

Heppner



Gazette.

VOL. 27.

HEPPNER, OREGON, THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1910

Entire Stock of Low Shoes at REDUCED PRICES

Also hundreds of pairs of high shoes at Special Reductions

35c infants soft soled shoes	25c
75c childrens canvas oxfords	50c
1.40 Misses canvas oxfords	95c
1.50 women's canvas oxfords	95c
1.50 childrens fancy shoes	95c
1.50 childrens strap pumps	\$1 15
1.75 misses oxfords	\$1 35
2.25 - 2.50 mens low shoes	\$1 35
2.25 - 2.50 womens oxfords	\$1 85
3.50 to 4.00 womens oxfords	\$2 65
4.00 to 4.50 mens oxfords	\$3 15
2.15 little mens oxfords	\$1 65

The Cash Shoe Store

The Bay Percheron GIL BLAS

Belonging to the Farmers' Breeding Association will make the following stands this season:

At L. McMurray's, Mondays.

At C. C. Fhea's, Tuesdays and Wednesdays.

At A. B. Grover's, Thursdays.

At Ione livery stable, Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays.

Terms—Insurance \$15.00.
E. L. PADBERG, Pres.

Notice for Publication—Isolated Tract.

Public Land Sale.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at LaGrande, Oregon, June 8th 1910.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Act of Congress approved June 27, 1906 (34 Stat., 517), we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 28th day of July, 1910, at this office the following described land:

The W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ section 10, T. 1 S., R. 27 E. W. M. Serial No. 07435.

Any persons claiming adversely the above-described land are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the time designated for sale.

F. C. BRAMWELL, Register.
COLON R. EBERHARD, Receiver.
June 23-July 28

Notice for Publication.

Isolated Tract—Public Land Sale.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at LaGrande, Oregon, June 8th, 1910.

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The W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 10, T. 1 S., R. 27 E. W. M. Serial No. 07434.

Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the time designated for sale.

F. C. BRAMWELL, Register.
COLON R. EBERHARD, Receiver.
June 23-July 28

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

(Isolated Tract.) Public Land Sale.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at LaGrande, Oregon, May 4, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under the provisions of Act of Congress, approved June 27, 1906 (34 Stat., 517), we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 7th day of July, 1910, at this office, the following described land: The E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ section 17, and E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ section 20, T. 3 S., R. 29 E. W. M. Serial No. 06694.

Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the time designated for sale.

F. C. BRAMWELL, Register.
COLON R. EBERHARD, Receiver.
May 12 June 16

Notice For Publication.

Isolated Tract—Public Land Sale.
No. 05566.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office at The Dal es, Oregon, June 17th, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Act of Congress approved June 27, 1906, Public—No. 303, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at 10:15 o'clock a. m., on the 25th day of July, 1910, at this office, the following tract of land, to-wit:

W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 34 and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 35 T. 4 S. R. 24 E. W. M.

Any persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are advised to file their claims, or objections, on or before the day above designated for sale.

C. W. MOORE, Register.
June 23-July 21

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office at LaGrande, Oregon, June 20th, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that William Soukup, of Heppner, Oregon, who, on October 14th, 1908, made Homestead Entry No. 01000, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, section 17, township 3 South, Range 27 East, Willamette Meridian has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof to establish claim to the land above described, before C. C. Patterson, U. S. Commissioner, at his office, at Heppner, Oregon, on the 9th day of August, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Waldo Watkins, Joseph C. Rays, Hugh Githens and James Farley, all of Heppner, Oregon.

F. C. BRAMWELL, Register.
June 23-July 28

STATE WILL HOLD TIDELANDS

Judge Galloway Decides Against Railroad in Important Case.

Salem, Or., June 17.—Declaring the Corvallis & Eastern Railroad company successors to the Willamette Valley & Coast Railroad company, had filed to comply with the provisions of the act granting certain tide lands on Siletz, Yaquina and Alsea bays, which lands are now valued at \$1,000,000, and further declaring that it was against public policy for the state to dispose of its tide lands save for fishery, harbor or commercial purposes, as they are held in trust by it for its people, and that, therefore, the legislature in making the grant exceeded its jurisdiction, Judge Galloway, in the circuit court for this county this afternoon dismissed the injunction prayed for by the railroad company against the sale of the lands by the state and rendered a decision in favor of the state.

