ORIGINAL DEFECTIVE

THE ENTERPRISE.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, SEPT. 5, 1873.

Unsuitable Timber.

It is not only the privilege, but the imperative duty of both the Democratic press and the Democratic masses to publicly signify, prior to nominating conventions, the qualifications in a candidate that would be acceptable to them as well as those characteristics that would be repugnant. It is never safe for the press and masses to keep craven silence, else designing cliques by adoit manipulations, may secure unworthy nominations, leaving the honest masses to complain when it is too late. Believing so, without bias or malice, we will briefly speak. There is every reasonable probability, with a proper candidate, of success for the Democratic party at the coming election. The Holladay wing of the Radical party will dictate the nomination in their convention. This fact is assured by the primaries already held. If, therefore, the Democratic party will take care and select as their candidate, a man against whom there is no shadow of doubt, one who has always opposed the schemes of this monopolist, hundreds of Republicans, if not voting for our candidate, will refuse to vote for the candidate of the Railroad and Custom House Oligarchy, and will thereby assure our success. But if instead of our nominating such a man, we ill-advisedly nominate one who, though opposing Holladay and his schemes one year, is found lobbying for the most outrageous of his exactions the next, we not only forfeit the sympathy of a large portion of the Radical party, but seriously endanger the undivided support of our own. The great coming issue, prophesied by Charles Francis Adams two years ago, and already foreshadowed by the general uprising of the farmers throughout the Northwest, by the late Judicial election in Illinois and by the recent exciting political canvass in California, is a firm and unyielding opposition to monopolies in in all their forms, but most especially opposition to the greatest of all—the Railroad monopolies. Upon this issue the Democratic party of Oregon has always had a record, satisfactory to this popular uprising of the people. When Mr. Holladay two years ago attempted to procure from the Legislature of Oregon the right to take from the pockets of the tax-payers of the city of Portland three hundred thousand dollar with interest for twenty years, the most of the Democratic members of the Oregon Legislature opposed such a scheme of robbery and a fearless Democratic State Executive, when such a law had passed, did honor to himself and the Democracy of the State by placing thereon his veto. Now, shall the Democracy of Oregon endorse this record or shall they blacken and deface it, and thereby cover themselves with shame?

If our next Democratic Convention nominate a man who left the care of his herds, bovine and porcine, for the purpose of lobbying for that bill, what else would such action be but a virtual condemnation of our State Executive, of the great majority of the Democratic members of that Legislature and of opposition to such legislation itself? If such a nomination is made, what inducement will the Democratic party hold out to its members to remain steadfast to principle and unyielding in opposition to the aggrandizing plottings of monopolies? None at all. Such a nomination would rather be a virtual instruction to the members of the party that the safe road to preferment is to abandon principle and plough for their enemies.

But it has been urged by some that we should forget these things and go for a candidate who will make an aggressive warfare. We are for aggressive war but it is war against monopolies, in Oregon as well as abroad, and not merely an aggressive war against a miserable adulterer and bigamist. We do not think it at all becoming advisable or necessary in the coming canvass to lose sight of our principles and turn loose the twelve thousand Democrats of Oregon under the leadership of a blackguard to fight an already ruined criminal. Besides, if it is thought proper to shape the canvass on such an issue, would it be at all becoming in the Democracy of Oregon to employ a Cretian to rail at a Cyprian?

The proper method of treating this official criminal is, not to abuse him with billingsgate from the stump, but rather to signify to Senator Kelly that it is due to his own honorable position as a Senator, to the fair fame of this State and to the dignified body of which he is a member, that he should call for an investigation of the grave charges against his colleague, and if substantiated, to vote for his expulsion.

The proper issue for the Democratic party to make is one principle and not one of personal abuse and the proper candidate to nominate is a steadfast Democrat and not a notorious political weathercock. The old satyr who expelled from his cave the man who blowed on his fingers to warm them and in his mulled wine to cool it, because he would have nothing to do with a man who would blow both hot and cold from the same mouth furnishes an example for our next State Convention. It should nominate no man who at one time can rail at monopolies and then again can work for them. The Democracy of Oregon should at least show as much wisdom as a person who was half beast.

