upon the people of the country. He would vote for a reduction of the army; for such a reduction as would be sensibly felt by the people.

After some further debate, Kelly gave notice of an amendment which he would submit at the proper time, providing that after June 30, 1876, each of the professors at West Point whose term of service exceeds ten years shall have the rank, pay and allowance of colonel.

After discussion, the Senate adjourned until Monday. Feb. 28.—Jones presented the credentials of his colleague, Wm. Sharon, to be U. S. Senator from Nevada for six years from March 3, 1875. The Senate adjourned until Monday.

Wright, from the committee on civil service and pensions, reported favorably on the Senate bill fixing the salary of the President of the United States; placed on calendar.

Eaton said the people of the country demand a reformation in our civil service and pensions, and reported favorably on the Senate bill fixing the salary of the President of the United States; placed on calendar.

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