

THE ENTERPRISE.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, SEPT. 4, 1874.

Manufacturing Interests.

Our citizens appear to realize the importance of encouraging the establishment of manufacturing institutions in this place. Last Monday evening a meeting was held at the Library rooms to take this matter under consideration. A. Noltner was called to the chair, and Hon. W. C. Johnson was appointed Secretary. Short speeches were made by several of our citizens, and a motion was made and passed instructing the Secretary to correspond with the parties who own the water power on each side of the river and ascertain what the right to use such power can be obtained for, and also to correspond with the various parties who are proposing to engage in manufacturing enterprises, as to what they desire from our people as an inducement. The expression of all present seemed to be of the most liberal character, and all seemed to realize the fact that we must put our shoulders to the wheel if we desired to benefit ourselves by the establishment of such institutions in our city.

There is nothing, in our opinion, calculated to do so much for the prosperity of a place as the successful establishment of manufacturing institutions. That Oregon City is by nature designed at no distant future to become an active manufacturing town, no one can deny. It has every inducement which such establishments can ask. The water power is unsurpassed by any place on the face of the earth; timber is to be had a very short distance from town, of every kind needed; iron is melted out in our own immediate neighborhood, and coal is to be found in abundance in our county. The facilities for transportation to market are not equalled by any other town in the State. The railroad is conveniently located; and the river is navigable from this place to Portland the entire year; while we have steamboat connection with that rich and populous country lying on the Yamhill river the entire year. We are not overestimating the advantages of this place for manufacturing purposes, and any disinterested or unprejudiced person will readily agree with us that Oregon City is the place for the permanent success of manufacturing enterprises.

We would urge on our people to use their best endeavors in securing these establishments. We can afford to be liberal in our encouragements for such institutions as they will bring population and wealth in our midst. Property to-day is of but little value; owing to the fact that there is no prospect in sight for a greater demand in the immediate future. Let there be a move made to put in operation a large manufacturing institution that would employ hundreds of experienced mechanics, and our town would fill up immediately and property would advance a hundred fold. There is nothing liberal in a man giving a portion of what he has, if the object for which he gives that portion will enhance the remainder of his possessions more than four or ten times as much as he gives. It is a business matter, and we trust that our citizens will look at these matters in a business view, and not allow the golden opportunity to escape, and judging from the expressions made at the meeting last Monday, we are of the opinion that our people fully realize the importance of doing something which will make Oregon City the Lowell of the Pacific Coast. Let the good work be pushed on until it be brought to a success.

REMARKS BY.—An English paper speaks as follows of our State: "England lost a beautiful country when she relinquished Oregon, a State nearly as large as Great Britain and Ireland combined. The State has unlimited resources, and a climate well adapted to Britons, it being rather humid, though not the rain-soaked country we supposed. It possesses many attractions for the laborer, as well as farmer, and therefore is worthy the attention of those who wish to leave their motherland to woo fortune abroad."

EDITOR.—Rev. J. H. Babcock, of Salem, was appointed editor of the Oregon Churchman by Bishop Morris, at the recent Convocation. We welcome Mr. Babcock to the field of journalism, and feel assured that under his management the Churchman will be an interesting and instructive journal. The Statesman congratulates the Diocese on the selection, feeling assured that as a religious writer Mr. Babcock has no superior in the State.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—The last issue of the Mountain Sentinel comes to us with the editorship of Mr. Bull and the announcement that Messrs. E. S. McComas and J. H. Stevens, Jr., had bought the paper, Mr. McComas becoming editor. We wish the new firm the best of prosperity, and extend to the new editor the courtesies of the profession.

THE ALDINE.—A report was recently published that the Aldine had failed, which we are happy to announce is incorrect. The September number on our table is as full of interest as any of its predecessors.

Railroad Resolutions.