Lastly, the experience of the past demonstrates that straight nominations and straight platforms succeed best. We have had enough McClellans, Seymours, and Greeleys. We have catered enough to catch the vote of War Democrats and Abolitionists. Let us now make a nomination and try to catch the vote of the straight Democracy of Oregon—the men who, when our presses were denied the United States mail in Oregon, by the consent and approval of some present candidates for our preferment, labored with money and pen to keep them alive in spite of the tyranny at Washington. Refer to the past and it will be seen that in Oregon our victories have been achieved when we have nominated men of unimpeached Democracy upon radical Democratic platforms. It will also be seen that with the Seymours and Greeleys we have encountered defeat. Shall we not take wise counsel from past experience? Let a nomination be made that will secure not only a full Democratic vote but also the vote of some anti-monopolist Republicans and we will win a victory. It will be much better to thwart the wishes of one chronic candidate for office, than to make a nomination insulting to the steadfast devotedness of the Old Guard of Oregon to both their party and their principles. Such a nomination would make victory doubtful and even if obtained would make it barren of rejoicing save to the successful candidate and the small clique of his personal retainers.

State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention will meet at Portland on the 9th of Sept., 1873, to nominate a candidate for Congress and transact such other business as may properly come before a State Convention. As the time for holding the Convention is near at hand, and as the chief business of the body, when assembled, will be to nominate a candidate for Congress, a few thoughts in relation thereto may not be out of place.

It is natural for each to have a personal preference; it is also natural that there should be some sectional feeling; but to carry either personal preference or sectional feeling to an extreme thereby ignoring what should be the ruling feeling, viz: a desire for the success of the party is hurtful not only for the time being but will be detrimental in the future exciting personal and sectional jealousies.

We do not wish to be understood by the success of the party merely obtaining the offices but the application of the principles of the party in the administration of the government.

To profess faith in the Democratic creed and yet allow personal or sectional feeling to lead us away from the only hope of securing a Democratic administration of the government to say the least is inconsistent.

If we read aright the feeling of the masses of the democratic party in this State it is to have a man placed in nomination who has a clear democratic *record* abiding faith in cardinal principles of democracy and who by education and instinct is in sympathy with the laboring masses. Such a man from any section of the State will get the hearty and united support of the mass of democratic voters.

It behooves the members of the State Convention to seek by the nomination they make to harmonize and perpetuate harmony in the democratic organization. Such a nomination will contribute greatly to the present and future success of the party and of the country.

A judicious nomination will give the democrats the Congressman and pave the way to certain Democratic victory at the next general election. Let us make a long pull, a strong pull, and all pull together.

We have complaints from Sandy P. O. that the ENTERPRISE does not reach that office until it is one week old. The ENTERPRISE is mailed in Oregon City on Friday of each week and should reach the Sandy post office next day. We say to our correspondet that we do not know where the fault lies. The paper may take a wrong direction from Portland, if so, we hope the matter may be remedied in the future and respectfully ask those concerned to see to it that the paper is sent so that it may reach its destination by the shortest and speediest route.

Yamhill Democratic Convention.

McMINNVILLE, Aug. 31, 1873.

HON. A. NOLTNER—DEAR SIR: The Democratic County Convention came off last Friday. W. T. Newby was called to the chair, and M. Ramsey elected secretary. The following delegates were elected to the State Convention: J. H. Upton, E. T. Bradshaw, H. C. Dale, H. H. Snow, M. Hendrix and Willis Stare. The Convention refused to instruct for any one. W. T. NEWBY, Ch'r'n.

M. RAMSEY, Secretary.

The Farmers' Declaration of Independence.

