

# MUST INCREASE FOOD EXPORTS

America Called on by End of War to Supply Added Millions.

## ECONOMY STILL NEEDED.

Over Three Times Pre-War Shipments Required—Situation in Wheat and Fat Proves Government's Policy Sound.

With the grain in Europe plentiful, we have now to consider a new world food situation. But there can be no hope that the volume of our exports can be lightened to the slightest degree with the cessation of hostilities. Millions of people liberated from the Russian yoke are now depending upon us for the food which will keep them from starvation.

With food the United States made it possible for the forces of democracy to hold out to victory. To insure democracy in the world, we must continue to live simply in order that we may supply these liberated nations of Europe with food. Hunger among a people inevitably breeds anarchy. American food must complete the work of making the world safe for democracy.

Last year we sent 11,820,000 tons of food to Europe. For the present year, with only the European Allies to feed, we had originally pledged ourselves to a program that would have increased our exports to 17,500,000 tons. Now, to feed the liberated nations, we will have to export a total of not less than 20,000,000 tons—practically the limit of loading capacity at our ports. Reviewing the world food situation, we find that some foods will be obtainable in quantities sufficient to meet all world needs under a regime of economical consumption. On the other hand, there will be marked world shortages in some important commodities.

**Return to Normal Bread Loaf.**  
With the enlarged wheat crops which American farmers have grown, and the supplies of Australia, the Argentine and other markets now accessible to shipping, there are bread grains enough to enable the nations to return to their normal wheat loaf, provided we continue to mill flour at a high percentage of extraction and maintain economy in eating and the avoidance of waste.

In fats there will be a heavy shortage—about 8,000,000,000 pounds—in pork products, dairy products and vegetable oils. While there will be a shortage of about three million tons in rich protein feeds for dairy animals, there will be sufficient supplies of other feedstuffs to allow economical consumption.

In the matter of beef, the world's supplies are limited to the capacity of the available refrigerating ships. The supplies of beef in Australia, the Argentine and the United States are sufficient to load these ships. There will be a shortage in the importing countries, but we cannot hope to expand exports materially for the next months in view of the bottle neck in transportation.

We will have a sufficient supply of sugar to allow normal consumption in this country if the other nations retain their present short rations or increase them only slightly. For the countries of Europe, however, to increase their present rations to a material extent will necessitate our sharing a part of our own supplies with them.

### Twenty Million Tons of Food.

Of the world total, North America will furnish more than 60 per cent. The United States, including the West Indies, will be called upon to furnish 20,000,000 tons of food of all kinds as compared with our pre-war exports of about 8,000,000 tons.

While we will be able to change our program in many respects, even a casual survey of the world supplies in comparison to world demands shows conclusively that Europe will know famine unless the American people bring their home consumption down to the barest minimum that will maintain health and strength.

There are conditions of famine in Europe that will be beyond our power to remedy. There are 40,000,000 people in North Russia whom there is small chance of reaching with food this winter. Their transportation is demoralized in complete anarchy, and shortly many of their ports will be frozen, even if internal transport could be realized.

### To Preserve Civilization.

At this moment Germany has not alone sucked the food and animals from all those masses of people she has dominated and left starving, but she has left behind her a total wreckage of social institutions, and this mass of people is now confronted with absolute anarchy.

If we value our own safety and the social organization of the world, if we value the preservation of civilization itself, we cannot permit growth of this cancer in the world's vitals.

Famine is the mother of anarchy. From the inability of governments to secure food for their people grows revolution and chaos. From an ability to supply their people grows stability of government and the defeat of anarchy. Did we put it on no higher plane than our interests in the protection of our institutions, we must bestir ourselves in solution of this problem.

## PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE



David Lloyd-George, British premier, who will have increased support in Parliament as a result of the recent elections.

## LLOYD GEORGE AND COALITIONISTS WIN

London.—Premier Lloyd-George and his coalition government will have an overwhelming majority in the new house of commons, as a result of the election.

David Lloyd-George, leader of the coalition government, was re-elected to his seat in Parliament from Carnarvon, Wales, as a coalition Liberal.

