

# THE ENTERPRISE.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, MAY 18, 1874

## DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Congress:  
GEO. A. LA DOW, of Umatilla.

For Governor:  
L. F. GROVER, of Marion Co.

For Secretary of State:  
S. F. CHADWICK, of Douglas.

For State Treasurer:  
A. H. BROWN, of Baker.

For State Printer:  
M. V. BROWN, of Linn.

Superintendent of Public Instruction:  
E. J. DAWNE, of Marion.

## DISTRICT NOMINATIONS.

FOR JUDGE FOURTH DISTRICT,  
E. D. SHATTUCK,  
Of Multnomah County.

For Prosecuting Attorney,  
H. Y. THOMPSON,  
Of Multnomah County.

For Prosecuting Attorney, First District,  
H. K. HANNA, of Jackson County.

For Judge of Second Judicial District,  
L. F. MOSHER, of Douglas County.

For Prosecuting Attorney,  
C. W. FITCH, of Lane County.

For Prosecuting Attorney, Third District,  
J. J. WHITNEY, of Linn County.

For Prosecuting Attorney, Fifth District,  
W. B. LASSWELL, of Grant County.

## CLACKAMAS COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For State Senator:  
A. F. HEDGES.

For Representatives:  
Henry McGugin, J. W. Cain,  
P. S. Noyer,  
J. M. Reed.

For County Judge:  
W. L. WHITE.

For County Commissioner:  
J. A. Fields, A. J. Cason.

For Sheriff:  
C. F. BEATIE.

For County Clerk:  
FRANK W. FOSTER.

For County Treasurer:  
J. P. WARD.

For Assessor:  
J. H. LEWELLEN.

For School Superintendent:  
W. W. MORELAND.

For Surveyor:  
GORHAM BRIDGES.

For Coroner:  
Dr. H. STRAIGHT.

## Political Speaking.

Governor Grover will speak at the following times and places:

Eugene City, May.....	May 1
Albany, Saturday.....	" 2
Corvallis, Monday.....	" 4
Dallas, Wednesday.....	" 6
Lafayette, Thursday.....	" 7
Salem, Saturday.....	" 9
Oregon City, Monday.....	" 11
Portland, Tuesday.....	" 12
Hillsboro, Wednesday.....	" 13
The Dalles, Friday.....	" 15
Pendleton, Monday.....	" 18
Weston, Tuesday.....	" 19
La Grande, Thursday.....	" 21
Union, Friday.....	" 22
Baker City, Saturday.....	" 23

Speaking at 1 o'clock, p. m., each day, except at Portland and The Dalles, at which places it will begin at 7 p. m. Opposing candidates are invited to join in the canvass.

## The Convention.

Last Saturday the County Democratic Convention met at this place and nominated a full county ticket.

State Senator, Capt. A. F. Hedges, Capt. Hedges, the present sheriff, is a pioneer, having resided in this county for more than twenty years, is well and favorably known. He has been identified with some of the leading enterprises for the development of this county, and has experience as a legislator, rendering him eminently fit for the position for which he is nominated.

For Representatives, J. W. Cain, Henry McGugin, P. S. Noyer and J. M. Reed. J. W. Cain, of Oswego, who has resided in Oregon for more than twenty years, part of the time a resident of Washington county, but for 6 or 8 years a resident of Oswego in this county. He is a live man. P. S. Noyer, of Beaver Creek precinct, who came to this county with his father when but a youth. His interests are identified with the people of this county, a farmer by occupation, and is a stirring enterprising young man. Henry McGugin, of Cascades precinct, also a farmer, is justice of the peace for his precinct, and is held in respect by all those acquainted with him. John M. Reed, of Spring Water precinct, is a young man of more than ordinary promise, highly esteemed wherever known.

For Sheriff, C. F. Beatie, who has resided in this county for more than twenty years, holds by appointment the position of County Treasurer, was Deputy Sheriff during the first year of the present term, and has filled the position of Assessor five years during his residence in this county, a farmer by occupation.