The Fourth of July was largely celebrated in the Western States by Farmers' Associations, County conventions, granges, and other bodies that join in the present anti-monopoly movement. The celebration by farmers was especially general in the State of Illinois, and at most of the gatherings there was read the New Declaration of Independence issued by the State Farmers' Association. This document, which is too long for the present crowded state of our columns, is largely a paraphrase of the Declaration. In the place of the series of indictments against England so forcibly put in the older instrument this contains serious charges against railroad corporations and corrupt legislators, and concludes as follows:

"We therefore, the producers of this State in our several counties assembled on this the anniversary of that day that gave birth to a nation of freemen and to a government of which, despite the corruption of its officers, we are still so justly proud, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do solemnly declare we will use all lawful and peaceable means to free ourselves from the tyranny of monopoly, and that we will never cease our efforts for reform until every department of our government gives token that the reign of licentious extravagance is over, and something of the purity, honesty, and frugality, with which our fathers inaugurated it has taken its place.

"That to this end we hereby declare ourselves absolutely free and independent of all past political connections, and that we will give our suffrage only to such men for office, from the lowest office in the State to the President of the United States, as we have good reason to believe will use their best endeavors to the promotion of these ends; and for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor."

The above is taken from the *American Agriculturist* of August, 1873, and shows the extent to which the farmer in the western States of the Union are united in their opposition to the grinding exactions of railroad and other monopolies. As agriculture is the basis of our national prosperity, every effort on the part of those engaged in other departments of industry tending in any manner to embarrass or cripple the tiller of the soil, is suicidal and must result detrimentally to the best interests of the country at large. The fact that the State Farmers Association of Illinois have adopted a New Declaration of Independence paraphrasing the old, shows their independence and that their grievances suggests the propriety and necessity of adopting measures similar to those adopted by our fathers to free themselves of the tyranny of mother their country. The toiling masses will and must be heard.

To Postmasters.

SANDY, Aug. 28, 1873.

A. NOLTNER, EDITOR OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE, *Dear Sir:* I would ask in the name of yours subscriber, simply how it is we dont get your valuable paper at the right time, it's a week old when it gets here, and would ask you to inquire and see where the fault lies, if at the mailing office or at the distribution office.

The ENTERPRISE dated the 8th and 15th got here on the 16th and 23d.

Now sir, if the ENTERPRISE of 15th got here on the 16th as it should have done this precinct would have been represented in the County Convention, because we did not know what time the State Central Committee had appointed to hold primary meetings for the purpose of electing delegates.

We hope the delegates from Clackamas county will go for Slater to a man in the State Convention.

Yours Respectfully,

SANDY.

After His Scalp.

The Washington County Radical Convention met last week and passed the following preamble and resolution, which very much displeases the fat man of the *Bulletin*:

WHEREAS, Virtue and honesty are the cardinal principles at the foundation of all true prosperity, both private and public; and

WHEREAS, The virtue and honesty of a people in a Republic are rightly judged of by that of their Representatives; and,

WHEREAS, No people—especially no young and growing people—can afford to lose or jeopardize their good names; and

WHEREAS, Facts have recently came to light in connection with the history of John M. Hipple alias John H. Mitchell, that render him unfit to be the representative of any people having the least regard for their good name of the public interests and more especially so be the Representative of a State having the personal record and bright future that Oregon boasts and fondly hopes;

Therefore, be it resolved That the Republicans of Washington County, in Convention assembled, knowing that it is idle to ask such a man to resign the position he wrongfully holds, hereby wash their hands of such as John M. Hipple, as an alien and an enemy.

The preamble and resolution were adopted by a vote of 18 to 6—just a three-fourth majority.

A VERY HEALTHY GHOST.— Many of the Radical papers still continue in hot pursuit after the Democratic party, says the Examiner, notwithstanding the fact that they all pronounced a requiem over its corpse long ago. If the party is in fact dead, as they asser day after day, in the most positive manner, where is the sense or utility of their troubling themselves so much about a body that has given up the ghost? That spirit must be walking abroad to some purpose to trouble our Radical friends so greatly. They will find, however, when the proper time comes that the party they now profess to believe defunct, is in reality alive and kicking, a very healthy ghost indeed.

