

BEAVER STATE HERALD

Issued Every Friday

GRESHAM.....OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newsy Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

Colonel Albert A. Pope, the automobile manufacturer, is dead.

The town of Monticello, N. Y., has been almost completely destroyed by fire.

Taft has cut Madison, Wis., from his itinerary in order to avoid meeting La Follette.

Officers and men of the cruiser St. Louis are suspected of smuggling goods from Samoa.

Six children are dead at Reading, Pa., because they were attended only by witch doctors.

The famous Kiel canal of Germany has been temporarily blocked by the sinking of a steamer.

A French aeronaut has crossed the Alps in a balloon. The highest altitude attained was 18,373 feet.

Samuel R. Van Sant will probably be elected commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. and Atlantic City selected as the next meeting place.

Gorzag, a town of 300 inhabitants, has been selected as the future capital of Brazil. Owing to its altitude it enjoys a pleasant climate.

English cablegrams say that American iron and steel manufacturers have placed large orders for the immediate shipment of fireclay brick for the erection of many additional blast furnaces.

Orville Wright says he can fly 1,000 miles in his aeroplane.

The first signs of a break in the Swedish strike are appearing.

China has yielded to Japan in the Antung-Mukden railway affair.

Count Zeppelin, the German aeronaut, has undergone an operation for abscess.

The Milwaukee road will soon establish through service from St. Paul to the coast.

Greece refuses to renounce her claim to Crete and Austria warns Turkey against war.

Cannon intends spending the time until the regular session of congress taking a rest.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., likes the air and will apply for a pilot's license to go ballooning.

Harriman is to merge the Illinois Central and New York Central with the Union Pacific.

Mrs. Harry Thaw wants \$500,000 from the Thaw family purse, but the price is considered too high.

A Los Angeles inventor is looking for a wife with money enough to back him in building a flying machine.

The Forty-third National encampment of the G. A. R. is in session at Salt Lake. Fully 50,000 are in attendance.

Mobile, Alabama, is now in the list of "dry" towns.

Spain explains the Barcelona outbreak as a local affair.

A granddaughter of General Corbin is to marry a Japanese.

Great Britain is not greatly alarmed at the Japanese threats on China.

Jerome says Thaw is still crazy and should be kept in an insane asylum.

Japan has commenced work on the Antung railroad in defiance of China.

California gardeners at Basadena have passed resolutions declaring Burbank a fakir.

A California couple returning from a honeymoon abroad have been arrested for undervaluing goods brought home.

Turkey has renewed her threat to send an armed force into Greece if that country does not withdraw her troops from Crete.

The Swedish general strike continues and leaders claim more men are to be called out. Two regiments of soldiers have mutinied.

Japan has sent China an ultimatum on the railroad situation in Manchuria.

Cleveland, Ohio, officers are having a row over the Whittia kidnaping reward.

Lord Kitchener is to be field marshal and organize the British colonial forces.

Marriages of pretty cashiers has caused Los Angeles hotel men to employ men.

The Moors are again showing activity and another clash with Spanish troops is expected.

The murder of a Mexican girl by a Chinaman has caused an outbreak at Zapatlan, Mexico.

Venezuela is about to bring to a close the disputes with foreign powers dating from Castro's regime.

The Chinese government has made arrangements to install a telephone plant in Peking with a capacity of 200,000 lines. The instruments are to be American make.

Heat is claiming more victims at Chicago.

PINCHOT LOUDLY CHEERED.

Fight Water Trust is Theme of Government's Chief Forester.

Spokane, Aug. 11.—Gifford Pinchot, chief forester of the United States, caused perhaps the chief sensation at yesterday's session of the National Irrigation congress.

A five-minute ovation was given him when he took the rostrum, and similar cheering and "three cheers and a tiger" were given when he had concluded.

Mr. Pinchot took occasion to denounce the activity of the water-power trust which, he said, though still in its inception, bids fair to overshadow all other trusts. He charged that the Irrigation congress is being made the tool of the corporate interests whose agents are being made members of important committees for the purpose of domineering the activities of the congress.

George S. Long, representing the lumbermen of the Northwest, himself connected with a big lumber concern in Seattle, denied that the interests of the lumbermen are inimical to those of the consumer. He said that the lumberman is only trying to supply a healthy demand and that reforestation will begin in earnest when the demand has reached the high-price point.

E. T. Allen, United States district forester, brought applause upon himself when he appealed for safe and sane lumbering and the conservation of water.

