

The Destruction of the Woolen Mills.

Elsewhere we give a full account of the destruction of these magnificent mills, which were not only the pride of our city, but of the whole State.

A meeting of our citizens was held last Wednesday evening for the purpose of giving expression of their sympathy and to raise substantial aid for rebuilding.

The principal owners of these mills are Messrs. Jacob Bros., W. S. Ladd, and Brown Bros. We learn that the insurance on the building, \$77,500, will nearly replace the building and machinery and put it in operation.

The unjust reports which have gained circulation and which are greatly magnified, in regard to people refusing to aid in the saving of goods, we do not care here to repeat. They are not made by any responsible persons of our city, and hence the people here are not to be held accountable for those utterances.

Every encouragement should be given to the Company to induce them to immediately go to work and rebuild, and we believe our citizens will give every assistance in their power to the accomplishment of this end.

The employees who are thus thrown out of employment deserve the sympathy of our citizens, and we hope it will not be long before they may again be engaged in their occupation.

Organization of the Oregon City Woolen Mfg. Company.

We find the following in relation to the organization of the Oregon City Woolen Manufacturing Company in the last issue of the Commercial Reporter.

The Oregon City Manufacturing Company was organized in February 1864, with a capital stock of \$500,000. In June, was increased to \$1,000,000. The company commenced operations in July, 1865, with three sets of machinery, which have been added to till their number now reaches eight.

In 1869 they received the medal in the Mechanics' Institute, San Francisco, and again in 1871 the first premium was bestowed on them for their superior make of casimere. Great credit is due the company for their enterprise, for in addition to their already large manufacturing business they have added another very important branch, which will give employment to a large number of hands, besides retaining large sums of money in our midst which would be sent abroad.

The new branch is that of manufacturing clothing, and for that purpose they have secured the services of experienced cutters. All kinds of clothing will be manufactured. The well known reputation of the fabrics manufactured by the company is a sufficient guarantee that all clothing manufactured will be superior to the general average of the best imported.

A Miserable Fellow.

H. J. Toney, the loafer who hung around the last Legislature to "raise a piece" is trying to raise the wind by informing on parties in Portland who keep their saloons open on Sunday. When such vagabonds as this fellow are the custodians of public morals, we must confess the people of Portland must be indeed greatly degenerated.

"Retainer."

We find the substance of the following in one of our Eastern exchanges. We have had to work the thing over to make its application to the last Oregon Legislature complete, and those who are familiar with the characters, will appreciate it.

B. H.—I bribe the Republican Speaker of the Legislature? I scorn the imputation. I simply paid him "a retainer" to pack committees, to pass my bills. It was about as much of a bribe as was the "retainer" by Sickles of the Attorney General to do an official act. I guess you don't call that a bribe, do you?

Geo. E. C.—"Retainer!" "Retainer!" "I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word." If we can't change the thing, I swear, we'll change the name, sir.

I. R. M.—That's good. "Retainer" is good. A good name mightily cases one's conscience—good forger.

Honest Tom.—A bribe by any other name will stink as bad.

J. F. C.—In view of the danger to the Democrats of falling into sin by bribing the Legislature, it becomes our Christian duty, as Republicans, in charity to "retain" it ourselves. Amen.

Honest Stott.—Bribe-retainer—duo in uno facta. Getting the game without the name. The difference between bribe and "retainer" is equal to the difference 'twixt tweedledum and tweedledee.

Geo. E. C.—Ike, I think we will have to "place" a "retainer" on J. F. C. in the sum of \$5,000. He can do us much good.

Ike.—B. H. seduced the Speaker only to keep some other fellow from doing it.

B. H.—In Clarke's new dictionary, I expected to see my interpretation softened down to a "necessary evil."

Ben. S.—Did B. H. retain you, Mr. S.—?

Honest S.—t.—Don't ask me; you'll find my reply in Caple's speech.

Speaker M.—What is the difference between bribe and retainer? Why, sir, a bribe is a sum of money slipped into the hands of a legislator by a Democrat to influence legislation; a "retainer" is an amount paid by a Republican to a legislator to concur with the payer in all legislative matters.

I. R. M.—Sam, what does Geo. E. C. mean by "retainer" to Speaker M.?

Sam. C.—Oh! "retainer;" it was only another name for lubricator to slip laws smoothly through the Legislature.

The Honest Speaker.—Oh! ah! I have never heard it called by that name before. Now I begin to understand what "reform" means. I'll accept it.