Arthur Henderson, leader of the British labor party and former member of the war cabinet, was defeated for re-election to Parliament from the south district of Eastham.

Herbert H. Asquith, former premier and leader of the Liberal party, was defeated for his seat in the house of commons from the east division of Fife, Scotland, by Colonel Sir Alexander Sprot, a Scottish Laird.

The net result of the election is summed up as a personal triumph for Premier Lloyd-George in the disappearance of the two great parties, the Liberals and Irish Nationalists. The newspapers without exception emphasize that the election is not merely a great triumph, but a great opportunity for Lloyd-George, as the country insists on the carrying out of a vast program of social reform. They declare that the governing classes are on trial, and if they fail to satisfy the country, a painful reckoning awaits them at the next election, which may come sooner than is now apparent.

## LINE OF ACTION OF FRANCE DECIDED ON

Clemenceau for Old System of Alliances, But Is Not Opposed to World League.

Paris.—The declarations of Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon in the chamber of deputies gave the first official announcement on the plans of the French government.

The statements disclosed that France had determined upon its line of action on practically all the questions involved, including a society of nations, on which M. Pichon said the details were now being formulated.

Premier Clemenceau's statement on the freedom of the seas was the first announcement from a high authoritative source. This was accepted as showing that the British and French viewpoints were in accord. M. Clemenceau's reference to his talks with President Wilson indicated that they had tended to bring out the significance of the French premier's previous conversations with the British prime minister regarding the action of the British fleet during the war, without which he admitted France could not have continued the war, as well as his favorable attitude toward the future British fleet.

Premier Clemenceau said his conversations with President Wilson had been profitable, although, he added, "I should not be telling the truth if I said I had always been in agreement with him on all points."

In summing up his argument for exercise of patience by the chamber, the premier declared:

"There will be claims to be set forth and others which will have to be given up. If I mounted the rostrum to elaborate the subject, I would be the worst premier in Europe. That does not mean we are not working hard to prepare a line of action for the peace conference."

The premier earlier had expressed belief in the efficiency of the old sys-

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### CELTIC REFLECTIONS

You will never catch out the Celtic spirit, Editor MacLeod of Upside-The-Times Magazine, in an editorial statement that he cannot back up. Observe, for instance: "Whatever else may happen time everlastingly keeps on the march; no question about that." Herein is a statement that is indisputable, irrefutable, indubitable and all the rest of it. You cannot penetrate the armor of this great truth anywhere with the rusty spear of doubt. But let us quote the entire editorial in which the axiomatic gem appears. It will be seen that Brother MacLeod is just about right all the way through:

"Now we are on our way and into another New Year. Whatever else may happen time everlastingly keeps on the march; no question about that. And speaking of years the one we are just entering, everything considered, looks fairly good to us; in fact, for substantial reasons enough it looks a whole lot better than a number of years that have been on our trail during the recent past. It should be one very good year for all points throughout this intermountain section to hit the ball and make considerable progress along sane and sensible lines as they relate to better farming, general industrial and business life and the building of more good roads. If not, why not?"

By the way, it's now the year nineteen ditto.

The esteemed Portland Telegram gets off its chest a remark to the effect that "Bryan will have performed his greatest public service if he succeeds in disrupting his party." Huh! Sounds like a hymn of hate from a g. o. p. organ.

"You are still unbeaten," remarked Herr Ebert to the Prussian Guards. Well, it must be admitted that they were pretty good sprinters.

The fourteen points are fast penetrating the caloused hides of the reactionaries.

Before leaving Potsdam the ex-kaiser reduced to ashes all of his war correspondence; burning shame, as it were.

"It looks very much to us as if all the titulary bunk, gewgaws and bull that have characterized royalty and nobility for 50 centuries will soon exist only in our fraternal or-

tem of alliances, called "the balance of power," but indicated that he was not opposed to a league of nations. Such a league, he said, might be organized about the time the treaty of peace was completed.

