

# WESTON LEADER

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NUMBER 18



**GEO. H. BISHOP**

Freewater, Oregon, Democratic Candidate for District Attorney  
[Paid Advertisement.]

## VOTE

**56 X T. D. TAYLOR**

Democratic Candidate for re-election as County Sheriff  
[Paid advertisement.]

Reasonable Valuations of All Property.  
No Favors Granted to Anyone.  
A Square Deal to All.

**J. A. YEAGER**

Republican Candidate for County Assessor  
[Paid Advertisement.]



**Dr. J. A. BEST**

Republican Candidate for State Representative  
A friend of the common people.  
[Paid advertisement.]

**BARNEY ANDERSON**

Democratic Candidate for County Commissioner  
A practical farmer, familiar with the county's needs.  
[Paid Advertisement.]

**LOUIS HODGEN**

Candidate for Representative  
In Oregon legislature.  
An East End man and a farmer.  
Your vote and influence respectfully solicited.  
[Paid advertisement.]

## COUNTY REPUBLICANS PLAN ACTIVE FIGHT

To carry Umatilla county for Hughes by the biggest majority ever given a president and to elect the straight republican county ticket from top to bottom is the determination of the Umatilla county central committee, they are now confidently asserting, and to achieve this big success they have arranged for one of the most exhaustive and vigorous campaigns ever put on. From now on there will be something doing every day. The candidates, in a body, will visit every town in the county and such speakers as Congressman Sinnott, A. E. Clark of Portland, Frederick Steiwer, Mrs. E. B. Hanley, Walter L. Tooge and in all probability Senator Borah of Idaho, will be used to deliver the principal addresses on these occasions. The first meeting will be at Milton on the evening of October 19, with Mrs. E. B. Hanley as the speaker. The detailed tour is as follows:

- Oct. 19—Milton, Mrs. E. B. Hanley, speaker.
- Oct. 20—Hermiton, meeting at night.
- Oct. 23—Ukiah and Albee, meeting at Ukiah.
- Oct. 24—Adams.
- Oct. 25—Stanfield.
- Oct. 26—Umatilla and Echo, meeting at Echo.
- Oct. 27—Helix.
- Oct. 30—Freewater.
- Oct. 31—Umatilla and Ferndale.
- Nov. 1—Mecham.
- Nov. 2—Weston.
- Nov. 3—Athena.
- Nov. 4—Pilot Rock.

Speakers for the dates not announced will be selected later, and also the last two weeks may be changed to meet the demands of the communities and the speakers as they are secured.

## FEDERAL ROAD IS PROBABLE

The building of the proposed road across the Blue Mountains connecting Walla Walla with the Wallowa country was given added stimulus when Congressman LaFollette pledged himself to lend his aid in getting an appropriation from the special good roads fund provided by the government at the last session of congress.

The government voted an appropriation of about \$70,000,000 to be divided among the different states in the union for the purpose of aiding in the building of roads and it is out of these funds that Congressman LaFollette hopes to secure an appropriation for the construction of the proposed Blue Mountain road to replace the present toll road now connecting this valley with the great Wallowa country.

Congressman LaFollette is familiar with the status of the Blue Mountain toll road and stated that toll roads should be a thing of the past, especially since the automobile travel has become so universal.

Congressman LaFollette's willingness to co-operate with the Oregon senators and congressmen in securing federal aid in opening up the toll road was received with much satisfaction by the Walla Walla Commercial club and those who have been actively interested in building the proposed road. A. F. Alexander, who has been prominently identified in the construction of this road says that Congressman LaFollette's suggestion of securing federal aid was probably the solution of a vexing question. The toll road being located within the Wannah forest reserve, will be liable to secure more prompt attention from the federal authorities than if it was located where state and county aid should be given the project.