Honest Tom.—"Retainer"—that charitable mantle which covers such multitudes of Republican sins.

Pure Simpson.—Bribe—Undue reward for anything against justice is a bribe.

Retainer—One who is kept in service; kept in pay; hired; a reward given under false pretence to do a right thing, when the receiver is expected to do another and a wrongful one.—Webster's Unabridged, next Edition—See "Bribe," "Retainer."

Know all men by these presents, that B. H., having taken out letters patent for the trade-mark "Retainer," to be used in designation of payments to officers and members of legislative bodies, who, in consideration thereof, are to pass or refuse such bills as the payers may indicate, all persons are hereby warned against using the said trade mark "retainer" in such cases as above-mentioned, without first paying royalty to said patentee.

In the Forty-second Congress, which begins its last session the coming December, parties in the lower House are classified as follows: Administration, 155; Liberal and Democratic, 108.

In the Forty-third Congress, which will not assemble (unless new steps are taken) until December of 1873, the Administration will have forty-six Senators over the opposition, which will have twenty-eight. In the House there will be 182 Administration Representatives and 103 opposition. Seven members are yet to be elected from New Hampshire and Connecticut.

As far as we have been able to learn, Greeley has carried Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri, Georgia, Tennessee, Florida and Texas.

NIL DESPERADUM.

Oregon City as it is.

THE FACTORY WILL BE REBUILT—THE FINEST WATER POWER IN THE WORLD.

From the Oregon Bulletin of last Tuesday we take the following notice of our city.

Notwithstanding our sister city at Willamette Falls has received a terrible blow by the destruction of the woolen mills, which throws a large number of operatives out of employment, its friends long ago, in previous dispatches, adopted the motto which forms the caption to this article, and will never despair of their hopes yet to see the place a large and manufacturing city. A row of well-built stores lining for the most part both sides of the principal street for the distance of nearly half a mile, and magnificent warehouses and flouring mills, with a river filled with steamers, attest that there is no room for doubt but that Oregon City will continue to grow and eventually become what has often been predicted for it—the Lowell of the Pacific coast.

THE WATER POWER.

Afforded by the Willamette Falls at Oregon City is enormous, and it will turn the shafts of more mills and manufactories than are in existence at the present time on the whole Pacific slope, and then have water to spare. This water power is created by a descent of the Willamette river of about 190 feet in a distance of two miles, with an actual fall of seventy feet over an imperishable solid basalt wall, and has been computed by competent engineers to be equal to 240,000 horse power. Another estimate made at a very low stage of the river fixed the volume of water passing per minute over the Falls at nine hundred thousand cubic feet. It is difficult, if not impossible, to realize, by a mere statement of figures, an adequate conception of the immense power indicated by them. In order to give a better idea of its vastness, we will illustrate by comparisons. A great amount of machinery may be driven by an engine of 20-horse power, while that of the Willamette Falls is equivalent to 12,000 such engines. Again, the practical experience of manufacturers inform us that one-horse power is sufficient to grind one bushel of wheat per hour. Allowing for the necessary power to drive the machinery for bolting, etc., there is power enough here to grind 200,000 bushels, or 40,000 barrels of wheat per hour, or annually more than five times the whole amount of the average wheat crop of the United States.

AVAILABILITY OF WATER POWER.

There are four prominent things which render this water power peculiarly available: 1. The solid rock forming the bed of the stream and foundations for buildings; 2. The facilities for building canals parallel with the river; 3. The situation, being at tide water, enabling shipments of heavy materials; 4. Its geographical position, being approachable by railroads and steamers from all parts of Oregon.

This is sufficient to show that Oregon City is favored in a remarkable degree, which overbalances the disaster of Saturday, and we are pleased to learn that there is little doubt that the Woolen Mills so suddenly destroyed will be speedily rebuilt, and, if anything, made better than ever before.

There is at this time a heavy capital invested in the place in manufacturing pursuits. The Imperial Flouring Mills, Sawyer, Larouque & Company; Oregon City Flouring Mills, Miller, Marshall & Company; Woodwade manufacturing by David Smith; Lumbering Mills by Wm. Broughton, and Elliott; Engine building, etc., by J. Hat, Moore; Sash, Blinds and Doors, by Wm. Singer; Sack making by C. M. Koster; and other minor trades, too numerous to mention, chiefly propelled by water.

