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GRESHAM, MULTNOMAH CO., OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1910.

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A \$10,000 FACTORY PROPOSED FOR GRESHAM

GRESHAM IS FAVORED SITE

PRESIDENT MEETS THE COMMERCIAL CLUB

COMMITTEES NOW AT WORK

Three-Color Printing Presses to be Turned Out at Extremely Low Figures. Company Organized With Capital of \$500,000.

A meeting of citizens was held last night under the auspices of the Commercial Club to listen to a proposal made by a Portland business man to establish a factory in this city for the manufacture of printing presses.

The press is a new invention by a Portland man. It is a multi-color press which will greatly simplify and cheapen the cost of color printing. It will print anything from an eight-page newspaper to a label in from one to five colors, at from ten to thirty thousand an hour.

D. U. Cochrane, president of the Meader-Cochrane Press company, under which name this firm has been organized, presented the matter for the company, explaining in detail the nature of the press, the demand for such a machine and the prospects of the company. He said that Gresham would be an ideal site for their factory. He explained that to start with they would need a site of about four lots on which they would erect a building 40 x 80 and a small foundry. These buildings will be replaced by solid brick structures within a few months' time. It is desired to locate where their employees can maintain their own homes. The company, from encouragement already received, believe that its factory, by the time it is completed, will have one year's work contracted, or in other words, have orders for 50 presses, which will be the capacity of the plant for that length of time.

The request of Mr. Cochrane was that a site be furnished them in return for which they would give treasury stock. The capital is \$500,000. Mr. Cochrane invited investigation. He said that the money was nearly raised for the building and equipment of the factory.

Mr. Cochrane's straight-forward way of presenting the information, his clear knowledge of the subject, the absence

of the usual bluster and blow, won for him a interested hearing and a favorable consideration.

A committee was appointed by Vice President Roberts, consisting of H. L. St. Clair, R. R. Carlson and Emil Kardell, to make further investigations and report. The committee has arranged to take Saturday afternoon for this purpose, and will report early next week.

Russellville School Meeting

A goodly number of tax payers and patrons of district No. 40 met at the school house Monday evening. A serious trouble has arisen in the district and a number of children have been taken from the school. The call there by the board was to meet and take action on the dismissal of the principal R. E. Wirtz, whose actions in the school room have been censured by the parents of the pupils. Almost every voter in the district was present and several arose and gave their reasons for desiring a new principal under whom a teacher could teach with pleasure and profit to her pupils. A rising vote was taken and the board have taken under advisement the question of a change for the betterment and the satisfaction of all concerned.

Boring Has Sunday School Convention

The annual Sunday School convention for the Milwaukie district met in Boring Tuesday. The morning session was opened with a devotional service led by the pastor of the M. E. church. The session was largely given to business, appointment of committees, etc. Orval Boring was elected president of the district organization for the ensuing year. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting at Milwaukie.

The hospitality of the Boring people is to be commended. Both dinner and supper were served at Ritter's hall. An interesting feature of the supper was a table talk in which each guest gave an experience of life, his birthplace and other interesting subjects. The convention was a decided success and much is due to the Boring people for their royal welcome.

Thanksgiving Masquerade

Rockwood Grange will give its annual Masquerade Ball on Thanksgiving eve, Wednesday, Nov. 23. Two valuable prizes will be awarded for the richest costumes worn by lady and gentleman. The usual Grange supper will be served for 25 cents, and Richards' orchestra will furnish the music. Dance tickets will be \$1 for gentlemen; lady maskers free; spectators 25c. Undesirables will not be allowed to remain nor will they be sold tickets if known.

"I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, Ore. This remedy is also unsurpassed for colds and croup. For sale by Gresham Drug Co.

SUGGESTIONS TO VOTERS ON QUESTIONS OF CAMPAIGN

At the Polls in November The People Will be Called Upon to Decide Questions of Vital Importance to State, County and District.

Continuation of series of suggestions started October 21.

327, X No. The only way to secure uniformity in taxation is through state control. We believe in a state tax commission that shall determine the rate of valuation for the entire state. State taxes can then be based on this without any county paying an unjust proportion. For local purposes the county should determine the levy.

We do not believe in an exemption on any sort of property. Many persons never have personal property in excess of the exemption. Hence they get all the benefits of the law without contributing to its execution. If a man's valuation is low his taxes will be low and his proportion will only be just.

Taken by itself we approve of the plan to dispose of the poll tax. It is unjust because it is rarely collected justly. People just in the state not yet entitled to citizenship privileges are held up for poll tax. Some counties collect poll tax, others do not. A uniformity would be preferable. Even where it is supposed to be collected a large number escape payment and these are usually the ones who are best able to pay.

