## **CUBANS WOULD** STIR UP STRIFE

### Attack On American Minister Part of Plot.

Washington Backs Its Representative and Will Sift Matter-Cuban Press Hostile.

was the opinion expressed by Senor a demand for arbitration. Antonio Martin-Rivero, the Cuban

He was of the opinion that Maza made him think he had been insulted and that he should seek revenge.

Under no circumstances, no matter said the minister, was Maza justified would be done in the case was the declaration of Senor Martin Rivero.

The minister has notified his gov-States that the assailant be punished. the minister "spontaneously sent word and Great Britain under the treaty. to Cuba," he said, "that the United States had laws rendering virtually immune from attack the person of foreign representatives here and that, on account of this reciprocity, the full tation of treaties, provided they rigor of the Cuban laws could be ap- not affect the vital interests, the does not protect Cuban representaties. than to any other foreigner.'

#### SLAYER GETS REPRIEVE.

#### Acting Governor of California Says Law Works Unevenly.

Sacramento, Cal. - Acting Governor Wallace, who is representing Governor Johnson while the latter is in the East, has issued a 14 days' reprieve to George Figueroa, who was to have been executed at San Quentin prison Friday, September 6, for the murder of his wife in Los Angeles. The reprieve was extended on the request of Figueroa's counsel.

Asked concerning what action he intends to take in the six other cases of men condemned to be executed, the acting governor said:

"I have not made up my mind that the abolition of capital punishment would be an unmixed good. One of the strong points in the removal of the death penalty is the fact that under existing conditions the law works unevenly. A poor man suffers the extreme penalty of the law and the rich man, by long-drawn out legal processes, usually escapes."

## BOY DROPS 2000 FEET.

#### Lad Tangled in Ballpon Guy Rope Hurled From Great Height.

about 2000 feet in the air before the the canal. rope untangled and dropped him to death. He crashed against the roof spectators reached him, but he soon died.

The tragedy occurred at a county fair, and when the balloon and aeronaut shot upwards many persons thought the youth dangling at the end of the rope was a dummy.

The heroic efforts of the balloonist to rescue the boy soon disclosed the truth to the crowd below. As the big bag crept higher and higher, the aeronaut, in peril of his own life, could be dangling form to the trapeze. Finaland the form dropped.

## Humanity Growing Bald.

Los Angeles - "Within 500 years there will scarcely be a hair on any woman's head, and men will lose their hair 200 years before that time," declared Professor Carlton B. Wells, an eminent brain specialist of Paris, who is here on his first visit to the United the Jashion for both men and women," he continued. "The development of intellect of the wearer."

### War Exists, Says Aikens.

London - "Germany and England are now in a state of war," said J. A. M. Aikens, Canadian member of Parliament from Brandon, Manitoba, ant Charles Becker is awaiting trail who has just returned here from a continental trip, in an interview here. Rosenthal, has been frustrated by the struck," he continued, "but when it the floor of a cell. A guard, investiis all may be over in three months or three days. When Canada understands, I believe the Dominion's hearty help will be forthcoming."

## Thibet Policy Attacked.

London-Thibet's future promises to become as great a bone of contention a that of Persia. The same secly, W. Morgan Shuster, to Russian interests, declares that Great Britain's Thibetan policy is on parallel lines.

C. Moffatt, executive officer; Arthur M. Kéating, Lieutenant Commander, and J. H. Ingram, lieutenant.

U. S. WILL NOT ARBITRATE.

#### British Protests Against Canal Rules Believed Groundless.

Washington, D. C .- Although the State department will authorize no statement to that effect, it is understood the administration will decline to permit the question of the right of shipping from tolls in the Panama canal to go to arbitration. This position of the government, it is said, may not be developed fully for some