F. W. Foster, the nominee for County Clerk has resided in Clackamas county since early childhood, a farmer by occupation, having the requisite clerical ability to make an efficient clerk; and though not personally known all over the county is held in high esteem wherever personally known, making the right man for the

place to which he will undoubtedly be assigned by a majority of the voters of this county on the first Monday of June next.

Col. W. L. White is the nominee for County Judge, which position he now holds by appointment of the Governor. Though he has held the position but a short time yet sufficiently long to demonstrate his ability to fill the position with credit to himself.

A. J. Cason and J. A. Fields were nominated for County Commissioners. They are good, common sense, practical men, and have long resided in the county, are familiar with its wants, and in connection with the nominee for County Judge will make an efficient County Board to whom the interests of the county may be safely intrusted.

J. P. Ward the nominee for Treasurer, J. H. Lewellen for Assessor, Gorham Bridges for Surveyor, W. W. Moreland, Superintendent, and Dr. H. Straight for Coroner, are all young men well qualified for the positions to which they have been nominated.

The ticket is made up mostly of farmers, and so far as we have been able to find out, it will receive in all parts of the county a precursor of earnest united effort, and a consequent Democratic victory. Throughout the county precincts more than usual interest was taken in the primaries, resulting in the selection of delegates mostly young men who have not hitherto participated in political conventions, and though there were a number of aspirants for several of the positions, yet the results were so squarely and fairly reached as to lead to the conclusion that the candidates were the choice of a majority of the party. It is only one month till the election will be held, a short period, and yet sufficiently long if the time is well improved to achieve a signal triumph. Then let us to the work unitedly and with a hearty good will, and the day will be ours.

## Parties—Affinity—Antagonism.

Parties cannot exist, except where in any community or country the people are divided in sentiment—not to say diversity, which may exist to such an extent that no sufficient number entertain similar views to form the basis of a party, but rather result in factions and feuds. Parties then can only exist and be maintained in a community or country where a considerable portion of the people embrace ideas sufficiently similar to form a basis of union, and another or other considerable portions of the same community entertain views or opinions in common with each other and antagonistic to the other position of the people. A careful analysis of these affinities and antagonisms is instructive and amusing. In some instances the affinity is genuine and earnest constituting a power, the antagonism real and definite, making a positive element of opposition. In such instances the conflicts are resolute and determined, testing the strength and developing the weakness of the form of government. In this condition of things the study of politics is a duty on the part of every citizen interested in the welfare and prosperity of the country.

Whenever a party adopt as a creed principles consistent with each other and in accord with the theory of the existing government, they thereby occupy an invulnerable position, unless, indeed, there is a preponderating element of the people opposed to the existing form of government. A party having a correct creed may adopt wrong policies and thereby be liable to overthrow on the mere ground of erroneous policy.

We are led to this train of thoughts by the recent party movements in this State. The Douglas county union of antagonisms, and antagonism of unguis, presents a theme for the careful study of the politician.

"Can the Ethiopian change his skin and the Leopard his spots." Are the principles of the Radical Republican and Bourbon Democrats identical? Is the difference a myth? Some piously inclined say the millennium has dawned, that the "Lion and the lamb lie down together and a little child lead them." Truly, politics makes strange bed fellows. At this particular juncture when the word reform is on every tongue and erimination and reclamation are in the charge of official corruption are bandied by the respective parties, this shaking hands across the bloody chasm by the old political antagonists presents an anomaly demanding serious thought; one of two things is a consequence, namely: That there is a collusion in corruption on the part of the old antagonistic parties, or that the indications of corruption on the part of the new or independent party is so overwhelming as to bring about amicable relations with former opponents, to avert threatening calamities, or more probably, on the principle that there is but one step from the sublime to the ridiculous, and that in this particular instance in that particular locality, that step has been taken.

