The Weekly Enterprise.

FRIDAY. : : SEPTEMBER 27, 1872.

Parental Egotism.

There are very few parents who understand that the element of personal feeling should be eliminated in the management of children. The parent is a judge, and the judge must be dispassionate, else all authority is weakened.

Let us see how it works. John breaks a vase. His mother is very much irritated at the destruction of her favorite vase, and punishes him, not according to his sin, but according to her annoyance. She does not even stop to inquire whether or not the vase was broken by one of those unavoidable accidents which might have happened to herself or to the most careful person. In thus punishing her son she has been guilty of selfish injustice and of cruelty. She has weakened his respect and his affection for her, and has done much to destroy her authority. The child feels that his mother is only avenging her own personal grievances.

A few days later this same John is guilty of an act morally bad. It may chance that no evil consequences follow. The mother is glad to avoid trouble, and she lets it pass with little or no admonition. Johnny is a sharp boy, and puts two ideas together very quickly. "It does not matter that I do wrong," he says, "if only I don't bother mamma. But I must take care not to touch anything of hers, else I'll catch it." It would be hard for family government to do a child a greater injury than to leave just this impression on his mind. The mother has succeeded in confounding all moral distinctions in his mind, has weakened all authority, and set the example of selfishness, cruelty, and justice.

Most parents attach too much importance to the manner in which their children speak to them. Sensitive as to their own dignity, they take umbrage at the disrespectful word that seems to infringe upon it, and they visit with their sharpest indignation this evidence of an ill-bred impudence in their child. They persuade themselves that they are disinterestedly laboring for the good of the child. They forget the large element of a sense of personal injury that enters into their feeling. But the child does not fail to notice it, and he in turn resents his own wrongs, in the same spirit; but he certainly does not feel more respect toward the parent who has failed to exercise a needful self-control. It were better that a parent should show less feeling in regard to an offense against himself than it really deserves. His government should be above the suspicion of personal resentments.

On a steam-engine there is a useful mechanical device called "the governor," which counteracts to a certain extent the irregularities of pressure and resistance, by letting on more steam as the speed decreases, and shutting it off when it increases. It would be an excellent thing if parental management could have some such equalizer, which prevent its making children the victims of moods. When a child comes to understand that hot weather, indigestion, or business annoyances increase the severity of the discipline under which he lives, he is apt to lose his respect for the discipline. The wise parent studies always to eliminate the personal equation from his management of the child.

For those parents who think that it is their business to punish a child's wrong doing as a personal offense against themselves, we have no word. The first thing is to understand that you are not to inflict chastisement "after your own pleasure," but according to the example of God, for the good of the offender. —*Hearth and Home.*

Wouldn't Boil Soft.

Charlton, in Massachusetts, like every other town, is full of reminiscences of past events. It has its curious characters, who have now nearly all passed away. A story is related that about a century ago a party of English gentry, on their way from Boston to New Haven, were compelled to remain there over night, as the only place where man and beast were accommodated. As many of the luxuries of life, such as coffee and tea, were almost unknown to the inhabitants, our travelers carried a supply of these things with them. Coffee and tea were given to the landlady that she might prepare them for breakfast. It was the first time she had seen these articles, and of course knew nothing about their preparation. Not wishing to be considered verdant, she resolved to try. When the travelers called for their tea and coffee she came and told them:

"Gentlemen, the yarbs are done, but the beans won't boil soft."

It is a fact, that during the early settlement of the colonies, a sea captain made an old lady a present of a pound of tea, and to show her appreciation, she invited a party of friends to share it. She cooked the whole pound as greens, and they all partook, but sparingly, of the bitter mess, and were sick for days, in consequence.

A "sufferer," at a mountain house, says "the flies come down to breakfast at the sound of the gong."

The Washington Guard of Portland will go to Cornelius on the 20th inst. for their annual target practice.

A Loving Mother's Kiss.

George Brown wanted to go somewhere, and his mother was not willing. He tried to argue the matter. When that would not do, he spoke roughly, and went off, slamming the door behind him.

Instead of saying, "I should really like to go, but if you cannot give your consent, dear mother, I will try to do my best to be content to stay;" instead of saying and feeling so, he behaved in the way in which I have described, as too many boys do. George was fourteen, and with fourteen years' experience of one of the best of mothers, one would have thought better of him. But he was a boy. What can you expect of boys? So say some people.