## Disastrous Joy Ride

Pendleton, Oct. 16—As a result of a drunken joy ride yesterday morning and a "rough house" at the ranch of Wyrick Bros., Harry Emory and Bert Mansfield were arrested and given the maximum fine, \$50 or 25 days in jail, by Justice of the Peace Joe H. Parkes today. The men obtained one of their employer's cars and started with a party on the joy ride. Reaching the Wyrick ranch they disturbed two of the hired men at the place and a fight followed. Returning to Pendleton, the automobile got beyond the control of the driver at the entrance of Wild-Horse cut and went over the grade, turned completely over and threw the occupants upon the rocks. That they escaped death or serious injury is considered miraculous.

## Wilson's Stand on Votes For Women Contrasted With Hughes' Wabbling

### HUGHES.

He did not vote for suffrage when he had the chance.

Suffrage plank in Republican platform: "The Republican party, reaffirming its faith in government of the people, as a measure of justice to one-half the adult people of the country, favors the extension of the suffrage to women, but recognizes the right of each State to settle this question for itself."

A few days before his public endorsement of the Federal Suffrage amendment, a committee of Anti-Suffragists, came out smiling and said he was the man of the hour. The Suffragists had a similar experience at the same time.

Mr. Hughes has said that suffrage is the result of social unrest, that it will cause sex antagonism and that it raises a disturbance which might as well be stopped.

### HUGHES FOR SUFFRAGE BECAUSE HE'S AGAINST IT.

In a letter to the New York World, Senator C. S. Thomas, of Colorado, a member of the Committee on Woman Suffrage of the United States Senate, said on Sept. 14:

"I am moved to propound the following inquiry to the Republican candidate for President: Did he not say to a committee of Anti-Suffragists, 'I have always been opposed to woman suffrage, probably because Mrs. Hughes has always been strongly opposed, and my daughters think with their mother. The increasingly active feminist movement, to my mind, makes the ultimate granting of votes to women inevitable, but inevitable. Sex antagonisms and the subversion of national issues into petty personal issues is to me more lamentable still, more ruinous to our womanhood and our country, than the doubling of the electorate, or votes for women, calamitous as that may be.'"

And when Candidate Hughes subsequently declared for the Federal amendment it was on the ground that, inasmuch as the women were bound to have the vote, it should be given to them by the shortest possible route, irrespective of the merits of the question.

### WILSON.

He made a special trip to New Jersey to vote for suffrage.

Suffrage plank in Democratic platform: "We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the States upon the same terms as to men."

On Sept. 9 he made a special trip to Atlantic City to address the National Woman Suffrage Association.

"I have come to fight with you, not against you," he said. "Woman suffrage is a great vision of duty women have seen. The tide is rising and cannot be stopped. In the long run we will not quarrel as to methods."

## WILSON AND PROSPERITY

The Central Trust Company of Illinois, Chas. G. Dawes, formerly McKinley's Comptroller of the Currency, President, in its published report for September, reports:

For 1915-16 exports greater; imports greater; balance of trade in our favor, \$219,000,000. Merchants shipping makes new record; tonnage of American ships three times that of 1914. Financing by corporations more than doubled. Gross and net earnings of railroads greatly increased; idle cars August 1st, 11,000, against 265,000 a year ago.

Frank Carter Vice-President of the Mercantile Trust Company of St. Louis says:

"One of the best reasons I can give for saying that Woodrow Wilson should be re-elected is the unusual condition in banking circles in that there is no attention being paid to the election when extending credits, as has been the case in all previous presidential years. For a friend in Boston I called up three of the biggest companies in St. Louis to give them a big order in the steel business, and each one told me they had so much on hand it was impossible to take on new business."

John M. Hodges of the Fort Dearborn National Bank, in an article headed "Prosperity to Stay With Us After the War," in the Chicago American, says:

"I believe that the railroads will have more freight and passenger business than they can handle, steamboats will have more tonnage than ever before, steel, woolen and cotton and saw mills and manufactories will be running night and day, and real estate and building operations will be on the most extensive scale ever known. At the world-war's end every belligerent country will be confronted with the greatest demand for the products of the soil, loom, mill and factory. They will buy where they can get the goods quickest, and that market is America."