329 X No. Everyone should be opposed to a proposition that will give to the hands of the towns the privilege of conducting and sharing in the profits of a business which as a result incurs financial losses which the entire county must be called on to pay. Who should not be interested in the propositions of what Bro. Knight of Salem designates as the "Hell Rule Association." The Grange is interested in whatever concerns the moral and economical welfare of the country. Our brothers in Washington are whooping it up for prohibition. Shall we not be interested in the purposes of a group of men who have by misnomer and misrepresentation secured the membership of some of the best and most influential men in the state, whose names they proceed to use in their literature for the purpose of misleading the general public. The real motive of the Home Rule Association is to defeat the prohibitory movement, and at the same time practically destroy the influence of the local option law. Since a majority of the voters in the cities and towns are likely to be indifferent, or favorable to the liquor interests, this association plans to head off the local option law by leaving the question of licensing the saloon to the town only. Outside portions of a precinct will have nothing to say about it whatever. The town will decide the saloon question, collect the license and spend it, produce the drunks and criminals and paupers—a. products of the saloons—and you just outside of the town will be taxed to foot the bills for criminal proceedings arising in the town, through and by the influence of the saloon, and prosecuted in the country and state courts. Receiving no benefits from the license you will be taxed to support the pauperism produced within the town limits. Paupers come from the towns. Who ever heard of a country pauper? You may not care to support prohibition, but bear in mind when you support the Home Rule amendments, you are opposing also the local option law and throwing an additional, unjust, burden on the country.

On 337 and 339 we vote No. This state has never supported one normal school decently, why burden ourselves with three. The one at Monmouth, is older, has more to show for the public

money invested and is nearer the center of population.

342, X Yes. For our numerous friends who are considering a vote on prohibition we offer a word of encouragement. The man who votes for prohibition can do it with a clear conscience. He endangers no one, and supports a principle of moral action so important that failure of observance is criminal in effect if not in law. The town that issues a license for a consideration becomes a partner in the business. It accepts a part of the profits. From a moral standpoint it were better to allow the business to exist unlicensed than to share in its profits. As a source of revenue the license is a deception. The profits in the business must far exceed the license, else the business will fail. Hence the community must pay into the dealer's hands more than it has returned to it in the form of licenses. Hence it is evidently more economical for the town to levy a tax to secure the sum arising from the license and have the place that might have been occupied by the saloon, used in some productive business which will assist in paying the tax.

A third point is that the removal of the saloon from your town removes a source of political and moral corruption. Saying nothing of the men who are influenced by the average grog shop society, what is the effect on the boys and girls who are brought up in a locality so that they daily come in touch with the saloon products, saloon conversation, saloon standards of morality. It cannot be denied that it is degrading. Now the writer lived for 25 years in a state where liquor selling was a crime. In all that time he never saw more than a half dozen drunken men, and never saw a woman under the influence of liquor. We do not deny that liquor was sold, smuggled and used, but in relatively

small quantities. That the law was broken is no argument. Can you name a law that is not broken—a criminal law? Why within a mile of this place liquor is sold, has been sold for a year in direct violation of the law that liquor dealers must have a license, and yet we do not hear our liquor loving friends condemning the license law. How many joints, unlicensed, do you suppose there are in your state? That a prohibitory law does not entirely stop the sale of liquor is no argument. Use your thinkers and see if other laws are more effective.

344—X, Yes. It would be ridiculous to pass a law without carrying it into effect. To vote yes on 342, presupposes a favorable vote on 344. An amendment would be valueless unless followed up by a law defining offences and punishments.

345, X No. We already support too many commissions. What we need is a reasonable and just liability law and let the cases that arise be settled in accord with the law, in court or by an arbitration board.

352, X No. This bill provides for the formation of new towns, municipal districts and counties, or changing the boundaries by a majority vote of those in the district to be formed. If this were drawn to be decided by a majority vote of those in the districts effected a favorable vote would be justified. As drawn, any portion of any one or more counties may assume the formation of a new county regardless of the general welfare. No assumption of mutual obligations is suggested.

324, X Yes. Amends the constitution by permitting counties to incur an indebtedness of over \$5000 to build permanent roads on a majority vote of its citizens. There may be something wrong about this but we fail to see it. There is nothing compulsory about the county's voting in favor of such indebtedness even if we place it within the power of the people to do so if they like. The assumption is that the people are intelligent enough to determine what they want. If they want to vote a debt for building roads it will be within their power to do so. If they do not want the roads they vote no. This vote however, simply changes the constitution so they can vote on a matter of local interest.

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COUNCIL SIGNS THE CONTRACT

GRESHAM IS NOW SURE OF WATER SUPPLY

NO RESERVOIR IS NECESSARY

The City Superintendent of Streets Reports Over 300 Feet of Cement Crosswalks Laid--Cement Sidewalk Is Ordred on Certain Streets.