A report was current at Bozeman that the small-pox had broken out among the Crow Indians, and that many had already died.

Captain J. H. D. Gray has commenced the construction of a new wharf at Astoria.

A ledge of pure chalk has been found in the vicinity of Latta Creek on Clatsop Plains.

The overland mail reaches Astoria in ten days from New York city.

Clackamas Democratic Convention.

OREGON CITY, Aug. 30, 1873.

The Democratic County Convention of Clackamas county met, pursuant to call, at the Court House in this city at 11 o'clock, a. m., on Saturday, August 30, 1873. Mr. A. Noltner was elected Chairman, and Col. W. L. White, Secretary. The Convention selected A. F. Hedges, W. L. White, R. Caufield, C. F. Beatie, John Myers, Jos. Ringo and R. N. Worsham, delegates to the State Convention to be holden at Portland on Tuesday next, September the 9th.

PLATFORM OF PRINCIPLES.

The following resolutions were introduced by A. Noltner, and unanimously adopted by the Convention, to-wit:

The Democracy of Clackamas county in Convention assembled, declare as follows:

RESOLVED, That while we regard railroads an indispensible necessity in the development of the country, the progress of civilization and the arts, we contemplate with alarm the encroachments that have been and are being made by the great railroad corporations of the country upon the rights, the liberties and the patrimony of the American people.

RESOLVED, That the interference with and control of the political affairs and machinery of the Government, both State and National, by these corporations, resulting in debauchery and peculation in the administration of public affairs, in taxing the masses for building up vast private fortunes, the maintenance of subsidized journals, and an army of political parasites; destroys the confidence of the people in the Government, and saps the foundations of liberty. We denounce it as the ever shadowing evil now threatening the most vital interests of the people, and the very existence of our republican institutions; and call upon all good citizens to join hands in a determined effort to circumscribe these grasping corporations within their legitimate sphere of building and operating railroads, and carrying freight and passengers thereon for a reasonable compensation.

RESOLVED, That we are opposed to the further importation or immigration of Asiatic coolies and laborers at degrading to free white labor, dangerous to an elevated morality of our laboring classes, and tending to deprive them of their rights to honorable labor and fair compensation; that we earnestly appeal to our Representatives in Congress to secure such modification of the Burlingame Treaty as will prevent the further influx of this class of laborers.

RESOLVED, That the Act of the last Congress, known as the "Back Salary Bill," is justly characterized as an "act of public robbery," and the Republican party, who perpetrated it and other kindred acts of public spoliation, are unworthy the support of the people, and that President Grant is the Chief Thief.

RESOLVED, That we demand a rigid economy in all the departments of our county, State and National Governments.

RESOLVED, That the delegates from Clackamas county are requested to support the ticket in the State convention for Congress who has not a clear record and the confidence of the entire people of our State.

A. NOLTNER, Chairman.

W. L. WHITE, Secretary.

A Slight Mistake.

The Portland *Herald* of the following, from which we [illegible] published last week:

"At the Democratic Convention in Clackamas County on Saturday forty-fifteen of the forty-two delegates were present. Antipathy against [illegible] was manifested.

The attendance was as large as could have been expected, owing to the farmers being busy with their harvesting. There were only a trifle not 42 delegates appointed to the County Convention. Let us look at the Republican parade as a comparison. There were [illegible] Saturday. Look the Republican [illegible] in this city consisted of twenty persons, [illegible] of whom were elected to the County Convention. On the same day the Democrats held their primaries and had twenty-eight voters present, and only six delegates to elect. The County Convention [illegible] held in this city last Saturday. The Republican Convention consisted of twenty-three delegates, thirteen of whom were present at roll call, and we also infer that two of them had [illegible]. The Democratic Convention consisted of 35 delegates, [illegible] of whom responded. The Democratic Convention resolved a platform of principles and the proceedings were harmonious throughout. The Hon. L. T. Reed, who won't [illegible] Congress, is said to be [illegible] delegates to the State Convention. The Democrats were not so unfortunate as to have Great Statesmen who wanted to go to Congress, and there was no scheming in their Convention as to delegates to the State Convention. Mr. *Bulletin* we think your informant lied about our Convention, but we do think he was *willfully* ignorant.