Knows Him.—The Coos Bay News, speaking of the Ring nominee for this District says: "Johnson is one of the clique who imported 'Wrestling Joe' Nixon to this State in the Finice Caruthers case; a worse nomination could not have been made."

## How it is Received.

It is a pretty well settled fact that the result of a convention will tell which side the people are on almost as well as an election. The result of Saturday's Convention is now being seen. The people, and especially the Democratic portion of them, are happy at the bright prospect before them, while the Radicals are crestfallen and disheartened. They see the tide of public opinion drifting to the Democratic shores, and they try to hide their discomfiture by dropping all but two or three of their candidates whom they hope to swap into office. The people do not want men in the legislature who would rob their brothers and partners, or who have no interest in Oregon's welfare, having their families in other States. Neither do they want men to handle their money who are doing a broker's business, buying county warrants at a big discount to speculate on. We can be more specific if our Radical friends desire us to be. Neither do we want a man in office who collects city taxes in coin and pays them in script. These facts are pretty well established, and we shall take pleasure in letting the voters know from time to time a few of the Radical candidates' shortcomings. The nomination of a majority of the Radical ticket was a cold underhand lick at the honest upright men of that party, and it is receiving, as it deserves to, a very weak support. What a contrast! The Democratic ticket is composed of hard working, honest and deserving men, while the Radical ticket is composed of men who do not pretend to do anything but make their living without work, and depend on office-holding for a living; they are of the stripe to sell out their constituents for surveying contracts. Is it any wonder that a ticket composed of the honest yeomanry of the county, as is the one nominated last Saturday, should be received heartily by an honest and free commoner who have an interest in the welfare of our young and growing State. Let the friends of honesty and true reform be vigilant, active and up and doing, and they will roll up a handsome majority on the first of June next. Those Radical schemers who forced themselves upon that party are men who will not hesitate to take any advantage, or use any means in their power to clothe themselves in official robes, and once in office, they would fleece the tax-payers to make up for expenses. Let Democrats be on their guard; and they can be headed off on every turn of the political course.

## La Dow and Nesmith.

We have been permitted to peruse a letter written by Hon. J. W. Nesmith to Col. George A. La Dow, on the 6th instant, says the Pendleton Tribune, in which he congratulates Mr. La Dow upon his nomination for Congress, and expresses a most earnest desire that the Colonel may be successful. He adds: "If there is anything that I can do to aid you, you have but to command me." This silence at Col. Nesmith is opposed to Col. La Dow's election.

It is perhaps proper in this connection to say that Col. La Dow has been threatened with a severe billions attack; and as a consequence he is in no proper condition to enter upon a campaign. He has made two speeches this week, in this county; but when we saw him yesterday evening he was evidently suffering from an attack of "dumb ague" or something very similar. It is his intention to visit the Valley; and he has telegraphed to Mr. Williams that he will meet him in debate; but up to this writing the Colonel has received no reply from Mr. Williams. If Mr. La Dow regains his ordinary health in time, the Oregonian and other maligners will ascertain that he is anything but a "dead cock in the pit."

Mr. La Dow is not a stumper. He is the poorest stick ever nominated by any party for Congress—poorer even than Tim Davenport. He can't make a speech, and we predict he never will meet Mr. Williams. Yet Mr. La Dow undoubtedly will get the greater part of the Democratic vote of the State.—Bulletin.

Oh! ye hypocrite, tell us not of Hiram Smith! You will have your fond delusion shaken to the earth before the campaign is ended. At the time Dick Williams started out canvassing Mr. La Dow was busy attending Court, which was then in session at Pendleton. Williams would not go to Eastern Oregon to open the campaign, but wanted his opponent to come to the Willamette Valley, the only place where Dick is known, and then return to Eastern Oregon. As before stated, Mr. La Dow had several important cases in Court that required his presence and attention, and which prevented him from accepting Williams' proposition. But Williams thought it best to stay where he was known, and not risk his scalp away from the Custom House brigade. The Bulletin is correct when it says "Mr. La Dow will get the greater part of the Democratic vote." He will also get the votes of all Republicans who are opposed to having the State represented by a paid attorney of the Custom House Ring.