And steel common stock persists in going up.

There is something very like ingratitude in some big business interests opposing the re-election

of Wilson just because he does not allow them to dictate the policy of the American government.

## KINDS OF ADVERTISING

The newspaper man finds a merchant here and there who says he believes in advertising, yet does not take newspaper space. He is inclined to favor handbills or roadside signs, says the Astoria Budget.

The latter are contrary to every principle of scientific advertising. The fundamental principle of modern publicity is to appeal to intelligence and logical sense. "Reason Why" advertising is the key note of every convention of advertising experts. "Reason Why" advertising is impossible in roadside publicity. The swiftly going motorist can't read letters less than two feet high. Was even a pedestrian ever seen to stop and consider a bill board? On the contrary he hates its intrusion on the scenery and curses the man who erected it.

Advertising by handbills left at the doors may have some value. It may be useful to supplement the work of the newspapers. But the printer with his labor, ink and paper to sell, likes to see the money go where it will do the most good. He would rather it went into the newspaper, even if the job printing paid him just as much money. For he wants his customer to be satisfied and to see results.

The circular may or may not be read. Very frequently it is dumped into the waste basket or thrown away into the street gutter.

The newspaper, on the other hand, is read and read thoroughly. People allow time for it, take it at their leisure, sit down with the idea of going through it thoroughly. Hence everything that is worth reading is read, and the merchant talks to a great audience. It is by far the cheapest form of publicity.

From \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000 a year would be saved farmers of the Inland Empire if they adopted the bulk system of handling grain, in the judgment of C. Lansing Hurd, head of the market and organization department of the Oregon Agricultural College, who was in Walla Walla Tuesday, accompanied by G. B. Hegardt, engineer for the Commission of Municipal Docks in Portland. They have been touring the Inland Empire, studying the wheat situation. Mr. Hegardt says that if the farmers of this section adopt bulk grain handling Portland will prepare for it.

"Call a taxi" Lufe McBride's is always at your disposal. Phone 62.

## PROMINENT FARMERS QUARREL OVER LAND

Trouble has been brewing for some time between Frank Rogers and J. W. Maloney, prominent reservation farmers, and their respective crews over possession of a piece of Indian land which each claims under lease. Tuesday Mr. Rogers took his men to the disputed ranch but found it in possession of the Maloney forces. Of the subsequent unpleasantness the East Oregonian says:

"The Rogers men camped in the barn and claimed to have taken possession. According to Maloney they ordered him off the place but the request was refused and the Rogers crew ordered to cease trespassing. Wednesday threats were made by Rogers that the stubble would be burned while the Maloney stock was in the field. At this stage the Maloney forces interfered and they carried a shotgun with them to the field in order, it is said by the judge, to protect the lives of his 30 head of horses and mules. During the argument Judge Maloney fired his gun into the air to show it was loaded, after he had been goaded with the remark it was not. Rogers then left for town, saying he would have a warrant sworn out."

The LEADER ventures the suggestion that the belligerents make armored cars of caterpillar engines, build some aircraft and settle their differences in a modern and enlightened way. Sam Pambun might even loan 'em his duck pond for submarine warfare.

The A. Phillips sale, conducted Saturday by F. G. Lucas, attracted a good crowd of bidders and was quite successful. Sales of chattels aggregated \$600. No real estate was sold, although the holdings of Mr. Phillips were entered in the sale bills.

## WHEAT MARKET IS BOOMING

Wheat is booming today. This morning's Chicago quotations wired to the Weston Warehouse company were \$1.70 for September and \$1.69 1/2 for May. Manager Price bought 15,000 bushels last night at \$1.30. J. M. Bausater is reported to have sold at \$1.30.