A meeting of the citizens of East Portland was held last week for the purpose of giving expression in regard to the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad. The following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted, with a request that the press of the State publish the same:

WHEREAS, The people of Oregon have watched with the deepest interest the progress being made in the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, and with pleasure the efforts of our Senators and Representatives in Congress, and the plain and earnest statements of the President of the road in his address to the people, of date August 1st, 1874, showing the strict and unprejudiced economy of the measure before Congress, the thorough and effectual guards of the public interest in respect to unjust discrimination, excessive charges, extortion, combinations, and the entire submission to legislative control in matters pertaining to the public welfare; and

WHEREAS, It is plain to the most casual observer that this most important enterprise has been prospected to its commanding position against great odds, and through obstacles of an extraordinary character; and

WHEREAS, In the opinion of this meeting the time has come when Oregon should demonstrate to Congress and to the world the earnestness with which this enterprise is prosecuted, and that our own State is willing to bear a portion of the burdens necessary to accomplish this great work; therefore

Resolved, That the Legislature, as a measure of the first importance, should so modify the act granting the Swamp Lands and Five per Cent. Fund, in aid of the construction of certain sections of said road, as that consideration for the work to be performed by said company may be available as the work made progress, not exceeding in the aggregate, after the work in completed the sum of \$50,000 per annum.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the State should appropriate a sufficient amount of money to defray the preliminary expense of prosecuting this all-important enterprise.

Resolved, That we commend to other sections of the State, and especially to our sister, the city of Portland, a favorable consideration of these resolutions.

Terrific Retribution.

John Brown was hanged on the ground of the State, remarks the St. Louis Republican, where he struck the first blow for freedom. Mr. Lincoln, the first anti-slavery President, died by an assassin's bullet, which, yet, was scarcely more pitiless than the biography that afterwards bore his good name to tatters. Gerritt Smith is said to have lost his reason. Jim Lane died by his own hand, the victim of remorse which even his fierce, iron nature could not endure. Horace Greeley died in defeat and delirium, amid the execrations of the party which he had built. Mr. Beecher still lives, but only to look upon the ghastly fragments of a reputation which was the greatest of all—torn to pieces by his own friend, whom, in turn, he has ground to dust under his heavy heel. Mr. Sumner died under the condemnation of his own party, having lived the last two years of his life under the condemnation of his own State. Fremont lives under the ban of outlawry of a French court before which he refuses to appear to answer to charges of fraud. So much for the tragic fate of the anti-slavery leaders. Turning to the South to look after their great antagonists on the other side, we find that Mason, Sillidell, Soule, Brooks, Wigfall and Keitt have died peacefully on their beds. Stephens has lived to return to Congress; and Toombs, Hunter, Wise, and Davis live to see the wreck and ruin of so many of their old antagonists. Slavery came out of the contest defeated, and anti-slavery came out of it triumphant; yet the smitten South contains few or no graves of self-slain or dishonored leaders, while the victorious North is marked with many a dark spot where an anti-slavery champion has fallen.

THE ENGLISH WHEAT CROP.—A dispatch of the 29th ult. says that a careful review of the English wheat crop by the New York Times, based on the annual report of James Sanderson to the London Times, comes to the following conclusions: England has had three successive short crops prior to the present year, which though better, is still seven per cent. below the average of thirty bushels per acre. It is nothing like the crop of 1868, when, according to Sanderson, grains of wheat average over sixty bushels against under forty this year. The crop of 1868 was 30 per cent. above the average. The total yield this year is 100,000,000 bushels. England's annual consumption is 190,000,000 bushels, leaving a deficit of 90,000,000, to be drawn chiefly from the United States, which must supply at least half this surplus this year than last. Prices of wheat will undoubtedly be lower this year than since 1870, though the increase consumption always attending cheap bread in Europe may later have a reflex influence on values, so that a market will be found at remunerative prices for all the wheat we can spare seems equally certain.

ANNIVERSARY.—On Tuesday, the 18th ult., was the 14th anniversary of Jacksonville Lodge, No. 10, and the I. O. O. F. flag was raised in commemoration thereof. Fourteen years ago, August 18th, this Lodge was instituted, with only five charter members, and under the not most flattering circumstances. Not one of the charter members remain, but in their places may now be found upward of sixty members. The Lodge owns the two-story brick in which it holds its meetings, has a surplus in the treasury, and is one of the most successful organizations in the State.

COMPLIMENTARY.—A complimentary reception was given at the residence of J. W. Virtue, Esq., recently in honor of Hon. A. H. Brown and family, on the occasion of their removal from Baker City to Salem, which was a very pleasant affair.

Negroes in Council.