The council had a busy session Tuesday night and passed favorably upon two measures which will mean much to Gresham. One of these was the granting of a permit to the Mt. Hood Railway & Power company to build their line across certain streets. This was temporary, pending the granting of a franchise. A franchise ordinance was introduced and read the first and second time and is now under consideration.

The other matter was the acceptance of an agreement with the Portland Water Board granting to Gresham Ball run water direct from the main pipeline. This city will pay \$750 annually to the interest fund of the Portland water bonds and then pay for what water is used at a wholesale rate. The duration of this contract was not clearly specified, but it was asked for 10 years and every influence is to be used to secure these terms for at least that time. The building of a reservoir will not be required. Water will go into the city mains direct from the pipeline. This gives Gresham a decided advantage and makes it positive that this city will have a water system, one of the best and cheapest to be had, one that will not wear out and need constant repairs. A water system will necessitate a sewer system and this will probably be built at the same time.

The Shaw-Batcher company has sug-

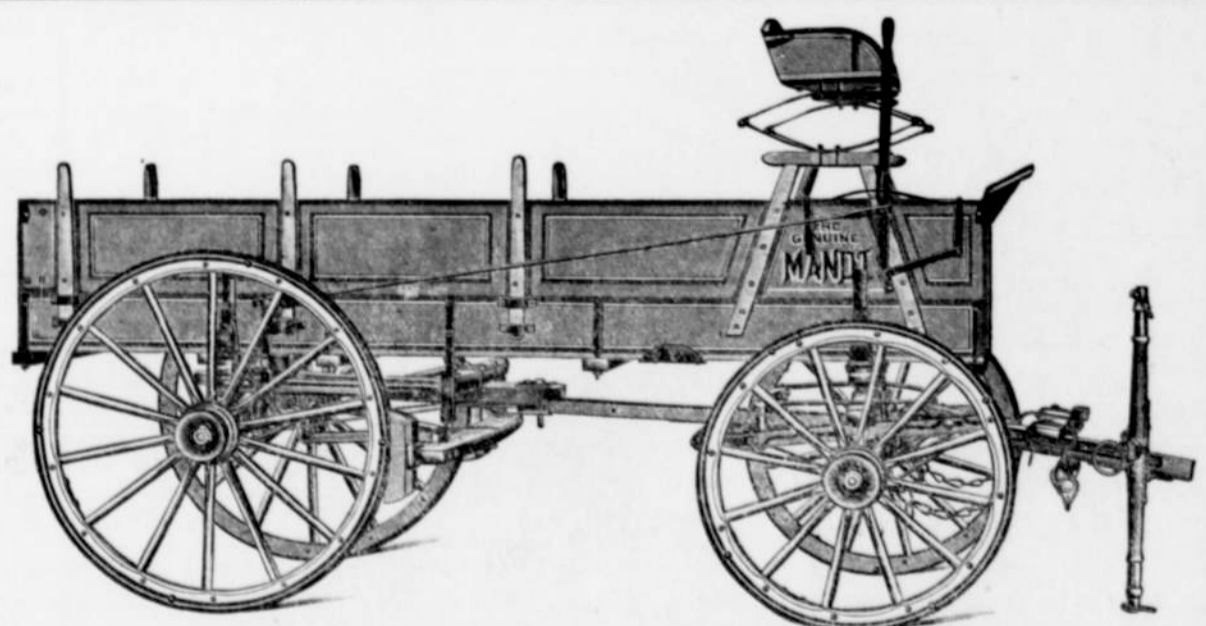
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A BANK STORY

Smith owed Skinner & Co., \$5.00. He went in one day and handed them \$5.00 in cash. Skinner forgot to take it off his books, and the next month presented the bill. He thought he had paid it but having no proof SMITH PAID TWICE.

Jones owed Skinner & Co. \$5.00. He went in one day and handed them a check on this Bank for \$5.00. Skinner forgot to take it off his books. But the next month when the bill was presented to him, Jones balked. He said: "See here, Mr. Skinner, I paid that bill last month and here is the check with the bank has returned to me with name endorsed on the back, showing that you got the money." JONES PAID ONCE. This illustrates only one of the advantages of a bank account.

FIRST STATE BANK
GRESHAM, ORE.
THE FARMERS BANK



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Everybody's talking about them. They're the Best. Guaranteed by the Factory

We are making very low prices on Wagons, Harness, Buggies and Farm Implements.

\$2 Full Lined Heavy Burlap Horse Blankets, \$1.32.	40% off on all Chase's Winter Robes.
\$50 No. 1 Team Harness at . . . \$37.50	\$18.50 Single Harness at . . . \$14.35
Good Farm Harness at . . . \$27.50	\$16.00 Single Harness at . . . \$12.50
\$33.50 Double Driving Harness at . . . \$25.75	Good Double Harness at . . . \$17.50

Snap on Some Buggies we are closing out.

See our Big Stock of Goods in the Moline Plow Co. Bldg., 320-328 E. Morrison St., Portland

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