

Oregon City Enterprise

DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, LITERATURE, AND THE BEST INTERESTS OF OREGON.

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NO. 2.

THE ENTERPRISE.

LOCAL DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER FOR THE Farmer, Business Man, & Family Circle.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

A. NOLTNER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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(SOCIETY NOTICES.)

OREGON LODGE NO. 3, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Main St. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order, N. G.

REBECCA DEGREE LODGE NO. 3, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Tuesday and Thursday evening each month, at 7 o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall. Members of the Degree are invited to attend.

ROBEY LODGE NO. 1, I. O. O. F.

& A. M. holds its regular communications on the First and Third Sundays in each month, at 7 o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall. Members of the Degree are invited to attend.

FALLS ENCAMPMENT NO. 1, I. O. O. F.

Holds its First and Third Meetings on the First and Third Sundays in each month, at 7 o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall. Members of the Degree are invited to attend.

CLIFF ENCAMPMENT NO. 2, I. O. O. F.

Holds its First and Third Meetings on the First and Third Sundays in each month, at 7 o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall. Members of the Degree are invited to attend.

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. W. NORRIS, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Oregon City, Oregon.
474 1/2 Up St. in Chalmers' Block, Main St., Oregon City, Oregon.

W. H. MORELAND,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Office—Main Street, opposite the Court House.

S. HUELAT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Office—Main Street, opposite the Court House.

JOHNSON & McCOWN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT-LAW.
Oregon City, Oregon.
Office in all the Courts of the State. Special attention given to cases in the U. S. Land Office at Oregon City.
Main Street, Oregon City, Oregon.

L. T. BARIN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Office—Over Pope's Tin Store, Main Street.

OYSTER SALOON
—AND—
RESTAURANT!
LOUIS SAAI, Proprietor.
Main Street, Oregon City, Oregon.

DR. JOHN WELCH,
DENTIST,
OFFICE IN OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Highest Cash Price Paid for County Orders.

W. H. HIGHLAND,
Established since 19, at the old stand, Main Street, Oregon City, Oregon.

SANTA CLAUS' HEADQUARTERS,
LOUIS SAAI.
Announces to the Public that he has received a large assortment of Christmas Toys of all kinds, for boys and girls, which he offers at a low price.

JOHN SCHRAM,

Main St., Oregon City.

MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER OF Saddles, Harness, Saddlebags, Trunks, etc., etc.

WHICH HE OFFERS AS CHEAP AS CAN BE HAD IN THE STATE, AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

717 warrant my goods as represented.

1,000 DEER SKINS WANTED,

—AND ALSO— ALL OTHER KINDS OF HIDES, FOR WHICH I will pay the highest market price in cash. Bring your hides and get your coin for them.

JOHN SCHRAM, Saddle and Harness Maker, Oregon City, Oregon, July 11, 1873-m3.

JOHN M. BACON,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Saddles, Trunks, Portmanteaus, etc., etc. Oregon City, Oregon.

717 Main St. Chalmers' and Warner's old stand, now occupied by S. A. Adams, Main St.

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY!

T. H. UNDERSTAND, having introduced the most improved and reliable means of transportation, has just received a large stock of the best material, and is prepared to construct, make, paint, iron and turn out all articles of a wagon, from common Cart to Concord Coach. Try me.

Blacksmithing, Horse or Ox Shoeing and General Jobbing neatly, quickly, and cheaply done. DAVID SMITH.

OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S STEAMBOAT NOTICE!

Will leave OREGON CITY for PORTLAND every day (except Sunday) at 7 o'clock A. M. Returning, will leave Portland for Oregon City at 6 o'clock P. M.

SUP. ALICE, Will leave OREGON CITY for CORVALLIS every Monday and Thursday of each week.

SUP. DAYTON, Will leave OREGON CITY for MEMPHIS, VILLE, LAFAYETTE and DAYTON, and all intermediate points, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. Leave at 8 o'clock A. M., and connect with the train at Cananah at 9 A. M.

SUP. ALBANY, Leaves OREGON CITY for HARRISBURG and EUGENE and all intermediate points every week.

SUP. Fannie Patton, Leaves OREGON CITY for ALBANY and all intermediate points, every Friday of each week. Leave at 8 o'clock A. M., and connect with the train at Cananah at 9 A. M.

