

RHEUMATISM CAN NOT BE RUBBED AWAY

It is perfectly natural to rub the spot that hurts, and when the muscles, nerves, joints and bones are throbbing and twitching with the pains of rheumatism the sufferer is apt to turn to the liniment bottle, or some other external application, in an effort to get relief from the disease, by producing counter-irritation on the flesh. Such treatment will quiet the pain temporarily, but can have no direct curative effect on the real disease because it does not reach the blood, where the cause is located. Rheumatism is more than skin deep—it is rooted and grounded in the blood and can only be reached by constitutional treatment—IT CANNOT BE RUBBED AWAY. Rheumatism is due to an excess of uric acid in the blood, brought about by the accumulation in the system of refuse matter which the natural avenues of bodily waste, the bowels and kidneys, have failed to carry off. This refuse matter, coming in contact with the different acids of the body, forms uric acid which is absorbed into the blood and distributed to all parts of the body, and Rheumatism gets possession of the system. The aches and pains are only symptoms, and though they may be scattered or relieved for a time by surface treatment, they will reappear at the first exposure to cold or dampness, or after an attack of indigestion or other irregularity. Rheumatism can never be permanently cured while the circulation remains saturated with irritating, pain-producing uric acid poison. The disease will shift from muscle to muscle or joint to joint, settling on the nerves, causing inflammation and swelling and such terrible pains that the nervous system is often shattered, the health undermined, and perhaps the patient becomes deformed and crippled for life.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

matism. It contains no potash, but is made entirely of purifying, healing extracts and juices of roots, herbs and barks. If you are suffering from Rheumatism do not waste valuable time trying to rub a blood disease away, but begin the use of S. S. S. and write us about your case and our physicians will give you any information or advice desired free of charge and will send our special treatise on Rheumatism.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

At Culross Abbey in Fife, Scotland, a tombstone has been found which is believed to date from the fourth century of the Christian era.

Course Clearly Marked Out.
Inquisitive Acquaintance—Have you ever thought what you would do if your bag should collapse while you are on a mile or more up in the air?
Daring Aeronaut—Often. I should start at once for terra firma by the shortest possible route.

Gesture language still exists in parts of Australasia. Some of the gestures are excellent as a code that is almost as efficient as a spoken language.

For a violin by Petrus Guarnerius, dated 1695, £200 was given at a recent sale in London; while one by Nicholas Lupot fetched £240.

Opinion Contended.
"Explosion of a cargo of soap," read Tired Thomas, who had picked up a discarded paper.
"There!" exclaimed his traveling companion. "I always told you that stuff was dangerous."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Preference.
The Court—Six years at hard labor. You'll get a chance to learn a trade, my man.
Burglar—Judge, couldn't I be permitted to learn it by—er—correspondence course?—Puck.

Her Given Age.
Bacon—The average age of persons arrested in New York City is 22½ years and one out of five is a woman. Eager—I suppose the age liable to be given by the woman brings the average away down.—Yonkers Statesman.

Not Conclusive.
Society Leader—What! Is there a report out that I am going to marry Col. Gazoop? Why, I don't even know him! Matronly Friend—That proves nothing, my dear. I have been married to Dr. Permaquan for thirty-seven years, and I don't know him even yet.

Said She.
Prof. McGordon (suddenly checking himself)—Fardon me, Miss Genevieve, for talking so long. When I get started on my hobby I never know when to stop. I ought not to have assumed, anyhow, that you are interested in antiquities. Miss de Muir—Indeed I am, professor. I could listen to you for hours.

Somewhat Different.
The honeymoon was only a memory. "On our wedding day," she said, "I was under the impression that you had filled my heart with sunshine."
"Well?" he queried.
"But I find," she continued, "that it was only moonshine."—Chicago News.

Pleasant for Clarence.
The sharp, penetrating voice of the young woman's mother rang out on the still night air.
"Marie, come in the house this minute! Haven't I told you—"
"Mamma," interrupted an equally sharp voice, appearing to come from somewhere on the front porch, "this isn't Jack! This is Clarence!"

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its use is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 11 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

20 Per Cent Decrease.
Hillsboro—The hop crop of Washington county this season bids fair to be 20 per cent less than last year's product. This shortage is due to lack of cultivation owing to bad weather at a time when yards should have had care; to lice and lack of spraying; to the low prices prevailing; and to the fact that there is some blight in many yards that last season were free from it.
Last year's Washington county product went about 8,000 bales, and it is estimated that this season the output will be slightly over 6,000 bales. In many districts the crops have been prolific and, as spraying is expensive, many yards were not given any spraying whatever. So far as can be learned the quality of hops is up to the standard, this county generally leading the state in this regard.

Hop Outlook Good.
Woodburn—There will be a larger hop yield in this section this season than in any previous year and the quality will be mostly choice. The lice have practically disappeared and all but a few old yards that have been given no attention are making a fine showing. Some of the old yards are looking better than for the past five years. The new yards show up well and will make an excellent record this year. A party who has made a thorough inspection of the yards of this vicinity was in the city yesterday and reports the outlook very bright, corroborating the opinion of others as to large yield and good quality.