While the British protest clearly intimated a purpose to demand an arbitral decision in the event that Washington, D. C.-That Enrique a more careful study of the Panama Maza, the reporter who attacked canal toll act brought out the impres-Hugh Gibson, American charge of the sion that it is in violation of the Hay- Oregon Agricultural college, are They devoted altogether 455 days to of Nicaragua are being watched with legation in Havana, last Monday Pauncefote treaty, if the usual course night, was merely a tool in the hands in diplomatic exchange is followed, of Cuban plotters who are antagonis- many arguments and counter argutic to the United States and who ments must be submitted on both sides ties having the best drained soils are high schools, where 19 days' lecturing who was Nicaraguan consul general would like to get the Cuban govern- before the resources of diplomacy ment into trouble with this country, would be exhausted, thus warranting says

The British foundation for such a demand rests upon the broad basis of two special treaties between America had been urged on by others who had and Great Britain, in addition to the great general convention creating the tribunal of The Hague and binding all parties thereto to adjust their diswhat his provocation may have been, putes by recourse to its mehods. The first of these treaties, the Hayin the action he took. That justice Pauncefote treaty, in its third article declares that there shall be no discrimination against any of the nations obeying the rules of the canal, and in ernment of the demands of the United its fourth article asserts that no change of territorial sovereignity As soon as he learned of the attack shall affect the obligation of America

The second special treaty, made four years ago, binds each country to submit to The Hague any difference that my arise relating to the interprenot affect the vital interests, the inplied. In case of a country which dependence or the honor" of the par-On its face, a British demand tives," said the minister, "no further for arbitration on such a basis is genrights are extended to its diplomats erally regarded to be sound and beyond discussion.

From the American viewpoint there are many loopholes for escape.

In the first place it may be contended that the admission of American coastwise traffic to free passage in the canal constitutes no actual discrimin- cure the best quality of the seed." ation against British shipping. Existing law permits no foreign bottoms to transport American coastwise commerce and British vessels could not be employed to carry goods from New York to San Francisco through the Panama canal, even if they were completely relieved from tolls, as will be the American coasting trade. Thus, it is figured, it cannot be contended that British commerce is affected one way or another by this favored treatment of Amercian ships.

Another American argument is that owing to the acquisition by America of sovereignty over the canal zone, the Hay-Pauncefote treaty no longer applies to it, that convention being itself voidable under the principle of international law which makes a treaty's life depend upon the continuance of conditions upon which it is made. Back of this contention, however, lies the danger of loss of the whole neutralization feature of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

A third argument against arbitration is found in the fact, admitted in the senate debates, that nowhere Flint, Mich.-In the presence of would it be possible to secure unhundreds of persons, 15-year-old Ches- biased arbitrators, because every marter Betts, son of Bert O. Betts, of itime country finds its interests in opthis city, was accidentally caught by position to the American contention to the guy rope of a balloon and carried a right of discrimination in the use of

The avenue of escape, if the United State really deires to avoid arbitraof a barn and was still alive when tion, is to be found, it is declared, in article 2 of the arbitration treaty of 1908, which affords an opportunity to the United States senate to take a hand in the settlement of such an is-

That article makes it pre-requisite to actual arbitration that both sides 'shall 'conclude a special agreement defining clearly that matter in dispute," and this must be approved by the senate. So that of the senate takes the same view next winter of seen working desperately to pull the the predominant rights of America in the use of the canal as it did last sesly the rope swirled away from the lad sion, it may prevent arbitration by declining to accept any "special agreement' satisfactory to Great Britain.

## British Section Invaded.

Hongkong - British territory was invaded by a party of heavily armed Chinese marauders. Sixty of these desperadoes attacked and seized the customs station at Le Fun, across what is called the "new territory," States in 20 years. "Baldness will be belonging to the British colony. They captured, bound and gagged two Euroverans and some Chinese and carried brain power of the human race will off a stock of rifles and a small sum of precede the loss of its hair and to have money from the collector's office. Afcurly locks will be a reflection on the terward the marauders raided the Chinese town of Samchun, known as the resort of many outlawed criminals.

## Tombs Prisoners Foiled.

New York-A jail delivery from the Tombs prison, where Police Lieutenon a charge of murdering Herman 'The 'overt blow has not yet been accidental falling of a steel saw on gating the noise, found eight finely tempered saws and a bottle of muriatic acid. The saws were distributed in two cells occupied by four prisoners, some distance from Becker's cell.