A great many people seem to miss their vocations because their bodies do not happen to fit their souls. This is one of the advantages of middle age; people have got used to their bodies and to their faults; they know how to use them.—*Miss Thackeray.*

A darkey gives the following reason why the colored race is superior to the white: "All men are made of clay, and, like the meerchaum pipe, they are more valuable when highly colored."

There is a law firm in Boston called Steele and Gamble.

About fifty "Old Benders" have been arrested in Kansas.

The bones of the late free pass system whiten the Western prairies.

AUCTION.—The Barnum Restaurant fixtures will be sold to-morrow at 10 o'clock a. m. at public auction.

NEW GOODS.—S. Ackerman start today for San Francisco to purchase a new stock of fall goods.

Quite a number of scholars from the country are attending the Seminary in this city at present.

Chemists say no matter is ever lost. Printers deny it.

Summary of State News Items.

Empire City titles are to be contested.

Douglas county is assessed at $3,267,986.

Wheat is worth 78 cts. at McMinnville.

McMinnville College opens on the 15th inst.

Harvest hands are yet wanted in Benton county.

The Yaquina Bay light house has been completed.

Wheat is selling at 75 cents per bushel at Eugene.

There are now twenty-six Farmers' Granges in Oregon.

The public schools of Corvallis opened last Monday.

Albany has ripe figs grown in a garden of that town.

The Klamath lake country is still settling up rapidly.

T. S. Creighton is boring an artesian well at Corvallis.

The Ice factory at Portland will be running again in a month.

Yaquina Bay is furnishing fresh oysters to the Willametteins.

Salmon is shipped from the Columbia river to Melbourn, England.

The M. E. Church of Portland wants the Rev. Mr Izer another year.

Monday last, Capt. Powell had a fine team drowned at the Dayton ferry.

The public school in Albany opened last Monday with T. J. Stites principal.

The *Republican* records the first fight of the season at Dallas last week.

Wheat is turning out from 22 to 38 bushels to the acre near Amity, Polk county.

A Dallas hoodlum was fined $5 for capturing a Good Templers meeting last week.

The total value of assessable property in Lane County omounts to $4,012,212

The new school books adopted by the Board of Education are coming into market.

A special term of the Circuit Court was held by Judge McArthur at the Dalles last week.

The Jackson County Fair will commence on the 24th inst. and continue four days.

The assessed valuation of Clatsop County as equalized by the Board last week is $545,000.

Greenbury Smith of Benton county has threshed 5,000 bushels of oats from a sixty acre field.

Mrs. R. G. Head, wife of the editor of the *Democrat*, has gone on a visit to Massachusetts.

Linn county has $4,835 06 of school money for the six months ending September 1st, 1873.

The *Courier* says that no grain has been injured in Yamhill county by the recent showers.

The first unpleasantness in Yamhill for the last two years occured at McMinnville last week.

About 150 Chinamen were taken to the front of the Oregon and California Railroad last week.

Three men dug out $1,260 in five days' work, on Myrtle Creek, Curry county, about a fortnight ago.

Hon. J. F. Watson has appointed Jas. Flett to the State Agricultural College from Douglas county.

E. R. Abbott, of Linn county threshed part of a field of flax which averages 23[illegible] bushels per acre.

The *Hawk-Eye* is soon to be published semi-weekly. It is making the pets of Uncle Sam feel "scared."

Saloon keepers of Corvallis have replenished the treasury for the luxury of keeping open after 1 o'clock P. M.

Jesse Parrish, of Marion county, has a chair that has been in the family for one hundred and fifty years.

The number of resident tax-payers in Washington county is 1,003; non-resident, 243; poll tax-payers, 768.

The Republicans of Yamhill county have instructed their delegates to the State Convention "to go for" R. P. Boise.