The Yamhill Reporter gets excited over the little notice we gave the usual amiable brother. Now there is no use to waste time on him. We will state however, that if he will examine the files of the Heat Side, which was as Radical as the Reporter now is, he will find that the advertisements were set in brevity or minion and further he will find the bills are rendered for \$3 per square for first insertion and \$1.50 for each subsequent insertion. That's all. It's your turn now. We yield the floor. Please publish a single word of condemnation of the act which the West Side was the litigant organ. Do.

Enrok.—In our leading article last week we stated that Judge Barnett received 703 votes and Mr. Wilson 697. It should have been, Barnett 753 and Wilson 747.

President Grant has pardoned Major Hodge, the Paymaster who was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for embezzlement. Grant thinks Hodge was drawn into the crime by the intrigues of others.

Telegraphic News.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—The Evening Post's Washington special says Secretary Fish authorizes the statement that he does not intend to accept the English Mission or any other diplomatic appointment, his resignation from the Cabinet on the 4th of March next.

Secretary Delano's friends are working to create a local feeling here favorable to his appointment as Secretary of the Treasury, in the event of Boutwell's election to the Senate. It is confidentially asserted by Delano's friends that the postmaster has been tendered, to him by the President.

General Butler writes to a friend that he is not a candidate before the Senate against Boutwell, and that his political friends in the Senate are to express to the Governor of Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 29, p. m.—A fire broke out in Rani & Ayer's large printing house at the foot of Washington street, and the establishment will be destroyed. The adjoining buildings on Cornhill were threatened. A general fire alarm was sounded, and the Fire Department of Boston and Chelsea called upon.

Boston, Nov. 29, p. m.—The fire in now under control, and will be confined to the rag and paper burning.

St. Louis, Nov. 29.—The trial will be held by new counsel, his former counsel having retired.

SYRACUSE (N. Y.), Nov. 21.—Rev. S. G. Fisher, pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, dropped dead today.

WESTFIELD (Mass.), Nov. 21.—Last evening Albert Smith, accused by jealousy, fired seven shots at a young woman, probably fatally wounding both Smith and his wife.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Two-thirds of the business portion of Galva, Henry county, Illinois, was burned this morning. Twenty-five places of business were destroyed. Loss estimated at \$200,000 to \$300,000, but other amounts is exaggerated.

New York, Nov. 21.—At the coroner's inquest into the shooting of O. J. Neil by King, held today, Mrs. O. Neil was the chief witness. A verdict of wilful murder was returned against King who in answer to the coroner's questions admitted that thirty-three years old, was born in Morristown, New Jersey; is an attorney and consular agent. By advice of his counsel he declined to say whether or not he is guilty.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The President received visitors today being engaged upon the subject of the late election. All the members were present except Delano and Jewell.

Among the callers at the Executive mansion today was Mr. Wood, the Connecticut member who is expected next Wednesday for the murder of Cheeseman. She was accompanied by her daughter, but did not succeed in obtaining an interview with the President. The country is said to be in the hands of Blaine.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Washington dispatches state that Mr. Maynard of Tennessee is an avowed candidate for the position of Secretary of the Interior. The same correspondence denies that Mr. Blaine has written letters urging the convening of the Fourth party, and also that he is in any way connected with its proceedings. The denial is said to be on the authority of Blaine.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The Report of the Controller of the Currency, received at length by the Secretary of the Treasury, is being systemically investigated. Of the whole amount of circulation appropriated by Congress, \$542,000,000 has been issued, and \$181,000,000 is now in circulation. It is estimated that the Treasury has taken preliminary steps to organize National Banks.

Nov. 23.—Grant's majority, officially, in New York is 59,485.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 23.—The full official vote of the State of Tennessee places Greeley's majority at 8,776; Brown's majority, 18,181; Chicago's majority, 15,778; and Johnson's is 33,939. Maywood's vote is 80,825.

New York, Nov. 26.—A Herald's Washington special says that Secretary Fish will head to the Cabinet a complete draft of his message. He has yielded this year, as he did last, to the advice of experienced politicians, and engaged the services of a far as relates to the South. He gives that section a passing mention; praises the wisdom of the enforcement law; alludes to the disappearance of lawlessness in his country, as well as to the fact that the polls in the November election, and hopes for a continuation of this state of affairs.