A Washington dispatch says it is generally believed that the vote of the currency bill will have great influence on national politics.

## Proceedings of the Democratic Convention.

OREGON CITY, April 25, 1874.

The Democratic Convention for Clackamas county met at the Court House pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by W. L. White, Chairman.

John Lewellen was chosen Secretary, and T. J. McCarver Assistant.

The vacancy from Pleasant Hill precinct was filled by the appointment of S. B. Franklin.

On motion a committee of five on order of business was appointed by the chairman, as follows: Hiram Straight, A. Carmichael, W. L. Barclay, H. McGugin and J. W. Caine.

Report of committee on order of business was called for, whereupon the Secretary read the following report which was adopted:

1st. The committee recommend the adoption of the State Democratic platform adopted at the Albany Convention on the 18th of March, 1874, as follows:

That said platform is hereby adopted as the platform of the Democratic party of this county.

2d. The nomination of State Senator.

3d. The nomination of four Representatives.

4th. The nomination of Sheriff.

5th. The nomination of County Clerk.

6th. The nomination of County Judge.

7th. Nomination of two County Commissioners.

8th. Nomination of Assessor.

9th. Nomination of Treasurer.

10th. Nomination of Surveyor.

11th. Nomination of School Superintendent.

12th. Nomination of Coroner.

13th. The election of the ticket.

A. CARMICHAEL,  
H. A. STRAIGHT,  
W. L. BARCLAY,  
J. W. CAINE,  
HENRY MCGUGIN,  
Com. on Order of Business.

On motion the tellers of the former convention were appointed to act at this convention, viz: Thos. Sellwood and Dr. J. Welch.

On motion the convention proceeded to nominate one State Senator.

A. F. Hedges received a majority of all the votes cast was declared the nominee of the convention for State Senator.

On motion the convention proceeded to ballot for four Representatives at once. P. S. Noyer, J. W. Cain and H. McGugin having received a majority of all the votes cast, were declared the nominees of the convention for Representatives. The convention then proceeded to ballot for another Representative.

On the second ballot John M. Reed received a majority of all the votes and was declared the nominee for the Legislature.

On motion adjourned until 1 1/2, p. m.

## AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 1 1/2 o'clock the chairman called the convention to order.

The convention then proceeded to ballot for candidate for Sheriff. C. F. Beatie having received a majority of all the votes cast was declared the nominee of this convention for Sheriff.

The convention proceeded to ballot for County Clerk. F. W. Foster having received a majority of all the votes cast was declared the nominee for County Clerk.

The convention then proceeded to ballot for County Judge. W. L. White having received a majority of the votes cast was declared the nominee for County Judge.

The convention then proceeded to ballot for two County Commissioners. J. A. Fields and A. J. Cason having received a majority of all the votes cast were declared duly nominated for Commissioners.

The convention proceeded to ballot for Assessor; John Lewellen having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared the nominee for Assessor.

The convention proceeded to ballot for Treasurer; J. P. Ward having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee.

The convention proceeded to ballot for Surveyor; Gorham Bridges received a majority of all the votes cast, and was declared the nominee.

On motion W. W. Moreland was nominated for School Superintendent by acclamation.

On motion, Dr. Hiram Straight was nominated for Coroner by acclamation.

The election of the ticket" was put and unanimously carried.

On motion, it was voted that a County Central Committee of three be chosen.

On motion it was ordered that the credential committee be appointed.

The chairman appointed on said committee, as follows: A. F. Hedges, chairman, A. Carmichael and Henry McGugin.

On motion, it was voted that the Secretary furnish a copy of the proceedings of this convention to the Oregon City Enterprise for publication.

On motion the convention adjourned sine die.