Grant of all the tide and submerged lands involved was made by the legislature in 1874. The grant comprised in all 20,000 acres at that time located in Denton, but now in Lincoln county. The conveyance of the land in the three bays gave to the railroad company a monopoly of all harbors along that portion of the coast. The company to which the grant was made also owns the Corvallis & Eastern railroad, the only road in that territory, and the grant gave the road a complete monopoly of the passenger and freight traffic.

Recently application was made by an individual for the purchase of a small tract of the lands which he desired to utilize for wharf purposes. The state proceeded to make the sale, but before it was consummated, the railroad company instituted the present suit, to restrain the state land board from making the sale. A temporary injunction was granted and the case came to issue with the foregoing result.

While there was involved in the litigation but a small tract of land the action was in the nature of a test case and the decision affects all the other tide and submerged lands as they rest upon the same legislative act for their title.

"The court held in that case," said Judge Galloway, "that all tide and submerged lands are held by the state in trust for its people so that they may navigate the waters and enjoy commerce, and that any act in conflict with this doctrine is null and void, and this court holds the same in this case."

In the case under consideration the lands were 10 miles away from the railroad line and were not contiguous. They had not been surveyed and platted as provided for in the grant nor had the company ever paid a dollar taxes on the land. The case will be taken by the Corvallis & Eastern to the supreme court.

West Fighting for Irrigation.

Washington, June 17.—Congress before adjournment will pass a bill authorizing the transfer from the Federal treasury to the reclamation fund of not less than \$20,000,000 and perhaps as much as \$30,000,000, to hasten the completion of Government irrigation projects. This money is to be returned to the treasury when the projects are completed and repayments are made by settlers.

The action of the House ways and means committee today in reporting a \$200,000,000 bill is guarantee that at least this much will be extended to the West, for the influence that compelled that committee to act contrary to wishes of the majority of its members will force the bill through the House.

When the bill goes back to the Senate, Senator Borah, of Idaho, who has led this irrigation fight from the outset, will move and insist upon an amendment raising the amount of the loan to \$30,000,000.

Borah declared with emphasis today that he would not listen to talk of a compromise, but will fight to the limit of his endurance for \$30,000,000,

which amount, in the judgment of Secretary Ballinger, is necessary to complete irrigating projects.

Borah says that there is more reason for granting \$30,000,000 than \$20,000,000 for \$30,000,000 will not complete all the projects, and would mean either that some projects will be abandoned or that none can be completed under the terms of this loan.

Surprising as it may seem, several Western Senators, notably Carter of Montana, chairman of the irrigation committee, are inclined to accept the House bill, while others talk of compromising on \$25,000,000. Senator Jones, of Washington, is opposed to a compromise, except as a last resort, while Senator Heyburn is standing firmly behind Borah.

Much as this bill means to Oregon, neither Senator Bourne nor Senator Chamberlain has turned a hand to aid Senator Borah, and Bourne appears utterly oblivious to the fact that the irrigation bill is pending. Yet if Congress should pass the bill in the form reported by the House today, Oregon probably would not benefit to the extent of 1 cent, as the whole \$20,000,000 could be, and probably would be, allotted to other states which have evinced a deep interest in this legislation.

The House committee amendment repealing section 9 of the reclamation act would permit this, and continual complaints of settlers at Klamath and Umatilla have placed those projects in ill-repute before the Interior Department, so there would be no predisposition to favor them.

Oregon's only hope is to secure \$30,000,000 and to defeat the ways and means committee amendment striking out the section of the existing law which guarantees to every state the benefit of the majority of the money it contributes to the reclamation fund.