Stop; hear more. That night George found thorns in his pillow. He could not fix it any way to go to sleep on. He turned and tossed and he shook and patted it, but not a wink of sleep for him. The thorns kept pricking. They were the angry words he spoke to his mother. "My dear Mother, who deserves nothing but kindness and love and obedience from me," he said to himself. "I can never do enough for her; yet how have I behaved—I, her oldest boy! How she nursed me through that fever!"

He would ask her to forgive him in the morning. But suppose something should happen before morning. He would ask her now—this moment. George crept out of bed, and went softly to his mother's room.

"George," she said, "is that you? are you sick?" for mothers, you know, sleep with one eye and ear open, especially when the fathers are away, as George's father was.

"Dear mother," he said, kneeling at the bedside, "I could not sleep for thinking of my rude words to you to-day. Forgive me, mother, my dear, good precious mother, and may God help me never to behave so again."

She clasped the penitent boy in her arms and kissed his warm cheek. George is a big man now, but he says that kiss was the sweetest moment of his life. His strong, healthy, impetuous nature became tempered by a gentleness of spirit. It softened his roughness sweetened his temper, and helped him on to a true and noble Christian manhood.

Boys are sometimes ashamed to act out their best feelings. Oh, if they only knew what a loss it is to them not to!

THE TRANSIT OF VENUS.—The transit of the planet Venus across the sun's disc will occur on December 8, 1874. This phenomenon, which is expected to be of great interest not only to astronomy but to the natural and physical history of the globe, has not recurred since 1754. At that early date France had observers in India, California and San Domingo; England, in South America, the Pacific Ocean, at Madras and Cambridge; and Russia at Yakoutsk, Astrakan and Lavonia. The United States, Russia, Germany and England have already appointed observers for the occasion. The French Academy of Sciences, at the request of the Minister of Public Instruction in 1870, asked for nine stations of observation and an appropriation of 300,000 francs. The war prevented the granting of the request, but M. Jules Simon has already submitted a proposition for an appropriation of 100,000 francs, with the understanding that 200,000 more shall be granted in 1874.

A western editor who recently attended a female high-school exhibition, didn't like it because he saw no indications that the girls possessed any of the essentials necessary to the making up of a good wife. He perceived, he says, at a glance that the graduating girls are soon to be married, and demands that they be taught the chemistry of the kitchen, the effect of vinegar on copper, of boiling water on corned beef, as well as the philosophy of home life, how to get and how to keep servants, how great happiness may be got from a small house and a little money. These are questions he adds, more worthy of thought than sighings and longings, and she who has solved the riddle has the philosopher's stone for her amulet and has mastered the great problem of thrifty living, how to extract sunbeams from cucumbers.

I tell my friends of the Committee of ways and Means that the industries of the land, which are flocking to their door, groaning under the burden of taxation, complain that *the expenditures of this nation are unjustifiable and without proper regard to economy or to the necessities of the case.*

This is the honest fashion in which Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, arraigned the Grant Administration two years ago. Now, Mr. Dawes upholds the soundness of Grant's financial policy. *Then*, Mr. Dawes told the truth. *Now*, Mr. Dawes labors under a mistake.

An old lady of Lowell Mass., died at an almost centenarian age a few days ago. Before her death she gave minute directions for her funeral. Among other things, she said she wanted to be "laid out" in her black silk gown, and they must not take out the back breadth, as they did when Sally Smith was laid out. "For" said the old lady, deprecatingly but seriously, "what a figger Sally will cut at the resurrection without any back breadth in her gown!"

The Grant party has abandoned the field in Tennessee. Independent candidacy is the order of the day.

On Monday afternoon, the shed at Taylor's ranch, eighty miles south of Jacksonville, on the Crescent City road, was consumed by fire. About $3,000 worth of goods in transit, belonging to Sach Bros., and White and Martin, of Jacksonville, one freight wagon, thirteen head of horses and fifty sets harness, were consumed.—The aggregate loss is estimated at between $5,000 and $6,000.