Although he has no special commendation for the people, he does not seem to be dissatisfied with the people. He says that Congress shall do whatever it deems wise in the law, and that he is leaving a previous declaration, he says he has no policy to enforce against the will of the people. The country is said to be divided on the accomplishment of the Treaty of Washington. Cuba is slightly passed over, and the case of Dr. Hoag is merely mentioned. The Herald does not receive a large share of attention. Our relations with foreign nations are disposed of with the usual brief paragraphs. The incorporation of the Panama and Pacific Central is also spoken of. Our credit abroad, the financial management of our foreign and domestic affairs, and the general condition of the nation, make up the substance of the balance of the message.

YORKERS (N. Y.), Nov. 26.—Yesterday noon a train of two cars of thirty-five passengers, bound for New York, was derailed on the Erie Railroad. They dropped a large stone on them to see the effects. The explosion was heard miles away, and two of the cars were blown to pieces and the other two slightly wounded.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 26.—At the election for United States Senator by the Legislature, this morning, the vote was: Senate—Dr. P. Morton, 54; J. D. Williams, 49; 21. House—Morton, 51; Williams, 41. Morton's majority on joint ballot, 13.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The draft of the President's Annual Message, was, though not quite finished, read to the Cabinet by the Secretary of State, this morning. It will, perhaps, be one fifth longer than last year's Message. In response to a question asked by the writer of this dispatch, the Secretary remarked that he had no objection to saying that the Message would not show a change of policy on his part, as his endeavor was now, as it had been in the past, to perform his duty to the extent of his ability, in such a manner as would best serve the interests of the country. He was not certain that the would recommend to Congress the extension of the Amnesty to two or three hundred persons excluded by recent legislation, but he did not think it would be with the propriety to do so. He would take the oath to support the Constitution, Congress, however, had no authority in the premises, and could act in the matter without a resolution of his cabinet upon the subject, contained in a former annual Message. He says no more, as he had been asserted, for the declaration of a more friendly policy to the South, which would have the effect of undoing the obligation of his oath, to execute the duties of his position without favor or partiality in accordance with the law.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—The total vote of Michigan gives Grant 135,244 and Greeley 76,778.

The election returns in Missouri from all but two small counties, show that Greeley's majority over Grant is 31,664. Woodson for Governor, has a majority over Henderson, his Republican opponent, 31,083.

State News.

Albany has vinegar works.

Mrs. Danaway has gone to preaching. The dogs of Corvallis have got the epi zootics.

The Corvallis Gazette has closed its ninth volume. Show was ten inches deep at Fort Klomah last week.

James Butler of Lane county had his leg broken last week. City elections take place at Salem and Albany next Monday.

The locomotive Unquappa was landed at Portland last Tuesday.

The law students of Portland have formed themselves into a club.

H. H. Hoyt has been appointed Shipping Commissioner at Portland.

A fine school building or academy will be built at Hillsboro next summer.

There are 160 patients in the Insane Asylum at East Portland at present.

The Mountebank says Via Transit has gone to South America for his health.

Special term of the Circuit Court for Lane county will be held December 19th.

Geo. F. McClane has sold his interest in the Boston Democrat to his partner, R. G. Head.

Father Mesplie formerly of the Dalles, has been appointed a Chaplain in the army.

The U. S. Marshall seized Steiner & Kallaghan's brewery, at Portland Friday, last week.

T. M. Reed of Corvallis who fell into a well some weeks ago is out again and well.

The trial of L. D. Miller for the killing of Geo. T. Smith at Eugene, is set for the 11th of December.

The Supreme Court has decided the case of the Lowndes heirs vs. L. M. Starr in favor of the heirs.

Dr. Watts has begun a course of lectures on the subject of the book of Revelations, at Lafayette.

James Kelly indicted by the grand jury of Lane county for perjury, has been tried and acquitted.

A man named John Babin was lately done out of \$800 in greenbacks by a sharper at Prineville.

Enmet Williams fell on the plippers of the Natchez's Albus press and cut his hand very badly last week.

There is said to be a lively contest going on at Albany for the nomination to the post office. Mr. Freedman being about to resign.

The report that the Oregon Central Military Road Co. has sold out their franchise and grant is contradicted by one of the directors.

It is reported that Cove has a majority of one vote in the election for Governor of Union county, but that the election will probably be contested.

The Corvallis Gazette has completed its ninth volume and the editor will take a breathing spell on the 10th of December next, the volume will begin.

A man named Michael Cochrer fell overboard from the steamer Empire Troop on the Willamette Slough and was drowned. He was an intoxicated passenger.