Dreadnaught Formally Accepted. Philadelphia-The new dreadnaught Arkansas was formally turned over to tion of the Liberal party which ac-cuses Foreign Minister Edward Grey signed to the new war vessel are R. C. signed to the new war vessel are R. C. of sacrificing Persia, and, incidental Smith, captain; Commander William

# FARM AND ORCHARD

Notes and Instructions from Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations of Oregon and Washington, Specially Suitable to Pacific Coast Conditions

Agronomist Tells How Best Raised, When Cut and How to Dry.

Oregon Agricultural College, Corthe clover seed crop, according to Agronomist George R. Hyslop, of the Linn, Clackamas and Benton. Counpreferable for raising clover seed, he

"The clover is usually seeded in fall-sown grain early in the spring, preferably in February or in the first weeks of March," Prof. Hyslop says. 'About 12 to 15 pounds of the seed are used to the acre. The year following the crop is ready for the seed production, and generally the first growth of this second season is clipped between the middle and last of May. The clippings are allowed to fall on the ground, or, in some cases, utilized for green fodder. Sometimes the clover fields are pastured with sheep or other livestock up to about the first of May, but in this case care must be taken to avoid puddling the soil by planting.

"The object in clipping or pasturing is two-fold: First, that the second crop makes a more uniform growth and produces more blossoms at a time when better fertilization of the flowers is secured, producing a larger re-turn; second, that the clipping lessens insect injury to the seed and improves the quality of the product.

"Clover seed should be cut when the heads have turned brown, by the use of a mowing machine with a bunching attachment or a self-rake reaper. The bunches of clover seed should dry in the field and be threshed promptly after drying to avoid less loss and se-

#### SERVICE TO THE PEOPLE.

#### Tax Supported College Should Tell People Where Money Is.

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis-Since the Oregon Agricultural college is a state institution, supported by public tax, the manner in which the funds appropriated are spent, what is offered in return to the young men and women of the state in the way of educational advantages and practical training, and what the institution can do for those unable to come to the college. It is considered a part of the proper work of the institution to report through the public press the results of scientific investigation, in such untechnical form that they may be of interest and assistance to the general reader.

For this reason a press bulletin department was established recently, and through it the daily and weekly newspapers of the state are kept constantly advised of new courses offered, ew experts added to the corps of in structors and investigators, discoveries made which will aid the farmer, gardener, fruitman, and stock raiser, and new publications which may be had for the asking.

Besides the news stories to the daily and weekly press of the state, there are prepared at frequent intervals articles for the agricultural and other technical publications having any considerable circulation in the state. Altogether there have been sent out since September 1, 1911, 1,237 articles which have included 11,082 typewritten sheets and 40,135 in mimeograph form. Many of these have been illustrated by photographs of the college campus, equipment, laboratories, and demonstrations to show the reader more clearly the meaning of the text.

## COLLEGE REACHES MANY.

#### Government Report of Institutes and Demonstrations.

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis-In the annual report of farmcollege to the U. S. Department of light from below. Agriculture at Washington, it is shown that, up to July 1 of this year, the bait with poison is as follows: there were held institutes in every county but one, including 68 one-day stitutes holding 115 sessions attended by 10,633 people.

An institute train giving instrucof four cars made a run of 952 miles, stopping at 12 stations at which the attendance at lectures given by 9 experts was 4,325. A "round-up" in-stitute held at the Moro branch experiment station was attended by 250

## Unprofitable.

Householder-I give you my word, Mr. Needmore-"If you refuse me that rate?-Life.