In committee today Representative Ellis, with the backing of two Republicans and four Democrats, resisted the efforts of Chairman Payne, Dazell and other Easterners to reduce the amount of the bill from \$30,000,000 to \$20,000,000, but he was outvoted, as he was also when he opposed the amendment repealing section 9 of the reclamation law.

Because Speaker Cannon, Payne, Dazell and other powerful Eastern leaders are at heart opposed to this entire proposition and have yielded only under intense pressure, there is little likelihood that the House, when it first votes upon the bill, will consent to any amendments that may be offered by Ellis or the other Western members. The only hope of getting a satisfactory bill is in the Senate, and as things stand tonight, the West must look to Senator Borah, of Idaho, to protect it against the unfriendly influences that dominate the House of Representatives.

One of the biggest Republicans in the Senate said tonight that if Borah stood pat the House eventually would be forced to back down and accept his terms.

If Borah wins this victory, it will be such a one as comes to few Senators in their public career. The whole burden of this struggle is now on his shoulders, and should he relent there would be no chance whatever of getting \$30,000,000 for reclamation. The ways and means committee reported what in effect is the original House bill, which is to be considered under a special rule. After it passes the House it will go to the Senate, where the Western Senators will eliminate the objectionable feature added by the House committee in the form of amendments and then be sent to conference. The Western Senators have decided to hold up the withdrawal bill until this irrigation bill is disposed of.

Notice of Dissolution.

The conditional partnership heretofore existing between E. G. Noble and Frank Noble under the firm name of Noble Bros., has been dissolved, Frank Noble retiring. E. G. Noble will pay all bills against the firm and collect all accounts due said firm.

E. G. NOBLE,
FRANK NOBLE.
Heppner, Oregon, June 2, 1910.

Foley's Kidney Pills contain in concentrated form ingredients of established therapeutic value for the relief and cure of all kidney and bladder ailments.

BIG RECEPTION FOR ROOSEVELT

Greeting on Return of Ex-President was Very Enthusiastic.

New York, June 18.—Theodore Roosevelt returned to America today after an absence of fifteen months, during which time he hunted big game in African jungles, hob-nobbed with kings and royalty in Europe and acted as American Ambassador at the funeral of King Edward VII.

He went away on March 23, 1908, shortly after his retirement from the highest office in the gift of the American people. He came back today a private citizen, but one to whom was tendered the most enthusiastic greeting ever given a returning countryman.

The reception of Colonel Roosevelt started at daybreak this morning, when the Hamburg-American liner Kaiserin Auguste Victoria came a breast of Fire Island, down the Long Island coast, 60 miles out of New York harbor. It continued at quarantine and in a naval pageant up the Hudson river; it reached a climax in Battery Park, where the official welcoming took place, and became a real American greeting in which Theodore Roosevelt was the guest of his friends the "common people," in the march up Broadway and Fifth avenue.

It had been publicly announced that the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria would reach quarantine exactly at nine o'clock, at which hour the formal reception was to begin. It was secretly arranged, however, that the vessel should come up to quarantine at 7:45 this morning, so that Colonel Roosevelt's immediate family should have some time with him before the public took him in charge.

A large number of excursion boats, yacht and press tugs gathered at Fire Island last night and were there when the Kaiserin hove in sight. Among the boats were the Albany, bearing the republican club of New York; the Nassau, carrying 300 of the Roosevelt Neighbors' association of Oyster Bay; the Commodore, with the Hamilton club of Chicago, and several private yachts which gave Colonel Roosevelt a noisy salute as soon as the Kaiserin was close enough for the figure of the returning hunter to be discerned.

As soon as the Kaiserin was passed by the health officers, the Manhattan drew up alongside and the Roosevelt party boarded the cutter. There was a happy scene as the Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt greeted their sons and other relatives. In the party which boarded the Manhattan were Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt; Mrs. Alice Longworth, Kermit and Ethel Roosevelt; Mrs. E. Reed Merritt, a cousin of the ex-president's, and the party of newspaper men who have been constantly with Roosevelt since he emerged from the African jungle at Rank on the White Nile.