Wm. M. Hand, has bought M. J. P. Berr's interest in the Mountebank and is now sole proprietor, editor, reporter, foreman, job printer and cash of the concern.

A cow belonging to Mr. Simmons of Lane county, died recently. She was cut open to ascertain the cause of death, and a piece of hoop-shirt was found in her belly.

The Albany Register says: "It is reported that ten thousand bushels of wheat have been burned in this city during the week for which from 575 to 600 per bushel was paid."

Little Willie Burmaster, youngest son of Theodore Burmaster, son of Portland died at the residence of Henry Burmaster, near Steeple, last Sabbath, of congestive chills after a short illness.

The snow recently disappearing from the upper country and the hoar of the O. S. N. Co. are making regular trips on the upper Columbia, there being no ice of any consequence in the river.

Territorial News Items.

The Vancouver Register is to be independent of politics hereafter.

The Washington Territory Insane Asylum contains twenty-seven inmates.

Winter has commenced in Utah with considerable vigor. In the vicinity of the Emma mine there is 5 feet of snow.

The citizens of Walla Walla have, for the past week, had pretty good sleighing—the snow being about six inches deep.

Two valuable horses and two worthless scamps, named Charlie, Lavin and J. C. Brooks are missing from Deer Lodge, Montana.

The Washington Territory Legislature stands 22 Democrats to 8 Republicans. The Council stands 6 Democrats to 3 Republicans.

Whitman county, W. T., lying between the Snake and Columbia rivers is being rapidly settled. It already contains between 2,000 and 3,000 inhabitants.

Travel from the N. P. R. R. terminus to Olympia is much greater than ever before known. The stages of Coogan & Co. make good time and are crowded every trip.

Washington Territory is shipping cattle, sheep and hay to Victoria in considerable quantities. \$3140 worth of these articles were landed by one vessel making two trips last week.

Henry Andrews who shot Mr. Selman the policeman at Olympia, several weeks ago, has been required to give further bail amounting to \$300, which he failed to find and so is in jail.

A letter from Yakima City states that the weather was very cold and it hills were all covered with snow; that wheat was \$1 per bushel, oats 75 cents, corn \$1 per bushel, and potatoes 50 cents.

The Reporter says the Northern Pacific Railroad Company will have the land on the sixty-five miles of completed road in Washington Territory on the market soon, as it is being surveyed and plotted with that purpose in view.

An Indian woman was kidnapped from Victoria last week while in a state of intoxication, and her tribal relative are highly indignant. She was taken on board a Greek vessel at that time lying in the Royal Roads and bound for China.

The Idaho Statesman of the 18th says: "The driver of a stage coach, on his way to the robbery of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express office in Silver City on Wednesday night. He says they made an entrance under the door, and he saw a man who had been put up for this place. There was \$600 in coin that Charles Hauger stage agent, was sending over to this place, and how much more he did not learn, as he came away early in the morning."

With the evacuation by the military of San Juan and adjacent islands, serious troubles are apprehended by the settlers. It is well known that these islands contain some of the finest auriferous lodes in the upper coast, parts of which have been for years held, occupied and cultivated by thirty settlers. Owing to the anomalous status of these islands, no legal steps could be taken to perfect title to any of the same, consequently the tenure by which these lands are held by the squatters is very frail and slender, and we are informed that numerous large groups are ready to remove upon the first notice of these men who for years have industriously pursued their avocations, and who, under all the adverse circumstances induced by military rule, and unprotected by the civil arm of Government, so says the Reporter.

San Diego.—A New York dispatch dated the 25th last says: A morning paper publishes to-day a very curious and interesting article in which it is stated that Horace Greeley is in a worse condition than he has been for some time. It says he is now in the Asylum at White Plains. The same paper publishes an article in which it is stated that Greeley is in a worse condition than he has been for some time. It says he is now in the Asylum at White Plains. The same paper publishes an article in which it is stated that Greeley is in a worse condition than he has been for some time. It says he is now in the Asylum at White Plains.

The snow recently disappearing from the upper country and the hoar of the O. S. N. Co. are making regular trips on the upper Columbia, there being no ice of any consequence in the river.

The Wagon grand jury reports as previously stated, that the state of affairs is very favorable than has been obtained in the past for some time. The Lord knows, a reformation was greatly needed.

The Columbia and Willamette river Tug Company has been incorporated with a capital of \$100,000. The incorporators are J. H. D. Gray, J. W. Buchanan, B. F. Smith, C. M. Carter and W. K. Smith.

