



DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

Presidential Electors, GEO. R. HILL, of Linn County. N. H. GATES, of Wasco County. L. F. LANE, of Douglas County.

For Congress, JOHN BURNETT, of Benton.

For Judge of First District, P. P. PRIM, of Jackson County.

District Attorneys, 1st. District—J. R. NIEL, of Jackson. 2d. District—C. W. FITCH, of Lane. 3d. District—J. J. SHAW, of Clatsop. 4th. Dist.—C. B. B. HINGER, of Portland. 5th. District—W. B. LAWELL, of Grant.

Clackamas County Ticket.

For State Senator, JOHN MYERS. For Representatives, A. R. SHIPLEY, J. H. MARTIN, JOSEPH KING. Sheriff—A. F. HEDGES. County Clerk—ROBERT F. CAUFIELD. County Commissioners—WM. SHARP, JOHN SAWTELLE. Treasurer—T. J. McCARVER. School Superintendent—A. SOLTNER. Assessor—L. N. WORSHAM. Surveyor—JOSEPH A. BURNETT. Coroner—DR. H. SAFFARIANS.

Political Speaking.

Governor Grover will speak on the pending issues at the following times and places:

Table with 2 columns: Location and Time. Includes Portland (evening), Hillsboro, Oregon City, Lafayette, Dallas, Scio, Albany, Corvallis, Eugene, Oakland, Roseburg, Ashland, Jacksonville.

Come to Grief.

Perhaps there is no community in the civilized world that can detect the humbug and the charlatan so quick as that of Oregon, nor is any community so ready to prick the bladder of inflated bombast and arrogance. As proof, we have but to instance the case of a wealthy capitalist, who having succeeded in securing the support of the Executive and Congress of the United States to aid in his selfish schemes, came here to Oregon and thought it, therefore, an easy task to control the political sentiment of her people. "Grover is a very good man," said he pending the last State canvass, "but he can't be Governor of Oregon." He endeavored to carry his edict into execution, but failed. "I will spend a million of dollars rather than have Kelly go to the Senate," he again asserted, but, nevertheless, Kelly went there and took the seat vacated by Williams, the pliant tool. There has been only one organization where this capitalist has ever had any potency, and that has been the Republican party. We now learn by private advices from Portland, that his power has finally departed there, and that as a consequence, Ichabod will have to be written upon the walls of the Ducal palace. In the last State canvass, the capitalist had but to declare his will as to persons who should receive nominations in the Republican nominating conventions in order to secure such selections. Now, all this is changed. The Republicans of Multnomah county have resolved to dispense with his arbitrary dictation. They have determined with an unanimity which cannot fail of success, to control their own nominations, and they have already set the party machinery so effectively in operation to secure that result, that the capitalist sees already that his power has departed.

From what we learn, we understand that the capitalist aforesaid had determined not to allow any Corbett men to be nominated for the Legislature, probably for the reason that that gentleman could not be used so pliantly as Williams. He also had decreed that Sam Parrish, an aspirant for the Sheriffalty, should not be nominated. The friends, therefore, of Corbett and Parrish are united in their operations, and as they constitute more than nine-tenths of the Multnomah Republicans, they can only be

beaten in the primaries by such notorious corruption as will vitiate the nominations, alienate the support of the masses of the party and thereby utterly defeat at the polls the ticket so nominated. The only alternative left, therefore, to this arrogant capitalist by the Republicans of Multnomah, is either defeat at the primaries or defeat at the polls. They have determined to control their own nominations, and if they are beaten by fraud, they will punish fraud with their ballots at the polls. Thus it will be seen that this arrogant and self-instituted dictator of Oregon politics has come to grief in the house of his friends. He is in a dilemma and must of necessity bestride one of his horns. This situation to one who, like Jove, has heretofore dictated things by a simple nod, must be most humiliating, and no doubt in his impotent rage he could truthfully exclaim with Mother Goose:

Lord, Lord, see such a boy as I. Here forced to eat this humble pie.

We have all along believed that this fate would sooner or later overtake this arrogant dictator. Such fate has ever been deservedly meted out to such inflated bombasters by the free people of Oregon. Perhaps this fate has been somewhat accelerated by the coalition formed by the capitalist with an organ grinder, who has had the fortune to carry defeat to any and every party with which he has ever acted. At any rate, it has already overtaken him, for which all good citizens may well rejoice.

Fair Warning.