No tongue or pen, remarks the Selma, Ala., Argus, can describe the scenes of the Radical county convention which assembled in that city on the 6th inst., and was in session until the 8th. A report of its proceedings which should be too wild for credulity itself to credit, would fall so far short of a proper description of its riot and turbulence, its noise and confusion, its oaths and exclamations and shouts, its mutual extermination and denunciation, its trickery and outrage and corruption, as to convey no adequate idea of its doings, unprecedented even in such assemblies. Of the nearly two hundred delegates composing it, there were not probably a dozen whites; and so many negroes gathered from Abyssinian deserts or Ethiopian jungles, and maddened by bad liquor and stimulated by the hope of rewards, could not have been less orderly under Jere Haralson's iron rule or less intelligent in the discharge of their duties. The following ticket is nominated: Probate Judge, Jos. Gothard; Judge of Criminal Court, R. E. Thomas; Sheriff, Hamilton White; Clerk of the Circuit Court, Thomas Walker; Clerk of the Criminal Court, W. J. Stevens; Collector, E. I. Morgan; Assessor, Albert Boyd; Treasurer, B. S. Turner; Coroner, A. Fenton; Legislature, C. E. Harris, D. E. Coon, R. L. Johnson, R. C. Goodrich, and W. H. Blevins. Negroes in Council.

The True Secret of the Matter.

From New Hampshire and Connecticut, from Oregon, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi and North Carolina, says an exchange, we have the suggestive record of Radical defeats and opposition successes, or of opposition gains and Radical losses. Disturbing local divisions and factions are still pleaded as the explanation of these Radical reverses; but if these disturbing forces exist from New Hampshire to Oregon, and from Oregon to North Carolina, is not the general outlook for the year to the Radical party unusually dark and discouraging. The New York Herald thinks that the truth is that that spirit of unity, harmony and active co-operation which has heretofore existed between the party and the National Administration exist no longer. The objects of the party are no longer the objects of the Administration. The compact between the President and the party entered into in 1868, has expired. The engagements of the party were fulfilled in his election for a second term, and the reciprocal duties of Gen. Grant have been discharged in the completion of the Radical programme of Southern reconstruction and restoration. Grant is no longer bound as an agent of the party, and the party is no longer bound to his Administration.

WANTS TO KNOW.—Thus far only two or three Radical Congressmen who have shown any disgust at the sins of their party have been re-nominated. The Chicago Tribune in commenting upon this fact, says: "Credulous constituencies are re-nominating the Congressmen who have been caught in various sorts of jobbery, apparently under a profound conviction that some process had been going on inside each one of them by which knavery has been changed into honesty, and stupidity into intellectual brilliancy. Under these circumstances it wants to know 'if a fervid popular indignation and earnest promises of reform inside the party have both proved so utterly unable to effect anything, what has the country to expect if that party is kept in power?'"

THE OLYMPIA STEAMER.—The Olympia Steamer of the 29th ult. says that a careful review of the English wheat crop by the New York Times, based on the annual report of James Sanderson to the London Times, comes to the following conclusions: England has had three successive short crops prior to the present year, which though better, is still seven per cent. below the average of thirty bushels per acre. It is nothing like the crop of 1868, when, according to Sanderson, grains of wheat average over sixty bushels against under forty this year. The crop of 1868 was 30 per cent. above the average. The total yield this year is 100,000,000 bushels. England's annual consumption is 190,000,000 bushels, leaving a deficit of 90,000,000, to be drawn chiefly from the United States, which must supply at least half this surplus this year than last. Prices of wheat will undoubtedly be lower this year than since 1870, though the increase consumption always attending cheap bread in Europe may later have a reflex influence on values, so that a market will be found at remunerative prices for all the wheat we can spare seems equally certain.

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Political News.

LANSING, August 26.—The Republican State convention assembled here to-day, and nominated the following ticket: For Governor, J. J. Bagley; for Lieutenant Governor, W. H. Holt; for Secretary of State, C. D. Holden; for Treasurer, W. B. McCree; of Genesee county; for Attorney General, Ralph Ely, of Gratiot county; for Commissioner of State Land office, L. A. Clapp (re-nominated); for Superintendent of Public Instruction, D. B. Briggs (re-nominated).