NEW OFFERS!

See the Grand Gifts of Our Fireside Friend to its Subscribers. Entirely new and unprecedented, and such as will interest every one. You miss it if you don't send for samples and full particulars which are sent free!

SEE THE GREAT WATCH OFFER!

OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND is now in its Fifth Volume, thoroughly established as the leading family and story weekly in the Union, has the largest circulation, and the best appointed printing and publishing establishments in the West. It is a large eight-page illustrated and original family paper, price, \$3.00 per year. Every subscriber receives a magnificent premium and a share in the distribution. *Subscribe now!*

WE WANT AGENTS.

We want a representative in every neighborhood. Nothing equals it for agents, male or female, young or old. Large Cash Rates and a *Special Offer*, exclusive territory, which is rapidly filling up. Must be at once, subscribe by sending \$3.00, and receive the paper one year, a magnificent premium, a share in the distribution, and receive also FREE a complete outfit, or send for particulars. Same territory closed for country produce. Address: WATERS & Co., Publishers, Chicago, Ill.

STILL IN THE FIELD!

REMOVED SECOND DOOR SOUTH OF HAAS' SALOON.

WILLIAMS & HARDING,

—AT THE— LINCOLN BAKERY.

KEEP THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK of all kinds of goods found in the city. All goods warranted, Goods delivered in the city free of charge. The highest cash price paid for country produce. Oregon City, March 28, 1873.

FREE VACCINATION FOR CHILDREN

DR. S. PARKER HAS RETURNED from the East and has reopened his office at Hill & Parker's Drug Store, Main Street, Oregon City. Residence, Mrs. Street, Oregon City. Resides at Mrs. Street, the Doctor, while in Boston, Mass., prepared a limited supply of vaccine matter taken from a calf, and for a short time will vaccinate free of charge, either at his office or at their residence, if within the city limits or at Cananah, all children in Clatsop county under 12 years whose parents are desirous of having them vaccinated with pure, undiluted virus, and thus protected from the dangers of Small Pox or any venereal complaint. Price? This, S. PARKER.

MORAL COURAGE.

M. Quad Says It Is a Fraud and Deception.

Moral courage is a big thing. All the good papers advise everybody to have moral courage. All the Almanacs wind up with a word about moral courage. The Rev. Murray, and the Rev. C. Tier, and the Rev. Spurgeon, and lots of other good ends tell their congregations to exhibit moral courage in daily life. Moral courage doesn't cost a cent; everybody can fill up with it until he can't eat half a dinner after going without breakfast.

"Have the moral courage to discharge a debt which you have the money in your pocket," is one of the "moral courage" paragraphs.

M. Quad reads this one, and he determined to act upon it. One day his wife handed him five dollars, which she had been two years saving, and asked him to bring her on a parcel and a pair of gallops. On the way down he met a creditor, and had the moral courage to call him. Returning home, his wife called him 150,000 names, such as "fool," "idiot," etc., and then struck him four times in the pit of the stomach with a flat-iron. After that he didn't have as much moral courage, and would make a leaning-post for a sick grasshopper, and his wife didn't forgive him for thirteen years.

"Have the moral courage to tell a man you refuse to credit him," is another paragraph. That means if you keep a store, and old Mr. Putty comes in and wants a pound of tea; charged, you must promptly respond:

"Mr. Putty, your credit at this store isn't worth the powder to blow a nose into over a four-cent tin." He is a friend of the first water. Mr. Putty, and I wouldn't trust you for a herring's head if herrings were selling at a cent a box.

Mr. Putty will never ask you for credit again, and you will have the consciousness of having performed your honest duty.

"In providing an entertainment for your friends, have the courage not to go beyond your means," is another paragraph. If your daughter wants a party, and you are short, don't be lavish. Borrow some chairs, make a bench of a board and two posts, and set out some molasses and watermelons and tell the crowd to gather around the festive board and partake. They will appreciate your moral courage, if not the banquet.

"Have the courage to show your respect for honesty," is another. That is, if you hear of anybody who picked up a \$5 bill and restored it to its owner, take him by the hand and say, "Mr. Rankin, let me compliment you on being an honest man. I didn't think it of you, and I am agreeably disappointed. I always believed you were a liar, a rascal and a thief, and I am glad to find that you are neither—shake."