Many of our readers are aware by what outrageous means the Radicals carried this county two years ago. The same kind of business will again be attempted. In fact it is known that by intimidation and threats, together with a free use of money will the Radicals have the slightest show to carry the county. In order to protect the laborers in their rights and guard the will of the people, the last Legislature passed the following bill:

An Act to prevent frauds in elections. Be it enacted by the Legislature Assembly of the State of Oregon:

Sec. 1. That any person who shall by promise of favor or reward, or otherwise induce or persuade any person to come into this State, or into any county or precinct within this State for the purpose and with the intent that such person shall, by so changing his habitation, vote at any such election, which may hereafter be held in this State, at a place where such voter or person is not a bona fide resident, shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Any person shall also be deemed guilty of a felony who shall by promises of favor or reward, or otherwise induce or persuade any person to come into this State, or into any county or precinct within this State, shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a felony.

Sec. 3. Any person who shall, in the manner provided in the preceding section, induce or persuade any legal voter to remain away from the polls and not vote at any general election in this State, shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a felony.

Sec. 4. Any persons, upon conviction for violation of either of the preceding sections shall be imprisoned in the Penitentiary not less than one nor more than three years, or shall be fined, not less than one thousand dollars, or shall be punished by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court, and shall be forever ineligible to hold any office of trust or profit in this State.

We hope Democrats everywhere will see that the provisions of this bill are enforced, and wherever it is violated, bring the offenders to the bar of justice. All the Democracy want is a fair election, and all this they are determined to have at all hazards.

"The Lock Swindle."

The above three words constitute the entire stock and trade of the Radical press, and it would be hard to tell what these poor fellows would have done for a subject to write about had not the last Legislature given the subsidy to the west side. They are in great agony over the \$75,000 allowed the Canal and Lock Company over the P. T. Company, and it is the burden of their song. They tell us that they are in favor of the great work, yet did not want the "school fund robbed," and in the same breath they find any amount of fault with the Legislature because it did not give \$125,000 to the P. T. Company out of the same fund. They exhibit great consistency in the matter. We are quoted by them as good Democratic authority for opposing the preference shown the Lock Company in this matter. We certainly were opposed to giving the subsidy to the west side, even had it been the same as the P. T. Company proposed to construct the works at, for the reason that we thought, and still think, it would have benefited our county more by having the works on the Oregon City side, and for this reason only. The difference of \$75,000 is nothing in the opinion of any one who will examine the circumstances and additional cost of constructing the work on the west side. The work could have been done on this side for about two-thirds of what it will cost to do it on the west side, but would not be near as complete and durable. When it is finished on the west side, there will be no further trouble for the present generation in the matter. They could never have been constructed on this side as securely and permanently as on the west side.

But we have diverged from our purpose. The Radicals who are constantly howling about this matter claim it to have been exclusively a Democratic measure, and for the benefit of Democrats. Now let us see how this stands. The original owners of the franchise were: Mayor Goldsmith, Republican; D. P. Thompson, Republican; O. Humason, anything which pays; Jas. K. Kelly, Democrat; Joseph Teal, Democrat; John F. Miller, Democrat; Dr. Loryca, Radical. Here we have three Democrats and three Republicans, and one who is generally on the popular side. This we would call very equally divided as far as politics are concerned. Since the subsidy was given, the Republicans, with the exception of Mayor Goldsmith, have sold out to Democrats—Hon. J. S. Smith and R. R. Thompson being the purchasers. These Radicals had made all they could out of the project, and took the first opportunity offered to put money in their purses. The Democrats who were in the original Company have kept their faith with the people, and those who have purchased in since will do the same. So much for the charge of partizan favoritism.

Now we come to the matter as to how the bill was passed and by whom. It is a matter of record, that without the aid of the five Republican votes in the Legislature which voted at different times for the bill, it would never have become a law. The first amendment offered by a Democrat, Mr. Carille of Benton, was voted down by 21 for and 22 against, five Radicals voting against it. The next amendment was voted down by a vote of 20 for and 23 against—four Radicals voting against the proposed amendment. The third amendment, a vital and important one, proposed by Mr. Carille, to insert "gross" instead of "net receipts," was voted down by a vote of 22 against 23, three Radicals voting against the proposed amendment. Thus it will be seen that these five Radicals held the balance of power during the whole time of the consideration of the bill, and they were known to be pledged to vote for it whenever their votes were required. These are facts well known to the Radicals at Salem at the time. This shows that if there has been a wrong committed, the Radicals are responsible for their share, and also, that Dave Thompson, Dr. Loryca and other Radicals got their portion of the "\$75,000 swindle." The question now is not who did this, as far as we are concerned, but will the work be completed. The extra \$75,000 is nothing when compared to the benefits the country is to receive from it, and as far as the people are concerned, they will cheerfully acquiesce in the measure

since the P. T. Company has been sold out to the Railroad King.—We were honestly in favor of the P. T. Company getting the subsidy, but we would rather that three times the amount should have been given the Lock Company than had the franchise go with the property of the P. T. Company to Mr. Holladay. It is best as it has turned out, and the people will endorse the Legislature for its action.