The transfer was completed by eight o'clock and the Manhattan steamed up and down in the Narrows while the Roosevelt party breakfasted.

Off Ambrose Light the battleship South Carolina and Torpedo boats anchored there at President Taft's orders, fire the presidential salute of 21 guns. This is the highest honor ever paid a private citizen. Then the warships joined the naval parade.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, LaGrande, Oregon, May 31st, 1910.

Notice is hereby given, that the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, by Joseph W. Rector, its attorney in fact, whose Post Office address is Heppner, Oregon, has filed in this office his application to select under the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 4, 1897, (30 Stat., 36), the N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 30, T. 2 S., R. 27 E. W. M., in Morrow County, Oregon, containing 78.68 acres. Serial No. 07956.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands above described, or desiring to object because of the mineral character of the land or for any other reason to the disposal to applicant, should file their affidavits of protest in this office on or before the 20th day of July, 1910.

F. C. BRAMWELL, Register.
June 9-July 14

Experimenting at Stanfield

Stanfield, Ore., June.—Prof. Chas. Marchand, a graduate of d'Ecole Chemike and perhaps the greatest French chemist in America today, has been in Stanfield for the past two days. Mr. Marchand owns forty acres near Stanfield under the Furlish-Coe project and has come out to see how work is progressing on his piece. Sloan and Co. are doing the work on his land. Mr. Marchand has shipped six sacks of volcanic ash from Stanfield to Portland to be used there in his private experiment station. He has lately imported some strawberry seed from France and expects to make stanfield famous for this particular variety of berry. In France this variety of berry bears four crops a season, the first crop in June, the second in July, third in August and the fourth about the 1st of October. Prof. Marchand believes that the climate in Stanfield, which is much like that near Sauternes in France will be very favorable for the growth of this variety of strawberry. It will be remembered that the professor imported French almonds and another very hardy variety of strawberry which are now planted in the experiment station here at Stanfield. This station was largely put in through the efforts of this man.

Today Mayor Coe and Prof. Marchand boarded the motor for a short trip to the reservoir at Coe where work is progressing rapidly. The Bruce Construction people have now reached the center of the core in their concreting work and have been obliged to build a temporary dam to divert the course of the Umatilla river from its bed toward the south side of the valley. This dam was completed today and the first water was sent through the great outlet gates and tunnel today.

Mexicans Uprising.

Cananea, Mexico, June 20.—The premature discovery of smuggled arms and ammunition, followed by the arrest of leaders of the discontented faction and the proclamation of martial law in Cananea and other border towns, probably has checked and discouraged a serious outbreak against the Mexican government, scheduled to take place election day, June 26.

The revolutionary movement originated among the younger element of Northern Mexico, followers of General Bernardo Reyes, now in Europe, and Senator Madero, candidate for president, now under arrest in Monterey on the charge of causing crowds to form.

The discontented faction demand political liberty, free speech and the right to vote. They announce that they will go to the polls on election day, prepared to fight, if denied their constitutional rights.

The discovery that arms were being smuggled across the border from the United States caused police raids in many villages of Sonora. Four men were arrested at Villa Verda and a number of rifles and revolvers and 4000 rounds of ammunition captured.

At Chavestria, near Cananea, 45 rifles with ammunition were captured, and at Bunea Vista one house yielded 112 rifles, with ammunition.

Dealers at Bisbee, Douglas and Naco, Ariz., have sold all the rifles and ammunition in stock.

ANNOUNCEMENT

To the Republican voters of Morrow County: I shall be a candidate before the Republican Primary for the nomination of Sheriff of Morrow County. I have had over six years experience in the sheriff work under Sheriff Shutt as his deputy. I am 39 years old, and have lived in Morrow county ever since it has been organized.

G. A. BLEAKMAN,
Hardman, Or.

Foley's Kidney Pills are antiseptic, tonic and restorative and a prompt corrective of all urinary irregularities. Refuse substitutes. Sold by all druggists.

Brand your sheep with that harmless marking ink, guaranteed to be the best on the market. Get it at Gilliam & Bisbee's.