COLEMAN, August 26.—The Democratic State convention met here to-day, and nominated the following ticket: For Secretary of State, Wm. Bell, of Licking county; for School Commissioner, C. S. Smart, of Peckaway county; for Judge of the Supreme Court, M. G. Moore, of Preble county; for Clerk of Supreme Court, A. Green, of Cuyahoga county; for Member of the Board of Public Works, Martin Schiller, of Ross. The resolutions adopted declare that the Democratic party of Ohio adheres to the ancient principles of securing equal rights and exact justice to all men, and all States and communities of America, resisting every attempt to usurp any of the powers conferred by the Constitution to the States respectively, and to the people thereof; that a sound currency is indispensable to the welfare of the nation, and that the same should be regulated by necessities of business, and all laws that interfere with such natural regulation are vicious in principle and detrimental in their effects; in favor of such an increase of the circulating medium as will from time to time require.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—The Democratic State convention met at Jefferson City this morning and adopted a platform. It reviews the Democratic administration of the State since the last two years, the resolutions arraign the Republican party for having passed the Poland Label law, for Credit Mobilier and revenue moiety frauds; denounces the salary grab, oppose the passage of the Civil Rights bill; demand the payment of bonds on the credit of the State, with the terms by which it was created; assert that 520 bonds are payable in legal tenders, according to the act of February 1862, and that the subsequent act of March 1869, pledging their coin redemption was not in accordance with the act of the National Banking law and the substitution of greenbacks; favor a recall of all paper money at the earliest practicable day; denounce the present tariff and revenue laws as unjust to non-producers, and pledge the party to nominate only men of high moral character. No nominations have yet been made.

PRINCETON, August 27.—The Democratic convention reassembled this morning and continued nominations. For Judge of the Supreme Court, W. J. Woodward, of Berkeley county was nominated on the 14th ballot. The convention nominated John Latta for Lieutenant Governor on the fifth ballot. Justice F. Temple, of Green county, received the nomination for Auditor.

ROANOKE, Va., August 27.—Ex-Governor E. C. Walker was nominated for Governor yesterday by the Conservative convention.

TOPEKA, August 27.—The Kansas Republican convention has re-nominated T. A. Osborn for Governor. The following Democratic State ticket was nominated by the convention at Jefferson City: For Governor, Charles H. Hastings; Lieutenant Governor, N. J. Coleman; Secretary of State, M. K. McGinnis; Auditor, Thomas Halladay; Treasurer, J. W. Mercer; Register of Lands, Oscar Koelitzky. The remainder of the ticket is not yet reported.

TRENTON, August 27.—The Republican State convention met here at noon. The ticket nominated was: For Governor, J. H. Cavanaugh; for Lieutenant Governor, Samuel Lapham; Auditor, D. W. Wilder; Attorney General, A. M. T. Randolph; Superintendent of Public Instruction, John Frazer; Associate Justice of Supreme Court, D. M. Valentine.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 28.—The Democratic State convention met at Middletown yesterday and nominated John P. Goetz for Governor and James Williams for Congress. Resolutions are vigorous in denouncing the Administration and Civil Rights bill. They censure the course of Representative Lofland and extol the Democratic policy of the State.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 27.—The Democrats of the Eleventh Congressional district nominated Jonathan D. Cox.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, August 26.—The Anti-Monopoly convention of the Second Congressional district at Maguoketoday, nominated J. L. Shean.

SALAM, Mass., August 27.—It is announced that Gen. Butler will run for Congress in the Sixth district.

CONVOCATION.—The Annual Convocation of the Episcopal Church for Oregon and Washington Territory was held at Portland last week, commencing on Thursday evening, and adjourned on Saturday afternoon. A full delegation of the Clergy was present, and delegates from several of the parishes. The various reports show the church to be in a most excellent condition and the increase during the year very encouraging. In Oregon City there were confirmed 18 for the past year.

TAKEN POSSESSION.—Mr. Thomas Smith, formerly of the Empire hotel at the Dalles, took possession of the Chemeketa hotel, in Salem, on the 1st inst. Mr. Smith is one of the best hotel keepers on the coast, and there can be no question but what he will receive a liberal support.

Territorial News Items.

There are now 16 Granges in Idaho Territory.

The Owyhee Armathebe is to be a daily hereafter.