W. L. WHITE, President.  
JOHN LEWELLEN, Secretary.  
T. J. MCCARVER, Secretaries.

## Our Special Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, April 13, 1874.

The speech of Senator Jones, of Nevada on the currency question, has been the topic of conversation for the week, and as it is regarded as the ablest effort heard from the Pacific coast since the days of Baker, I will give a brief account of the argument and the causes which led to its delivery. The speech, if not as replete with classical eruditions as that of Mr. Schurz, on the same subject, was at least more homely, pungent and clear. On Wednesday the banking and currency bill was called up for the consideration of the Senate, and the debate was begun by Mr. Davis, of Maine, who entered into a dreary waste of figures to show that the State of Maine should be selected as the basis of the proposed additional national circulation. Mr. Sherman made some remarks, after which Morton got on his financial legs, which, by the way are quite as shaly as his real legs, and proceeded to point out the great necessity of an increased paper circulation. He became eloquent and angry in turns, he quoted from the President's message to show that there is no more currency in the country than is necessary for the dull season of the year, and was arguing from this, that if we have only currency enough for the dull season how necessary it is to inflate for the benefit of the busy season.

At this point Senator Jones arose to his feet and asked the financial Morton a question. He desired to know why the States of Texas, California and Nevada, with less resources, than most of the States of which he (Morton) spoke find no difficulty in having plenty of gold? Morton regarded him with a patronizing, pitying sort of look, for Senator Jones is a new member and being a rich man is not supposed to know anything. The great Indiana financier proceeded to enlighten the neophyte Jones by saying: "So far as Texas is concerned I am not so well advised about that State, but I can say in regard to California and Nevada that I believe their banks from the very first refused to receive the legal tender currency in that country. California has shut it out and it is the greatest blunder she has ever made; it has stood in the way of her prosperity all the time. Both California and Nevada are ruining States; and when they insist that the currency shall be gold, I answer that that is to make the currency that which they produce." To the great astonishment of the Senate, and the still greater disgust of Morton, Senator Jones did not weaken in the least. He very coolly and quietly repeated his question which Morton, through a lack of comprehension, failed to answer. The scene was becoming interesting. The senators dropped their pens and their conversation, while the galleries, which so mysteriously fill up in an instant when anything unusual occurs, became silent and sympathetic. Old Morton looked somewhat as a bull dog does when he receives a well merited blow from some unexpected pugilist. He stared at Senator Jones with a bewildered expression of astonishment, and made a second attempt to comprehend and answer the very pertinent inquiry of the Senator of the "Silver State," but with worse success than before. For Jones knocked his silly reply to pieces in a few short sentences, that made the galleries echo with laughter, and Morton appeared more foolish than before. He proceeded to demolish all the theories of the inflationists, and in a clear convincing argument showed how specie payment may be resumed at no distant day. On the whole, his speech was filled throughout with clear financial wisdom. Morton's discomfiture was so complete that it was painful to witness, and Logan twisted about in his chair as if he felt ridiculous, and as the first time probably felt as he always looks.

For the first time this session, on Wednesday last, was witnessed the advent of those familiar sounds, of the lobby, in the "cave." Under the pretense of developing the mining interests of the country, the lobby came out in full force and its influence was again perceptible. The whole thing was about Mr. Suro's tunnel. This Hebrew gentleman came to Washington some years since and procured the passage of a bill, so contrived as to enable him to sink a mine at somebody else's expense. Mr. Suro says that his mine will drain all the others, and therefore Congress, in its wisdom, enacts that the others, whether willing or not, shall pay for Mr. Suro's work. Whereupon the other mines come forward and protest against Mr. Suro's style of draining and assert that they can drain their own mines in their own way. With a much injured look Mr. S. then appears in Washington and the result of his visit is apparent in the exertions of the lobby during the last week. Mr. Page, of California, treated the house to a historical sketch of Mr. Suro. It is scarcely necessary to say that Ado ph does not appear in a very pleasing light in this short biographical sketch, as it was charged with being a designing foreigner; that after inveigling the honest miners of Nevada into agreeing to his system of drainage, he did not go to Europe, as he promised, to raise money for this enterprise, but coming to Washington he got Congress to inv to him with certain privileges, much to the detriment of the miners, and has had around here ever since a lobby distributing influence for the further support of his nefarious scheme. After the conclusion of this little

## Summary of State News Items.

The jail at Lafayette is now empty. Jacksonville tells of her brass band.