## The Only One.

To every man the most beautiful There are no cherries now grown woman in the world is that one he that compare in flavor with those we after celebrating the 102d anniversary ar beet fields. The loss to agriculturmost sadly misses when she is gone used to pick and eat while Farmer of her birth. She came to California ists and fruitgrowers has been enormand most gladly welcomes when she Jones was at the other end of his in 1874. Her son, James Fooerd, is ous. The path of the storm was five returns .- Galveston News.

the United States to relieve its own CLOVER IN WESTERN OREGON | nics, Chautauguas, churches, banquets, conventions, commercial clubs, grang-

attendance at special institutes to 13,-

vallis-The counties in Western Ore- lecturers from the college who did ican republic. gon which are producing the bulk of some institute work, 37 local speakers, and from 1 to 5 state lecturers Washington, Yamhill, Marion, Polk, these lectures at the teachers' institu- interest. tes, to which 13 days were given, 5 lecturers spoke to 2,295 people. was done by ten college speakers, there were reached 2,910; and in the grammar schools where 5 lecturers visited on 259 days, 41,105 were ad-

Four of the experiment station's en have conducted four one-day demonstrations, at which the attendance was 215. Most of the institutes were the topics on which they wished the college expert to lecture.

Insufficient funds have made it impossible to respond to all requests for lines in the Willamette valley from April 6 to May 4, making 50 stops and ship. reaching 21,932 people. The work in co-operation with the state superin- State department would entertain any tendent of schools in industrial educafairs all over the state enlisted the marines in Nicaragua, so long as presactive interest of some 75,000 boys ent conditions continue. and girls.

#### KILLING GOPHERS AND MOLES

#### Problem of Eradicating Rodents Not Simple Says Pest Expert.

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis-"The problem of eradicating gophers, moles and similar rodents is not a simple one," says A. L. Lovett, pest expert at the Oregon Argicultural college. "From our experience, I believe it is necessary to practice a combination of treatment, rather than any single one.

"In most cases one will have very good success during the early part of pean universities, who arrived in Chithe fight with the poisoned bait. Fumigated with carbon-bisulfide gives very good success in newly formed burrows of the pocket gopher. This method is used extensively through the Middle West on a commercial scale and over large fields. the application fails it is usually due to the very extended underground burrows which occur in fields long infested. The carbon-bisulfide is used at York in October. the rate of three to six ounces to each pocket. Saturating dry horse manure 6000 WOMEN SUFFRAGISTS and working this down into the burrow is a very good method of application. The material may be poured slowly into the hole direct. After treating the hole, cover it thoroughly men and their husbands marched Lord. to hold in the fumes. Always bear in through the streets of Columbus admind that carbon-bisulfide is as in- vocating the passage of the equal flamable as gasoline. Do not open it suffrage amendment to Ohio's constinear a hot stove, nor smoke while tution at the special election to be making the application.

When the numbers of pests are only way that you can catch them. capital. After the traps cease to be effective, a pest usually appears above ground at suffrage on the street corners. Promcertain hours of the day and can be inent among the speakers were Dr. shot very readily.

ing the poisoned bait One consists of daughter of the Wisconsin senator. simply using pieces of carrot or potato or even raisins. Make an incision in each piece and slip in a crystal of strychnia sulphate. The burrow should not be left uncovered in the case of the pocket gopher; simply scrape away the surface soil to expose the tunnel; the bait may then be dropped into the hole and soil replaced. "In case of moles, a sharp pointed stick may be pushed down into the uplifted earth around the tunnel ers' institutes sent by the director of and the bait dropped in. Then simply extension at the Oregon Agricultural stamp on the burrow to cut out the

"The other method for preparing

Dissolve an ounce of strychnia sulphate in a pint of boiling water: add institutes, 3 lasting two days, and 1 a pint of thick syrup and stir thorolasting still longer, a total of 72 in- ughly. Scent this with a few drops of oil of anise. This mixture is sufficient to poison a half-bushel of wheat or corn. Simply pour it over the tion in general farming and consisting grain and stir vigorously This grain. of course, should not be scattered in exposed places where birds and poultry would get it.

"In the case of traps, I do not know that any particular make is to be recommended. All of them have certain four other Italians. farmers, and 33 other special institu- things which make them, in the eyes tes had an attendance of 13,150. of their manufacturers, a little super-These included special lectures at pic- ior to other types."