Horsethieves Are Caught.
Pendleton—Roy Connell and Jim Price, two members of the gang of horsethieves which has been terrorizing the southern end of the county for several months, are now lodged in the county jail. The former was picked up in this city a few days ago by Sheriff Taylor and the latter was brought from Baker City this morning by that officer. The officers are also in possession of strong evidence against a third rascal, who has apparently made his temporary get-away.

Fund for Maintenance Only.
Salem—Attorney-General Crawford has given an opinion to the State Board of Normal School Reforms that the appropriation for normal schools could only be expended for maintenance and repairs, and no part of the money could be utilized for the construction of new buildings. This is for the express benefit of the normal schools. The Ashland normal, who urged the immediate need of some new buildings to accommodate the growth and demands of that institution.

Railroad Laborers Scare.
Huntington—Work on the Northwest Railroad is progressing slowly owing to the scarcity of men, who prefer to work in the harvest fields, greatly to the inconvenience of the railroad contractors. Work will begin next week of laying rails and putting in culverts of iron pipes in the large gulches leading from the mountain sides. This means a great saving of time and money to the contractors, who now have to haul their supplies 40 and 50 miles by wagon.

Wind Shakes Prune Trees.
Albany—The strange wind storm which swept this part of the state last night played the strange freak of relieving prune-growers of the necessity of shaking their trees to thin out the yield. Many bushels of prunes were shaken off the trees by the wind and the growers are thus saved considerable labor and expense as many were planning to shake their trees this week. Perhaps a few more prunes were shaken down than the growers would have.

Clackamas Farm Brings \$10,000.
Oregon City—Robert J. Brown, one of the potato-kingdom of New Era, has sold his 270-acre farm 1½ miles east of New Era to G. E. Pottratz, of Marion county, for \$10,000, or nearly \$60 per acre, and the purchaser has taken immediate possession. Mr. Brown will remain in Clackamas county and purchase a smaller farm.

Trains to Wallows Soon.
Elgin—It is conservatively estimated by engineers who have been over the grade that trains will be running from Elgin to Wallows over the N. & N. in 60 days. The grade is practically completed and the work of laying the track is being rushed with all possible speed.

Oregon City Has Snakes.
Oregon City—Rattlesnakes have appeared in this city. Engineer W. A. White killed a small one on Madison street at the foot of Falls View. The snake was a young one, about two feet in length, and had two rattles. A rattlesnake has been seen this week on the rocks on Jefferson street near the residence of Ernest P. Rands.

Picking Begins September 1.
Aurora—If the present good weather continues, the hop crop here will be fully as large as last year, and the quality equally as good. The hops are burring out fine, the hot weather having killed the lice. The crop will probably be five or ten days earlier than last year. Picking will begin generally September 1.

Bids for New Mail Route.
Baker City—Postmaster Lachner has received orders from Washington instructing him to advertise for bids for a stage line to operate from Baker City to Unity and Hereford, on Burnt River, a distance of about 40 miles.

Heavy Hay and Grain Yields.
La Grande—The Amalgamated Sugar Company has begun harvesting the hay and grain on its different farms. They have 225 men and 75 teams at work. The crop yields are heavy.

McArthur Is Reappointed.
Olympia—Announcement is made at the executive office of the reappointment of J. W. McArthur, of Spokane, as a member of the State Board of Pharmacy, to take effect November 1.

My Hair is Scraggly

Do you like it? Then why be contented with it? Have to be? Oh, no! Just put on Ayer's Hair Vigor and have long, thick hair; soft, even hair; beautiful hair, without a single gray line in it. Have a little pride. Keep young just as long as you can.

"I am an old man now, and still my hair is very gray. But in a few weeks Ayer's Hair Vigor restored the natural color to my hair, and now there is not a gray hair on my head."—J. W. HANCOCK, Boulder Creek, Colo.

Made by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufactured by SARGENT & WELCH, CHERRY STREET, ALBANY, N. Y.

As it is undoubtedly true that one man's meat may be another man's poison, so it happens sometimes that what seems like work to one person is regarded as recreation by another.

"Had a good lecture on Alaska, didn't we?" asked one of Mr. Dodd's neighbors, meeting him the day after the lecture. "To sit there peacefully as ple for two hours, hearing him reel off the information and seeing those pictures cast on the screen, was a grand rest for me, beat out with cranberrying as I be."

"It was a good enough talk," admitted Mr. Dodd, in a grudging tone, "but it didn't rest me any to speak of. Between having to set stock still without a chance to get in a word for two mortal hours and crane my neck looking at those views, I was pretty well wore when I got home."

"But I took the lantern out into the woods, and by the time I'd split a week's kindlings I felt kind of rested and calmed down."

Dogs and Medical Tones.
The capacity of dogs to distinguish musical tones has been made the subject of elaborate experiments by Dr. Otto Kallischer, of Berlin, and the results have just been published in the proceedings of the Berlin Academy of Sciences. Dr. Kallischer trained his dogs to pick up and eat morsels of meat set before them only when a certain note was sounded.