Colonel Teal's Speech.

From the Albany Democrat, of Friday. We take the following: Colonel Joe Teal addressed a large audience at the Court House last Wednesday evening on the Locks and Canal at the Falls of the Willamette. Owing to the already crowded state of our columns we could only give a meagre synopsis of his speech. He was not a candidate for any office; was a plain citizen of Oregon, equally interested in her welfare and prosperity with every other resident within her borders. After alluding to the spoils of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company and the defunct People's Transportation Company, he portrayed in vivid language the danger that is threatening the vital interests of our people by the encroachments of the great railroad corporation of Oregon. He showed that the only way to circumvent that powerful corporation was to open the Willamette river to free and unimpeded transit of all vessels that would have the proud distinction of being the members of the last Legislature who granted the Locks and Canal charter would go to any length to prevent the work to be done. The Locks Company do not want a further appropriation from the Legislature nor further time to complete their contract. The speakers would give them their rights as they are, and would give the speaker would, if God spared his life, pass through that day on the first boat (the Annie Shaw) that would have the proud distinction of plowing the waters of the free Willamette. It is the intention of a company to put staunch and commodious vessels on the river to connect with sea going craft that will carry our freight from Albany to San Francisco, Europe or the Southern Seas; and all the company asked in return was a written agreement from our shippers and merchants that they would guarantee them their freight at reasonable rates, for a designated time—any stipulation in the agreement. He said the company for which he spoke were able to command millions of capital and would carry out the letter of the agreement made with our citizens. The speech was full of many good points, and was listened to with marked attention.

Public Speaking.

Gov. L. F. Grover will address the citizens of Oregon City and vicinity on the political issues of the day, at the Court House, on Tuesday next, at 7 1/2 o'clock p.m. Let every voter who wishes to cast his vote understandingly at the approaching election turn out. A complete history of the Radical party for the eight years prior to the Governor's inauguration will be given, and also a full and faithful account of what has been done by the present Democratic State Administration. The speech will be of great and vital interest to every voter and tax payer, and we hope the Court House will be crowded to its fullest capacity. Let everybody turn out.

STARTLING EXHIBIT OF CORRUPTION.—A Washington special to a Louisville paper says the sharp, aggressive debate in the House recently on treasury appropriation bill brought out very startling exhibit of corruption against the War Department from the Democratic side. Mr. Beck produced an array of figures, which was not controverted, to show that in the last few years the War Department had spent \$100,000,000 of the proceeds from the sale of war material, and were unable to account for it in detail as required by the committee of the present High House. Sixty millions of this amount were derived from Quartermasters' sales. The entire total is in addition to the regular appropriations made every year by Congress for the various branches of that department. Although the Secretary has answered two resolutions of inquiry, he has utterly failed to show where this immense sum of money has been spent.

Bad HAVES VICE TALK.—A telegram from Albany announced the fact last Monday that Joe Wilson was sick with the diphtheria at that place, and would be unable to speak that evening at Eugene. We felt satisfied that Mr. Barnett would make Joe sick before he got around the State, but did not think it would be so soon. Joe probably did the same thing at Salem and Albany he did here—after he got through speaking to the saloons and fell vulgar and obscene since until two or three o'clock in the morning; and his physical health could not bear such treatment. Poor Joe; you had better go home and give up your week attempt to catch voters. The people know your hypocrisy and do not care to listen to your oily gab. They have too much sense to be influenced by it.

FAILED TO ANSWER.—In his speech in this city, Hon. John Barnett took the ground that the same power which took from a man his land for railroad purposes, had the legal right to regulate the fares and freights on that railroad. Mr. Barnett asked Mr. Wilson to take a position on this question, but "Oily Joe" refused to do so. He knew it would have been certain defeat if he took the negative, and he did not dare to take the affirmative, because it would not be satisfactory to the owner of the Radical party. It is enough for Joe to shoulder the sins of the Radical party, but to carry the burdens of the Railroad monopolists is entirely too much. It will leave him held about fifteen hundred votes on the 3d of June.