"Have the courage to speak the truth," is another paragraph always in use. One day when a boy named Peter. One day when he was loafing around he heard some men talking about old Mr. Hangmaney. Their talk made a deep impression on Peter, and he determined to speak the truth. He said:

"Mr. Hangmaney, when I was up town today I heard Baker say that you were an old hedge-hog with a tin ear."

"What!" roared the old gent, "And Clevis said that you were meaner than a dog rolled in tar," continued the truthful lad.

"You imp—you villain!" roared the old man.

And Kingston said that you were a bald-headed, crooked, ignorant, lying, stealing old skunk under the hen-coop," added the boy.

Then old Mr. Hangmaney fell upon the truthful Peter, and he mopped the floor with him, knocked his heels against the wall, tore his collar off and put his shoulder out of joint, all because that boy had the moral courage to tell the truth.

And there was young Towboy—it was the same with him. He had the moral courage to go over to an old maid and say:

"Miss Faltsair, father said he never was such a nut and old Hubbard squashed us as you are around trying to trap a man!"

"He did, eh?" mused the old maid raising up from her chair.

"Yes, and mother says it's a burning shame that you call yourself a twenty-four when you are forty-five, and she says your hair-dye costs more than that wood!"

"She said that, did she?" murmured the female.

"Yes, and sister Jane says that if she had such a big mouth, such freckles, such big feet and such silly ways, she'd want the lightning to strike her!"

And then the old maid picked up the rolling pin and sought the house in which Towboy resided, and she knocked down and dragged out until it was a hospital. Then Towboy's father mauled him, his mother pounded him, and his sister demanded his hair—all because he had moral courage in his daily life.

YOUTHFUL CONDUCT.—The line of conduct chosen during the five years from fifteen to twenty, will, in almost every instance determine the career of the individual. As he is then careful or careless, prudent or imprudent, industrious or indolent, truthful or dissimulating, intelligent or ignorant, temperate or dissolute, so will he be in after years, and it needs no prophet to cast his horoscope or calculate his chances in life.

Salem Mills continue to pay 62 1/2 cents per bushel for wheat. R. C. Kinney & Co. are still grinding 1,350 tons of flour to ship on the City of Dublin for Liverpool.

The Contest in New York.

The successes achieved by the Democracy in Ohio and Indiana, at the recent elections in those States, afford ground for belief that the State of New York will be carried against the Administration at the November election. The congressional delegations of the two States first mentioned consist of thirty-three members, while the last-named State has an equal number. The aggregate Democratic majority in Ohio and Indiana when complete returns shall have been received, will probably exceed thirty-five thousand. In the Presidential contest of 1872, those States gave Grant a majority over Greeley of 60,046. On national issues that great majority has been overcome, and the popular vote shows a majority against the Administration of not less than 35,000 in those States.

In the State of New York, at the last Presidential election, Grant had a majority over Greeley of 34,473, which was partly owing to the refusal of many Democrats to support the latter. With a Democrat who can poll the full Democratic strength, the Grant majority of 1872 can be easily overcome, and the Empire State will have as much moral courage as Ohio and Indiana. An inspection of the election returns of the three great States we have named will prove that it will be an easier matter to carry the last than the two former, as the percentage of change is in favor of Democratic victory in New York requires to be only a slight one. In the Seymour election Grant's majority was not over ten thousand. It is claimed that the popularity of Gen. Dix is so great that his election by a large majority is almost a foregone conclusion. We doubt it, and for good reasons. He stands on a platform that excites grave suspicions in the minds of all conservative Republicans. Pennsylvania and Kansas are in a private opposition to their Radical Convention, and a third party in New York the State Radical Convention was silent on that issue. That body desired to enlist the support of the National Banks and moneyed classes in favor of Radicalism, and they will ignore a question which will prove of grave importance in this contest.

The Democrats in their Convention at Syracuse boldly declared their opposition to the dangerous innovations that the partisans of President Grant contemplate introducing, and which would receive an important support if Gov. Dix can be elected in the Empire State on a platform silent in that matter. Article XII of the Democratic platform reads as follows: "The Presidency is a public trust, is a private requisite, no third term." That issue must enter into the gubernatorial and Congressional elections of that State to be held on November 3rd, and the position that Samuel J. Tilden occupies thereon is that of an open declaration of war against the most powerful of all arguments—the example of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, and Jackson. Gov. Dix's reticence on the proposition will lose him the support of the conservative Republicans, because his course is inharmonious with his position as a candidate for popular approval, when he should know, from his long experience in public life, that the people expect candidates for their suffrages to be frank and hold in their utterances in public affairs.