Mr. A. Cantrell, of Corvallis has purchased a number of Cashmere goats which he proposes to put on a farm near Corvallis. The wool from these goats is the finest the editor of the Benton *Democrat* ever saw. It is twelve inches in length and finer than the finest silk. Messrs. Butterfield & Co. are also on their way to the Willamette valley with 700 head of the same breed of goats, which they will offer for sale at from $12 to $20 per head.

The *Bulletin* professes to have changed from an independent to a Republican paper. Our imperfect vision has never been able to discover that it was ever anything else than one. It also says that it will soon pass to the management of a joint stock company; which means that Ben Holladay is tired of bearing the expense of the thing alone and wants others to help keep it alive by bearing a portion of the expense.

The Baltimore Platform.

Following is the platform adopted by the Democratic Convention at Baltimore on the 9th of July, 1872:

1. We recognize the equality of men before the law and hold that it is the duty of the government, in its dealings with the people, to mete out equal and exact justice to all, of whatever nativity, race, color or persuasion, religious or political.

2. We pledge ourselves to maintain the law, the union of these states, emancipation and enfranchisement, and to oppose any reopening of the questions settled by the Thirteenth Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the constitution.

3. We demand the immediate and absolute removal of all disabilities imposed on account of the rebellion, which was finally subdued seven years ago, believing that universal amnesty will result in complete pacification in all sections of the country.

4. Local self-government with impartial suffrage will guard the rights of all citizens more securely than any centralized power.—The public welfare demands the supremacy of the civil over the military authority, and freedom of person under the protection of the *habeas corpus*. We demand for the individual the largest liberty consistent with public order, for the state self-government, and for the nation to return to the methods of peace and the constitutional limitations of power.

5. The civil service of the government has become a mere instrument of partisan tyranny and personal ambition and an object of selfish greed. It is a scandal and reproach upon free institutions, and breeds a demoralization dangerous to the perpetuity of a republican government.

6. We therefore regard a thorough reform of the civil service as one of the most pressing necessities of the hour; that honesty, capacity and fidelity constitute the only valid claims to public employment; that the offices of government cease to be a matter of arbitrary favoritism and patronage, and that public station will become again the post of honor. To this end it is imperatively required that no president shall be a candidate for re-election.

7. We demand a system of federal taxation which shall not unnecessarily interfere with the industry of the people, and which shall provide the means necessary to pay the expenses of the government, economically the interest on the public debt, and a moderate annual reduction of the principal thereof; and recognizing that there are honest differences of opinion with regard to the respective systems of protection and free trade, we remit the discussion of the subject to the people in their congressional districts, and the decision of congress thereon, wholly free of executive interference or dictation.

8. The public credit must be sacredly maintained, and we denounce repudiation in every form and guise.

9. A speedy return to specie payment is demanded, alike by the highest considerations of commercial morality and honest government.

10. We remember with gratitude the heroism and sacrifices of the soldiers and sailors of the republic, and no act of ours shall ever detract from our justly earned fame or the full rewards of their patriotism.

11. We are opposed to all further grants of lands to railroads or other corporations. The public domain should be held sacred to actual settlers.

12. We hold that it is the duty of the government, in its intercourse with foreign nations, to cultivate the friendship of peace by treating with all on fair and equal terms; regarding it alike dishonorable either to demand what is not right, or to submit to what is wrong.

13. For the promotion and success of the several principles and support of the candidates nominated by this convention, we invite and cordially welcome the co-operation of all patriotic citizens, without regard to previous political affiliation.

AGENTS FOR THE ENTERPRISE.

The following persons are authorized to act as agents for the ENTERPRISE:

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 40 Park Row, New York.

Coe, Wetherill & Co., 607 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Abbott & Co., No. 82 & 84 Nassau street, New York.

Portland, Oregon.....L. Samuel
San Francisco,.....Thomas Boyce
San Francisco,.....L. P. Fisher
St Helens, Columbia county,...S. A. Miles
Astoria, Clatsop county.....A. Van Dusen
Lafayette, Yamhill county..J. L. Ferguson
Dallas, Polk county.....Dave Holmes
Corvallis.....J. S. Palmer
Canyon City.....W. E. Laswell
Dalles, Wasco county.....N. H. Gates
La Grande, Union county.....A. C. Craig
Pendleton, Umatilla county....S. V. Knox
Eugene City.....J. M. Thompson

CLACKAMAS COUNTY.