## FIRING ON U. S. FLAG STARTS RIOT

London.—Firing by German officers on an allied automobile carrying an American flag was the cause of street fighting in Posen, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph.

The Germans were defeated in the fighting. About 138 persons, including a number of women and children, were killed during the rioting.

The dispatch says: "There was severe fighting between the Poles and Germans in Posen, which resulted in 28 women and children and about 100 Germans and Poles being killed. The affray originated as a result of a German officer firing on an allied automobile which was proceeding to Warsaw carrying the American flag."

"A delegation from the British mission to Posen protested to the German commander in the town, General Schimmsfeld, but the German officer declared that he had no control over the soldiers."

ders," sneers the Houston Post, whose editor may have lost out for Sublime Potentate.

Irrefutable is the proper adjective to describe the logic of Guy Matlock, who claims that picture shows are no more dangerous in fluctuations than mercantile sales days.

"A Bolshevik is a man who sees only the ruination in reconstruction," says the Boston Herald.

### O'Harra—Jones

Two of Weston's most popular young people, Miss Edna E. Jones and Mr. Vernon I. O'Harra, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony in the Christian church in Pendleton December 26, 1918, by the Rev. H. H. Hubbel, pastor of that church.

The young couple were accompanied by Miss Wavel O'Harra, sister of the groom, and Mr. Clarence Hand, who witnessed the beautiful ring ceremony.

Upon their return an elaborate wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Jones. Those present at dinner were Mr. and Mrs. Ivan O'Harra, Miss Wavel O'Harra, Miss Thelma Anderson and Mr. Clarence Hand; Mr. and Mrs. Charles May and family, Mrs. Letha King and three children, Mrs. Amy Van Skiver, Ray O'Harra, Ray Jones, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Harra received many beautiful and useful presents. Among the gifts was a 51-piece set of dishes presented by the Bachelor Girls Club of Weston, of which the bride was a member.

The newly-married pair will make their home in the McBride residence below town. Held in the highest esteem, they have the best wishes of the entire Weston community.

### Red Cross Enrollment, 556

The great Christmas Roll Call of the American Red Cross resulted in the enrollment of no less than 556 members in the Weston district.

Population considered, this enrollment is highly gratifying and has not been surpassed in the county. It is said, in fact, that the Weston workers were especially complimented by the county chairman.

The work in this district was directed by E. C. Rogers, manager, and Mrs. Clara Price, chairman. The field teams were:

Adda Price and Jennie Froebstel, Clarissa Price and Gertrude O'Harra.

Clara Price and Maud Stanfield, Etta Culley and Zona Smith, Alice Price and Eva DeMoss, Mrs. E. M. Smith, Doris Barnes and Mrs. H. Goodwin.

Mrs. F. D. Watts and Mrs. C. L. Pinkerton, Mrs. J. W. Porter and Mrs. W. L. Robbins, Perd and Tim McBride, W. L. Rayborn and Will Hall, W. L. Smock and Louis Christenson.

Mrs. Frank Montgomery and Mrs. H. P. Smith.

### Joe Kremer a Slacker

To the Public:

The Central Loyalty committee presents to the public the name of Joseph Kremer of Hermiston as one who has signally failed to do his full duty toward his country during the progress of the war.

Mr. Kremer is a young, unmarried man of German blood and is farming 35 acres of alfalfa land on the outskirts of Hermiston. The assessed valuation of his property in this county is \$2430.

He refused to contribute to the First Red Cross War Fund. He refused to contribute to the second Red Cross War Fund and likewise to the United War Work Fund, although his rating, \$5, was an extremely moderate one. He purchased small bonds in the third and fourth loans but, so far as we have any record, his gifts for war purposes total \$2, contributed as membership fees to the Red Cross. He has been repeatedly solicited without response and the committee feels strongly that the word "slacker" can very properly be applied to him.

Signed by Central Loyalty Committee of Umatilla County Patriotic Service League.

### Estray Notice

Came to my place seven miles southwest of Umatilla, two colts described as follows: one gray, coming two-year-old; one brown with white stripe down forehead, coming yearling. Both are branded on left shoulder with what appears to be a quarter circle over L. Owner may have animals by identifying property and paying charges.