Burglars are intimidating Salemites.

The schools of Salem will have a picnic to-day.

Salem's first pawnbrokers' shop has just been opened.

Scarlet fever is now prevalent in the vicinity of Albany.

City election, at Carvallis, takes place Monday, May 4th.

La Grand and Jacksonville have both begun to "phenix."

Salem has a new enterprise in the shape of an ink manufactory.

Real estate transactions are brisker than for some time in Wasco Co.

The mercury at the Dalles last week got up to 80 degrees in the shade.

A large amount of eggs and chickens were shipped from Cornelius last week.

Work has commenced on the new bridge across the Yamhill at McMinnville.

The ferry has again been put in operation across the Yamhill at Lafayette.

Steamboatmen report the Upper Willamette in good boating stage as far as Eugene.

Portland Tanners will hold their annual picnic, May 24th, at East Portland Park.

C. M. Kineaid was admitted to practice law by Judge Mosher at Eugene last week.

There were sixteen accessions to the North Yamhill Lodge, I. O. G. T., last Saturday.

Robt. M. Veach declines to accept the Republican-Temperance nomination for Clerk in Lane Co.

Millions of crickets have made their appearance in the vicinity of DesChutes, Wasco county.

The lodge (I. O. G. T.), at North Yamhill has been reorganized with forty-six charter members.

A large number of immigrants, brought by the Stephens, are on the look-out for suitable farms.

The Salem Record tells candidates to vote for themselves. It undoubtedly alludes to "independents."

J. F. Miller is acting agent of the Willamette Woodmen Manufacturing Company, vice Jos. Hoyt, resigned.

A number of Albany wheat dealers have telegraphed for a vessel to take a cargo of grain direct from Astoria to Liverpool.

The house of Mrs. McCormack, 2 miles from Eugene, was burned on Sunday, the 19th inst. All the contents were destroyed.

D. L. Davis has given up the Cornelius Progressionist; and it is reported that Frank Myers will have charge of that paper hereafter.

The Baptist denomination have established a Mission Sunday School at the North Salem School House. Adam Stephens is Superintendent.

The South Salem Sunday School is to have a picnic on the 15th of May. Miss Ada Scriber is to wear the laurels as "Queen of the May."

A little daughter of St. J. Skinner of Eugene City swallowed a lump of blue vitriol last week and came near dying before the doctor reached her.

A San Francisco exchange states that James D. Fay, formerly of Jacksonville, Oregon, was admitted to practice in the Fifteenth District Court.

Brickmaking for the season commenced at a Mission Sunday School on Wednesday of last week—16,000 made Wednesday and 33,000 made the next day.

The Warm Spring Indians paid a visit to the Willamette University last week, and were pleased with the advances which education is making in this country.

Less than twenty "trade marks" have been filed in the Secretary of State's office from the date of the Territorial organization of Oregon to the present time.

Farmers from all sections of Yamhill county say they have never seen a better prospect for grain than there is the present season, and, per consequence, farmers are happy.

A "gay and festive" youth—Mr. Q. Z. Nixon, over whose head sixty-five summers have lightly passed—led the pretty Miss Tupper, aged sixteen to the altar, at Independence, a day or two since.

Since the bill allowing the construction of a bridge across the river at Salem passed the Senate of the United States, the people interested are waking up and proposing to go over dry-shod by October.

Valley Grange No. 42, Linn county, on the 11th inst., conferred the fourth degree on a class of 21 members, on which occasion there were present between 75 and 100 members including visiting members.