Beaver Creek.....C. F. Beatie.
Eagle Creek.....Frank W. Foster.
Cascades.....Henry McGuire.
Lower Molalla.....W. Moreland.
Canby.....J. W. Strawser.
Upper Molalla.....W. H. Vaughan
Harding's.....Z. C. Norton.
Cutting.....D. Wright.

Ordinance No. 102.

ORDINANCE LOCATING A PUBLIC ROAD COMMENCING AT NINTH STREET AT THE FOOT OF THE BLUFF AND TERMINATING AT SEVENTH STREET AT THE SUMMIT.

Be it ordained and established by the City Council of Oregon City:

SECTION 1. That the City Council of Oregon City does hereby establish and locate a public road commencing at ninth street at the foot of the bluff on a level with the Railroad track at the intersection of said street bearing South thirty-one and a half (31½) degrees West, running thence on the centre line of location a total distance of seven hundred and eighty-two feet and terminating at Seventh Street on the summit at the head of Stair-way near the Reservoir, intended, and to be lain out and built in accordance with the survey as made by JUSTIN CHENOWETH in August 1872, the plat of which being now on file in the Mayor and Recorder's office.

And it be further ordained and established that the grade line of said road shall be in the ratio of one to ten feet and the width thereof twenty feet.

Passed the City Council Sept. 12th, 1872.
A. NOLTNER,
Attest: L. DILLER, Mayor.
Recorder.

A. NOLTNER,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ENTERPRISE OFFICE
Oregon City, Jan'1 13:tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

A. B. Richardson,

AUCTIONEER!
Corner of Front and Oak streets, Portland.

AUCTION SALES
Of Real Estate, Groceries, General Merchandise and Horses,
Every Wednesday and Saturday!
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

AT PRIVATE SALE.
English refined Bar and Bundle Iron
English Square and Octagon Cast steel
Horse shoes, Files, Rasps, saws;
Screws, Fry-pans, sheet iron, R. G. Iron
ALSO:
A large assortment of Groceries and Liquors
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

JOHN MYERS,

OREGON CITY, OREGON,

RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HARDWARE,

I also keep constantly on hand
SALEM CASSIMERES, FLANNELS,
TWEEDS AND BLANKETS,
Which I will sell at the Factory Prices, and will take wool in exchange.

I will also pay the highest prices for Butter, Eggs, and all kinds of good country produce. I will sell as low as any house in Oregon, for Cash or its equivalent in good merchantable produce.
Give me a call and satisfy yourselves
JOHN MYERS.
Jan. 13, 1871.tf

NEW YORK HOTEL,
(Deutsches Gasthaus,)
No. 17 Front Street, opposite the Mail steamship landing, Portland, Oregon.
H. ROTHFOS, J. J. WILKENS,
PROPRIETORS.

Board per Week.....$5.00
" " " with Lodging.....6.00
" " Day.....1.00

JAS. MILNE.

MASONIC HALL BUILDING.
OREGON CITY, - - - OREGON.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH,
PARLOR, BEDROOM,
OFFICE, SITTING ROOM,
and KITCHEN FURNITURE,
Bureaus, Lounges, Rocking Chairs, Whatnots, Bedsteads, Washstands, Curled Hair and Palm Matresses, Palm Pillows, Spring Beds, Window Shades, Picture Frames, Mouldings, &c., &c.
Special attention given to Upholstery work in all its branches. Orders filled with promptness. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Furniture made to order.
Goods delivered to any part of town free of charge. Call and examine for yourselves. may17n29

WILLIAM SINGER

Has Established
A Factory
FOR THE MANUFACTURY OF
FURNITURE,
SASH, BLINDS AND DOORS
AND MOULDINGS OF ALL SIZES.
They will also do TURNING, of every description to order,
With Neatness and Dispatch
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
Shop on the River, in Lewis' shop, opposite Oregon City Mills.

JOHN SCHRAM,

MAIN STREET, - - OREGON CITY.
MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER OF
SADDLES, HARNESS, SADDLERY-HARDWARE, &c., &c.
WHICH HE OFFERS AS CHEAP AS can be had in the State, at
Wholesale or Retail.
I warrant all my goods as represented.
Oregon City, April 17, 1872. n29tf

HOME-MADE CARPET FOR SALE AT I. SELLINGS.