New Tacoma will soon have a Post Office of its own.

Colorado call for more women. It has scarcely a single one.

The Montana papers are filled with reports of Indian difficulties.

The Grand Lodge of Masons convened in Olympia this week.

Melons by the wagon load sell at 4 cents apiece in Salt Lake city.

The Creed & Butler mine in Colorado was recently sold to a Holland company for \$3,000,000.

An important law suit is in progress at Steilacoom affecting the land titles of half the county.

Some of the maple trees in Olympia have grown, in eighteen years, to five feet in circumference.

The crops along the southern border of Colorado have been nearly ruined by drought and grasshoppers.

The trial of young Seybert, at Seattle, for the murder of his father, was postponed until next term of Court.

One hundred and seventy-seven thousand feet of lumber in eleven hours is the way they load ships at Port Gamble.

Colorado Springs has 6,000 shade trees, which cost, including painting, \$8,000, but which are worth to the town \$50,000.

Capt. B. B. Tuttle has been appointed Assistant Collector of Internal Revenue for Walla Walla vice Wolner, removed.

The people at Wasloo Ferry, Snake river, and vicinity, have held a meeting and resolved in favor of organizing a Grange.

Bishop John Lamy, Catholic bishop of New Mexico, has secured a Government patent to 16,000 acres in Santa Fe county.

The dead body of a white man was found lying on the beach below White Salmon in Washington Territory, on Thursday of last week.

A Grange has been organized at Sharon, Chehalis county, with thirty charter members. A. J. Gibson, Master; Robert Mairush, Secretary.

The Walla Walla Statesman says that \$1,500 has been raised in Lewiston to start a new paper, and that Judge Whitson has been offered the editorial control.

A. J. Boyakin has sent for the necessary material and will commence the publication of a Democratic newspaper at Boise City, about the middle of September.

McKay, of the Tacoma Brewery, was found guilty, at Steilacoom, of selling beer from packages to which internal revenue stamps had not been affixed, and was sentenced to imprisonment for four months.

Report has it that H. G. Struve has secured a pardon from the President for his desertion from the army twenty years ago. He is still at the National Capital, working for his reinstatement to the office of Territorial Secretary.

There is an exhibition, at the Olympia Territorial office, a cabbage head raised on the place of Tyrus Himes, a few miles from Olympia, which weighs sixty-five pounds. The seed was sown on the 27th of April last, and the head was cut on the 25th of August.

The Tacoma Tribune says: "A few days ago the eldest son of Capt. J. C. Ainsworth, with suitable instruments, examined the position of American and Gravelly Lakes, and arrived at results that will surprise many. He found the former seven feet higher than the latter, and current where none was supposed to exist."

Capt. George D. Hill, of Olympia, has information from Washington that the immediate survey of the Skagit river has been ordered by the Engineer Bureau of the Government under an act passed at the last session appropriating \$10,000 for the improvement of the navigation of that river.

The Walla Walla Statesman of last Saturday says, The farmers are offering considerable wheat, but the dealers evince but little desire to purchase. We hear of a sale of 10,000 bushels at 35 and 40 cents, which, we believe, is the largest transaction of the season. At these figures the purchaser furnishes the sacks.

From a private letter from San Francisco, dated August 19th, which may be relied upon, the Olympia Courier learns the following: "The Colter bubble has burst. Nothing in it. A sensational fraud, invented by Colter and an accomplice, for what reason has not yet been determined. There is no such person as W. W. Knowlton, who as an attorney started the advertisement to learn the whereabouts of Henry Colter."

The Denver News says: "A band of Sioux about ten days ago committed an outrage near the eastern line of Colorado Territory, that has rarely been equaled in barbarity. They caught four unfortunate laboring men that were going from town to town in search of work, on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad, and after butchering them, scalped and otherwise mutilated two, and burned the hearts out of the others. They then burned the railway bridge near Aubrey station. The bodies of 7, a few days afterward, were brought into Dodge City, supposed to have been murdered by the same band."

NOR ONE WORD OF PITY.—Amongst all discussion of Plymouth Church affairs, not one word of pity for editors, even from the moist-hearted Bergh. Yet they have to read, and read carefully, all that is published anywhere on both sides of the question. Instead of spending their days with Addison and their nights with Beecher, they pass their nights with Beecher, their days with Milton, and the twilight with Montaigne, and the twilight exclames the Worcester Gazette, life becomes indeed a burden.