Leander Starr, of Long Tom, met with a very severe accident last Tuesday by the accidental discharge of a shot gun.

Complaints are made that the Warm Spring Indians are slaying deer at a frightful rate in the Cascade mountains.

Rev. Wm. R. Butcher has accepted the "call" tendered him by the members of the Congregational Church at the Dalles.

Forty workmen are employed on the new State Capitol building and the stone work will be completed during the present week.

The *Gazette* says two Indians from Siletz reservation attended church in that city a few evenings since, and paid close attention to the sermon.

Forty emigrants reached Portland by the last steamer. All the men with but few exceptions propose to engage in farming or stock raising.

The Yamhill Asessor assessed the railroad at $7,000 per mile, and agents applied to the county Board for a reduction but failed to secure it.

The city of Portland is to issue bonds for the sum of $20,000 payable in ten years. The loan is for procuring a more efficient system for the suppression of fires.

Lee, the aeronaut connected with Wilson's Circus, came down with his balloon into the raging waters of the Willamette Thursday. No damage further than a good ducking.

A private letter from Fort Klamath says that Captain Jack and the rest of the Modocs are all well except Curly-headed Doctor, who is ill most of the time. Capt. Jack gives no signs of fear as to his ultimate fate.

Assessor Davis furnishes the figures on stock and property in Yamhill county: No. of horses, over one year old, 3,448; No. of cattle over one year old, 11,807; No. of hogs over six months old, 5,424.

The following persons have been appointed Commissioners of Deeds by the Governor: John C. Berry, for Oregon, reside in Mobile, Alabama; Hugh Siebert, to reside in New York; R. G. Hays, to reside in Tacoma, W. T.

Territorial News Items.

Wheat is selling at 60 cents a bushel in Walla Walla.

Capt. Adam Boyd, died in Seattle August 27, aged 74 years.

The Stonework on the Penitentiary building at Steilacoom is about completed.

The Lewiston *Signal* reports quite a small-pox scare in the Spokane country.

Rev. Norman McLeod is lecturing to the Sound people on Mormonism and the Mormons.

Mr. Leland is lecturing the Sound people on total abstinence and temperance generally.

The recent storm on the Montana division of the Union Pacific railroad is described as fearful.

Philip Ritz, of Walla Walla, has taken a contract to load a ship for Liverpool with wheat.

The first piles for the new wharf to be built by the railroad company at Tacoma have been driven.

An effort is being made to have the name of Mt. Ranier changed back to original Indian, *Tacoma.*

A wagon road is being opened between Semiahmoo and Westminster, for a mail route and stage line.

The Grand Lodge of A. F. & A. M. for Washington Teritory, met at Olympia on the 3d of September.

It is cheaper to live than to die in Salt Lake. The Washington House is furnishing meals at fifteen cents.

In the cricket match Aug. 28th, the eleven of English gentlemen defeated the Salt Lake Cricket Club.

W. W. Anderson of Montana Territory, has been appointed agent for the Indians of Milk river agency.

The Sawmill of Captain Wm. Utter, at Whatcom was destroyed by fire a fiew days ago. Loss about $5,000.

The grain crops on the Chehalis River are heavier this season than they have been for the past five years.

Mrs. Celia A. Blake, the first white person born in Jefferson county, W. T., died at Port Townsend on the 17th ult.

A. L. Davis, of Lewis county, W. T., one day last week, cut and threshed 1,660 bushels of oats from a field of 26 acres.

Out of 300 feet of logs started down the Yoma[illegible] for the Walla Walla [illegible] fifty of them were lost.

From the T[illegible]: The Tacoma [illegible] by the Hero to [illegible] old to [illegible] N. P. R. R. Co.

S[illegible] was [illegible] Stockton [illegible] 28th [illegible]

The reports from the Cachise Reservation chronicle more horses captured. Cachies is aroused to the importance of clearing his reserve of bad Apaches.

John W. Brazee, Chief Engineer of the O. S. N. Co., commenced the survey of a new railroad around the Cascades, on the Washington side, last Thursday.