Tuesday night marked another little flurry in the local wheat market, when about 21,000 bushels in three lots were bought by Frank Price, manager of the Weston Warehouse company, at \$1.25. Very little Weston wheat, including only one large lot, now remains in the hands of the growers.

### Ben DuPuis Likes Montana

Ben F. DuPuis has returned from Montana, highly enthused over the fertile and beautiful country which he found a few miles east of Helena. Supposed for years to be fit for grazing purposes only, this land escaped the plow until two years ago. Now it is found to produce from 25 to 40 bushels per acre of excellent milling wheat. The flint-hard variety known as macaroni wheat grows there to perfection and commands a big premium in the market. Photographs brought home by Mr. DuPuis show fields of grain that one would not expect to find except in a district that had been devoted for years to this cereal, yet the grain came up from the first plowing of the virgin sod. Scores of people have gone there from eastern Washington points, especially from Colfax and Waitsburg, and every man without exception has bought land, according to the reports heard by Mr. DuPuis, who himself became a purchaser to the extent of 320 acres at \$35 an acre, having disposed of his interests in this county. He expects to move to Montana in the spring. One investor who bought last year paid for his land with one crop and had \$525 remaining. The country has 140 days of growing weather, 300 days of sunshine and between March 1 and July 15 has 10 inches of rainfall. There is no fog and no hot winds. Although the mercury dropped to 37 degrees below zero last winter, the settler becomes inured to winter cold.

J. N. Scott has paid \$150 an acre for a choice quarter section of land near Athena—thus breaking, it is said, all price records for the county. The land is part of the Jerry Stone estate and was bought by Mr. Scott from Mrs. Josephine Stone, the widow. It is in summer fallow.



**W. T. REEVES**

Democratic Nominee for

**REPRESENTATIVE**

"Less Laws and Better Laws."

[Paid advertisement.]

**The REPUBLICAN TICKET**

**VOTE IT STRAIGHT**

- For President of the United States: Charles E. Hughes.
- For Vice-President of the United States: Charles Warren Fairbanks.
- For Representative in Congress, Second District: 34—N. J. Sinnott of Wasco county.
- For Secretary of State: 36—Ben W. Olcott.
- For Justice of the Supreme Court—Vote for two: 38—Geo. H. Burnett of Marion County.
- 40—Frank A. Moore of Columbia County.

For Dairy and Food Commissioner: 43—John D. Mickle of Multnomah

For Public Service Commissioner: 45—H. H. Corey of Baker county.

**UMATILLA COUNTY TICKET**  
For Senator, 29th Senatorial District: 47—Frederick Steiwer.

For Representative, 22nd district, Umatilla and Morrow Counties: 48—R. N. Stanfield.

For Representative 23rd district—Vote for two: 49—J. A. Best.

50—Roy W. Kitner.  
For District Attorney: 54—R. I. Keator.

For Sheriff: 55—H. M. Allen.  
For County Clerk: 57—R. T. Brown.

For Recorder: 59—B. S. Burroughs.  
For Treasurer: 60—Grace A. Gilliam.

For Assessor: 63—J. A. Yeager.  
For School Superintendent: 65—I. E. Young.

For Surveyor: 66—Willard Bradley.  
For Coroner: 67—J. T. Brown.

For County Commissioner: 70—William M. Slusher.  
[Paid Advertisement.]

The Leader is in receipt of a letter from S. H. McElmury of Independence, Oregon, in which he says: "I think that the Pendleton Normal scheme is an outrage on the taxpayers of Oregon. The state owns a good plant at Weston—why not use the one we have? I will vote '309 X No.' and I think that taxpayers of Polk county will do the same, except the 'big bugs'—I mean the county superintendent, the Monmouth president and all those connected with the school at Monmouth. I understand the state superintendent is also doing all he can for Pendleton. All this move is to make a position for someone who is out of a job."

Good cow for sale. E. E. Zehm.