Telegraphic News.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 26.—A special to the Union and American says: Armed men are pouring in from the country to find all quiet. Scouts say they cannot find an armed negro. Two of the six negroes found shot last night are still alive.

RICKETSVILLE, August 26, 6 p. m.—Men are resting on their arms. All reports of armed negro bands and fighting in the country are believed to be false.

MEMPHIS, August 26.—Dispatches from Humboldt and other offices along the line of the Memphis and Louisville Railroad, in Gibson county, near the scene of the disturbance on Saturday, states that a perfect reign of terror exists in consequence of the excitement growing out of the mob taking six negroes out of the Trenton jail last night and killing them. Blacks and whites are armed, and there is a dread of a conflict.

NEW YORK, August 27.—Henry C. Bowen to-day instituted a libel suit against the Brooklyn Eagle, claiming damages in the sum of \$100,000, the offense being the publication of an alleged interview between an English reporter and Bowen, which the latter claims never occurred, and the writing of editorial comments thereon. He also instituted a civil suit against the reporter, claiming damage to the amount of \$50,000.

D. Barnum, collector of the Argus was arrested to-day, at the instance of Bowen and his sons, for the publication of an alleged interview with Henry M. Smith. The defendant was released on his own recognizance to appear to-morrow morning and make arrangements for trial.

NASHVILLE, August 27.—Parties who have been scouring the country around Humboldt report that no armed negroes are to be found and no fears of an uprising entertained.

NEW ORLEANS, August 27.—The Kiowa and Comanche tribes, General Davidson on the 23d inst., at Wickett Agency, near Fort Atkinson, were twice repulsed, and are attempting to return to the agency.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Rumors were circulated shortly after Bristow's appointment that he would shortly resign his office. At that time and attention to the care of the estate of a recently deceased uncle of Mrs. Bristow, who left to that lady an estate worth half a million dollars, and named General Bristow as executor. They are again renewed, and it is stated that Hugh McCall will be called again to the Treasury Department.

MEMPHIS, August 29.—A large meeting was held here last night to express the indignation of the community at the barbarous murders of the colored people, and a call from Trenton jail. M. M. Estes presided, with ex-Governor Harris, Judge Archibald Wright and Charles Clatvech, as Vice Presidents. Speeches were made by ex-Governor Harris, Jefferson Davis, Colonel Duncan McKee, Gen. Forrest and others, denouncing the cowardly assassins of the prisoners, and calling for a prompt and most energetic enforcement of the law against the perpetrators of the deed. Gen. Forrest stated that he stood ready to start a militia to hunt the assassins, and in bringing the assassins to punishment. Resolutions were adopted expressing the horror and indignation of the community at the foul crime, and demanding of the State Government prompt and energetic measures in punishing the murderers to justice, and relieving the State, as far as possible from the disgrace of such horrible crimes; asking the Government to employ the police experts of Memphis to assist in capturing the assassins; and to employ the best legal talent in the State to assist the Attorney General in prosecuting them.

NEW YORK, August 29.—The Journal of Commerce says: In spring grades of wheat a very good business is noted, mainly on export account, with a trifling increase in the country. The prime stock at the close was offered with some reserve, and held at better prices. Winter wheat meets with fair shipping demand, realizing rather better prices.

NEW ORLEANS, August 29.—A dispatch from Shreveport says the consular from Conshatta, just in, reports that the troubles are ended, and the town is quiet. The negroes being left without a leader, dispersed. One white and two blacks were killed.

TOPEKA, August 29.—Governor Osborne has called an extra session of the Legislature for the 15th of September, to devise means for the relief of those settlers whose crops have been destroyed by grasshoppers.

NEW YORK, August 31.—Ex-Governor Herber of Louisiana, has a gun a libel suit against the World Company for \$50,000.

TWIN MOUNTAINS, N. H., August 30.—Beecher preached here to-day to an audience of over 1,000. His text was the 4th and 5th verses of the 12th chapter of Romans, and the sermon is pronounced to be one of his most successful efforts.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Services were held at Plymouth Church this morning and evening. No reference was made to the scandal. At the evening service Mrs. Beecher had an attack of the heart disease, to which she is subject, and had to be carried to her home.