## One Thing Certain.

three seventy-five is all I have in the my life will be filled fwith bitterness 'ye expect me to make any profit at you're there with the gall, all right." easily. -McNally Monarch.

## In Boyhood Days.

farm. - Harrisburg Telegraph.

LIBERALS ASK FREE HAND.

#### Nicaragua Requests Withdrawal of American Forces.

Washington, D. C .- Appearance in Washington of an active Nicaraguan junta, working in the interest of the bringing pressure to bear upon the State department to cause a change in the policy in the handing of the Nicaes and fairs. This brings the total raguan revolutionary problem, has added much to the interest felt by Latin-Americans in the development Salvation Army Barracks in London During the year there were 29 state of the situation in the Central Amer-

In the absence of direct news from the beleaguered capital in the last 48 were sent to each institute, receiving hours, attempts here to bring about a no compensation for this extra work. diplomatic settlement of the troubles

The envoys in Washington of the At liberal party are Francisco Altschul, in New Orleans under the Zelaya administration and has since resided there, and Angel Ugarte, one time Honduran minister to Washington, but afterwards one of the liberal leaders in Nicaragua.

They are seeking to reach the State department with a proposal that the American naval force there be diminarranged at the request of local organ- isted to a mere legation guard and izations or individuals, who specified that the American minister demand that all factions, including the government, submit to the will of the people the question of political supremacy through a free and fair elecinstitutes. A new feature of the tion, with the stipulation that the work was the poultry demonstration large number of liberals who are discar operated over the Southern Pacific franchised by the clerical party should regain their rights of citizen-

It is regarded improbable that the proposal for the diminution of the tion culminating in exhibits at school force of American bluejackets and

#### "CHICAGO NOT AMERICA."

#### Scientists Seek Real People in Rural Regions, Not In Cities.

Chicago-"Chicago is not representative of the United States. It is big and it is wonderful, but it is no more American than is New York. When we get outside of the big cities we hope to see something of the real American people."

In this manner Dr. Alfred Ruhl. chief of the division of oceanographic institute of Berlin, summarized the prevailing opinion of most of the 44 foreign geographers, editors and professors of geography of leading Eurocago for an inspection of the city.

The visitors left over the Chicago & Northwestern railway for Madison, Wis. They will stop at all important cities of the Northwest and Pacific mercial Coast. Geographic and geological Where places of note, like petrified forests, coast ranges, the Garden of the Gods, iron mines and the like, will be visited. The party is due back in New

# PARADE WITH HUSBANDS

Columbus O .- More than 6000 woheld soon.

The parade was one of the features considerably lessened they seem to be- of the Ohio-Columbus Centennial celecome wary of such methods, and then bration to commemorate the 100th anpossibly the trap will be about the niversary of the founding of Ohio's

Many women in the parade carried small boy with a rifle will usually soap boxes and when the parade diskeep them down pretty well. This banded talked in favor of woman Anna Shaw, the noted suffrage leader, "There are two methods of prepar- and Fola La Follette, the actress,

## New Gunboat Ordered.

Vallejo, Cal .- A sister ship to the certain the lot of the prisoners. gunboat Monocacy will be built at Mare Island navy yard. Telegraphic liberty of action to proceed to the sucorders to begin work were received from Washington by the officials here. Both gunboats will be used in Chinese waters. With two ships to build instead of one, the cost of each will be lessened by distribution of the overhead charges, and the estimate of \$141,000 for the Monocacy was so much lower than the nearest private an investigation was made.

## Bad Money Gang Found.

York City manufacturing spurious half dollars, which are sent to various agencies throughout the United States is the confession made ere by Ignacio Mencini, an Italian, arrested at Sopris, near Trinidad. Mencini declares the counterfeit half dollars are sent out from the New York headquarters of the gang and that he has been distributing them to

## Transport at China Sinks.

Shanghai, China-The United States transport Liscom sank here alongside taken precautions to protect all the the wharf, where she now lies in 40 roads leading to the capital, but the feet of water. The cause of the ac- mutineers have defied the imperial cident has not yet been ascertained. troops, seized the road leading from She was undergoing repairs, and the Tung Chou to Pekin, and are looting house. Burglar-Well, soy! When and gall." The Widow Bullion-"I captain as well as the shipbuilders are the adjacent villages, defying all atye figure me time an' me tools, how don't know about the bitterness, but of the opinion that she can be raised tempts at capture.