OREGON CITY
BREWERY!
HENRY HUMBEL,
Having purchased the above Brewery wishes to inform the public that he is now prepared to manufacture a No. 1 quality of
LAGER BEER.
As good as can be obtained anywhere in the State. Orders solicited and promptly filled

Administrator's Notice.

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED BY THE HON. County Court of Clackamas county, Oregon, Administrator of the estate of William Dalton, deceased. All persons owing said estate will please pay up; and all persons having claims against said estate will present them with proper vouchers, to me at the office of Huelat & Warren, Attorneys-at-law, Oregon City, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.
JOHN E. PARKER.
September 8th, 1872. s4w4

Business Directory of Portland, Oregon.
PUBLISHED BY L. SAMUEL,
General Advertising Agent, 93 Front Street.

Ackerman's Dollar Store, No. 59 First Street. Importers and Jobbers of Fancy Goods, Toys, Crockery, Glass ware and Plated Ware.

Astor House, First st., between Oak and Pine. Everything neat. B. L. Longfellow, Proprietor.

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND PERIODICALS,
BANCROFT & MORSE,
Agents for Mabie, Todd & Co.'s celebrated Gold Pens.
Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co's School Books. *Just Published, a full line of Legal Blanks for this State.*

Barman, the only direct Importer of Clothing, &c., cor. Front & Washington sts.

CHAS. C. BARRETT,
WHOLESALE
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,
LARGEST STOCK IN PORTLAND.
No. 79 Front and No. 5 Washington Streets.

BECK, WILLIAM & SON, 129 Front st. Importers and dealers in
Guns, Rifles and Revolvers
of every description.
Fishing Tackle, Fancy Goods, Beads, Bird Cages, Baskets, Croquet Games, and Baby Carriages.
Agents for the "California Powder Works;" also, for the "Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines."

Beck, John A., 129 Front street, practical Watchmaker & Jeweler. Work done for the Trade.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.
HIMES & RACHELDER 93 Front street

Brigham & Reinhart, First st. bet. Oak & Pine, importers of Stoves, Ranges, Kitchen Utensils.

Buchanan, W. A., s. w. cor. First & Taylor sts. Cheapest Furniture House in Portland.

CARPETS, WALTER BROS 89 Front street.

Clarke, Henderson & Cook, 81 & 83 First street. Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, &c.

Cohn & Rosenfeld, 148 Front st. Commission Merchants & Dealers in Oregon & California Produce.

Congle, J. B., Manufacturer & Dealer in Saddles, Harness, and Saddlery Hardware, 96 Front street.

Currier, W & Co., 103 Front st. Merchant Tailors and Clothiers, Hats Furnishing Goods.

DeLashmutt & Oatman, 92 Front street, Real Estate Agents, money loaned, houses rented.

DENTAL GOODS, C. H. Woodard & Co. 101 Front street.

DRUGGISTS, C. H. WOODARD & CO. 101 Front street. Orders from any portion of the State or Territories carefully filled by mail or express.

Emil, Lowenstein & Co. Furniture and Carpet dealers—Stores from 134 to 138 First street.

Employment Agency, Witherell & Holman, 50 Front st. Furnish all kinds of help.

Everding & Roehe, 16 Front street. Commission Merchants and dealers in Domestic Produce.

Fashion Livery Stable, cor. First & Salmon sts. E. Corbett, Prop. Good turnouts always on hand.

Fithel & Roberts, cor. First & Washington sts., Dealers & Manufac. Clothing, Furnishing Goods.

Freeland, Dr. B. R., Dentist. Office, No. 2, Dekum's Block, cor. First & Washington sts.

Gill & Steel, 75 and 77 First street. Dealers in Books, Stationery, and Musical Instruments.

GRAY'S MUSIC STORE.
The largest Music House on the Coast.
STEINWAY PIANOS, BURDETT ORGANS,
G. L. DePRANS, Manager.
SOLE AGENCY FOR THE
"Howe" Sewing Machine.
Agents wanted.