Wm. Andrews sent to the penitentiary for two years from Umatilla county, arrived at that institution last Wednesday. Williams was sick (of honest work) and thought he might take something, so he took a horse.

At the late term of the Circuit Court for Polk county, there were only ten defendants. Two of these were dismissed and two continued. It is said to have been a nasty morning trial.

During last week the days in Southern Oregon were warm and pleasant and the nights cold and frosty, which is causing some of our young stock raisers of a hard winter on stock on account of the frost killing the grass.

Oakland contains two hotels, three stores, a drug store, blacksmith shop, saddler's shop, market, and many private residences, while others are constantly being built. A flouring mill will be erected in the spring.

The grand jury of Lane county indicted four men for keeping open on Sunday a house for the sale of spirituous liquors but the Court decided that the City Council of Eugene had exclusive jurisdiction of this matter, and dismissed the indictments.

The Times says: "One Dr. J. M. May, who sometimes lived located at Ashland, was informed absconded, leaving behind him quite a number of absconded bills. The last bill was heard of him by a man on the road to Yreka to bill somebody else."

A young man named Hyde was thrown from a barn which was being raised near Greeleyville, Washington county, on last Wednesday. A horse which fell from the building at the same time struck him and caused some severe injuries, but it is thought he will recover.

Summer Hays, a half breed, was shot and killed by a white man named Wilson, at Kees's point, Tillamook a few days since. Wilson was brought over to Lafayette and lodged in jail by a deputy Sheriff of Tillamook. Hays had formerly resided at or near Salem.

The Herald says that Frank McCann is in a state of great anxiety. In Polk county. He is wanted in Pierce county, Washington Territory, to answer for an assault with intent to murder, and he is also wanted to testify in the D. H. case in this State. A requisition on Gov. Gozer has been sent for him by Governor of Ferry and Judge Bonham issues a habeas corpus to detain him in Oregon.

General Items.

Since the 11th of May there have been 127 deaths from small-pox in St. Louis.

Morton has been re-elected U. S. Senator from Indiana. Another of the misfortunes of 1872.

Henry M. Atkinson, of Omaha, Neb., is being urged for the position of Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

The book of travel by the late ex-Secretary Seward is to have the enormous first edition of fifty thousand copies.

There were 513 deaths, 419 births, 42 stillbirths and 196 marriages in New York city in the week ending on the 10th inst.

Congress meets next Monday, and continues in session until the 4th of March. The usual amount of stealings will be attended to.

President Grant has pardoned Ruben Young of Alabama, convicted and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for implication in a Ku-Klux conspiracy.

One daily, fifteen weekly, and eleven monthly papers were burned out in the Boston fire. Almost every printing office in the city suffered some.

Gen. Irvin McDowell is appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of General Meade. General McDowell was made a Brigadier-General on May 14th 1861, soon after the commencement of the war.

The Internal Revenue and Patent Bureaus are named as among those of the second grade as likely to become vacant, by the voluntary retirement of the present incumbents, who have other views for the future.

The Missouri Legislature, according to the latest accounts, will stand as follows: Senate, 23 Democrats and Liberals; Republican, 11. In the House, 94 Democrats and Liberals; Republican, 37. Democratic and Liberal majority on joint ballot, 69.

Sixty square miles of land in the extreme southwest corner of Arizona having been set aside by General Howard for the nomadic Apaches under Cochise, Apache Pass is included in this, and the Texas Pacific Railroad will run through one corner of it.

There is a singular coincidence between the destruction of Chicago and Boston. The Boston fire occurred at the very same hour, and on the very same day, of the week and month. The only difference is that one happened in October, and the other in November.

The Boston Merchants sent a request to Mr. Boutwell not to issue any greenbacks and declining government interference in their behalf. We have heard of "the pride that runs before destruction," but this is the pride that comes after it.

The Springfield Republican calls Sergeant Bates "the champion jackass of the world." A contemporary thinks this rough on Gen. Francis Train who has been assiduously engaged for years in endeavors to gain this enviable distinction.

The Alaska Seal Company has paid to the Treasury \$52,281 as their tax on the catch of 1872. They are limited to 100,000, and the catch this year was within 4,000 of the maximum. The above amount represents our interest on the \$7,000,000 paid for Alaska.

A Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune says that Grant is going after the scalp of the Liberals. He says that the President will demand the removal of Trumbull from the Judiciary Committee, and of Schurz from Committee of Foreign Relations, of the Senate. Of