## Woman Aged 102 Is Dead

active at the age of 80 years.

## FUNERAL TURNS INTO REVIVAL

## iberal party and laying plans for Many Repent Before Bier of Dead Commander.

Filled to Overflowing-Mourning Purposely Omitted.

London-Funeral services for the founder of the Salvation Army, General William Booth, were held at the Olympia. In accordance with the traditions of the organization, they were held without pomp or symbols of mourning, but were carried out with moving fervor and impressiveness. Thirty-four thousand persons participated.

The body of the late general, in a plain pine coffin, rested high upon a white catafalque in front of the big platform across the end of the hall. where all the chief officers of the organization were seated and where 40 bands of music were massed. The crimson flag of the "army of fire and blood" which the general unfurled on Mount Calvary was planted about the coffin. A bank of flowers, composed of the tributes sent by royalty and by many societies, was behind it.

In front rows of chairs before the coffin were filled with representatives of various parties and also the equerry for the king, several mayors in the robes and chains of office, a delegation from the Stock Exchange, clergymen of all the Protestant churches and Jewish rabbis.

But the rank and file of the great gathering was composed of the plain people, for whom the army works and of whom it is composed.

The most solemn moments of the long meeting were when the coffin was borne along the center of the hall to the sonorous music of the "Dead March from Saul." A small procession, representing many branches of the army's activity, carrying the flags of their respective countries, preceded

it. Every seat on the floor and in galleries was taken when the service began, and thousands of persons were banked around the outskirts of the hall, half of whom could not see over the shoulders of those in front, but who could hear and take their part.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies prayers and hymns alternated for half an hour, after which a true Salvation Army revival service was conducted and an invitation given to sinners and backsliders to come to the "mercy seat." Dozens of persons forced their way through the crowded aisle to the mercy seats, where they knelt in prayer. In some cases the police were required to force a way for the penitents.

The meeting was turned into a colossal revival.

The most impressive feature of the service then followed. All the soldiers of the army rose and recited the covenant of fidelity, pledging them-selves to be faithful soldiers of the

## HOSTAGES' FATE FEARED.

#### French Troops Too Busy to Rescue Officers From Moors.

Paris-Public anxiety is becoming intense over the fate of the seven French officers held as hostages by the Moors under El Hiba, at Marakesh, Morocco. Emissaries have been dispatched to Marakesh by the French commander, but have obtained no in-General Lyautey, the formation. French resident governor, reported to the foreign office that the volunteers who had undertaken the dangerous duty had returned from El Hiba's headquarters where they in vain tried to effect a ransom, but could not as-

The French column commanded by Colonel Mangin has been given full cor of the hostages if such a step should be thought advisable. The French troops, however, are too fully occupied to do anything in that way.

## Insane to Be Uniformed.

Sacramento - Brass buttons on bright uniforms of the army, uniforms bid-\$211,000 by a Seattle firm-that of officers and men with gold braid and distinguishing stripes of rank will be worn by the volunteer army at the Agnews state hospital for the insane. Denver-That there is a plant in One hundred uniforms of the obsolete kind have been sent to the asylum. The management has interested the inmates in military problems. panies have been organized, forts built, dummy guns and dummy [field pieces constructed and the 'patients go through military maneuvers.

## Chinese Troops Mutiny.

London-The Chinese government is endeavoring to hush up the mutiny of 8000 troops at Tung Chou, the Pekin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says. The authorities, he adds, have

## Hail Strips Orchards.

Logan, Utah-Huge hailstones driv-Los Angeles-Mrs. Elizabeth Gard- en by a heavy wind swept fields and ner Fooerd, one of the oldest women orchards for 30 miles, stripping orin California, is dead here, ten days chards, razing grain and clearing sug-