C. W. BROWN,  
Lowden, Wash.

### Here's a Bill-Killer

In remitting for another installment of the good literature which he finds in the Leader's columns, Captain and Senator Roy W. Ritner says:

"I was mighty glad to get back to the wheat fields of good old Umatilla county. I had many interesting and sometimes exciting experiences in France and would not have missed the trip for anything; but I'm glad it is over and that the boys will soon return to the land they have learned to appreciate all the more after a sojourn on foreign soil.

"I have no elaborate program for the coming session of the legislature. I will endeavor to do as I have done in the past—introduce few bills, kill many and keep our appropriations within our income. I will especially be interested in reconstruction and good roads legislation."

## MILLION AMERICANS TO BE DEMOBILIZED

Washington.—More than 1,100,000 American soldiers at home and abroad have been designated for demobilization since the armistice was signed. General March gave the figures as 937,000 men in home units to be discharged and 168,000 men and 6800 officers assigned by General Pershing for early convey home from France. This includes men already discharged and those who have landed from France. Official reports show 832,834 men and 25,409 officers actually discharged. General March made public a list of auxiliary troops attached to the American third army, the army of occupation, including the following complete regiments:

Fourth hundred and first, 398th and 319th Engineers, and the first, 61st, 54th and 56th Pioneer Infantry.

General March said that no additional American troops had been ordered to Russia.

### IRELAND WON BY SINN FEIN

Seventy Parliament Seats Taken Will Not Be Occupied.

London.—The Sinn Feiners have secured 70 seats in parliament, thus sweeping the whole of Ireland except the Unionist section. All the Sinn Feiners elected will refrain from attending Westminster.

The Laborites have only 74 seats instead of the expected 100.

John Dillon, the Irish Nationalist leader, was defeated in East Mayo by E. De Valera (Sinn Fein) by a vote of 8845 to 4451.

It was stated by the Express that a central Sinn Fein council will be established in Dublin almost immediately and will call itself the Irish Parliament.

### Idaho Proposes that All Learn English

Boise, Idaho.—A bill providing that all persons over 16 years of age who cannot read and write the English language shall attend night school for a certain number of hours each school year until such knowledge is attained was unanimously indorsed by the members in attendance upon the conference of superintendents and principals and of the executive board of the Idaho State Teachers' association at the closing sessions.

### Jews of Roumania to Have Citizenship

Bucharest, via Paris.—Premier Bratino has promulgated a law conferring citizenship on the Jews of Roumania.

### Battleships Bring Back Troops.

Washington.—Fourteen battleships and 16 cruisers have been assigned by the navy department to help bring American troops home from France.

Paris.—The advice of General Franchet d'Esperey, commander in chief of the allied armies in the Near East, summoned to Paris to confer with the government over the situation along the Black Sea coast and in the Balkans, is expected vitally to affect the policy of the entente toward Russia.

With allied forces now in Odessa, Sebastopol and Novorossisk, attention is being attracted to the activities in the Black Sea region.

The American delegates to the peace conference have given much consideration to the question of the policy to be pursued toward Russia, but it is understood, have reached no decision. The general tendency among the French and English newspapers and officials favoring intervention is to suggest that the Americans undertake the task, as their forces are fresh. This view, however, appears to find no favor with the American delegates.

HOMER I. WATTS  
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## CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Church of the Brethren—Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. C. W. S. at 6:30 p. m. Bible Study, Life of Christ, at 7:30 p. m. John Bonowitz, elder.

Methodist Church—Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening. S. E. Powell, pastor.

United Brethren Church—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10:00 a. m. Junior C. E. at 2:30 p. m. C. E. meeting at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. E. F. Wriggle, pastor.

Baptist Church—The Church with a cordial welcome for all. Sunday school at ten o'clock, preaching at eleven. Also preaching at eight o'clock in the evening. W. R. Storms, pastor.

Christian Science Society—Services Sunday at 11 a. m., Water street, near Main.

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