Hackney & Steme, Grocers and dealers in all kinds of Seeds, cor. First and Main sts.

Hamburger, B., 133 First street, importer and dealer in Staple Fancy Dry Goods, Millinery.

Hendee, D. H., Photographic Artist, s. w. cor. First and Morrison sts. Child's Pict. specialty.

Herrischsen, L. C. & Co., 109 First street. Manufacturers and dealers in Jewelry, Watches, &c.

Hibbard, Geo. L., 98 Front st., wholesale dealer in Groceries, Doors, Wagon Materials, &c.

Hodge, Calef & Co., 97 Front st., wholesale dealers in drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

HOME Sewing Machine, straight needle, under feed, "lock stitch." Competition challenged. M. E. Traver, 112 Front st.

Hurgren & Shindler, Nos. 166 to 172 First st. Importers Furniture, Bedding, &c.

International Hotel, cor. Front and Morrison sts. M. Rudolph, Prop. Free Buss attends steamers.

Kohn, J. & Co., 91 Front st., wholesale and retail dealer in Fine Clothing, Furnishing Goods.

Maison Doree Restaurant, private rooms for Families, cor. 1st and Pine streets. Q. Voos, Prop.

Martin, E. & Co., wholesale dealer in Wines & Liquors, O. S. N. Co's Block, and San Fran

Meier & Schmeer, 111 Front st., wholesale and retail Confectioners.

Miller, John B., 93 1st st. Watchmaker & Jeweler, offers to the public a fine assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Moeller & Co., Front near Oak st., Dealers in native and foreign Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Northrup, E. J., Hardware, Iron, Steel, Hubs, Spokes, Hardwood Lumber, &c., Portland.

Occidental Hotel, cor. First and Morrison sts. Smith & Cook, Proprietors.

Parish, Watkins & Cornell, Real Estate Agents, 90 Front street, bet. Alder and Washington.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS. C. H. Woodard & Co., 101 Front st.

Rice, J. M., 127 Front street, wholsale dealer in Tinware and Stoves.

Richter, Paul, 105 First st., importer of Berlin wooden Carvings, Parlor Ornaments, &c.

Rider, G. C., Real Estate & Money Broker, 92 Front street, Portland.

Rosenbaum, I. S. & Co., Tobacconists importers of Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

Russ House, Front st. On First Class Principal. Thomas Ryan, Proprietor.

Sherlock, S., 61 Front and 62 First sts., dealer in Harness, Saddlery and Saddler Hardware.

Simon, J., 56 Front street, dealer in Door, Sash & Blinds, Window & Plate Glass.

Sinshemer, H., 157 First st., importer of Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Music Instruments.

Skidmore, S. G., 123 First st. Druggist & Apothecary, a large stock of Perfumery & Toilet Articles.

Smith & Davis, 71 Front street, wholesale dealer in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Perfumery &c.

Snow & Roos, 73 First street, Pictures, Frames, Moldings, Artist's Mat'ls, Drawing Instruments.

Smith, Put., Broker, 90 Front st. Dealer in Legal Tenders, Government Bonds and Gold Dust.

STOVE, E. L., No 107 Front Street. Watchmaker & Manufacturing Jeweler is appointed Agent for the Waltham, Elgin, E. Howard & Co., Chas. E. Jacot, and the California Watches; also, for all the productions and imports of the California Jewelry Company, San Francisco. Send for circular. Watches repaired in the very best manner and WARRANTED to give satisfaction.

Terry Bros., No. 178 First street, manufacturers and dealers in Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, &c.

The Clothing store, 113 Front st. Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes.—Harris & Prager.

Tuttle, H. H., 142 & 144 Front st. Dealer in Wagons & Agricultural Implements.

Tyne, E. D., n. w. cor. First & Oak sts., dealer in Brandies, Wines, English Ale and Porter.

Tyler, J. A., 147 Front st., wholesale dealer in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, &c.

Williams & Myers, 5 Central Block, Front st., Commission Merchants & deal's in Produce.

Whalley & Fechheimer, Attorneys & Solicitors in Bankruptcy. Office in Odd Fellows Temple.

GOOD NEWS;

GOOD NEWS!

LOOK OUT FOR GOOD

BARGAINS!