JERSEYVILLE, August 30.—A horrible outrage, resulting in the death of the victim, was committed near Henryville last night. Augustus Garnier, while walking along the railroad track, was assaulted by three men, who robbed him of \$5, and then threw him across the track and left him. He was rescued from freezing his body from the ropes, but before he could get his legs loose the train came along and, though he managed to throw his body off the track, his left leg was cut off. He lay beside the track all night and was picked up by a train, and brought here, and brought here. He died soon after.

SHREVEPORT, August 31.—It is reported here that the prisoners, including the Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff and two Tax Collectors, captured by the citizens at Conshatta on Saturday night, were taken from here, by fifty armed men, supposed to be Texans, and killed.

LATER.—Shreveport reports just received tend to confirm the previous rumors, and leave little room for doubt that the Conshatta prisoners were murdered at McFarland's plantation, 35 miles below here, on the east side of Red River.

Summary of State News Items.

Students crowding into Monmouth. Col. Nesmith is putting his horses into training.

Nearly all the bad bridges in Polk county are being repaired.

An Alden-Process Fruit drying Co. is talked of at Corvallis.

The Pendleton Tribune has been appointed litigant organ for Umatilla county.

Quite a number of counterfeit five dollar pieces are in circulation in Coos Co.

Gen. O. O. Howard is now Commander of the Department of the Columbia.

The State Grange will commence its first annual session in Salem on the 15th inst.

Judge B. F. Bonham assumed the robes of Chief Justice of Oregon on the 1st inst.

The county offices in the Polk Co. Court House are being fitted up with new furniture.

Wheat is rapidly pouring into Corvallis from all quarters, and the elevators are kept busy.

The Indians on the Grand Ronde agency have raised about 20,000 bushels of grain this season.

A man named Phil Johnson was severely stabbed at an Indian ranch below Portland. He had no business there.

We understand Wm. Thompson, formerly of the Mercury, will go into the sheepraising business the ensuing spring.

Dave Burns, of Bridgeport, has invented a new threshing. It only requires one man to work it. Patent applied for.

On last Thursday morning Mrs. Ramsdell, of Yaquina, shot and killed a fine large buck, and she didn't scream either.

The gross valuation of property in Lane county is \$4,262,442, of which \$2,873,067 is taxable. Total number of polls, 1,309.

A special session of the Oregon State Woman Suffrage Association will convene in Salem on Tuesday, September 22d.

Young Mr. Miers, who was reported as having shot and been shot in Baker county, recently arrived at home and ain't hurt a bit.

A distemper of a very serious form has broken out among the horses of Union county and many have already succumbed to the disease.

The Reporter says the dead lock in the wheat market at McMinnville is broken. Six bushels and a half have been sold at 75 cents a bushel.

The Gazette says there is a crazy man sloshing about in the woods around Corvallis, who says he is "fleeing from the wrath to come."

Mrs. Fanny Phelps has engaged Reed's Opera house for a lengthy theatrical season, commencing about the time the Legislature convenes.

A little daughter of R. G. Head, of Corvallis, fell a distance of twenty-three feet, a few days ago, and strange to say, was not badly hurt.

Mr. Jacob Conser is putting elevating machinery in the Lemon warehouse at Junction City. It will be ready to receive grain in two weeks.

The stockholders in the Albany Farmers' warehouse, last season, cleared over \$2,500—a profit of twenty-one per cent. on the capital invested.

A bar of pure gold, weighing 312 ounces, was the result of an eight days run of and 8-samp mill in quartz from the Cabell ledge in Baker county.

A field of six acres of wheat on new oak grub land on Jerome Porter's farm near the Grove was harvested last week and yielded 40 bushels to the acre.

Since Dr. Bailey, of Hillsboro, hung the clothes on the barn that he had on when he visited those small pox cases at Cornelius, he does not miss any more of his oats.

On the 22d ult., at Looking Glass, Douglas county, a young man by the name of George Cox was shot by William Mans. A woman was the cause. Cox was shot in three places.

On Wednesday Zach Moore, of Eugene City was arrested on a charge of supplying Indians with whiskey, and on examination was bound over for his appearance in the sum of \$100.