Addresses on this subject also were made by E. M. Griffith, of Wisconsin, and E. T. Campbell, of Canada.

J. N. Teal of the joint conservation committee, made an appeal for the enlargement of the scope of waterways on the Pacific coast. He showed the possibility of making navigable the Columbia river for a distance of 2,500 miles by applying the cost of a single battleship to the work. He declared that river transportation is the greatest of automatic rate adjusters, and cited the case of Columbia river improvement recently made.

Politics did not enter the lobby discussions, but much comment was heard for and against the resolution which will be proposed by Secretary Hooker, of the board of control, asking a bond issue of \$5,000,000,000 by the national government to be used as an irrigation fund which may be loaned to irrigators unable to carry out projects which need only financial aid to make them immensely valuable.

It is expected that this resolution will call forth much discussion and opinions are pretty evenly divided.

ONE DEFECT FOUND.

Remarkable Showing at Coeur d'Alene Land Drawings.

Spokane, Aug. 10.—Judge Witten resumed the drawing of the Coeur d'Alene reservation at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The crowd, small at first, increased soon to several hundred, but at no time was there the same enthusiasm as was witnessed on the first day, probably due to the fact that numbers after 1,500 are considered of little value.

Yesterday Judge Witten added several to his large force of clerks. These are busy proof reading, typewriting names and sending cards to the winners.

One of the interesting features of the day was the number of persons calling at the land office to make sure they are the genuine winners of the numbers. Sometimes two men of the same name appear, and the judge hands each a piece of paper upon which he asks each to write his name, age, height, etc., and these must correspond with the particulars on the application.

The first rejection of application occurred yesterday when the name of A. D. Boughman, of Charlotte, Mich., through Agent Edwin L. Coy, of the same place, was read. It was rejected on the ground that Ellerton R. Bayles, the notary public of that town, did not specify that he was an authorized notary to make out papers for land drawing. Out of the 3,000 drawn, this is found to be the only one defectively executed.

Fire Provides Pot Hunt.

Ukiah, Cal., Aug. 11.—Driven before a forest fire that swept over Duncan peak, a few miles from Hopland yesterday, hundreds of bucks, does, fawns, rabbits, squirrels and other game fled down into the fields about the springs to become targets for dozens of rifles, shotguns and pistols with which hotel guests and employes turned out to join in an unexpected pot hunt. For several hours the hills rang with the crash of musketry, and when the fusillade was over 14 fine bucks and a brown bear were slain.

Search for Lost Steamer.

Capetown, Cape Colony, Africa, Aug. 11.—The government has ordered a search along the east African coast with the hope that some survivors from the steamer Waratah, now missing over two weeks, may be saved. On board the steamer were 300 passengers, half of whom were women and children. A few hours before the Waratah was due to reach this harbor a terrible gale swept this coast, and it is believed the vessel foundered.

Spain's Heavy Loss.

Lisbon, August 11.—Twelve thousand Spaniards lost their lives in the recent fighting in Morocco and the uprising at home, according to today's issue of *Diario de Noticias*, which has made reliable estimates, including the persons executed at Barcelona and elsewhere by the government. The paper says there is still grave danger of the revolutionary movement sweeping the entire kingdom.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

SHEEP PROSPECTS GOOD.

Prices Are High and Eastern Oregon Range Excellent.

Pendleton—The range in this section is of the very best and sheep prospects were never so bright. Sheep of all kinds are commanding high prices and the prospects are that wool will be as high or higher next spring than it was last. These facts coupled with the excellent range gives sheemen cause for much gratification.

The reason for the good range is attributed to the peculiar weather conditions which have prevailed during the spring and early summer months, as well as during last winter. The heavy fall of snow which remained on the ground so long soaked to a great depth. Then showers have visited nearly every section of the mountains at intervals, so that the grass is both tall and green and there is every indication that it will remain so throughout the summer.

For this reason the sheep will come out of the mountains this fall in the best of condition, and will be able to come through the winter in good shape, even though there should be no early fall rains to put the winter range in shape. The fine summer range will make it possible to keep the sheep in the mountains longer than usual.

MANY MEN WANTED.

Southern Pacific Will Rush Work on Natron Cut-Off.

Eugene—Good news is contained in the statement of A. O. Wattis, of the Utah Construction company, who, while in Eugene recently, stated that his company would want 2,000 men to go to work on the extension of the Southern Pacific's new railroad to be built from Natron to Klamath Falls.