S. ACKERMAN & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

WHICH THEY OFFER

Cheaper than the Cheapest.

We would say, come and convince yourself before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock consists in part of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, HATS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
and a great many articles too numerous to mention.
ALSO, Doors, Windows, Glass and Putty.

ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

ALSO, WOOL wanted, for which we pay the HIGHEST PRICE.

S. ACKERMAN & CO.
Oregon City, April 21, 1871:tf

Eye, Ear, Throat & Lungs.
JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.,
LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO, HAS LOcated in Portland, Oregon. Office: In Himes' Building, First street (three doors from Ladd & Tilton's Bank), where he may be consulted daily, and will treat diseases of the above named organs as specialties.
All operations upon the Eye and Ear performed in the most scientific and careful manner.
ARTIFICIAL EYES, having all the beauty and mobility of the natural eye, inserted.
Refers by permission, for his professional standing, to L. C. Lane, M. D., Professor of Surgery, and Edwin Bentley, M. D., Professor of Anatomy, University of the Pacific, San Francisco; and for his success in the treatment of cases, to over 1,500 cases treated by him, in San Francisco; also, to Levi Estes, Esq., Rev T. L. Eliot, Portland; Wm. H. Dillon, Esq., Vancouver, W. T.; and many others Oregon and Washington Territory. aug25:m6

To Stock Drovers.
THE ROAD ACROSS THE CASCADE Mountains, known as the "Old Emigrant Road," is now in splendid order for the accommodation of the public. The bridges on the road have all been thoroughly repaired, and stock drovers will find it no trouble to cross the Mountains by this route. There is plenty of good water and grass on both sides of the Mountains, and the distance across is only 50 miles being the shortest as well as the best road over the Cascade Mountains. Stock droves and emigrants will find it to their advantage to travel over this route.
Tolls reasonable.
JOSEPH YOUNG, President.
Clackamas county, June 21st, 1872.

Store to Rent.
THE STORE HOUSE FORMERLY OCCUpied by KAFKA, on Rock Creek, 12 miles from Aurora, situated at a fine point for country trading post; can be had on very reasonable terms. This is a desirably point for a man with small capital to go into business.
Enquire of JOHNSON & McCOWN,
july26tf Oregon City, Oregon.

IMPERIAL MILLS.
Savier, LaRoque & Co.,
OREGON CITY.
Keep constantly on hand for sale Midlings, Bran and Chicken Feed. Parties purchasing feed must furnish the sacks.

Notice of Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY virtue of an order of the Hon. County Court of Clackamas county, made at the August term, 1872, in the matter of the estate of J. S. McAmmon, I will, on Monday, the 7th day of November, 1872, at the hour of eleven o'clock at the Court House door in Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest said estate was in the following described tract of land, to-wit: the E 1-2 of the N W 1-4, W 1-2 of the N E 1-4, N E 1-4 of S W 1-4 & N W 1-4 of S E 1-4 of sec. 32, T 5 S, R 1 E. Terms of sale, gold coin, one half cash in hand, the other half payable 6 months after sale with note and mortgage.
Dated Sept. 6, 1872. J. M. McAMMON,
Administrator of estate of J. S. McAmmon.
sep6w4

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Clackamas county.

MARY PHILLIPS, Plaintiff,
vs.
LAFAYETTE PHILLIPS, Defendant. } Suit in Equity

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREgon, you are hereby notified and required to appear in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, filed in the above entitled suit, within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, if served in Clackamas county, and if served in any other county of this State then within twenty days from such service, and if served by publication, you are notified and required to appear and answer said complaint on or before the 4th Monday of October, 1872, that being the first day of the next term of the Circuit Court for the State of Oregon for Clackamas county, which will be held next after the expiration of the period prescribed by the order of said court for the publication of this summons; and if you fail so to appear and answer, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint which is in substance as follows: that the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant be dissolved and that the custody of said minor children be decreed to plaintiff, and for general relief, also, costs and disbursements; and you are further notified that the Hon. W. W. Upton, Judge of said Circuit Court, on the 23d day of August, 1872, made an order directing the summons to be served by publication in the Oregon City Enterprise for six successive weeks.
August 30th, 1872.
HUELAT & WARREN,
4tw6w Attorneys for Plaintiff.