Rev. J. F. DeVore, of the M. E. Church, has held fifteen Quarterly Conferences on the Puget Sound District of which he is Presiding Elder, during his last round.

Rev. Dr. Atkinson, of the Congregational Union Tent, was shamefully abused without cause, by the Sheriff of Pierce County. The citizens of Tacoma feel very indignant about the matter.

Nova Scotia.

THE HAVOC OF THE STORM.

HALIFAX, August 29.—Mail and telegraph details of the storm of Sunday night are constantly being received. The destruction of life and property on land and sea was frightful. It far exceeds the estimates. From all sections there come reports of houses and barns being blown down, crops destroyed and cattle killed. Such fearful havoc was never known in Nova Scotia and Cape Breton for the last thirty years. at present no accurate idea of the loss, both to land property and shipping, can be formed, but in all probability reach several million dollars. Already many lives are reported lost and there is too much reason to believe that many vessels were lost, together with all hands. Fishermen on the eastern coast have suffered severely, all having lost their boats, fishing tackle, etc., from Gayboro to Cape Canso.

HALIFAX, August 30.—A dispatch from Sydney, Cape Breton, states that the schooner Europe capsized in the gale on Sunday last. All hands were lost. Over 100 vessels are ashore at Cape Breton, and 18 are ashore at Louisburg. The schooner Ocean Wave dragged her anchors and went to pieces on Cape Hogan, all hands perishing. Another schooner was lost with two men. A brig went down at her anchorage in Cariboo Cove with all on board. Other vessels and crews are known to be lost. Over 100 buildings were destroyed in Canso and vicinity, entailing a loss of over $100,000. At Canso every ship is high and dry, and every wharf and fishing establishment is swept away, and the debris lines the entire shore. At the public hall there is a heap of splinters, in which is buried a splendid organ. All buildings, public or private, are more or less injured. The Catholic chapel is ruined. Many fishermen have lost their all, and many others had to flee from their dwellings with their children, naked, into the pitiless storm. Out of a fleet of over 300 fishing vessels only 20 remain. Several fishermen have lost in fish and gear upward of $10,000 each. A vessel on shore lies 17 above low water mark. It is said that 40 dead bodies have drifted ashore on the north side of Prince Edward's Island and at other points bodies are wasnihg upon the beach.

FOUNDERING OF AN OCEAN STEAMER.

HALIFAX, August 30.—The steamship Saltwell, Capt. Mace, from London, for Sydney, Cape Breton, foundered off Scattrie on Sunday night. The life boat with the Captain and 14 of the crew landed at Fourshire, Cape Breton on Monday morning. One boat with six men was lost alongside the steamer. Another boat with nine men is missing, but it is supposed to be at Louisburg.

Telegraphic News.

WASHINGTON, August 27.—According to information received from a gentleman of high character in Arizona recent developments in that Territory indicate that there has been gross mismanagement, probably fraud, in the conduct of Indian affairs there.

NEW YORK, August 27th.—Losses by the recent flood in the Delaware are estimated at $670,000, of which $500,000 may possibly fall on the Delaware and Chesapeake Canal, $100,000 on vessels and barges stranded on The Meadows, and $50,000 on the Delaware Railroad.

LANCASTER, N. Y., August 28th.—Henry Ward Beecher, in an open air meeting last evening, delivered the closing address of the Woman's Suffrage Convention, to about 2,000 people. The address was to hav been made in the loft of the mill, but the supports of the floor yielding to the weight of the crowd all were obliged to go out of doors.

LONDON, August 28th.—Capt. Halpine writes from the *Great Eastern* that the broken cable had been raised at the point designated by the electricians but upon testing the fault was found eastward. The *Great Eastern* has experienced alternate fogs and gales which made the work of grappling exceedingly difficult. Capt. Halpin cis sanguine that the fault will soon be found and remedied.

VICTORIA, August 28.—The *Colonist* says that immense gold deposits have been discovered in British Columbia, at the head waters of the Slickeen river, and 240 miles back from the coast line. A quantity of the dust was brought down to-day. This news was received by the arrival of the *Gussie Telfair* from the north, early this morning.