Mr. Wattis said that a trainload of construction material and supplies had been shipped here from Oroville and Reno, Nev., for the railroad work, and they will arrive in a few days. "We expect to have a large force of men at that point and continuing it south. Neither the chief engineer or any of his men would give out information. The survey was originally made for the Pacific coast extension of the Southern Pacific, from Drain by way of Coos bay to San Francisco.

Barber Shops Cleaner. Salem—The state board of barber examiners has submitted its annual report to the governor. The report shows total receipts from January 1, 1909, to June 30, 1909, of \$1,100,255; cash on hand June 30, \$838,433. The report states that throughout the state the law is being better observed and all barber shops are being conducted under better sanitary conditions than ever before.

Alfalfa Huller for Vale. Vale—A complete clover and alfalfa huller has been purchased by the Vale Threshing company, a local organization of farmers and business men. The machine is made in La Porte, Ind., and is the first of its kind brought to the Malheur valley. It was laid down in Vale at a cost of \$4,000.

PREPARE FOR ROAD.

Newly Organized Farmers Line Secures Right of Way.

Pendleton—To negotiate with settlers on irrigated land near Hermiston, A. A. Cole, secretary of the newly organized farmers trolley line, is in the west end of Umatilla county working along the line of survey, making preliminary arrangements for right of way. Settlers have indicated a willingness to assist the railroad by donating right of way and subscribing for capital stock if needed, but as the work has been only preliminary no deeds have been taken. Mr. Cole will determine on this trip something of the cost of land from Pendleton to Holdman, and especially of terminal ground at Umatilla. The line is surveyed across the Umatilla irrigation project, with a depot site not far from the big reservoir, and on into the rich farming country near Holdman.

The plans now are to use steam on the line until an immense power plant can be constructed on the Umatilla river. C. A. Hill, of Holdman, is president of the new company, and A. A. Cole, of Pendleton, is secretary.

Big Umatilla Land Sale.

Athens—As a further evidence of the producing qualities of Umatilla land, Joseph Key has just paid \$18,000 for 160 acres of wheat land, with ordinary improvements. The land was owned by Donald McKinnon and is about three miles from Athens. Mr. McKinnon, a pioneer rancher, and family will move to Alberta some time this fall to join his children, who moved there some time ago. John McKinnon, his son, sold a ranch of 160 acres last year to Joseph Shreed for \$105 per acre.

Coast Extension for S. P.

Gold Beach—Considerable excitement has been created by a corps of engineers starting surveys near Pistol river. They appear to be taking up the old Southern Pacific survey near that point and continuing it south. Neither the chief engineer or any of his men would give out information. The survey was originally made for the Pacific coast extension of the Southern Pacific, from Drain by way of Coos bay to San Francisco.

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PORTLAND MARKET.

Wheat—Bluestem, 96¢@97¢; club, 91¢@92¢; red Russian, 80¢@90¢; valley, 91¢@94¢; 40-fold, 92¢@93¢.

Barley—Feed, \$26; brewing, \$27 per ton.

Oats—\$28@28.50 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$12@16 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$17@18; mixed, \$15.50@16.50; alfalfa, \$13.50; clover, \$11@13; cheat, \$13@14.50.

Grain Bags—5¢ each.

Fruits—Apples, new, \$1@2.25 per box; pears, \$1@1.75; peaches, 50¢@1 per crate; cantaloupes, \$2@2.50; plums, 35¢@1 per box; watermelons, 1½¢@1½¢ per pound; blackberries, \$1.50 per crate.

Potatoes—75¢@81 per sack; sweet potatoes, 4¢@4½¢ per pound.

Onions—\$1.25@1.50 per sack.

Vegetables—Beans, 4¢@5¢ per pound; cabbage, 16¢@18¢; cauliflower, 60¢@1.25 per dozen; celery, 75¢@85¢; cucumbers, 15¢@25¢; onions, 12¢@15¢; peas, 7¢ per pound; radishes, 15¢ per dozen; tomatoes, 75¢@1.50 per box.

Butter—City creamery, extras, 31¢; fancy outside creamery, 27¢@30¢ per pound; store, 21¢@22¢. Butter fat prices average 1½¢ per pound under regular butter prices.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, candled, 26¢@27½¢ per dozen.

Poultry—Hens, 15¢; springs, 15¢; roosters, 9¢@10¢; ducks, young, 12¢@13½¢; geese, young, 9¢@10¢; turkeys, 20¢; squabs, \$1.75@2 per dozen.

Pork—Fancy, 11¢@11½¢ per pound.