THE
FLORENCE

Will sew everything needed in a family, from the heaviest to the lightest fabric.

IT DOES MORE WORK,
MORE KINDS OF WORK,
AND BETTER WORK,
Than any other machine.

If there is a Florence Sewing Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco not working well and giving entire satisfaction, if I am informed of it, it will be attended to without expense of any kind to the owner.
SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
19 New Montgomery Street,
Grand Hotel Building, San Francisco.

Send for Circulars and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

Ordinance No. 101.

ORDINANCE FOR THE PREVENTION OF FIRES.

Be it ordained and established by the City Council of Oregon City:

SECTION 1. That every chimney or flue hereafter built within the City, shall have walls at least four inches in thickness, and the bottoms of such flues or chimneys shall be at least six inches in thickness, and shall be constructed of brick or stone of good quality, and good lime mortar; they shall be well secured, and shall extend at least four feet above the roof of the building to which it belongs, measuring from the point where each chimney passes through such roof, and shall extend at least two feet below the ceiling of the first story of such building, so as to afford sufficient space for a stove pipe to enter such chimey without endangering the said pipe or flue shall be protected by a tin cylinder or sale; and in case any chimney the ceiling or wall; or where the stove pipe or flue passes through any ceiling, wy or flue shall be built in violation of the requirements of this ordinance, the owner or owners of such building at the time such chimney shall be built, shall be severally and respectfully fined before the Mayor or Recorder in the sum of ($20 00,) twenty dollars, and costs of prosecution

SEC. 2. That it shall be unlawful for the owner or owners or occupant of any building within the City, to allow, to place, or permit to have placed, any stove pipe through any window, side, roof or ceiling of such building, and all persons using fire in stoves shall cause to have placed under such stove a box containing, earth, earth and brick, zinc or sheet iron, sufficient to protect the floors; and when any such stove shall stand within two feet of any wooden or cloth wall or partition, such wall or partition shall be protected by sheet metal as will be full protection against fire from such stove, and when any stove pipe is made to pass through any partition in any building, such stove pipe shall pass through and be surrounded by brick or tin cylinders, so as to be at least three inches from any woodwork.

And any person violating the provisions of this section shall be fined, on conviction before the Mayor or Recorder, in any sum not exceeding twenty dollars and costs, for such offence, and an additional penalty of five dollars for each day he or they may continue such violation, after having been notified by the Marshal or Chief Engineer of the Fire Department

SEC. 3. That it shall be unlawful for the owner or owners or occupant of any building where fire is kept, to allow any hay, straw, shavings, or other combustible matter to remain in or adjacent to such building, except carpenter shops and manufacturing establishments, and from such places, shavings or such like combustible materials shall be removed as often as deemed necessary by the Marshal or Chief Engineer of the Fire Department; and for every violation of this section, such owner or occupant shall be fined upon conviction before the Mayor or Recorder, the sum of five dollars for every day he or they shall continue such violation, after notification from either the Marshall or Chief Engineer of the Fire Department.

SEC. 4. That the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department or Marshal, or both shall at all times have a right to enter any building within the City, for the purpose of discovering and ascertaining any violation of this ordinance.

SEC. 5. That when any flue or chimney constructed prior to this ordinance going into effect, shall be deemed by the Marshal or Chief Engineer of the Fire Department to be unsafe, he or they shall notify in writing, the owner or occupant of the building that the same must be repaired within ten days, and if the parties after such notification, fail to make the required repairs, they shall be fined in the sum of five dollars for each and every day's continuance of such neglect.

SEC. 6. That it shall be the duty of every fireman to give, either or both, the Marshal and Chief Engineer of the Fire Department notice of every violation of this ordinance, which may come to his knowledge.

SEC. 7. That any person who may or shall willfully and maliciously make a false alarm of fire, shall on conviction thereof, be fined in the sum of twenty dollars for each and every offence.

SEC. 8. That this ordinance shall take effect, and be in force from and after the 12th day of September, 1872.

SEC. 9. That ordinance No. 7, entitled "An ordinance to secure stove pipes and chimneys against fire," be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Passed the City Council Sept. 12th, 1872.
A. NOLTNER, Mayor.
Attest: L. DILLER, Recorder.