In Douglas County, Republicans and Democrats, who believe that it is a duty to oppose malcontent schemes and piracy in politics have united on a ticket for members of the Legislature and county officers.

The Coos Bay News of the 22d says: A boy about 17 years old was brought down from North Bend about a week ago, and being adjudged insane, was sent to east Portland in charge of Deputy Sheriff Hill.

An Episcopal Parish has been organized at McMinnville, under the name of St. James Church. The Vestrymen are H. V. Johnson, Geo. W. Snyder, Geo. Willis, Wm. Willis, A. R. Burbank and H. A. Lamson.

Mr. Bullock is now on a visit to Oregon on the part of H. & I. Johnson, of London, with proposals to contract for the shipment of 2,500,000 bushels of wheat to European ports, at current rates, to be sold on account of the shippers by said firm, and they to advance eighty per cent. of value of cargo, and charge six per cent. interest on the same until paid out of sales.

## Political Items.

The Democratic ticket in Curry county is as follows: For Joint Representative, S. Fitzhugh; County Clerk, J. B. Tichenor; Sheriff, Asa Carman; County Commissioners, Class, Zanzwalt and A. J. Eason; Treasurer, John Wilkinson; Assessor, Randolph Tichenor; Surveyor, F. W. Colebrook; School Superintendent, Geo. Merriman; Coroner, Peter Glenn.

At the Democratic Convention for Linn county, last Saturday, the following ticket was nominated: State Senator, J. P. Hendrix; S. D. Haley, Thomas Markers; Representatives, C. P. Burkhardt, Joseph Hamilton, A. W. Stanard, T. Shelton, G. E. Crawford, B. R. Hout; Commissioners, J. A. Porter, Lewis Cox; Clerk, G. A. Hill; Sheriff, R. G. Rice; Treasurer, James Smith; Assessor, R. Curd; School Superintendent, J. W. Weatherford, Surveyor, M. C. Bryant; Coroner, P. Grigsley.

The following ticket was nominated by the Democrats of Benton county; State Senator, M. Shannon; Representatives, J. F. Hughes, M. W. Simpson and Vernon Mulkey; County Judge, E. Holgate; County Commissioners, Britten Wood and Wm. Cuthorn; Sheriff, J. S. Palmer; Clerk, Perry Baxter; Assessor, W. H. Johnson; Treasurer, Wm. Henkle; Surveyor, Paul Winstrow; School Supt., E. A. Miller; Coroner, Dr. T. J. Right.

The Democrats and Republicans in Douglas county have united upon a ticket composed as follows:

For State Senator the Republicans nominated H. G. Brown; Representative, A. H. Woodruff; Sheriff, E. Livingston; Treasurer, J. B. Nobile; County Commissioner, J. Applegate; Assessor, L. Buell; Surveyor, Peter Applegate.

The Democrats nominated for Representatives J. F. Rice, James Richards and J. H. Bean; Judge, E. Brown; Clerk, J. D. Van Baren; School Superintendent, Q. A. Grubbs; Commissioner, G. J. Callahan; Coroner, Dr. Venable.

CITY ELECTION.—Next Monday is the day of the election of municipal officers. This election has generally went by default. Two years ago the voters rallied to the Democratic standard and elected an honest, economical and efficient corps of officers. Last year the Republicans carried the day, and the result is an increase of the city debt; tax-payers who paid coin for taxes were credited with script. Do our citizen desire a continuation of Radical misrule? We hope not. Then come out and help elect a Democratic ticket, and you will not have a set of men who have to be supported by the tax-payers. Vote for men who are competent to make a living without depending on the emoluments of office, and you will have a better state of affairs, financially and otherwise.

The Oregonian has resorted to coinjng falsehoods to try and foster a weak and undeserving ticket. Its latest is that the Democrats and Republicans have formed a coalition to elect Grover and Williams. This undoubtedly originated in the overburdened brain of one Hill, that