Veal—Extras, 9¢@10¢ per pound; ordinary, 7¢@8¢; heavy, 7¢.

Hops—1909 contracts, 21¢@22¢ per pound; 1908 crop, 16¢; 1907 crop, 12¢; 1906 crop, 8¢.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 16¢@22¢ per pound; valley, 23¢@25¢; mohair, choice, 24¢@25¢.

Cattle—Steers, top, \$4.50; fair to good, \$4@4.25; common, \$3.75@4; cows, top, \$3.50; fair to good, \$3@3.25; common to medium, \$2.50@2.75; calves, top, \$5@5.50; heavy, \$3.50@4; bulls and stags, \$2.75@3.75.

Sheep—Top wethers, \$4.25; fair to good, \$3.50@3.75; ewes, ½¢ less on all grades; yearlings, best, \$4; fair to good, \$3.50@3.75; spring lambs, \$5.25@5.50.

Hogs—Best, \$8.75; fair to good, \$8@8.50; stockers, \$6@7; China fats, \$6.75@7.

CANNOT STOP STRIKE.

King Unable to Control Labor Situation in Sweden.

Stockholm, Aug. 10.—The tie-up of the business of the country as a result of the strike is so serious that King Gustav intervened in an endeavor to secure a compromise. The king today sent a message to the parties at conflict, exhorting them to agree at the earliest moment possible and advising arbitration.

It was after King Gustav's message had been approved at a cabinet meeting Saturday that he summoned to a conference at the palace the two leaders of the warring factions—Director Sedov, of the employers, and Senator Lindquist, president of the federation of trades unions.

The result of the conference has not yet transpired, but apparently the king's efforts for a peaceful solution of the trouble were without result. Tonight it was announced the printers would strike tomorrow, and the National labor union has issued a proclamation that, beginning tomorrow morning, every drag wagon whose driver is not wearing a union badge will be stopped by strikers. No exception, it was stated, will be made for owners driving their wagons.

The union further declares it will try to frustrate the attempt of the Stockholm streetcar company to start its cars on the surface lines.

COREA SORE SPOT AGAIN.

Many Clashes Occur Between Japs and Chinese.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 10.—Passengers arriving on the steamer Monteaugle from the Orient today in discussing the situation between Japan and China, say conditions at Cheintao, on the Korean border, are more likely to cause serious trouble between the two nations than the dispute over the Antung-Mukden railway.

When the Monteaugle sailed reports had been received that the Chinese had massed 3,000 soldiers at Cheintao and collisions between them and the Japanese police were frequent. Seoul dispatches received before sailing stated that, following the arrest of a party of Koreans by the Japanese at Cheintao, the Chinese troops attacked the Japanese and rescued the prisoners, several of the Japanese being wounded. A boycott has been declared against the Japanese by the Chinese and Koreans of the district.

MAY AVERT STRIKE.

Chicago Labor Controversy Appears to Be Near End.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—According to the outlook tonight there will be no strike of the streetcar employes of Chicago, and a settlement is likely to be reached by tomorrow night.

It is said an offer of a wage increase, based on employes' length of service, will be made by President Mitten, of the Chicago City Railway company. John M. Roach, president of the Chicago Railways company, has had his auditors at work figuring out a method of advancing wages, and it is said his first offer to a committee of his employes tomorrow will be on the same general basis as that of Mr. Mitten. The controversy probably will be adjusted without resort to outside arbitration. The employes say they are decidedly opposed to arbitration, and rather than submit to it will accept any reasonable compromise coming from the companies direct.

Seattle Fair Half Over.

Seattle, Aug. 10.—With the closing of the gates Sunday, the first half of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition was ended. Figures compiled by the exposition management show the attendance for the first half of the fair to be 1,744,861. Basing their estimates upon the percentage of increase for August and September over the preceding months at previous expositions, the officials estimate that the total attendance at the close of the Seattle exposition October 16 will be more than 4,600,000.

Opium Cause of Revolt.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 10.—Further particulars brought by the steamer Monteaugle concerning the Mohammedan uprising in Shensi and Kansu districts state the revolt was due to the severe methods taken by the Chinese local magistrate to suppress the opium habit. He seized one of the local gentry who was an opium smoker, and had his eyes gouged out and his arms taken off. The people then rose in rebellion and attacked the magistrate.

Bolivian Revolt Likely.