SALT LAKE, August 28th.—The Indians made a raind on Fairview, Sam Pete county, and ran off a number of head of stock. They were pursued, but found to be to strongly armed and located for successful attack. Aid has been asked. The Indians are probably from the Uintah Reservation.

NEW YORK, August 28th.—There were twentyfive bids for Government gold, aggregating nearly $9,000,000, one and one-half millions awarded at 15.40.

ST. LOUIS, August 28th.—The Spanish fever, or Texas cattle disease, has appeared in the dairies of this city, and some twenty-five cows have died during the past two days.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—Engineer J. B. Kimball, Inspector of Naval Machinery afloat at the Norfolk Navy Yard, has been transferred to the flagship as Fleet Engineer on the North Pacific station.

CINCINNATI, August 29.—Advices from Lancaster, Kentucky, show a total of twenty-seven deaths from cholera.

ST. LOUIS, August 29.—The *Evening Dispatch* publishes authentic information from Fort Still as late as August 24st, which is to the effect that on the 20th instant General Davidson left Fort Sill with his cavalry, under orders from General Augur to suppress the Indian disturbances on the Texas frontier, leaving but three companies to garrison the fort.

ERIE, Penn., August 29.—Judge Jas. Wyche, of Vancouver, Washington Territory, died of consumption on the Lake Shore train this afternoon just as it reached here.

SEATTLE, August 30.—A dispatch from Port Townsend this afternoon says: At 7:30 this morning on board the bark Oregon, in Port Townsend harbor, William Hilton, the second officer, aged 24, was stabbed and killed by a seaman named Joe Clark.

SACRAMENTO, August 30.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at half-past 4 o'clock last night.

PARSONS, Ky., August 30.—There are rumors that amount to almost a sertainty that a terrible massacre has been committed at Fort Still, occasioned by the return of Santana and Big Tree, recently liberated from prison in Texas.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The Treasury Department decided to-day that British Columbia is not entitled to the benefits of the Treaty of Washington so far as free importation of fish and fish oil is concerned, it not having been a part of the dominion of Canada at the time of signing the Treaty, and that part of said dominion was embraced in the Treaty as that portion on the Atlantic.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The following appointments of postmasters are announced: Wm. W. Smith, East Portland, Oregon; Ferdinand Herchfield, Looking Glass, Douglas county, Oregon; Walter Fernand, Rye Valley, Baker county Oregon; Miss Emeline Bethers, Summit, Benton county, Oregon.

LISBON, August 31.—The cable which is being laid between this city and the coast of Brazile is broken at a point 180 miles from Madeira.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—The Treasury received to-day from the Assistant Treasury at New York a dangerous counterfeit $500 legal tender note of the last issue of 1869, so well executed as to deceive even some experts.

The Public Debt statement shows a reduction of six million seven hundred thousand dollars for August.

NEW YORK, September 2.—A Washington special says Treasurer Spinner has stated that he never saw a better executed counterfeit than the $5000 legal tender notes made public yesterday, and that the whole issue of $35,000,000 will have to be called in and a new series issued.

CALIFORNIA ELECTION

YREKA, Sept. 3.—Election passed off quietly, though both parties worked hard and earnestly. Six precincts give Irwin (Dem.) for Senator, 85 majority: The rest of the Democratic ticket is largely ahead.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 3.—The election to-day passed off in an exceedingly orderly manner. In the city a majority of from 500 to 600 is conceded to the Republicans though they clame from 800 to 1,200.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The election generally passed off very quietly. The estimate vote of the city is between 22,000 and 23,000. Judgments differ as to the result. It is generally conceded, however, that the anti-Monopoly ticket has won.

The cost of a narrow gauge railroad including equipment for freight and passenger purposes, between Tenino and Olympia, will amount to $200,000 $350 000. The value of the lots and land offered to the N. P. R. R. was estimated at $150,000 or $200,000.

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