OLD EXPLANATION.—By telegram we learn that ex-Senator Williams is on his way to Oregon for the purpose of aiding the Radicals in their hopeless endeavor to carry the State. If Flaxbrake had any decency about him he would remain at Washington and attend to his business for which the people pay him, or resign his position. He will completely ruin what little chance he had for the U. S. Senate by coming here. Let him come!

DAILY MEMOIR.—There is to be a daily issued from the Mercury office hereafter. We know it will be a valuable aid to the campaign, and hope a liberal support will be accorded to it. The Weekly will be continued as heretofore.

Polk County Correspondence.

DALLAS, April 22d, 1872. EDITOR ENTERPRISE:—I have thought that a few items from our enterprising town might be interesting to your many readers. District Court met here to-day with numerous members of the bar in attendance, but the docket being light, its session will not be long. This shows a healthy sentiment of morality for our county, and one that suits the tax-paying community very well. No word of fault can be heard against the excellent management of our county finances. When the Democracy assumed control here, they found the county in debt, bridges and roads out of repair, and county orders selling away down below par, with a burdensome tax of 17 mills on the dollar. Now under Democratic rule, taxes are only 12, roads and bridges in sale condition, the county free from debt, money in our treasury and county orders cashed on presentation. The Radicals recognize this unanswerable logic and they will be beaten more than one hundred votes on the day of election.

Pursuant to notice given by the Democratic Club of this place, Hon. J. W. Nesmith, Ben F. Burch and Ben Hayden addressed their fellow citizens, on the political issues of the day. There was a crowded house. The first speaker, Mr. Nesmith, began by reading the chiefly resolutions of the Radical platform and showing the utter absurdity of their pretensions to trap the people into voting for their generalities that meant anything, something, nothing. He was ably seconded by the Radicals who had a plank in their platform to encourage Railroads, yet had sent delegates to Philadelphia instructed to vote for Grant for President who was pledged to their bill. He said he believed the Lock bill a good thing to keep unaltered the commerce of the Willamette Valley. That the Swamp Land law was a good one because it was a step toward the acquisition of a vast tract of land that would be a source of revenue to the State, which the Radicals were allowing to be gobbled up by railroads. The speaker then read the following resolutions: Hon. B. F. Burch then took the stand and devoted his time in defense of the Portland-Holladay subsidy bill. Hon. Ben Hayden next spoke and made one of his characteristic speeches that brought down the house several times. He ridiculed the Radical platform, but devoted most of his time to a defense of the measures passed by the last Legislature. He thought the Lock bill a good one, and believed the swamp-land and lock laws to be the best laws that were passed for the benefit of the great Willamette Valley and the State generally. The meeting was grand success, and Polk is good for 100 majority.

Kalama Correspondence.

KALAMA, W. T. April 22d, 1872. EDITOR ENTERPRISE:—Appearances are decidedly hazy here just now. There is not much building being done by individuals; but the N. P. Co. are erecting extensive shops. The political condition is brought to the boiling point and the heat is being intensified by local issues. Kalama is now contending for capital honors and emoluments merely as respects to the country including it; but "large oaks from little acorns do sometimes grow," and it is not improbable that this place may become, not only the political, but also the financial and social hub of Washington Territory.

To the working men at Oregon City who may be inclined to hunt for better wages than is given there, I will say that from the best information I can get, the general wages on the N. P. Railroad is \$2.20 per day in greenbacks without board. Teamsters and some others for special work get twenty five cents more. In connection with this question of wages I would direct the attention of the laboring class to the manifestations of the Republican system of political economy as exemplified last week in the Oregonian, wherein the editor with a great flourish quotes from a speech of Senator Corbett's, and cites the extracts as a complete crash of all arguments on the Democratic side of the tariff question. Mr. Corbett says that the tariff duties on woolen goods will be reduced, for the reason that it would probably bring distress on the poor mill owners amongst his constituency. He takes the pains to state that his yearning for them is so great, that he would receive benefit from an increase of duty on protection rate on iron retained until labor has become so much cheapened that the suffering capitalist of Portland, may profitably operate their solitary furnace at Eugene. He was an excellent orator on all so that some one might be enabled to manufacture it from the single spring near St. Helens. The working men who at the ruling rate of wages through the year except with the irregular and uncertain opportunities for employment, and the comparatively high price of food and clothing, often find it difficult to earn so much as their families need to live on. They give the subject thought and really perceive whether it is themselves or the wealthy individual or company that might engage in the manufacture of all in the State that would receive benefit from an increase of the duty. 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