Lapaz, Bolivia, Aug. 10.—It is stated that, although the inauguration of Dr. Don Eudoro Villazon as president of Bolivia has been set for next Thursday, there are many persons here who doubt that this program will be consummated because of his friendliness toward Argentina. The situation in Bolivia never has been more serious, and sensational events are expected shortly.

China Gives Her Consent.

Tokio, Aug. 8.—It is believed that the Chinese minister to Japan has received instructions from Peking in which the objections of the Chinese government to the reconstruction of the Antung-Mukden railroad and its conversion into a standard gauge line are completely withdrawn.

GIRLS PICK WINNERS

Drawing for Government Land at Coeur d'Alene.

OREGON MAN GETS FIRST CHANCE

Officials Have Double Set Drawn to Guard Against Accident—Work Progresses Smoothly.

Spokane, Aug. 10.—When little Helen Hamilton, niece of Mayor Boyd, of Coeur d'Alene, walked into a pile of 105,000 yellow envelopes containing applications for land of the Coeur d'Alene Indian reservation yesterday morning, shortly after 10 o'clock, the great land drawing on the three tracts of government land—the Flathead, the Coeur d'Alene and the Spokane Indian reservations—was on.

Several hundred people stood around the platform, on which Judge James W. Witten, of Washington, D. C., formally opened the drawing on the last of the big tracts of Uncle Sam's public domain. Unlike the rush in "squatter" days, the modern method of distributing land moved along with the precision of clockwork.

When Miss Hamilton, daintily dressed in white, had plucked the first lucky envelope from the mass and handed it to Judge Witten and the name of Isaac Selig, of Myrtle Creek, Or., had been read aloud, the gathering crowds began quivering excitement.

A faint cheer arose and followed in rapid order as Miss Hamilton, aided by Miss Christine Dunlan and Miss Harriet Post, plucked the other lucky envelopes from the pile. Men and women, now anxious to hear the verdicts in the first 20 envelopes, crowded up to the platform where newspapermen and government clerks grabbed at the bits of news-bearing names and started them throughout the land by special wires run to the drawing stand.

The whole affair is a perfect delineation of the large scale on which Uncle Sam conducts his official business. The drawing for the first day closed at 4 o'clock. The mark of 1500 set by Judge Witten as the labor for the first day, was reached and the remaining 1500 will be drawn today. There are but about half that many claims to be given away, but the extra 1500 are drawn to fill in where winners fail to file by April 1.

IRRIGATION CONGRESS OPEN.

Large Number Gathers at Spokane to Discuss Important Affairs.

Spokane, Aug. 10.—The congress opened with the "Irrigation Ode," sung by the Spokane chorus of 250 voices. The address of welcome to the state was delivered by Governor Hay, of Washington.

On behalf of the city Mayor N. S. Pratt spoke. He caused the suggestion of a sensation by charging private capital with interfering with government reclamation projects.

The response on behalf of the congress was made by George E. Barstow, president of the congress. It is understood that a number of state delegations have declined to commit themselves in the matter of endorsing a candidate for president. This is true in the case of President Barstow, who, although an announced candidate, has not been urged strongly for a second term because of the feeling that the honor should be "passed around." Other candidates for the president of the congress developed during the day in the persons of ex-Governor Gooding, of Idaho; ex-Governor Pardee, of California, and Congressman Mondell, of Wyoming.

The question of a next meeting place has narrowed down to a fight between San Francisco and Pueblo, Colo., with Denver pledged to aid the latter. The new constitution privilege, the business-like basis so much desired by the congress, was adopted without dissent.

Bank Guaranty Law Effective.

Austin, Texas, Aug. 10.—The new guaranty of bank deposits law passed by the recent special session of the Texas legislature went into operation yesterday. The law is similar to the Oklahoma law in all its most important provisions. It provides for and defines two alternative methods or plans for the protection of the depositors of state banking corporations which are referred to as the "guaranty fund plan" and the "bond security plan," respectively. The state banks may decide which plan to adopt.

Six Die in Fire.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Fire which swept away 20 residences in South Chicago this morning burned at least six persons to death. All the occupants were asleep and the fire spread with great rapidity. In the great confusion it is feared several children were burned to death in their beds. A majority of the victims are Poles, who lived in small tenements, closely crowded together, with scant chance for escape.

Wellman May Soon Fly.

Tromsø, Norway, Aug. 10.—Advice received here from Spitzbergen, where the Walter Wellman polar expedition is being prepared for an attempt to reach the north pole, say the repairs to the balloon shed which was badly damaged by a storm last June, have been completed and a gas apparatus has been installed.