How the Ball Wound Up.
"Yass, de beauty an' chivalry ob Smokehouse mingled in the ballroom." "Mingled, yill 'bout?" "Mingled, yill 'bout 'leven o'clock. Den dey mixed."—Houston (Texas) Chronicle.

The London milkman covers his route on foot, pushing a hand cart with three wheels, which carries his cans of milk and his different measures.

Clever at That.
"Who is that steady-looking man over there?" "That's Burroughs. He's a real master at constructing short stories."

"Oh, an author, eh?" "No, I mean he can think up any number of ways of telling you he's broke."—Philadelphia Press.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

One Exception.
Mrs. Wickler—Dear me! how all the necessities of life have gone up.
Wickler—No; they haven't all gone up.

Mrs. Wickler—Well, I should like you to mention one thing that hasn't gone up.
Wickler—Certainly. My salary.—Illustrated Blitz.

Water from an artesian well at Ostead which has been wasted for fifty years has now been discovered to possess medicinal qualities similar to the waters of Vichy.

PORTLAND MARKETS.
Wheat—Club, 80c; bluestem, 82c; valley, 80c; red, 78c.

Oats—No. 1 white, 25c; gray, nominal.
Barley—Feed, 21.50@22 per cent; nominal; rolled, 23.50@24.50.

Corn—Whole, 23c; cracked, 22c per cent.
Hay—Valley timothy, No. 1, 17c@18 per ton; Eastern Oregon timothy, 12c@13; clover, 10c; cheat, 9c@10; grain hay, 19c@20; alfalfa, 13c@14.

Butter—Creamery, 27c@30c per pound.
Poultry—Average old hens, 12c@13c per pound; mixed chickens, 12c@14c; spring chickens, 15c@16c; old roosters, 8c@9c; dressed chickens, 16c@17c; turkeys, live, 12c@15c; turkeys, dressed, choice, nominal; geese, live, 8c@11c; ducks, 8c@14c.

Eggs—French ranch, candled, 22c@23c per dozen.
Fruits—Cherries, 8c@12c a pound; apples, 1.50c@2.25 per box; Spitzenberg, \$3.50 per box; cantaloupes, 2.50@3.50 per crate; peaches, 60c@1.25 per crate; raspberries, 1.25c@1.50 per crate; blackberries, 5c@7c per pound; loganberries, 1c per crate; apricots, 1.50c@2 per crate.

Vegetables—Turnips, 1c@1.75 per sack; carrots, 2c per sack; beets, 2c per sack; asparagus, 10c per pound; beans, 3c@5c per pound; cabbage, 2c@3c per pound; celery, 1c@1.25 per dozen; corn, 25c@35c per dozen; cucumbers, 50c@1c per box; lettuce, head, 25c per dozen; onions, 15c@20c per dozen; peas, 4c@5c per pound; radishes, 20c per dozen; tomatoes, 1c@1.25 per crate.

Potatoes—New, 1c@2c per pound. Vals—New, 5c@6c per pound.
Beef—Dressed bulls, 3c@4c per pound; cows, 6c@6c; country steers, 6c@7c.

Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 8c@9c per pound; ordinary, 5c@7c; spring lambs, 9c@10c per pound.
Pork—Dressed, 6c@8c per pound, according to quality.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, average best, 16c@22c per pound, according to shrinkage; valley, 20c@23c, according to fineness; mohair choice, 29c@30c a pound.

Mica Axle Grease
Helps the Wagon up the Hill
The load seems lighter—Wagon and team wear longer—You make more money, and have more time to make money, when wheels are greased with Mica Axle Grease.

The longest wearing and most satisfactory lubricant in the world. STANDARD OIL CO. Incorporated

FINED \$29,240,000.

Great Moropoly is No Baiter Than Counterfeiters or Robbers.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Judge Kenesaw M. Landis Saturday in the United States District Court fined the Standard Oil Company, of Indiana \$29,240,000 for violations of the law against accepting rebates from railroads. The fine is the largest ever assessed against any individual or any corporation in the history of American jurisprudence. The case will be carried to the higher courts by the defendant company.

The penalty imposed on the company is the maximum permitted under the law and it was announced at the end of a long opinion, in which the methods and practices of the Standard Oil Company were mercifully scored. The judge, in fact, declared in his opinion that the officials of the Standard Oil Company who were responsible for the practices of which the corporation was found guilty, were no better than counterfeiters and thieves, his exact language being:

"We may as well look at this situation squarely. The men who thus deliberately violated this law would do so more deeply than does he who counterfeits the coin or steals letters from the mail. The nominal defendant is the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, a million-dollar corporation. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, whose capital is \$100,000,000, is the real defendant. This is for the reason that, if a body of men organize a large corporation under the laws of one state for the purpose of evading the law of another state, the corporation is treated as a corporation of the latter state. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, whose capital is \$100,000,000, is the real defendant. This is for the reason that, if a body of men organize a large corporation under the laws of one state for the purpose of evading the law of another state, the corporation is treated as a corporation of the latter state. 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