The Presidential contest will take place two years from now, and nearly all the Radical Conventions were silent on the third term problem, except Kansas and Pennsylvania, and the latter declared for it. But if the great State of New York should elect Gov. Dix on a platform ignoring that issue, then the next two years will witness the most extraordinary efforts on the part of the Radicals to elect a third time, and a victory in that State would induce Pennsylvania and Kansas to retrace their steps. The press of New York city is in opposition to the Administration now. At the commencement of his second term he had able supporters in several of her leading journals, but the shadow of the third term, has projected its baleful gloom upon the political future of the country, and now none of these old-established newspapers yield him their support. To arrest the tide of opinion and to rally the masses to the third term, his friends have originated a new organ called the *Republic*. It cannot save a sinking cause. The Democracy have rallied the masses to the support of their candidate, and even Gov. Dix cannot be elected on a platform that covertly favors the third term system.—*Examiner.*

The following clipped from the *Athenian Champion*, shows what kind of women they have in Kansas:

"Lost, strayed or stolen—An individual whom I, in an urgent moment of loneliness, was thoughtless enough to adopt as my husband. He is a good looking and feeble individual, not knowing enough, however, to come in when it rains, unless some good looking girl offers him the shelter of her umbrella. Answers to be composed of thirty-eight Democrats and twelve Radicals, three Independent Democrats and one Liberal Republican.

A CLEAN SWEEP.—The latest returns show that the State Senate will be composed of thirty-eight Democrats and twelve Radicals, three Independent Democrats and one Liberal Republican.

Ingratitude to Providence.

A body of farmers in South Wilt, England, have determined to reduce the wages of their farm laborers from 12s. to 11s per week, on the plea that as there has been an abundant harvest, bread will be cheaper, and the farm hands can live upon less wages. This is a very objectionable manner of testing gratitude. Divine Providence, by making a bountiful harvest a pretext for robbing the poor by lessening their wages. The English agricultural laborer is almost at the mercy of his employers. He is their tenant at will, and if he does not work for the prices the farmers are willing to pay, he can be driven from his cottage, and no one in his neighborhood will rent him another. The rent of a cottage will average two shillings per week, in the locality where the farmers have combined to reduce the wages to eleven shillings. That leaves the family consisting of man, wife and several children only nine shillings or \$2 16 per week. With that scanty pittance the laborer is compelled to live on a very meagre diet, one not sufficient to maintain his strength.

For many years past there has been a steady decline in the amount of comforts a week's earnings would procure a farm laborer. Money has decreased in its purchasing power compared with its exchangeable value of twenty years ago. And the demands made upon the country to supply the wants of the large cities have caused many articles that were very cheap to command prices beyond the laborer's means, and they were absolute necessities to his children who are seldom treated with a great deal of delicacy. Milk, in former times was extremely cheap, is now a costly article, as the railways rapidly convey it to the great cities. Potatoes and milk is now a dish too expensive for the farm laborer's children. Pork is double its former price, and butter and lard are sold at the same rate, and the lot of the peasantry appears to be daily approaching the starvation point. The wages given by the farmers do not meet the average expenses of the poorest men's families. The poorhouse has to give assistance, but that system of relief is depreciating the character of the people. It lessens their spirit of independence, and undermines their physical strength.

The peasantry of Ireland are now in a better condition than the farm laborers of England. Their compensation procures them more of the necessities of life than the English farm laborer can obtain on his scanty wages. That improvident condition is being remedied by the sale and emigration of the Irish to the American continent. The younger members of the family, male and female, have been able to help their relatives by obtaining higher wages from week's service in the United States than they could earn in a month in the land of their birth. Millions of enterprising Irishmen have left the old soil, and have bettered their own condition and that of their families by doing so. Such a course is the only remedy for the English farm laborer, and a smaller exodus from England than that which has taken place from Ireland would be sufficient to raise wages in the former, as the relative price of their services in the United States than they could earn in a month in the land of their birth. Millions of enterprising Irishmen have left the old soil, and have bettered their own condition and that of their families by doing so.

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